

Cooperatives Build a Better World



Goa University

Taleigao Plateau, Goa-403 206 +91-8669609048 Email: registrar@unigoa.ac.in

Website: www.unigoa.ac.in

Date: 20.08.2025

(Accredited by NAAC)

GU/Acad –PG/BoS -NEP/2025-26/349

CIRCULAR

The Academic Council & Executive Council of the University has approved Ordinance OA-35A relating to PG Programmes offered at the University campus and its affiliated Colleges based on UGC 'Curriculum and Credit Framework for Postgraduate Programmes'. Accordingly, the University has proposed introduction of Ordinance OA-35A from the Academic year 2025-2026 onwards.

The Programme structure and syllabus of Semester I and II of the Master of Science in Marine Biotechnology Programme approved by the Standing Committee of the Academic Council in its meeting held on 24th & 25th June 2025 is attached.

The Dean & Vice-Dean (Academic) of the School of Biological Sciences and Biotechnology are requested to take note of the above and bring the contents of the Circular to the notice of all concerned.

> (Ashwin V. Lawande) Deputy Registrar – Academic

To,

- 1. The Dean, School of Biological Sciences and Biotechnology, Goa University.
- 2. The Vice-Dean (Academic), School of Biological Sciences and Biotechnology, Goa University.

Copy to:

- 1. Chairperson, BoS in Biotechnology, Goa University.
- 2. Programme Director, M.Sc. Marine Biotechnology, Goa University.
- 3. Controller of Examinations, Goa University.
- 4. Assistant Registrar Examinations (PG), Goa University.
- 5. Director, Directorate of Internal Quality Assurance, Goa University for uploading the Syllabus on the University website.

GOA UNIVERSITY

MASTER OF SCIENCE IN MARINE BIOTECHNOLOGY

(Effective from the Academic Year 2025-26)

ABOUT THE PROGRAMME

M.Sc. Marine Biotechnology program through its School of Biological Sciences and Biotechnology offers a two-year, full-time postgraduate course designed to provide students with an in-depth understanding of marine biological systems and their biotechnological applications. The program was started in the year 1988 when the DBT (Department of Biotechnology, Ministry of Science & Technology, Govt. of India) identified Goa University as the first institution to run the nationally sponsored HRD programme of M.Sc. in Marine Biotechnology. Candidates qualify for the programme through the national selection process (currently through the GAT-B (Graduate Aptitude Test - Biotechnology) managed by the Regional Centre for Biotechnology (RCB), Faridabad on behalf of the DBT, Govt. of India. Qualifying students receive a studentship of Rs. 5,000/- p.m. during their two-year study period

OBJECTIVES OF THE PROGRAMME

The M.Sc. in Marine Biotechnology program is designed to equip students with cutting-edge knowledge and practical skills in marine biology and biotechnology. It offers in-depth training in molecular biology, omics, aquaculture, and marine bioresources, with a strong emphasis on sustainable resource utilization and conservation. Through research projects, field-based learning, and hands-on laboratory work, students gain valuable experience that prepares them for diverse career paths. Students of this program are well-positioned for opportunities in marine biotechnology industries, environmental and fisheries research institutes, academia, and doctoral studies in India and abroad. The program also fosters interdisciplinary learning, scientific communication, and ethical research practices—empowering students to innovate and lead in the growing field of marine biotechnology.

PROGR	AMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSO)
PSO 1.	Core Disciplinary Knowledge in marine molecular and cellular biology: Demonstrate understanding of molecular, genetic, and cellular mechanisms in marine organisms; apply lab techniques such as tissue culture and recombinant DNA tools; analyze cellular processes using advanced instrumentation.
PSO 2.	Application of Marine Analytical and Oceanographic Tools: Utilize oceanographic and analytical techniques to study marine systems; apply tools like spectrometry, chromatography, and imaging in biodiversity and pollution assessment in coastal ecosystems.
PSO 3.	Developing Computational Skills in Marine Biology: Apply bioinformatics and statistical methods to analyze marine biological datasets; interpret genomic and proteomic data; develop predictive models for ecosystem dynamics and marine drug discovery.
PSO 4.	Creating and Evaluating Bioprocesses for Sustainable Marine Bio-products and Technologies:- Design and optimize bioprocesses for marine-derived products, including nutraceuticals, aquaculture outputs, and bioremediation tools, with emphasis on sustainability and local industry relevance.
PSO 5.	Applying Biosafety and Nanotechnology Principles in Marine Biotech Research and Innovation:- Follow biosafety protocols in handling marine biomaterials and nanomaterials; synthesize and characterize marine nanopharmaceuticals; understand IPR and patent norms in the Indian and global context.
PSO 6.	Evaluating Ethical, Legal, and Policy Frameworks in Marine Biotechnology for Sustainable and Inclusive Decision-Making: Evaluate ethical, legal, and policy aspects of marine biotechnology; understand frameworks governing biodiversity conservation and support community-inclusive sustainable development.
PSO 7.	Designing and Translating Marine Biotech Research into Sustainable Innovations for the Blue Economy: Design and execute original research in marine biotechnology; practice ethical publishing; translate innovations into entrepreneurial ventures aligned with Goa's blue economy initiatives.
PSO 8.	Applying and analyzing Molecular and Synthetic Biology to Develop Practical Solutions in Marine Biotechnology: Integrate cell, molecular, and synthetic biology techniques to solve real-world marine challenges; develop industry-relevant solutions and products with vocational impact.

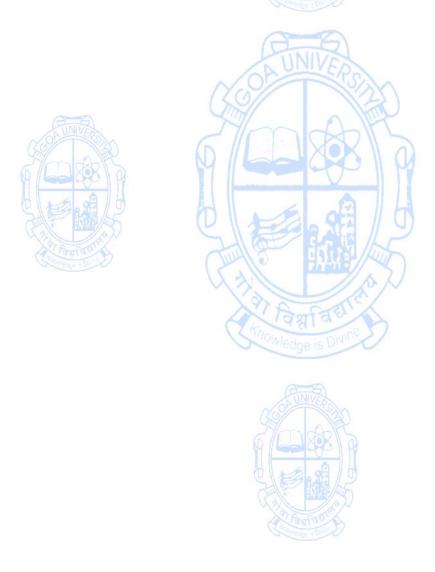
PROGRAMME STRUCTURE

M.Sc. Marine Biotechnology

Effective from Academic Year 2025-26

	BRIDGE COURSE*				
Sr. No. Course Code Title of the Course Credits					
1	GBT-1000	Concepts in Microbiology	2		
2	GBT-1001	Basics in Biochemistry	2		
3	GBT-1002	Basics of Cell Biology and Genetics	2		

^{*}Students will be provided with the option to do any of the above bridge courses





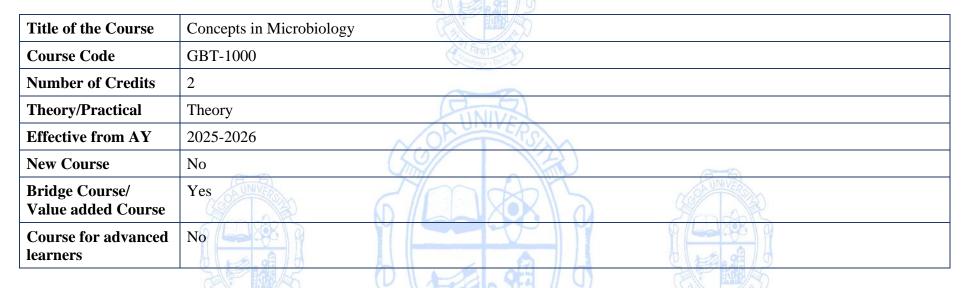
	SEMESTER I					
	Discipline Specific Core (DSC) Courses (16 credits)					
Sr. No.	Course Code	Title of the Course	Credits Leve			
1	MBT-5000	Advanced Genetics and Molecular Biology	3	400		
2	MBT-5001	Immunology and marine pathogenesis	3	400		
3	MBT-5002	Bioanalytical Techniques and Applications	3	400		
4	MBT-5003	Oceanography and Marine Bioresources	3	400		
5	MBT-5004	Lab I: Molecular Biology, Immunodiagnostics & Marine Pathogenesis	2	400		
6	MBT-5005	IBT-5005 Lab II: Bio-analytical Tools and Oceanographic Techniques		400		
	Total Credits for DSC Courses in Semester I					
0	Disci	ipline Specific Elective (DSE) Course (4 credits)*			
Sr. No.			Credits	Level		
1	MBT-5201	Computational Biology and Data Analysis	3	400		
2	MBT-5202	Lab III: Computational Biology & Data Analysis	Trickenge and the state of the	400		
3	MBT-5203	Environmental Biotechnology and Sustainability	3	400		
4	MBT-5204	Lab IV: Environmental Biotechnology	1	400		
5	MBT-5205	Cell and Developmental Biology	3	400		
6.	MBT-5206	Lab V: Cell Biology	1	400		
		Total Credits for DSE Courses in Semester I	4			
		Total Credits in Semester I	20)		

^{*}For all practical (laboratory) courses, enrolment in the corresponding theory paper is mandatory in the same semester.

	SEMESTER II			
		Discipline Specific Core (DSC) Courses		
Sr. No.	Course Code	Title of the Course	Credits	Level
1	MBT-5006	Biomanufacturing and bioprocess Technology	3	500
2	MBT-5007	Recombinant DNA Technology	3	500
3	MBT-5008	Cell and Tissue Culture: Techniques and Applications	3	500
4	MBT-5009	Plant and Animal Biotechnology	3	500
5	MBT-5010	Lab VI: Recombinant DNA Technology and Bioprocess Technology	2	500
6	MBT-5011	Lab VII: Cell and Tissue Culture	2	500
	Total Credits for DSC Courses in Semester II			
1700	Discipline	e Specific Elective (DSE) Courses (4 credits) *	(3G)AUN	
Sr. No.	Course Code	Title of the Course (Anyone option with 3 credit theory and respective one credit practical)	Credits	Level
1	MBT-5207	IPR, Biosafety and Bioethics	3	400
2	MBT-5208	Lab VIII: IPR database, Patent drafting, and Bioethics	1	400
3	MBT-5209	Systems Biology	3	400
4	MBT-5210	Lab IX: Practical Approaches to Systems Biology	1	400
	7	Total Credits for DSE Courses in Semester II	4	
		Total Credits in Semester II	20)

^{*}For all practical (laboratory) courses, enrolment in the corresponding theory paper is mandatory in the same semester.





Pre-requisites for the Course:	NIL tourings on	
Course Objectives:	 To understand: Key historical developments, terminologies, and the structure and function of microbial cel Microbial growth and nutrition The role of microorganisms in health, industry, and the environment, including extremophic 	
	The fole of interoorganisms in hearth, industry, and the environment, including extremoping	Mapped to PSO
Common Onderson	CO 1. Visualize the contribution of different scientist for the development of microbiology	PSO1
Course Outcomes:	CO 2. Describe the morphology, structure and organization of microbes	PSO1, PSO2
	CO 3. Explain the microbial growth phases, kinetics and nutrition	PSO1, PSO2, PSO3

	CO 4. Summarize the diversity of microorganisms in different environments a application	nd their	PSO2, PS	SO3, PSO4
Content:		No of hours	Mapped to CO	Cognitive Level
Module 1:	 a) A brief history of microbiology: Discovery of the microbial world, controversy over spontaneous generation, the role of microorganisms in the causation of disease, development of various microbiological techniques, establishment of various branches of microbiology with special reference to the pioneering work by various scientists. b) An overview of the organization and cell structure of Prokaryotes and Archaea: Cell organization: Cell size, shape, and arrangement, glycocalyx, capsule, flagella, fimbriae, and pili. Cell-wall: Composition and detailed structure of gram-positive and gramnegative cell walls, Archaebacterial cell wall, Gram and acid-fast staining mechanisms, lipopolysaccharide (LPS), sphaeroplasts, protoplasts, and L-forms. Effect of antibiotics and enzymes on the cell wall. Cell Membrane: Structure, function, and chemical composition of bacterial and archaeal cell membranes. Cytoplasm: Ribosomes, mesosomes, inclusion bodies, nucleoid, chromosome, and plasmids; Endospores c) Modern /contemporary microbiology in the 21st century: - An overview of the Scope of Microbiology 	15	CO1, CO2	K1, K2
	Growth and nutrition Microbial nutrition: i) autotrophic & heterotrophic modes,		CO3, CO4	K1, K2
Module 2:	ii) Culture media : components of media, natural and synthetic media, chemically defined media, complex media, selective, differential, indicator, enriched and enrichment media.	15		
	Bacterial growth kinetics : i) growth curve, the mathematical expression of growth & measurement of growth ii) synchronous growth iii) factors affecting growth.			

	Microbial taxonomy: i) nomenclature ii) polyphasic identification, traditional & molecular, iii) Bergey's manual. General characteristics and functions of: -Algae, Fungi, Cyanobacteria, Bacteria, Viruses, Viroids & prions.; Specialized microorganisms: - Extremophiles, Anaerobes.
Pedagogy:	Lectures, tutorials, assignments
Texts:	 Atlas, R. M. (1997). Principles of Microbiology (latest edition). Wm. C. Brown Publishers. Black, J. G. (2008). Microbiology: Principles and Explorations (7th ed.). Prentice Hall. Madigan, M. T., Aiyer, J., Buckley, D. H., Sattley, W. M., & Stahl, D. A. (2024). Brock Biology of Microorganisms (16th ed.). Pearson. Pelczar Jr., M. J., Chan, E. C. S., & Krieg, N. R. (2023). Microbiology (5th ed.). Tata McGraw-Hill. Srivastava, S., & Srivastava, P. S. (2003). Understanding Bacteria. Kluwer Academic Publishers, Dordrecht Stanier, R. Y., Ingraham, J. L., Wheelis, M. L., & Painter, P. R. (2005). General Microbiology (5th ed.). Macmillan. Tortora, G. J., Funke, B. R., Case, C. L., Weber, D., & Bair, W. (2024). Microbiology: An Introduction (14th ed.). Pearson Education. Willey, J. M., Sherwood, L. M., & Woolverton, C. J. (2016). Prescott's Microbiology (10th ed.). McGraw-Hill Education. Reed, G. (1987). Prescott & Dunn's Industrial Microbiology. CBS Publishers.
References/ Readings:	 https://pmc.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/articles/PMC7123386/. www.researchgate.net/figure/A-comparison-of-a-few-traits-of-bacteria-archaea-and-eukarya_tbl1_313744700 https://pmc.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov > articles > PMC7173489



Title of the Course	Fundamentals in Biochemistry
Course Code	GBT-1001
Number of Credits	2
Theory/Practical	Theory
Effective from AY	2025-2026
New Course	No
Bridge Course/ Value added Course	Yes
Course for advanced learners	No No

Pre-requisites for the Course:	NIL DE SA DE	
Course Objectives:	 The course is designed to impart understanding of basic biochemical foundations that underp To understand concepts about pH, buffering, bioenergetics, nucleotides, amino acids, carbohy enzyme function, enzyme kinetics, metabolism, molecular biology and protein chemistry. To build upon the knowledge of basic biochemical principles with an emphasis on different metheir integration. To understand the structure-function relationships of biomolecules. 	ydrates, lipids, proteins,
		Mapped to PSO
Course Outcomes:	CO 1. Understand and describe the structure, function, and interrelationships of carbohydrates, lipids, proteins, and nucleic acids.	PSO1
Source Succomes.	CO 2. Gain knowledge of enzymes, their mechanisms of action, and their role in catalyzing biochemical reactions. and learn about enzyme inhibitors and their importance in drug development.	PSO1, PSO2

	CO 3. Understand the role of hormones in regulating various physiological processes, in metabolism and reproduction.	ncluding	PSO1, PS	O2, PSO3
	CO 4. Understand key metabolic pathways, including carbohydrate, lipid, and metabolism, and understand how they are regulated.	protein	PSO2, PS	O3, PSO4
Content:	Continue - Davis	No of hours	Mapped to CO	Cognitive Level
Module 1:	 Biochemistry: the molecular logic of life. Amino acids, proteins, nucleic acids, carbohydrates, and lipids. Vitamins and hormones. Forces that stabilize biomolecules: electrostatic and Vander Waal's interaction, hydrogen bonding. Interactions with solvents, Hydrophobic effect. Basic Thermodynamics: Laws of thermodynamics. Concepts of ΔG, ΔH, and ΔS. Chemical kinetics: Concepts of Order and molecularity of a chemical reaction. Derivation of first and second-order rate equation, measurement of rate constants. Concept of activation energy. Enzymology: Introduction and classification of enzymes. Types of enzymatic reaction mechanisms, Enzyme kinetics, enzyme inhibition, Regulatory enzymes. Isozymes, Zymogen and Ribozyme. Examples of enzymatic reactions. 	15	CO1, CO2, CO3	K1,K2
Module 2:	 Basic concepts and design of metabolism - glycolysis, gluconeogenesis Pyruvate oxidation, Citric acid cycle, Oxidative phosphorylation; the importance of electron transfer in oxidative phosphorylation; F1-F0 ATP Synthase; shuttles across mitochondria; regulation of oxidative phosphorylation, inhibitors of electron transport chain. Glyoxylate cycle The pentose phosphate pathway Fatty acid synthesis, β-oxidation; biosynthesis of membrane lipids and sterols with specific emphasis on cholesterol metabolism and the mevalonate pathway 	15	CO3,CO 4	K1, K2

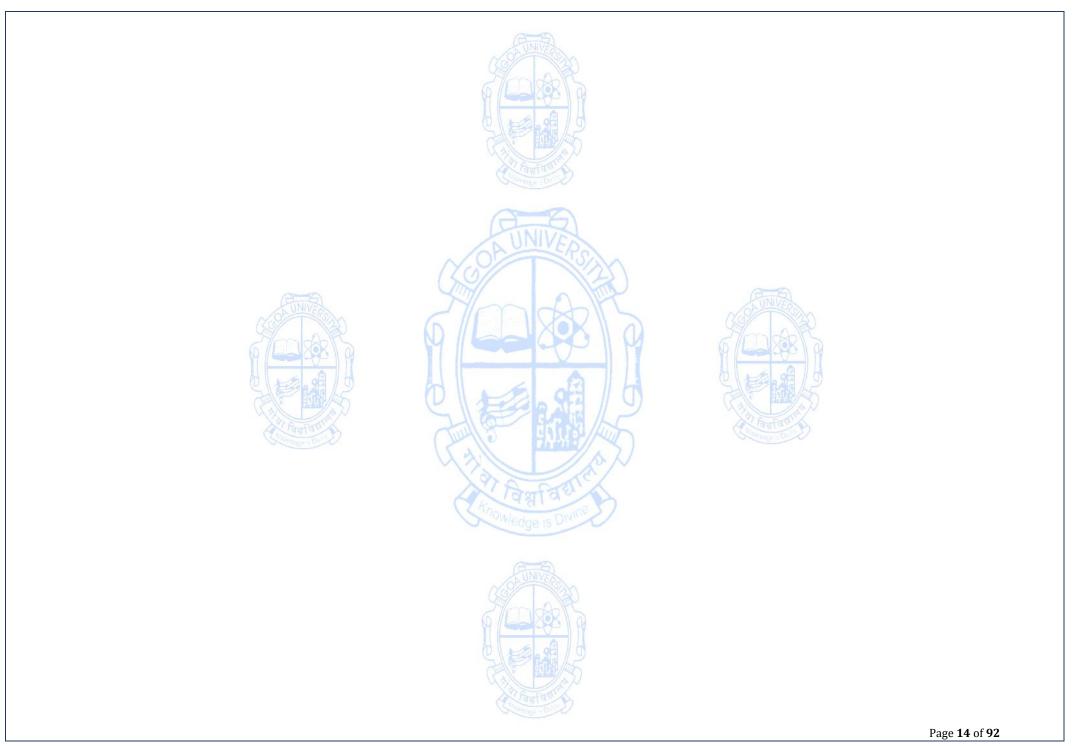
	Amino acid metabolism; nucleotide metabolism		
	Photosynthesis and photorespiration		
Pedagogy:	Lectures, tutorials, assignments		
	1. R. L. Miesfeld, M. M. McEvoy, Biochemistry. Worldwide publisher, 2020.		
	2. D.L. Nelson, Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry. W.H. Freeman & Co., 2017.		
Texts:	3. D. Papachristodoulou, A. Snape, W. H. Elliott, and D. C. Elliott, Biochemistry and Molecular Biology. Oxford University publisher, 2018.		
Texts:	4. L. Stryer, J. Berg, J. Tymoczko, G.Gatto. Biochemistry New York, Freeman publisher., 2019.		
	5. D. Voet, J.G. Voet, W.P.Charlotte, Principles of Biochemistry. Wiley publisher, 2012.		
	6. D. Voet, J.G. Voet, W.P.Charlotte, Fundamentals of Biochemistry. Life at the molecular level. Wiley publisher, 2018.		
References/	1. E. E. Abali, S. D. Cline, D. S. Franklin, S. M. Viselli, Lippincott Illustrated Reviews: Biochemistry Wolters Kluwer publisher, 2021.		
Readings:	2. R Murray, et al. Harper's llustrated Biochemistry McGraw Hill publisher, 2022.		
	1. https://bio.libretexts.org/Bookshelves/Biochemistry/Fundamentals of Biochemistry (Jakubowski and Flatt)		
Web Resources:	2. https://archive.org/details/FundamentalsBiochemistry4e 201802		
	3. https://labalbaha.wordpress.com/wp-content/uploads/2014/04/fundamentals-of-biochemistry.pdf		



Title of the Course	Basics of Cell Biology and Genetics
Course Code	GBT-1002
Number of Credits	2
Theory/Practical	Theory
Effective from AY	2025-2026
New Course	No
Bridge Course/ Value added Course	Yes
Course for advanced learners	No No

Pre-requisites for the Course:	Nil A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	
Course Objectives:	 To provide a foundational understanding of cell biology by exploring the structure, function cellular components essential for comprehending advanced biological systems. To introduce the structure and function of prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells, including organic to highlight the roles of biomolecules such as DNA, RNA, and proteins in cellular process molecular basis of gene expression, including transcription, translation, and regulation. To provide information of the key cellular processes such as the cell cycle, cell standards. 	anelles and membranes.
	At the end of the course, the students will be able to:	Mapped to PSO
Course Outcomes:	CO 1. Explain basic fundamental concepts and principles of cell biology, cell theory and cell evolution.	PSO1, PSO2
	CO 2. Describe the structure and function of major cellular components to develop a foundational understanding of advanced cellular processes.	PSO1, PSO2, PSO3

	CO 3. Explain genetic principles, DNA structure, and chromosome organization		PSO1, PSO2	
	CO 4. Apply – Utilize RNA and ribosome functions in gene regulation and expression	on	PSO1, PS	O2
	CO 5. Evaluate chromosomal aberrations, polyploidy, repetitive DNA's role in stability and mutation	genome	PSO1, PSo	O2
Content:	Continue District	No of hours	Mapped to CO	Cognitive Level
Module 1:	Biochemical organisation of the cell; diversity of cell size and shape; cell theory, and the emergence of modern Cell Biology. Principles underlying microscopic techniques for the study of cells. Structure and diversity of biological membranes; mechanisms of membrane transport. Self-assembly of lipids, micelle, biomembrane organization - sidedness and function; membrane assembly. Basic cell organelles, structure and function: Cytoskeleton, nucleus, mitochondria, Golgi bodies, endoplasmic reticulum, lysosomes, Chloroplast, peroxisomes, vacuoles. Cell motility.	15	CO1, CO2	K1, K2
Module 2:	Mendelian Genetics and Population genetics, Discovery of DNA structure, Structure of DNA - A,B, Z and triplex DNA, Chromosome structure, Telomere, Centromere, Types of RNA, Structure of RNA, Ribosomes, Types of DNA repetitive sequences in DNA, Heterochromatin, Euchromatin, Plasmid as extrachromosomal DNA, DNA polyploidy, Chromosomal aberration and genetic diseases	15	CO3, CO4, CO5	K1, K2
Pedagogy:	Lectures, tutorials, assignments			
References/ Readings:	 Amon, M. Krieger, H. Lodish, , A. Bretscher , C. A. Kaiser, A.Berk , K. C. M. Biology. United Kingdom: W. H. Freeman, 2016. C. Smith, Wood Cell Biology, Chapman Hall, 2005. G. M. Cooper and R. E. Hausman, The Cell: A Molecular Approach. United Stat 			



SEMESTER I

Discipline Specific Core Courses

True en c	
Title of the Course	Advanced Genetics and Molecular Biology
Course Code	MBT-5000
Number of Credits	3
Theory/Practical	Theory
Level	400
Effective from AY	2025-2026
New Course	Yes
Bridge Course/ Value added Course	No Salar Sal
Course for advanced learners	No Company of the Com

Pre-requisites	NIL
for the Course:	Nonfatt A
	This course explores molecular mechanisms governing genetic information, focusing on DNA mutation, repair, and
	transfer in prokaryotic and eukaryotic systems. It covers chromosome organization, gene regulation, transcriptional
Course	and translational control, and the central dogma of molecular biology. Students will examine epigenetic regulation,
Objectives:	genetic variation, and gene editing technologies, including CRISPR and non-coding RNA applications. Emphasis is
, and the second	placed on DNA replication, cell cycle checkpoints, and nucleocytoplasmic trafficking, providing insights into
	development



			Mappe	d to PSO
	CO 1. Understand fundamental genetic mechanisms like DNA repair, mutation, and horizontal gene transfer in prokaryotes and eukaryotes.		PSO1, PSO8	
	CO 2. Apply molecular biology principles to analyze chromosome organization regulation, and RNA transport.	n, gene	PSO1, PS	SO8
Course Outcomes:	CO 3. Evaluate epigenetic regulation and its impact on gene expression, developme human health.	ent, and	PSO1, PS	SO8, PSO3
	CO 4. Analyze gene editing technologies like CRISPR and non-coding RNA for applications.	clinical	PSO1, PS	SO7, PSO8
	CO 5. Assess DNA replication fidelity and cell cycle checkpoints in genome stability.		PSO1, PS	SO3, PSO8
	CO 6. Design experimental approaches for gene regulation and nucleocytoplasmic traff	icking	PSO1, PS	SO7, PSO8
Content:		No of hours	Mapped to CO	Cognitive Level
Module 1:	DNA: Physical and Chemical agents in Mutation and DNA repair in prokaryotes and eukaryotes. Horizontal gene transfers in prokaryotes and eukaryotes, Transposons, Encoding genetic information and decoding the codon, Central Dogma: Flow of Genetic information, polymerases, Transcriptional and Translational Control.	15	CO1, CO2	K2, K3
Module 2:	Chromosome organization, DNA Topology, Mitochondria and chloroplast genome, Nuclear envelop and nucleocytoplasmic trafficking, RNA transport, Structure and role of transcription factors, Genetic variation,	15		K2, K3
Module 3:	DNA replication and cell cycle checkpoints, Overview of Gene regulation, Mechanisms of Epigenetic regulation, Role of epigenetics in development/differentiation and human health, Gene editing and silencing: Non-coding RNA and CRISPR in gene regulation and clinical application	15		K2, K3, K4
Pedagogy:	Lecture, Tutorial, Assignments		•	

References/ Readings:	 D. P. Clark, N. J. Pazdernik and M. R. McGehee, Molecular Biology (3rd) Elsevier Inc, 2019. W. Klug, M. Cummings and C. Spencer, Concepts of Genetics (12ed), Pearson publishers, 2019. E. S. Goldstein, T. Stephen, J. Kilpatrick and J. Krebs, Lewin's gene XII, Bartlett Publishers, 2017. H. F. Lodish, A. Berk, C. Kaiser, M. Krieger and A. Bretscher, Molecular Cell Biology (8 ed) Freeman MacMillan publisher, 2016. P. J. Russell, iGenetics: A Molecular Approach, Pearson publisher, 2016. G. arp, J. wasa and W. Marshall, arp's Cell and Molecular Biology: Concepts and Experiments, (8 ed) Wiley Publisher, 2016. M. Strickberger, Genetics, (3 ed) by Pearson publishers, 2015. M. J. Simmons and P. Snustad, Principles of Genetics (7 ed), Wiley Student Edition, 2015. J. D. Watson, T A Baker, S P Bell, A Gann, M Levine and R Losick, Molecular Biology of the Gene, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, New York, 2014. R. F. Weaver, Molecular Biology (5th ed) McGraw Hill HigheR Education publisher, 2012.
Web Resources:	1. https://dnalc.cshl.edu/ 2. https://csh.com.sg/



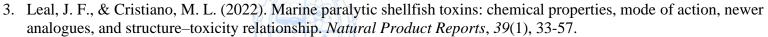
Title of the Course	Immunology and Marine Pathogenesis
Course Code	MBT-5001
Number of Credits	3
Theory/Practical	Theory
Level	400
Effective from AY	2025-26
New Course	No
Bridge Course/ Value added Course	No Control of the con
Course for advanced learners	No O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O

Pre-requisites for the Course:	Nil District Control of the Control	
Course Objectives:	 To provide foundational understanding of immune system components and antigen recognitio To equip students with the ability to analyze and apply immunological principles in un responses, tolerance, and disease processes relevant to biomedical research. 	
	And all a	Mapped to PSO
Course Outcomes:	CO 1. Identify key cells, organs, and molecular components of the immune system and describe their roles in innate and adaptive immunity	PSO1, PSO2
	CO 2. Illustrate the structural and functional organization of MHC molecules and explain how antigens are processed and presented to lymphocytes.	
	CO 3. Compare the maturation pathways and activation mechanisms of B and T lymphocytes.	
	CO 4. Demonstrate the mechanism of antigen-antibody interactions and evaluate the function of	

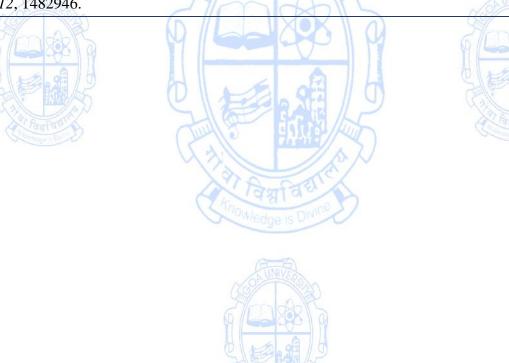
	immunoglobulins in humoral immune responses			
	CO 5. Analyze the causes and impacts of major diseases and microbial hazards affecting a fish and shellfish health, including host-pathogen interactions and environmental str			
	CO 6. Evaluate and apply immunological strategies, including the use of probiotics, vacand biosecurity measures, for effective disease prevention and health managem aquaculture.			
Content:	UNIVED	No of hours	Mapped to CO	Cognitive Level
Module 1:	Introduction to Immunology History of immunology Innate immunity: components, features, and processes Acquired immunity: specificity, memory, recognition of self vs. non-self Complement system: Nature, components of the complement. Immune System Architecture Hematopoiesis and differentiation Myeloid and lymphoid lineages Cells of the immune system: B cells, T cells, macrophages, dendritic cells, NK cells, mast cells, eosinophils CD markers and lymphocyte subpopulations Organization of lymphoid organs: Thymus, Bone marrow, Spleen, Lymph nodes, MALT, GALT, SALT Antigen Recognition and Presentation Nature of antigens, haptens, epitopes, carriers, superantigens, and adjuvants Major Histocompatibility Complex (MHC): Discovery, structure (Class I and II), and peptide-binding Role in immune response and restriction Antigen processing and presentation to CD4+ and CD8+ T cells	15	CO1, CO2	K1, K2

	Antigen receptors (BCR, TCR) and accessory molecules of T cells			
Module 2:	 Humoral Immunity Immunoglobulins: structure, types, distribution, and functions Antibody production: primary vs. secondary responses Antibody diversity: Somatic recombination, V (D) J recombination, Combinatorial diversity, Junctional diversity. Cell-Mediated Immunity T cell subsets (Th1, Th2, Th17, Treg) and their roles Antibody-dependent cell-mediated cytotoxicity (ADCC) Lymphocyte Maturation and Activation General features of lymphocyte maturation B and T cell maturation pathways T cell activation: Signal transduction pathways (Ras/Rac, Calcineurin, PKC) Activation of transcription factors (NFAT, AP-1, NF-κB) B cell activation: BCR signaling and coreceptors Role of CD40 and T-B cooperation Bidirectional molecular interactions 	15	CO3, CO4	K2, K3
Module 3:	 Marine Pathogenesis Marine Fish and Shellfish Health Introduction to finfish and shellfish diseases: bacterial, fungal, parasitic, nutritional, and environmental etiologies. Environmental stress and immunocompetence in marine species Microbial Hazards in Aquatic Systems 	15	CO5, CO6	K2, K4, K5

	Human bacterial pathogens associated with fish and fishery products: Aeromonas spp., Clostridium spp., Listeria spp., Plesiomonas, Salmonella spp., Staphylococcus aureus, Vibrio spp., and Enterobacteriaceae.	
	Biofilm-associated infections in marine systems	
	Marine biotoxins as biological hazards associated with fish and fishery products	
	Host-Pathogen Interactions and Immune Defense	
	Immunological responses of fishes and shellfishes to infections	
	Immunostimulants, probiotics, and vaccines in aquaculture	
	Disease Prevention and Control Strategies	
	Prevention and control of fish diseases in aquaculture.1	
Pedagogy:	Lectures/Tutorials/Assignments/Seminar	
Texts:	 Brostoff, J., Male, D. K., & Roitt, I. M. (2001). <i>Immunology</i>. Mosby. ISBN 9780723431893 Burton, D. R., Delves, P. J., Martin, S. J., & Roitt, I. M. (2011). <i>Roitt's essential immunology</i> (Includes deskte edition). Wiley. ISBN 9781405196833 Goldsby, R. A., Kindt, T. J., Osborne, B. A., & Kuby, J. (2007). <i>Kuby immunology</i> (6th ed.). W. H. Freeman. ISE 9780716767640 Kimball, J. W. (1990). <i>Introduction to immunology</i>. Macmillan. ISBN 9780023646119 Luttmann, M., Bratke, K., Kupper, M., & Myrtek, D. (2006). <i>Immunology</i>. Academic Press. ISBN 97801208854-6. Murphy, K., & Weaver, C. (2017). <i>Janeway's immunobiology</i> (9th ed.). Garland Science/Taylor & Francis Grounds ISBN 9780815345053 Murray, P. R., Rosenthal, K. S., & Pfaller, M. A. (2016). <i>Medical microbiology</i> (8th ed.). Elsevier. ISE 9780323299565 Weir, D. M. (Ed.). (1996). <i>Weir's handbook of experimental immunology</i> (Vols. 1–4). Wiley. ISBN 97808654279 	
References/ Readings:	 Amillano-Cisneros, J. M., Fuentes-Valencia, M. A., Leyva-Morales, J. B., Savín-Amador, M., Márquez-Pacheco, H., de Jesús Bastidas-Bastidas, P., & Badilla-Medina, C. N. (2025). Effects of microorganisms in fish aquaculture from a sustainable approach: a review. <i>Microorganisms</i>, 13(3), 485. Daguer, H., Hoff, R. B., Molognoni, L., Kleemann, C. R., & Felizardo, L. V. (2018). Outbreaks, toxicology, and analytical methods of marine toxins in seafood. <i>Current Opinion in Food Science</i>, 24, 43-55. 	



- 4. Louzao, M. C., Vilariño, N., Vale, C., Costas, C., Cao, A., Raposo-Garcia, S., ... & Botana, L. M. (2022). Current trends and new challenges in marine phycotoxins. *Marine Drugs*, 20(3), 198.
- 5. Ma, K., Bao, Q., Wu, Y., Chen, S., Zhao, S., Wu, H., & Fan, J. (2020). Evaluation of microalgae as immunostimulants and recombinant vaccines for disease prevention and control in aquaculture. *Frontiers in Bioengineering and Biotechnology*, 8, 590431.
- 6. Paladini, G., Longshaw, M., Gustinelli, A., & Shinn, A. P. (2017). Parasitic Diseases in Aquaculture: Their Biology, Diagnosis and Control.
- 7. Srivastava, P. K., & Pandey, A. K. (2015). Role of immunostimulants in immune responses of fish and shellfish. *Biochem Cell Arch*, 15(1), 47-73.
- 8. Yu, S., Lu, X., & Lu, H. (2025). Marine microbial biofilms on diverse abiotic surfaces. *Frontiers in Marine Science*, 12, 1482946.



Title of the Course	Bioanalytical Techniques and Applications
Course Code	MBT-5002
Number of Credits	3
Theory/Practical	Theory
Level	400
Effective from AY	2025-26
New Course	No
Bridge Course/ Value added Course	No Control of the con
Course for advanced learners	No Tolerando Company C

Pre-requisites for the Course:	Nil Distriction of the second	
Course Objectives:	 The course is designed to provide a broad exposure to basic techniques used in modern biological science and biotechnology rese To impart a basic conceptual understanding of the principles of analytical techniques biochemical/bioanalytical utility of the same. To gain the clear understanding of all analytical techniques such that the barrier to implementing the course of the principles of analytical techniques are the course of the principles of analytical techniques. 	and emphasize the
		Mapped to PSO
Course Outcomes:	CO 1. Understand the basic concepts and principles of bio-analytical instruments and oceanographic tool.	PSO1, PSO2
	CO 2. Learn and apply various tools and techniques used for research in biological science.	PSO1, PSO2, PSO5
	CO 3. Understand the application of advanced bio-analytical instruments, samplers and other techniques in research.	PSO1, PSO2, PSO5

	CO 4. Comprehend the advances in instrumentation in biological science areas.		PSO1, PSO2	
	CO 5. Evaluate the use of appropriate tools/techniques in research.		PSO2	
Content:		No of hours	Mapped to CO	Cognitive Level
Module 1:	 Beer-Lambert law, Electromagnetic radiations, UV/Visible spectroscopy Fluorescence spectroscopy, Application of fluorescence spectroscopy in biochemical methods. Energy sources used in spectroscopy techniques Nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR) Spectroscopy. Application of NMR in biomolecule characterization, identification and molecular confirmation. Centrifuge: Basic concepts of centrifugation. Calculation of g-value from RPM. Types of rotors used in centrifuge machines Differential centrifugation, Density gradient centrifugation. Rate zonal centrifugation, Isopycnic centrifugation. X-ray diffraction, Protein crystallography and applications Flow Cytometry/FACS Chromatography Techniques: Paper, TLC, Column, Affinity, Ion-Exchange, Size exclusion, Differential, GC, HPLC. 	15	CO1, CO2, CO4, CO6	K1, K2, K3, K4 K5
Module 2:	 Microscopy and bioimaging applications: Abbey's law of diffraction, Resolution, Magnification, Common light sources used in microscopy, Types of photon detector and their working mechanism Emission, Excitation, Quenching, Quantum Yield and Stock shift. Fluorescence microscopy techniques and their principles Confocal microscopy Nanoscopy Imaging and super-resolution imaging techniques and their applications: STORM imaging and PALM imaging, 	15	CO1, CO2, CO3. CO4,	K1, K2, K3, K4 K5

	Scanning electron microscopy,		
	Transmission electron microscopy applications in biological material analysis		
	 Carbon Measurement Methods Principles and applications of CHNS Elemental Analyzer for total organic carbon quantification Measurement of Total Inorganic Carbon (TIC) using Coulometry Analysis of Dissolved Organic Carbon (DOC) via High-Temperature Catalytic Oxidation Oceanographic Instrumentation/ devices Sediment Traps: Moored arrays and drifting traps for vertical carbon flux monitoring Autonomous Platforms: Function and deployment of Gliders, Argo Floats, and 	CO1, CO2, CO3. CO4, CO5, CO6	K1, K2 K3, K4 K5
Module 3:	 Profiling Floats Current Measurement Devices: Acoustic Doppler Current Profiler (ADCP) and Current Meters Hydrographic and Water Column Profiling Tools Conductivity-Temperature-Depth (CTD) Sensors and Sea-Bird CTD Rosette Systems Use of Expendable Bathythermograph (XBT) for temperature profiling 	.5	
	Acoustic and Optical Survey Technologies Application of Echosounders and SONAR for seabed mapping and biomass detection Role of Underwater Robots and Vehicles (AUVs/ROVs) in oceanographic exploration		
	 Marine Sampling and Collection Techniques Operation of Water Sampling Equipment Nansen, Niskin, Go-flow Use of Grab Samplers and Corers for sediment collection Deployment and applications of Plankton Nets for biological sampling 		

Pedagogy:	Lectures/tutorials/assignments/models/group discussion
	1. A. Cooper, Biophysical Chemistry. Royal Society of Chemistry, 2011. United Kingdom
	2. C.R. Cantor and P.R. Schimmel, Biophysical Chemistry, 2nd Edn., 1982.USA.
	3. Fatima Merchant, Kenneth Castleman, Microscope Image Processing, Second edition, Academic press, 2022. USA.
	4. Grasshoff, K., Kremling, K., & Ehrhardt, M. (Eds.). (2009). <i>Methods of seawater analysis</i> (3rd ed.). Wiley-VCH. Germany.
	5. I. Tinoco, K. Sauer, J. Wang, and J. Puglisi, Physical Chemistry: USA.
Texts:	6. J. Frank, Three-Dimensional Electron Microscopy of Macromolecular Assemblies. Academic Press., 2006. USA
References/	7. K. E. Van-Holde, C. Johnson, Principles of Physical Biochemistry, 3rd Edn. Prentice Hall, 2010. USA.
Readings:	8. K. Salman, and Z. Diaz, Principal and Techniques of Bioinstrumentation. Intelliz Publisher, 2016. India.
	9. Kennish, M. J. (2000). Practical handbook of marine science (3rd ed.). CRC Press. USA
	10. M.A. Subramaniam, Biophysics: Principle & techniques. MJP Publishers, 2021. India
	11. Medwin, H., & Clay, C. S. (1998). Fundamentals of acoustical oceanography. Academic Press. USA.
	12. Munn, C. B. (2011). <i>Marine microbiology: Ecology & applications</i> (2nd ed.). Taylor & Francis Group. United Kingdom.
	13. Principles and Applications in the Biological Sciences. Prentice Hall, Inc. 2013. USA.
	1. Home Microtutor
	2. How to Use a Centrifuge: 14 Steps (with Pictures) - wikiHow
TT I D	3. IDR: Image Data Resource
Web Resources:	4. ImageJ 5. Imaging & Microscopy, Wiley Applytical Science
	5. <u>Imaging & Microscopy - Wiley Analytical Science</u>6. <u>Microscope Image Processing ScienceDirect</u>
	7. Microscopy Imaging Techniques



Title of the Course	Oceanography and Marine Bioresources
Course Code	MBT-5003
Number of Credits	3
Theory/Practical	Theory
Level	400
Effective from AY	2025-26
New Course	No
Bridge Course/ Value added Course	No Control of the con
Course for advanced learners	No Tolerando de la companya della companya della companya de la companya della co

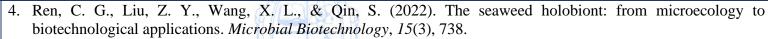
Pre-requisites for the Course:	Nil District Control of the Control	
Course Objectives:	To build a strong foundational understanding of the fundamental principles of oceanograph comprehend the structure, dynamics, and complexity of the marine environment.	y, enabling students to
	• To familiarize students with the vast biological diversity of marine ecosystems, emphasizing and biotechnological potential of marine microorganisms, flora, and fauna.	ng the ecological roles
	• To develop a scientific framework for analysing the physical and chemical processes that go productivity, and marine ecosystem functioning.	vern ocean circulation,
	• To introduce students to the critical significance of the world's oceans in regulating Earth's cl fluxes, and weather systems by imparting a deep understanding of oceanic phenomena such tides, planetary waves, and major biogeochemical cycles.	, 0
Course Outcomes:	At the end of the course the students will be able to:	Mapped to PSO
Course Outcomes.	CO 1. Describe the structural and functional diversity of marine organisms and explain their	

	adaptations to various marine habitats and ecological niches		PSO2, PS	O7
	CO 2. Analyse the role of microbial interactions and food web dynamics, in regulatin ecosystem productivity, population structure, and energy flow.	g marine	,	
	CO 3. Apply core principles of ocean circulation—including Coriolis effect, there circulation, and gyres—to interpret large-scale oceanic and atmospheric phe affecting marine environments.			
	CO 4. Interpret the influence of oceanographic phenomena on global climate value weather systems, and marine biodiversity distribution.	riability,		
	CO 5. Explain the physicochemical properties of seawater and characterize major sediment types.	r marine		
	CO 6. Critically assess the role of oceanic biogeochemical cycles in maintaining ocean productivity, and buffering capacity against anthropogenic stressors like acid and anoxia.			
Content:		No of hours	Mapped to CO	Cognitive Level
	Biological Oceanography		CO1,	K1, K2,
	Introduction to the Marine Environment and Life Forms		CO2	K4, K5
	Classification of marine environments			
	Marine biodiversity hotspots and conservation priorities			
36 3 3 4	Marine Microbial Diversity and Interactions	4 =		
Module 1:	Marine microbes: viruses, bacteria, archaea, protists, and marine fungi	15		
	Microbial interactions:			
	o Microbe–microbe (symbiosis, competition, quorum sensing)			
	o Microbe–seaweed interactions			
	o Microbe-metazoan interactions (holobionts and symbioses)			
	Planktonic and Primary Producers			

	Plankton: Phytoplankton & Zooplankton		
	Marine algae and plants: Seaweeds (macroalgae), seagrasses, and mangrove vegetation		
	Marine Invertebrates and Vertebrates		
	• Invertebrates: Sponges, cnidarians, polychaetes, crustaceans, molluscs, echinoderms, marine worms, non-craniate chordates		
	• Vertebrates:		
	 Marine fishes (bony, cartilaginous, jawless) 		
	 Marine tetrapod (amphibians, reptiles, seabirds, marine mammals) 		
	Productivity and Ecosystem Functioning		
	Marine biomass production:		
	 Primary production: mechanisms, influencing factors, photosynthetic efficiency. 		
	Secondary production and trophic transfer		
	Biological Carbon pump and energy flow through marine ecosystems		
	Biodiversity Assessment and Community Dynamics		
	Species richness, abundance, and diversity indices (Shannon, Simpson)		
	• Trophic structure, food web models, and microbial loop dynamics		
	Physical Oceanography	CO3,	K2, K3,
	Ocean–Atmosphere Interface and Energy Exchange	CO4	K4
	Ocean Circulation Mechanisms		
	Coriolis force and its influence on ocean motion		
Module 2:	Ekman transport and Ekman spiral		
	Langmuir circulation and surface mixing		
	Ocean Currents and Global Conveyor Belt		
	Wind-driven circulation: major surface currents and gyres		
	 Western Boundary Currents (Gulf Stream, Kuroshio, Agulhas, Brazil Current) 		

			T	
	o Eastern Boundary Currents (Canary, California, Peru, Benguela Current)			
	o Equatorial Currents and Countercurrents			
	Density-driven (thermohaline) circulation and the global conveyor belt			
	Antarctic Circumpolar Current (ACC) and deep-water formation zones			
	Large-Scale Oceanic Phenomena and Climate Variability			
	• Planetary waves: Kelvin and Rossby waves and their significance			
	Climate oscillations:			
	 El Niño-Southern Oscillation (ENSO): El Niño and La Niña events and their global effects 			
	 Pacific Decadal Oscillation (PDO), North Atlantic Oscillation (NAO), Arctic Oscillation (AO) 	Rec		
	Role of oceans in climate regulation and weather systems			
	Ocean Gyres and Their Role in Marine Ecosystems	8/0		
	Structure and types: tropical, subtropical, and subpolar gyres			
	• Ecological significance of gyres: productivity zones, garbage patches, nutrient distribution	5		
	Waves, Tides, and Extreme Events			
	Wind waves, Tides, Tsunamis and internal waves			
	Ocean Floor Dynamics and Geological Oceanography			
	Structure of the ocean basin			
	Plate tectonics: seafloor spreading, subduction, and oceanic ridges			
	Hydrothermal vents and their role in marine biogeochemistry and extremophile habitats			
	Chemical Oceanography		CO5,	K2, K5
W 1 1 2	Seawater Chemistry and Its Properties	1.5	CO6	
Module 3:	Characterization of sediments: constituents, texture and mass properties	15		
	Biogeochemical Cycles in the Marine Environment			

	Carbon cycle: organic/inorganic carbon reservoirs, fluxes, carbonate buffering
	Nitrogen cycle: nitrogen fixation, nitrification, denitrification, ammonification
	Phosphorus cycle: role in productivity and limiting nutrients
	Sulphur cycle: dimethyl sulfide (DMS) and atmospheric connections
	Iron cycling: role in ocean productivity and trace metal limitation
	Other trace element cycles of ecological significance
	Isotope Geochemistry
	Stable and radioactive isotopes in oceanographic studies
	 Applications in tracing water masses, productivity, nutrient sources, and paleoclimate reconstruction
	Ocean acidification: causes, chemical reactions, and ecological implications
	Oceanic anoxic events and dead zones: natural and anthropogenic causes, biological consequences.
Pedagogy:	Lectures/tutorials/Assignments/Seminar/Class discussions
Texts:	 Mann, K. H., & Lazier, J. R. N. (2013). Dynamics of marine ecosystems: Biological-physical interactions in the oceans (3rd ed.). Wiley-Blackwell. ISBN: 9781118168319. United States. Munn, C. B. (2011). Marine microbiology: Ecology & applications (2nd ed.). Taylor & Francis Group. United Kingdom. Pickard, G. L., & Emery, W. J. (2016). Descriptive physical oceanography: An introduction (6th ed.). Elsevier. Netherlands. Stewart, R. H. (2008). Introduction to physical oceanography. Texas A&M University. USA. Thurman, H. V., & Trujillo, A. P. (2017). Essentials of oceanography (12th ed.). Pearson. United States.
References/ Readings:	 Bosch, T. C. (2013). Cnidarian-microbe interactions and the origin of innate immunity in metazoans. <i>Annual review of microbiology</i>, 67(1), 499-518. Doney, S. C., Busch, D. S., Cooley, S. R., & Kroeker, K. J. (2020). The Impacts of Ocean Acidification on Marine Ecosystems and Reliant Human Communities. <i>Annual Review of Environment and Resources</i>, 45, 83-112. Poli, A., Finore, I., Romano, I., Gioiello, A., Lama, L., & Nicolaus, B. (2017). Microbial diversity in extreme marine habitats and their biomolecules. <i>Microorganisms</i>, 5(2), 25.

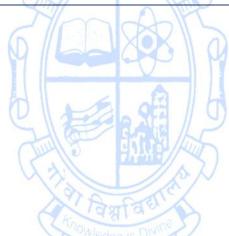


- 5. Wang, B., Hua, L., Mei, H., Wu, X., Kang, Y., & Zhao, N. (2024). Impact of climate change on the dynamic processes of marine environment and feedback mechanisms: An overview. *Archives of Computational Methods in Engineering*, 31(6), 3377-3408.
- 6. Wang, Q., Hao, F., Xu, C., & Zou, H. (2020). Paleolimnological environments and the formation of high quality source rocks in the Bohai Bay Basin: An integrated geochemical study of biomarkers, stable carbon and oxygen isotopes, and trace elements. *Journal of Petroleum Science and Engineering*, 195, 107753.
- 7. Weiland-Bräuer, N. (2021). Friends or foes—microbial interactions in nature. *Biology*, 10(6), 496.

Web Resources:

- 1. https://oceanexplorer.noaa.gov/
- 2. https://earthdata.nasa.gov/learn









Title of the Course	Lab I: Molecular Biology, Immunodiagnostics & marine pathogenesis
Course Code	MBT-5004
Number of Credits	2
Theory/ Practical	Practical
Level	400
Effective from AY	2025-26
New Course	No
Bridge Course/ Value added Course	No Control of the con
Course for advanced learners	No Company of the Com

Pre-requisites for the Course:	Nil District Control of the Control	
Course Objectives:	 To impart hands-on training in immunodiagnostic techniques for qualitative and quantitative and antibodies. To develop analytical and observational skills for identifying aquatic pathogens and char contaminants. 	,
	Mowledge is Divino	Mapped to PSO
Course Outcomes:	CO 1. Understand and Apply immunodiffusion, ELISA, and agglutination assays to detect and quantify antigens and antibodies	PSO1, PSO2
	CO 2. Analyze antigenic similarities and concentration gradients using radial and double immunodiffusion assays.	

	CO 3. Evaluate pathogen identification approaches and fungal characterization technic aquatic organisms and Demonstrate the ability to interpret immunological test resumicroscopic observations of blood and hemolymph samples			
	CO 4. Conduct genomic/metagenomic DNA isolation and RNA extraction using mo techniques.	lecular		
	CO 5. Evaluate gene transfer methods (conjugation, transformation) and mutagenesis for a modifications	genetic		
	CO 6. Design and implement mutation screening protocols (UV/chemical mutagenesis, plating) for auxotroph identification.	replica		
Content:		No of hours	Mapped to CO	Cognitive Level
Module 1:	Molecular Biology 1.1 Genomic DNA isolation 1.2 UV/Chemical mutagenesis isolation of amino acid auxotroph by replica plating. 1.3 Gene transfer by conjugation 1.4 Gene transfer by transformation 1.5 Metagenomic DNA isolation 1.6 RNA isolation	30	CO4, CO5, CO5	K4, K5, K6
Module 2	Immunology and Marine Pathogenesis 2.1 Determination of Antibody titre using Double Immunodiffusion assay. 2.2 Assessment of Similarity between antigens using Ouchterlony's Double Diffusion Test. 2.3 Estimation of Antigen Concentration using Radial Immunodiffusion. 2.4 Quantitative Precipitation Assay 2.5 DOT ELISA	30	CO1, CO2, CO3,	K2,K3,K 4, K5

	2.6 Latex Agglutination		
	2.7 Immunoelectrophoresis 2.8 Rocket Immunoelectrophoresis		
	2.9 Observation of cellular components of fish blood and shrimp hemolymph.		
	2.10 Isolation and characterization of fungi from fish & slide culture of fungi.		
	2.11 Isolation and characterization of bacterial fish pathogens.		
Pedagogy:	Lectures/ tutorials-assignments/hands-on practical		
References/ Readings:	 Bullock, G. L. (2014). <i>Diseases of fisheries</i>. Narendra Publishing House: New Delhi, India. Edward, J. J. (2010). <i>Fish disease: Diagnosis and treatment</i>. Wiley-Blackwell: Ames, IA, USA. Inglis, V. (2013). <i>Bacterial diseases of fish</i>. Wiley Publications: Chichester, UK. Janeway, C. A., Travers, P., Walport, M., & Shlomchik, M. (2001). <i>Immunobiology: The immune system in hea and disease</i> (5th ed.). Garland Publishing: New York, NY, USA. Joshi, K. R., & Osama, N. O. (2012). <i>Immunology</i> (5th ed.). Agrobios Ltd: Jodhpur, India. Talwar, G. P., & Gupta, S. K. (2017). <i>A handbook of practical and clinical immunology</i> (Vol. 1). CBS Publishe New Delhi, India. Thanwal, R. (2014). <i>A handbook of diseases</i>. Astha Publishers & Distributors: Jaipur, India. 		



Title of the Course	Lab II: Bioanalytical Tools and Oceanographic Techniques
Course Code	MBT-5005
Number of Credits	2
Theory/Practical	Practical
Level	400
Effective from AY	2025-26
New Course	No
Bridge Course/ Value added Course	No Contract of the Contract of
Course for advanced learners	No Tolerando Company C

Pre-requisites for the Course:	Nil District Control of the Control		
Course	 The objective of this laboratory course is to equip students with hands-on skills and conceptual understanding necessary for sam interpreting key physico-chemical and biological parameters in marine environments. 	npling, analyzing, and	
Teach the utility of experimental methods/analytical techniques in a problem-oriented manner.			
G	CO 1. Demonstrate the utility of analytical techniques in a problem-oriented manner.	Mapped to PSO PSO1, PSO2, PSO5	
Course Outcomes:	CO 2. Hands-on-training of instrumentation techniques for biological science applications CO 3. Develop proficiency in estimation techniques for key physico-chemical parameters in marine environments using standard oceanographic methods		

	CO 4. Perform water and sediment sampling and explain the principles and relevance be these collection methods.	ehind		
	CO 5. Identify, enumerate, and culture marine plankton; calculate & interpret biodive indices to assess community diversity and gain insights into ecosystem health.	ersity		
Content:		o of ours	Mapped to CO	Cognitive Level
Module 1:	 UV-Visible spectroscopy instrument demonstration and experimentation Biochemical assays using ELISA plate reader. Fluorescence spectroscopy assay Compound microscope demonstration and environmental sample analysis under bright-field Analysis of a biological specimen by SEM Demonstration of fluorescence microscopy Fluorescence imaging of fixed stained and live cells Density gradient ultracentrifugation 	30	CO1, CO2	K3, K4, K5
Module 2:	 Field-based collection of water samples using Niskin bottles and sediment samples using a grab sampler. Isolation and culturing of marine bacteria from water and sediment samples using selective and differential media; basic characterization and colony morphology. Plankton Studies: Phytoplankton and zooplankton sampling and Identification Assessment of Biodiversity Using Ecological Indices Observation and Identification of Key Marine Species: Fishes, Invertebrates and vertebrates. Estimation of Chlorophyll a in Water Samples Quantitative Analysis of Inorganic Nutrients: Nitrites, nitrates, phosphates and silicate. 	30	CO3, CO4, CO5	K2, K3, K4, K5, K6

	 Estimation of Dissolved Oxygen (DO) Estimation of Salinity, pH, Alkalinity.
Pedagogy:	Hands-on experiments in the laboratory, Demonstrations, videos, tutorials
References/ Readings:	 B. S. Prakash, Bisen, Laboratory Protocols in Applied Life Sciences., Taylor and Francis Publisher, 2014.United Kingdom. G. John Biological Centrifugation CRC Press, 2020. USA. Grasshoff, K., Kremling, K., & Ehrhardt, M. (Eds.). (2009). Methods of seawater analysis (3rd ed.). Wiley-VCH. ISBN: 9783527323103. Germany. K. Ulrich, Fluorescence microscopy: From Principle to application, Wiley Int., 2017. Germany. K. Wilson, J. Walker, (Eds)., Principles and techniques of biochemistry and molecular biology. Cambridge university press, 2010. Strickland, J. D. H., & Parsons, T. R. (1972). A practical handbook of seawater analysis (2nd ed.). Fisheries Research Board of Canada. Thomas (1997) key, Phytoplankton identification, Academic Press. USA.



Discipline Specific Elective Courses

Title of the Course	Computational Biology and Data Analysis
Course Code	MBT-5201
Number of Credits	3
Theory/Practical	Theory
Level	400
Effective from AY	2025-26
New Course	Yes
Bridge Course/ Value added Course	No 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Course for advanced	No
learners	

Pre-requisites for the Course:	Nil Tamasi Comme s to 200	
Course Objectives:	 To provide foundational and advanced knowledge of computational tools and techniques databases, sequence analysis, structural bioinformatics, and drug design—for understanding biomolecular interactions. To develop practical skills in omics data analysis, machine learning, and systems biolog analyze complex biological datasets, build predictive models, and derive integrative, system 	y, enabling students to
	A STANDARD OF THE STANDARD OF	Mapped to PSO
Course Outcomes:	CO 1. Demonstrate understanding and application of biological databases, sequence analysis, and phylogenetic methods.	PSO1, PSO3, PSO4

	CO 2. Interpret and analyze protein structures and predict their conformations using bioinformatics tools and modeling techniques.			PSO3, PSO4	
	CO 3. Apply structural bioinformatics and chemoinformatic techniques to design biol active molecules and understand drug-target interactions.	ogically	PSO3, PSO4, PSO5 PSO3, PSO4		
	CO 4. Execute NGS and omics data analysis pipelines and interpret transcriptomic, g and functional annotation outputs.	genomic,			
	CO 5. Employ data mining and machine learning methods to extract patterns, biological datasets, and evaluate model performance.	classify	PSO3, PS	O4	
	CO 6. Integrate multi-omics data and visualize biological networks to infer function systemic insights in computational biology.	onal and	PSO3, PS	O4, PSO5	
Content:		No of hours	Mapped to CO	Cognitive Level	
	Introduction to Biological Databases: Classification of databases—primary, secondary, and specialized (NCBI, ENSEMBL, RefSeq, UniProt, Expression Atlas, HMDB or KEGG, PDB).		CO1, CO5	(K1, K2, K3, K4)	
Module 1:	Sequence Analysis and Alignment: Basics of sequence formats, annotation, and description. Principles of sequence alignment—local vs. global (BLAST, Smith-Waterman, Needleman-Wunsch), Pairwise and multiple sequence alignment (Clustal, MUSCLE), Scoring matrices (PAM, BLOSUM), distance matrices, substitution scores, gap penalties, Statistical significance and evolutionary rationale behind sequence alignments, Motif and pattern identification.	15			
	Phylogenetics and Molecular Evolution: Concepts of molecular evolution and tree-building., Methods: UPGMA, Neighbor-Joining, Maximum Parsimony, Maximum Likelihood, Bayesian inference, Tree evaluation and visualization tools, Comparative discussion of algorithms and their applications in molecular systematics.				
	DNA Barcoding and Molecular Taxonomy: Principles and workflow of DNA barcoding, Tools and databases, BOLD, NCBI Taxonomy, and CBOL guidelines,				

	Applications in species identification, biodiversity studies, and taxonomy, Limitations and considerations in marker choice and data analysis.			
Module 2:	Protein Structure Hierarchy and Classification: Overview of protein structural organization—primary, secondary, tertiary, and quaternary structures. Introduction to structural classification databases such as CATH (Class, Architecture, Topology, Homologous superfamily), SCOP (Structural Classification of Proteins), FSSP (Families of Structurally Similar Proteins).		CO2, CO3	(K2, K3, K4, K5, K6)
	Structural Bioinformatics and Molecular Modelling: Fundamentals of molecular representation using external and internal coordinates. Introduction to molecular mechanics and force fields. Visualization and simulation of protein 3D structures. Analysis of peptide bonds, torsion angles, and the Ramachandran map. Anatomy of protein domains and folds.			
	Protein Structure Prediction Methods: Principles of protein folding and sequence–structure relationships. Approaches to structure prediction such as Homology (Comparative) Modeling, Fold Recognition and Threading, Ab initio Modeling, Emerging AI-based approaches (e.g., AlphaFold), Overview of CASP (Critical Assessment of Structure Prediction) benchmarks.	15		
	Computational Design Applications: In silico design of proteins, enzymes, and synthetic promoters.			
	Chemoinformatics and Drug Discovery: Introduction to chemical structure databases (e.g., NCI, PubChem). Fundamentals of receptor-ligand interactions. Structure-Based Drug Design (Binding site identification, docking, and virtual screening), Ligand-Based Drug Design (SAR, QSAR modeling, and pharmacophore development).			
Module 3:	Next-Generation Sequencing (NGS) Data Handling: Overview of sequencing platforms; file formats including FASTQ, BAM, SAM, and VCF; data preprocessing and quality control.	15	CO4, CO5, CO6	(K3, K4, K5, K6)
	Genome Assembly and Annotation Pipelines: Sequencing technologies; short-read vs. long-read platforms, Concepts: read trimming, genome complexity, contigs,			

	scaffolds, N50, and coverage, Overview of genome annotation methods (gene prediction, functional annotation).
	Transcriptome Data Analysis: Quality assessment using FastQC, read alignment using HISAT2 or STAR, transcript quantification, and differential gene expression analysis.
	Functional Enrichment and Pathway Analysis: Gene Ontology annotation; KEGG and Reactome-based biological pathway analysis for interpretation of gene expression changes.
	Omics Data Integration: Brief overview of analytical workflows in metagenomics, proteomics, and metabolomics for comprehensive biological insights.
	Network Biology: Introduction to gene and protein interaction networks; network visualization and basic analysis for understanding system-level organization.
	Exploratory Data Analysis: Techniques such as boxplots, principal component analysis, and correlation matrices for pattern discovery and data quality assessment.
	Machine Learning: Supervised, semi-supervised, and unsupervised learning approaches, Clustering methods and dimensionality reduction techniques for high-dimensional biological data.
Pedagogy:	Lectures/ tutorials/assignments/models/group discussion
Texts: References/ Readings:	 Brown, T.A. (2023). Genomes 5. Garland Science. United States Deonier, R., Tavaré, S., & Waterman, M. (2005). Computational Genome Analysis: An Introduction. Springer. Springer Nature Singapore Gasteiger, J., Engel, T. (2003). Chemoinformatics: A Textbook. Wiley-VCH. Germany Gu, J., Bourne, P.E. (2009). Structural Bioinformatics, 2nd ed. Wiley. United States Leach, A. R. (2001). Molecular Modelling: Principles and Applications (2nd ed.). Pearson. London Lesk, A.M. (2019). Introduction to Bioinformatics, 5th ed. Oxford University Press, UK. Misra, G., Arivaradarajan, P. (2019). Omics Approaches, Technologies And Applications. Springer. Springer Nature Singapore Rajapakse, J.C., Zhang Y. G. (2009). Machine Learning in Bioinformatics. Wiley. United States
Web Resources:	1. https://pubchem.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov



- 2. https://usegalaxy.org
- 3. https://www.coursera.org/specializations/genomic-data-science
- 4. https://www.ebi.ac.uk/training/online/
- 5. https://www.ensembl.org
- 6. https://www.genome.jp/kegg





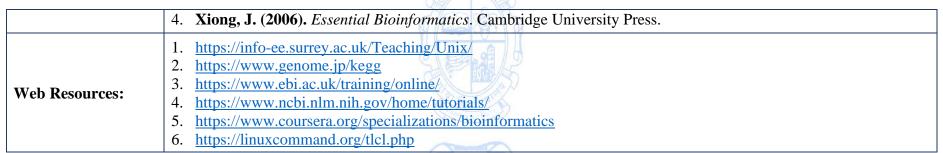




Title of the Course	Lab III: Computational Biology & Data Analysis
Course Code	MBT-5202
Number of Credits	
Theory/Practical	Practical
Level	400
Effective from AY	2025-26
New Course	No
Bridge Course/ Value added Course	No Control of the Con
Course for advanced learners	No Tolking to the state of the

Pre-requisites for the Course:	Nil District Control of the Control	
Course Objectives:	 To enable hands-on experience with key bioinformatics databases, UNIX/Linux environment drug design for real-world biological problem-solving. To develop practical proficiency in computational tools for biological data analysis, including gene prediction, phylogenetics, and protein structure modelling. 	
	Mowledge is Divinio	Mapped to PSO
Course Outcomes:	CO 1. Recall and Apply shell commands essential for data handling, database navigation and retrieve information from public databases.	PSO1, PSO2
	CO 2. Involves analytical thinking to compare sequences, build evolutionary trees, and understand gene structure across organisms.	PSO3, PSO4
	CO 3. Requires critical assessment of structural bioinformatics outputs and their biological relevance, particularly in drug discovery contexts.	PSO3, PSO4, PSO6

	CO 4. Demonstrates students' ability to integrate multiple tools and concepts to develop workflows or protocols in a lab or research context.	novel	PSO4, PS	O5, PSO8
Content:		No of hours	Mapped to CO	Cognitive Level
Module 1:	 Basic UNIX/Linux shell commands essential for handling biological data, navigating file systems, and running command-line bioinformatics tools. Hands-on introduction to databases (NCBI, UniProt, PDB, KEGG, etc.) for navigation and data retrieval. Use of different BLAST algorithms; analysis and interpretation of alignment scores, E-values, and identity matrices. Multiple sequence alignment and phylogenetic analysis of nucleotide and protein sequences using tools like ClustalW, MEGA, or PhyML. Comparison of different tree-building methods. Application of ab initio gene prediction programs such as GeneMark and Genscan for prokaryotic and eukaryotic gene structure identification. Use of tools like Primer3, NEB Cutter, and online resources for PCR primer design and identification of restriction enzyme cleavage sites. Perform assembly and genome annotation Construction, visualization, and annotation of 3D protein structures using molecular viewers such as RasMol or Swiss-PDBViewer. Introduction to structure-based drug design; docking ligands to protein targets using SwissDock and interpretation of docking scores and poses. 	30	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4	(K1, K2, K3, K4, K5, K6)
Pedagogy:	Practical/ tutorials/assignments/Hands-on- training			
Texts: References/ Readings:	 Baxevanis, A.D., Francis-Ouellette. B. F. (2009). BIOINFORMATICS: A PRA ANALYSIS OF GENES AND PROTEINS, 3RD ED. Wiley India Pvt. Limited. Campbell (2008). Discovering Genomics, Proteomics and Bioinformatics 2e. CSH London Lesk, A.M. (2019). Introduction to Bioinformatics, 5th ed. Oxford University Press, 10 press. 	L Pres		









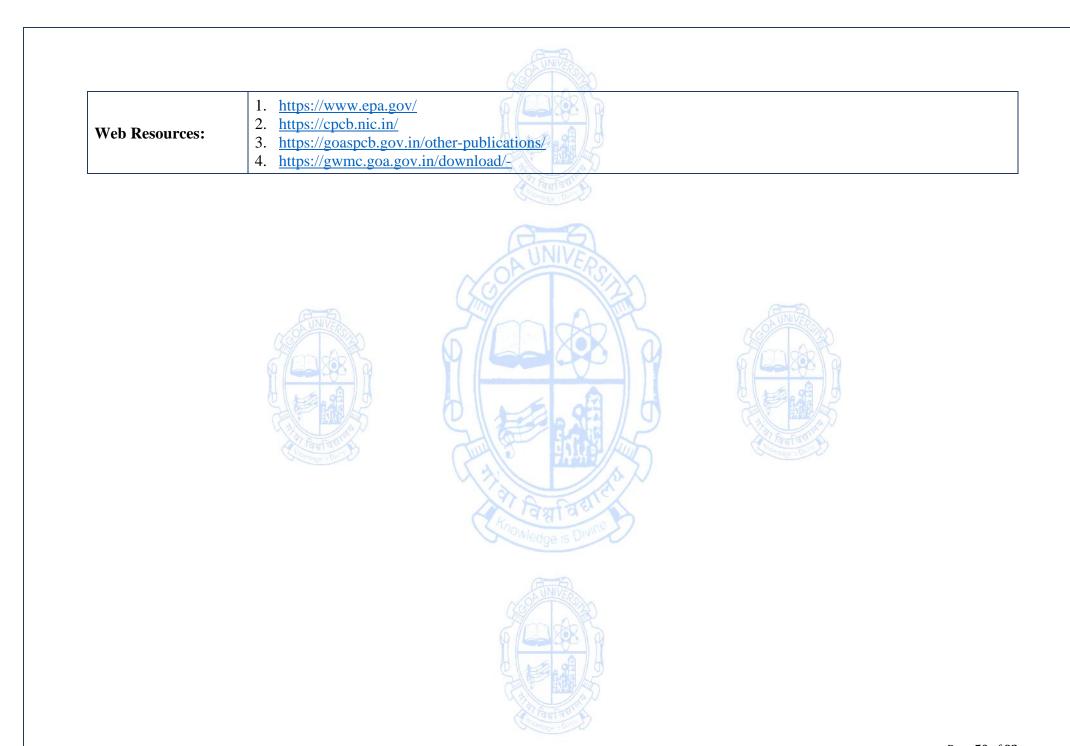


Title of the Course	Environmental Biotechnology and Sustainability
Course Code	MBT-5203
Number of Credits	3
Theory/Practical	Theory
Level	400
Effective from AY	2025-2026
New Course	Yes
Bridge Course/ Value added Course	No Control of the Con
Course for advanced learners	No Tolerando Contractor de la contractor

Pre-requisites for the Course:	Nii de la		
	To impart knowledge on Biotechnological applications.		
	• To understand the application of biotechnological techniques to solve the environmental ch	nallenges.	
Course	• To understand the impact of genetic manipulation, genomics, and proteomics in environmental biotechnology.		
Objectives:	• To study the application of new techniques that drive the refinement and improvement of exmethods and tools.	xisting biotechnological	
	• Case studies in the context of real problems, enabling the students to better understand how practice, evaluate the environmental pollution and decide about treatment methods.	the theory is applied in	
G	Students will be able to	Mapped to PSO	
Course Outcomes:	CO 1. Understand and relate the biotechnology knowledge to environmental challenges.	PSO4, PSO6	

	CO 2. Apply their knowledge to analyse and evaluate environmental pollution, and dec about treatment methods.	ide		
	CO 3. Apply their knowledge for the application of sustainable biotechnological process and Create solutions for betterment of the environment and sustainable development the society.			
Content:		No of hours	Mapped to CO	Cognitive Level
Module 1:	 Environmental Biotechnology and Sustainability: Scope and applications, Basics of ecosystem structure and function Environmental Monitoring: Monitoring environmental pollution-Air, water and soil sampling, Analyses of samples. Physical, chemical, biological and molecular methods for the measurement of pollution. Bioindicators, Robust techniques and innovative new concepts for identifying and screening of toxins and pathogens in the environment (genetic and biochemical kits and reagents, and cellular models), e-DNA and Nucleic acid based techniques for analyses of diversity, structure and dynamics of microbial community in wastewater treatment, Biomarkers, Toxicity testing using biological materials. 	15	CO1,	K1, K2, K3
Module 2:	 Sewage Treatment: Sewage treatment methods, Recovery of Nitrogen and Phosphorus, Sludge treatment and disposal. Solid waste treatment: Waste Management for Sustainable Development, Anaerobic digestion, Vermicomposting. Biotechnology and Sustainable techniques: Genetically manipulated organisms, Nanotechnology in wastewater treatment units, Application of nanomaterials in environmental remediation, Potential modification of wastewater treatment using by employing nanomaterials, Removal of pollutants using nanofiltration techniques, Nanomembranes in wastewater treatment, Nanomaterial based disinfection. 	15	CO1, CO2	K1, K2, K3

	Bioremediation: Bioremediation strategies, Phytoremediation; Bioremediation Techniques, Phytoremediation and constructed wetland, Metal Bioremediation, Biochemical Pathways of degradation, Plastic degradation
Module 3:	 Sustainability: Marine organisms as a source of chemicals, Microbial polymers, Biodegradable plastic, Biofuels, Bioleaching, Carbon Storage and Capture (sequestration, conversion to useful biopolymers, etc.), Prevention of eutrophication. Biotechnology of the Marine Environment: Bioprospecting, Marine Pollution and its control. Sustainable Development and Environment friendly practices Strategies to address ocean acidification, Combating marine pollution Co3, K3, K4 K5, K6
Pedagogy:	Lectures/tutorials/assignments/ online/self-study
Texts:	 Chaterjee, A. K. (2000). Introduction to environmental biotechnology. PHI, India, Colin, M. (2011). Marine Microbiology: Ecology and applications. Second edition. Garland science, New Yorl United States King, R. B., Sheldon, J. K., and Long, G. M. (2019). Practical Environmental Rehm, H. J. and Reed, G. (Eds.). (1999). Biotechnology, a comprehensive treatise. Satyanarayana, T. Johri, B. and Anil, T. (Ed.). (2012). Microorganisms in Environmental Management. Springe Publishers, Berlin Germany. Scragg, A. (2005). Environmental Biotechnology. Pearson Education Limited, Second edition. Oxford Universit Press. Oxford, England. Willey, J. M., Sherwood, L. M., Woolverton, C. J. (2017). Prescott,s Microbiology. (10th Ed.). Mcgraw-Hi Education, New York, NY.
References/ Readings:	 Bioremediation: The Field Guide, Lewis Publishers. CRC Press, Boca Raton, Florida. Meena, S. M. and Naik, M. M. (Ed.). (2019). Advances in Biological Science Research: a practical approach. (1s Ed.). Elsevier.



Title of the Course	Lab IV: Environmental Biotechnology
Course Code	MBT-5204
Number of Credits	
Theory/Practical	Practical
Level	400
Effective from AY	2025-26
New Course	No
Bridge Course/ Value added Course	No Control of the con
Course for advanced learners	No O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O

Pre-requisites for the Course:	NIL DE LA	
Course	1. To impart students with the hands-on experience in basic experimental analysis and the use	e of biological agents.
Objectives:	2. To understand emerging treatment processes carried out for the wastewater and organic sol	id waste analysis
	and a factor	Mapped to PSO
	CO 1. To analyse municipal wastewater	PSO4, PSO6
Course Outcomes:	CO 2. To analyse solid organic waste	
	CO 3. Analyse and evaluate the process of organic waste treatment.	
	CO 4. To relate the knowledge of Environmental Biotechnology with organic waste analysis.	

Content:		No of hours	Mapped to CO	Cognitive Level
	1. Estimation of Total solids and Volatile solids in algal biomass		CO1,	2
	2. Biochemical methane potential assay of seaweed biomass	20	CO2,	К3
	3. Total Phosphorus analysis in wastewater		CO3,	K4
M. J. 1.	4. Total Nitrogen analysis in wastewater		CO4	K5
Module 1:	5. N and P recovery from wastewaters using marine microalgae.	30		K6
	6. Evaluating Microplastic concentration in seawater			
	7. Field visit to assess the condition of coastal habitats (e.g., Intertidal region, estuarine and mangroves habitats)			
Pedagogy:	Hands-on experiments in the laboratory, online videos.			
Texts:	 APHA. "Standard Methods for Examination of Water and Wastewater", American Public Health Association WWA, Washington, D.C., 2005. Angelidaki I, Alves M, Bolzonella D, Borzacconi, L. Campos, J.L., Guwy, A.J., Kalyuzhnyi, S., Jenicek P., and Van Lier, J.B., Defining the Biomethane Potential (BMP) of Solid Organic Wastes and Energy Crops: A Proposed Protocol for Batch Assays. Water Science & Technology, 2009. 			
References/ Readings:	Scragg, A. (2005). Environmental Biotechnology. Second edition. Pearson Education Press, Oxford, England.	on Limi	ted, Oxford	University
	https://www.epa.gov/			
	net built with the bangs tr			
W L D	https://cpcb.nic.in/			
Web Resources:				

Title of the Course	Cell and Developmental Biology
Course Code	MBT-5205
Number of Credits	3
Theory/Practical	Theory
Level	400
Effective from AY	2025-26
New Course	No
Bridge Course/ Value added Course	No Annual Control of the Control of
Course for advanced learners	Yes

Pre-requisites for the Course:	Nil District Control of the Control	
Course	1. To enable students to critically understand the structural and molecular dynamics of cellu processes, and relate these to human health, disease, and therapeutic strategies.	lar and developmental
Objectives:	2. To develop the ability to apply, analyze, and communicate key concepts of cellular and a across model systems using experimental and visual tools relevant to research and biotechnology.	
	Mowledge is Divinion	Mapped to PSO
Course Outcomes:	CO 1. Critically analyze the structural and functional dynamics of cellular organelles and their roles in maintaining cellular homeostasis and contributing to human diseases.	PSO1, PSO7
Course Guttomes.	CO 2. Interpret and evaluate molecular mechanisms underlying cell signaling, cytoskeletal dynamics, and intercellular communication, with relevance to therapeutic targeting in biotechnology and biomedical research.	

	CO 3. Describe and explain the basic concepts of development and compare and embryonic development across various model organisms (e.g., Drosophila, Xen elegans, zebrafish, and mouse).			
	CO 4. Analyse the role of gene expression and signaling pathways (e.g., Hox gene Hedgehog, Notch) in developmental processes and evaluate experimental tec (e.g., fate mapping, lineage tracing, gene knockouts) used to study developiology.	hniques		
	CO 5. To examine the genetic and molecular mechanisms underlying floral in photoperiodism, and vernalization.	duction,		
	CO 6. Discuss the implications of developmental biology in health and disease, in teratogenesis, stem cell therapy, and congenital disorders and communication developmental biology concepts effectively using scientific terminology and approximation or models.	nunicate		
Content:		No of hours	Mapped to CO	Cognitive Level
Module 1:	 1.1. Organelle dynamics and intracellular trafficking: Nucleus, Mitochondria, Ribosome, Endoplasmic reticulum, Golgi apparatus, lysosome, Peroxisome, vacuoles, plastids. 1.2. Organelleopathy Mitochondrial Dysfunction in Metabolic and Neurodegenerative Disease 	3	CO1, CO2	K1, K2, K4
	 Endoplasmic Reticulum Stress and Its Role in Disease Peroxisomes in Lipid Metabolism and Reactive Oxygen Species Detoxification. The Role of Exosomes and Extracellular Vesicles in Intercellular Communication and Disease Progression 	15		
	1.3. Cytoskeletal Architecture and Cell Motility.1.4. Cellular communication: General principles of cell communication, cell adhesion and roles of different adhesion molecules, tight junctions, communicating junctions, integrins, neurotransmission, and its regulation.			

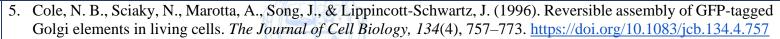
	1.5. Cell signalling and Signal transduction mechanisms.			
	1.6. Programmed cell Death, Aging and Senescence.			
Module 2:	2.1. Cancer Biology 2.2. Introduction to Developmental Biology: Significance of developmental Biology, Model organisms and plants used in developmental Biology: Xenopus, Drosophila, C. elegans, Sea Urchin, Chick, Mouse, Zebra fish, Arabidopsis Thaliana, Rice; Basic concepts and overview of Developmental Biology in animals and plants.		CO3, CO4	K1, K2, K3
	2.3. Gametogenesis, fertilization and early development: Production of gametes, cell surface molecules in sperm-egg recognition in animals; embryo sac development and fertilization in plants; zygote formation, cleavage, blastula formation, embryonic fields, gastrulation and formation of germ layers in animals; embryogenesis, establishment of symmetry in plants; seed formation and germination.	15		
	2.4. Morphogenesis and organogenesis in animals: Cell aggregation and differentiation in <i>Dictyostelium</i> ; axes and pattern formation in <i>Drosophila</i> , amphibia and chick; organogenesis – vulva formation in <i>Caenorhabditis elegans</i> , eye lens induction, limb development and regeneration in vertebrates; differentiation of neurons, post embryonic development- larval formation, metamorphosis; environmental regulation of normal development; sex determination.			
Module 3:	3.1. Morphogenesis and organogenesis in plants: Organization of shoot and root apical meristem; shoot and root development; leaf development and phyllotaxy; transition to flowering, floral meristems and floral development in Arabidopsis and Antirrhinum.Floral induction and organ identity: floral integrator genes, ABCDE model.	N	CO3, CO4, CO5 & CO6	K1, K2, K3, K4, K5, K6
	3.2. Difference between Plant and Animal Developmental Biology3.3 Developmental Plasticity and environmental modulation: Photomorphogenesis: Circadian rhythms, Phytochromes; Themosensory flowers and Vernalisation	15		
	3.4. Developmental process-oriented disorders and Teratogens: Environmental influence on development, cancer as a developmental disorder, Teratogens: endocrine disrupters, alcohol, Retinoic acid and Congenital abnormalities, genetic disorders in development.			

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	3.5. Experimental Techniques in Developmental Biology: CRISPR-Cas9 gene editing,					
	Lineage tracing and fate mapping, Transcriptomics in developmental studies					
Pedagogy:	Lectures/tutorial/assignments					
	1. Amon, A., Krieger, M., Lodish, H., Bretscher, A., Kaiser, C. A., Berk, A., Martin, K. C., & Ploegh, H. (2016). <i>Molecular cell biology</i> . W. H. Freeman. United Kingdom.					
	2. Cooper, G. M., & Hausman, R. E. (2013). The cell: A molecular approach. Sinauer Associates. United States.					
	3. Gilbert, S. F. (2010). Developmental biology. Sinauer Associates. United States.					
	4. Hake, S., & Zambryski, P. (1997). Plant development. Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press. United States.					
	5. Karp, G., Iwasa, J., & Marshall, W. (2018). Cell biology global edition. Wiley. United States.					
	6. Kilpatrick, S. T., Krebs, J. E., & Goldstein, E. S. (2017). <i>Lewin's GENES XII</i> . Jones & Bartlett Learning. United States.					
	7. Leyser, O., & Day, S. (2003). Mechanisms in plant development. Blackwell Publishing. United Kingdom.					
	8. Lodish, H., & Arnold, B. (2000). <i>Molecular cell biology</i> . W. H. Freeman & Company. United States.					
References/ Readings:	9. Pollard, T. D., Earnshaw, W. C., Lippincott-Schwartz, J., & Johnson, G. (2016). <i>Cell biology (E-book)</i> . Elsevier Health Sciences. Netherlands.					
	10. Slack, J. M. W. (2009). Essential developmental biology. Wiley. Germany.					
	11. Smith, C., & Wood, E. (2005). Cell biology. Chapman & Hall. United Kingdom.					
	12. Subramanian, M. A. (2022). Developmental biology. MJP Publisher. India.					
	13. Taiz, L., Zeiger, E., Møller, I. M., & Murphy, A. (2015). <i>Plant physiology and development</i> . Sinauer Associates. United States.					
	14. Turner, B. M. (2008). <i>Chromatin and gene regulation: Molecular mechanisms in epigenetics</i> . John Wiley & Sons. United Kingdom.					
	15. Watson, J. D., Levine, M., Baker, T. A., Gann, A., Bell, S. P., & Watson, R. L. (2014). <i>Molecular biology of the gene</i> . Pearson Education. United States.					
	16. Wolpert, L. (2011). Developmental biology: A very short introduction. OUP Oxford. United Kingdom.					

Title of the Course	Lab V: Cell Biology	6/238/9		
Course Code	MBT-5206	0 100		
Number of Credits	1			
Theory/Practical	Practical	2 Tawfari		
Level	400			
Effective from AY	2025-26	Quality 2		
New Course	Yes	OPUNIVERS		
Bridge Course/ Value added Course	No		GO TUNIVERSON	
Course for advanced learners	No	9 66 00 9	6 2 3 9	
	(D (1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1		C/ 12 AVE / 9	

Pre-requisites	NIL NIL	
for the Course:	क्रिया कर्म कर्म कर्म कर्म कर्म कर्म कर्म कर्म	
Course Objectives:	 To develop practical skills in cell biology techniques, including microscopy, cell of fractionation, and analysis of mitosis, meiosis, and karyotyping for understanding cellular s To train students in evaluating cell health and behaviour through viability assays, apopto cytometry, and prepare them for applications in biomedical and research settings. 	tructure and function.
		Mapped to PSO
Course Outcomes:	CO 1. Demonstrate the use of various imaging techniques to study cell morphology and structure using phase contrast, fluorescence, SEM, and TEM.	PSO1, PSO2
	CO 2. Execute cell organelle-specific staining methods to visualize mitochondria, nucleus, and Golgi bodies and Perform cell fractionation to isolate nuclei, mitochondria, and other organelles	PSO1, PSO8

CO 3. Assess and interpret cell viability and cytotoxic effects using MTT and Try assays.	pan Blue	PSO	l, PSO8	
CO 4. Detect and analyze apoptosis using DNA laddering or Annexin V-FITC/P techniques.	I staining	PSO	l, PSO8	
CO 5. Demonstrate karyotyping techniques and analyze chromosomal abnorm patterns.	alities or	PSO	l, PSO8	
OR UNIVERS	No of hours	Mapped to CO	Cognitive Level	
1.1 Cell Imaging Techniques for cell morphological characterisation: Phase contrast and fluorescent Microscopy, Scanning and Transmission Electron Microscopy		CO1, CO2,	K3, K4, K5, K6	
1.2 Cell organelles staining techniques: Mitochondria, Nucleus, Golgi bodies1.3 Cell fractionation / Isolation of the cell organelles: Nuclei, Mitochondria and other organelles	30	CO4, CO5		
 1.4 Cell Viability Test: MTT or Trypan Blue 1.5 Detection of Apoptosis by DNA laddering or Annexin V staining 1.6 Flow cytometry demonstration 1.7 Karvotyping demonstration 	Farance S			
Hands-on experiments in the laboratory, video, online data				
1. Alberts, B., Johnson, A., Lewis, J., Raff, M., Roberts, K., & Walter, P. (2014). <i>Molecular biology of the cell</i> (6th ed.). Garland Science. United States .				
 Bozzola, J. J., & Russell, L. D. (1999). Electron microscopy: Principles and techniques for biologists (2nd ed.). Jones & Bartlett Learning. United States. Pendergrass, W., Wolf, N., & Poot, M. (2004). Efficacy of MitoTracker Green and CMXRosamine for mitochondrial 				
	-		5), 220–233.	
	assays. CO 4. Detect and analyze apoptosis using DNA laddering or Annexin V-FITC/P techniques. CO 5. Demonstrate karyotyping techniques and analyze chromosomal abnorm patterns. 1.1 Cell Imaging Techniques for cell morphological characterisation: Phase contrast and fluorescent Microscopy, Scanning and Transmission Electron Microscopy 1.2 Cell organelles staining techniques: Mitochondria, Nucleus, Golgi bodies 1.3 Cell fractionation / Isolation of the cell organelles: Nuclei, Mitochondria and other organelles 1.4 Cell Viability Test: MTT or Trypan Blue 1.5 Detection of Apoptosis by DNA laddering or Annexin V staining 1.6 Flow cytometry demonstration 1.7 Karyotyping demonstration Hands-on experiments in the laboratory, video, online data 1. Alberts, B., Johnson, A., Lewis, J., Raff, M., Roberts, K., & Walter, P. (2014). ed.). Garland Science. United States. 2. Bozzola, J. J., & Russell, L. D. (1999). Electron microscopy: Principles and to Jones & Bartlett Learning. United States. 3. Pendergrass, W., Wolf, N., & Poot, M. (2004). Efficacy of MitoTracker Green anstaining in live cells. Cytometry Part A, 61(2), 162–169. https://doi.org/10.1002/4. Kapuscinski, J. (1995). DAPI: A DNA-specific fluorescent probe. Biotech	CO 4. Detect and analyze apoptosis using DNA laddering or Annexin V-FITC/PI staining techniques. CO 5. Demonstrate karyotyping techniques and analyze chromosomal abnormalities or patterns. No of hours 1.1 Cell Imaging Techniques for cell morphological characterisation: Phase contrast and fluorescent Microscopy, Scanning and Transmission Electron Microscopy 1.2 Cell organelles staining techniques: Mitochondria, Nucleus, Golgi bodies 1.3 Cell fractionation / Isolation of the cell organelles: Nuclei, Mitochondria and other organelles 1.4 Cell Viability Test: MTT or Trypan Blue 1.5 Detection of Apoptosis by DNA laddering or Annexin V staining 1.6 Flow cytometry demonstration 1.7 Karyotyping demonstration Hands-on experiments in the laboratory, video, online data 1. Alberts, B., Johnson, A., Lewis, J., Raff, M., Roberts, K., & Walter, P. (2014). Molecula ed.). Garland Science. United States. 2. Bozzola, J. J., & Russell, L. D. (1999). Electron microscopy: Principles and techniques Jones & Bartlett Learning. United States. 3. Pendergrass, W., Wolf, N., & Poot, M. (2004). Efficacy of MitoTracker Green and CMXRostaining in live cells. Cytometry Part A, 61(2), 162–169. https://doi.org/10.1002/cyto.a.200 4. Kapuscinski, J. (1995). DAPI: A DNA-specific fluorescent probe. Biotech Histoche.	assays. CO 4. Detect and analyze apoptosis using DNA laddering or Annexin V-FITC/PI staining techniques. CO 5. Demonstrate karyotyping techniques and analyze chromosomal abnormalities or patterns. No of hours I.1 Cell Imaging Techniques for cell morphological characterisation: Phase contrast and fluorescent Microscopy, Scanning and Transmission Electron Microscopy 1.2 Cell organelles staining techniques: Mitochondria, Nucleus, Golgi bodies 1.3 Cell fractionation / Isolation of the cell organelles: Nuclei, Mitochondria and other organelles 1.4 Cell Viability Test: MTT or Trypan Blue 1.5 Detection of Apoptosis by DNA laddering or Annexin V staining 1.6 Flow cytometry demonstration 1.7 Karyotyping demonstration Hands-on experiments in the laboratory, video, online data 1. Alberts, B., Johnson, A., Lewis, J., Raff, M., Roberts, K., & Walter, P. (2014). Molecular biology of ed.). Garland Science. United States. 2. Bozzola, J. J., & Russell, L. D. (1999). Electron microscopy: Principles and techniques for biologis Jones & Bartlett Learning. United States. 3. Pendergrass, W., Wolf, N., & Poot, M. (2004). Efficacy of MitoTracker Green and CMXRosamine for n staining in live cells. Cytometry Part A, 61(2), 162–169. https://doi.org/10.1002/cyto.a.20033 4. Kapuscinski, J. (1995). DAPI: A DNA-specific fluorescent probe. Biotech Histochemistry, 7003	



- 6. Graham, J. M. (2002). Isolation of mitochondria from tissues and cells by differential centrifugation. *Current Protocols in Cell Biology*, *3*(1), 3.3.1–3.3.15. https://doi.org/10.1002/0471143030.cb0303s00
- 7. Mosmann, T. (1983). Rapid colorimetric assay for cellular growth and survival: Application to proliferation and cytotoxicity assays. *Journal of Immunological Methods*, 65(1–2), 55–63. https://doi.org/10.1016/0022-1759(83)90303-4
- 8. Strober, W. (2001). Trypan blue exclusion test of cell viability. *Current Protocols in Immunology*, Appendix 3B. https://doi.org/10.1002/0471142735.ima03bs21
- 9. Wyllie, A. H. (1980). Glucocorticoid-induced thymocyte apoptosis is associated with endogenous endonuclease activation. *Nature*, 284(5756), 555–556. https://doi.org/10.1038/284555a0
- 10. Koopman, G., Reutelingsperger, C. P. M., Kuijten, G. A. M., Keehnen, R. M. J., Pals, S. T., & van Oers, M. H. J. (1994). Annexin V for flow cytometric detection of phosphatidylserine expression on B cells undergoing apoptosis. *Blood*, 84(5), 1415–1420. https://doi.org/10.1182/blood.V84.5.1415.bloodjournal8451415
- 11. Robinson, J. P. (Ed.). (2018). Current protocols in cytometry. Wiley. United States.
- 12. Shapiro, H. M. (2003). Practical flow cytometry (4th ed.). Wiley-Liss. United States.
- 13. Rooney, D. E. (2001). *Human cytogenetics: Constitutional analysis* (Vol. 1, 3rd ed.). Oxford University Press. United Kingdom.
- 14. Barch, M. J., Knutsen, T., & Spurbeck, J. L. (1997). *The ACT cytogenetics laboratory manual* (3rd ed.). Lippincott-Raven. United States.



SEMESTER II

Discipline Specific Core Courses

Title of the Course	Biomanufacturing and Bioprocess Technology
Course Code	MBT-5006
Number of Credits	3
Theory/Practical	Theory
Level	500
Effective from AY	2025-26
New Course	No
Bridge Course/ Value added Course	No Case of the cas
Course for advanced learners	Yes Classification of the Control of

Pre-requisites	MBT-5001		
for the Course:	La contact		
Course Objectives:	To enable students to understand the bioprocess principles, bioreactor designs and downstream operations, and design optimized biotechnological processes for industrial and marine research applications.		
		Mapped to PSO	
Course Outcomes:	CO 1. Describe the principles of bioreactor design and operation, and differentiate between types and modes of fermentation processes (batch, fed-batch, and continuous). Apply knowledge of microbial techniques for the isolation, screening, and preservation of industrially important microorganisms, as well as the formulation of culture media for bioprocesses.	PSO1, PSO2	

	CO 2. Monitor and control bioprocess parameters such as aeration, agitation, sterilization, and measurement systems to ensure optimal bioprocess performance.			PSO1, PSO2, PSO3	
	microbial production processes for industrially significant products such as alcohol, organic acids, antibiotics, amino acids, biopharmaceuticals, and biomass.		PSO4, PSO5 PSO4, PSO5, PSO7		
	CO 5. Recognize the significance of marine bioprocessing, including the produ bioactive compounds, enzymes, nutraceuticals, and microalgal biomass, and considerations for marine bioreactors.		PSO5, PSO	7, PSO8	
Content:		No of hours	Mapped to CO	Cognitive Level	
Module 1:	Basic Principles of Biochemical Engineering and Fermentation Processes: Bioreactors, bioreactor design, criteria, operation and types of bioreactors. Concepts of basic modes of fermentation: batch, fed- batch and continuous Isolation, screening, and preservation of industrially important microbes Design and formulation of Media for industrial bioprocess Scale up fermentation processes Air and media sterilization. Aeration and agitation in bioprocess. Measurement and control of bioprocess parameters.	15	CO1, CO2	K1, K2, K3, K4, K5	
Module 2:	Industrial production of chemicals: • Strain improvement for increased yield and other desirable characteristics • alcohol (beer), biopharmaceuticals (vaccines) • organic acids (citric acid)	15	CO2, CO3	K2, K3, K4, K5	

antibiotics (Penicillin/streptomycin)			
amino acids (lysine/glutamic acid)			
Bioprocess for the production of biomass: yeast and mushrooms			
 Downstream Processing and Marine bioprocessing steps involved in Downstream processing; bio-separation, filtration, centrifugation, sedimentation, flocculation, cell disruption, liquid-liquid extraction. Purification by chromatographic techniques Drying and crystallization. Bioprocessing of marine natural products-bioactive compounds, marine enzymes, Nutraceuticals; bioreactor considerations for production of marine-derived bioactive compounds, aquaculture bioprocessing of microalgal biomass, nitrifying bioreactor. 	15	CO4, CO5	K1, K2, K3, K4, K5, K6
Lectures, tutorials, assignments.			
 York, NY, USA. Chen, H. (2013). Modern solid state fermentation: Theory and practice. Springer: Doble, M., & Gummadi, S. N. (2010). Biochemical engineering. PHI Learning: N El-Mansi, E. M. T., Bryce, C. F. A., Demain, A. L., & Allman, A. R. (Eds.). (20 and biotechnology (2nd ed.). CRC Press: Boca Raton, FL, USA. Lancini, G., & Lorenzetti, R. (2013). Biotechnology of antibiotics and other is Springer: New York, NY, USA. Palmer, T., & Bonner, P. (2008). Enzymes: Biochemistry, biotechnology, clinical Publishing: Cambridge, UK. Peppler, H. J., & Perlman, D. (Eds.). (1979). Microbial technology: Fermentation 	Berlin, lew Dell 1006). Fe bioactive	Germany. ni, India. rmentation m e microbial n try (2nd ed.).	icrobiology netabolites. Woodhead
	 amino acids (lysine/glutamic acid) Bioprocess for the production of biomass: yeast and mushrooms Downstream Processing and Marine bioprocessing steps involved in Downstream processing; bio-separation, filtration, centrifugation, sedimentation, flocculation, cell disruption, liquid-liquid extraction. Purification by chromatographic techniques Drying and crystallization. Bioprocessing of marine natural products-bioactive compounds, marine enzymes, Nutraceuticals; bioreactor considerations for production of marine-derived bioactive compounds, aquaculture bioprocessing of microalgal biomass, nitrifying bioreactor. Lectures, tutorials, assignments. Bailey, J. E., & Ollis, D. F. (2017). Biochemical engineering fundamentals (2nd ed York, NY, USA. Chen, H. (2013). Modern solid state fermentation: Theory and practice. Springer: 3. Doble, M., & Gummadi, S. N. (2010). Biochemical engineering. PHI Learning: N El-Mansi, E. M. T., Bryce, C. F. A., Demain, A. L., & Allman, A. R. (Eds.). (20 and biotechnology (2nd ed.). CRC Press: Boca Raton, FL, USA. Lancini, G., & Lorenzetti, R. (2013). Biotechnology of antibiotics and other a Springer: New York, NY, USA. Palmer, T., & Bonner, P. (2008). Enzymes: Biochemistry, biotechnology, clinical Publishing: Cambridge, UK. Peppler, H. J., & Perlman, D. (Eds.). (1979). Microbial technology: Fermentation 	 amino acids (lysine/glutamic acid) Bioprocess for the production of biomass: yeast and mushrooms Downstream Processing and Marine bioprocessing steps involved in Downstream processing; bio-separation, filtration, centrifugation, sedimentation, flocculation, cell disruption, liquid-liquid extraction. Purification by chromatographic techniques Drying and crystallization. Bioprocessing of marine natural products-bioactive compounds, marine enzymes, Nutraceuticals; bioreactor considerations for production of marine-derived bioactive compounds, aquaculture bioprocessing of microalgal biomass, nitrifying bioreactor. Lectures, tutorials, assignments. Bailey, J. E., & Ollis, D. F. (2017). Biochemical engineering fundamentals (2nd ed.). McG York, NY, USA. Chen, H. (2013). Modern solid state fermentation: Theory and practice. Springer: Berlin, Doble, M., & Gummadi, S. N. (2010). Biochemical engineering. PHI Learning: New Delf El-Mansi, E. M. T., Bryce, C. F. A., Demain, A. L., & Allman, A. R. (Eds.). (2006). Fe. and biotechnology (2nd ed.). CRC Press: Boca Raton, FL, USA. Lancini, G., & Lorenzetti, R. (2013). Biotechnology of antibiotics and other bioactive Springer: New York, NY, USA. Palmer, T., & Bonner, P. (2008). Enzymes: Biochemistry, biotechnology, clinical chemis Publishing: Cambridge, UK. 	 amino acids (lysine/glutamic acid) Bioprocess for the production of biomass: yeast and mushrooms Downstream Processing and Marine bioprocessing steps involved in Downstream processing; bio-separation, filtration, centrifugation, sedimentation, flocculation, cell disruption, liquid-liquid extraction. Purification by chromatographic techniques Drying and crystallization. Bioprocessing of marine natural products-bioactive compounds, marine enzymes, Nutraceuticals; bioreactor considerations for production of marine-derived bioactive compounds, aquaculture bioprocessing of microalgal biomass, nitrifying bioreactor. Lectures, tutorials, assignments. Bailey, J. E., & Ollis, D. F. (2017). Biochemical engineering fundamentals (2nd ed.). McGraw Hill Educ York, NY, USA. Chen, H. (2013). Modern solid state fermentation: Theory and practice. Springer: Berlin, Germany. Doble, M., & Gummadi, S. N. (2010). Biochemical engineering. PHI Learning: New Delhi, India. El-Mansi, E. M. T., Bryce, C. F. A., Demain, A. L., & Allman, A. R. (Eds.). (2006). Fermentation mand biotechnology (2nd ed.). CRC Press: Boca Raton, FL, USA. Lancini, G., & Lorenzetti, R. (2013). Biotechnology of antibiotics and other bioactive microbial in Springer: New York, NY, USA. Palmer, T., & Bonner, P. (2008). Enzymes: Biochemistry, biotechnology, clinical chemistry (2nd ed.). Publishing: Cambridge, UK. Peppler, H. J., & Perlman, D. (Eds.). (1979). Microbial technology: Fermentation technology (2nd ed.)

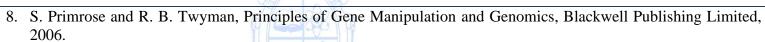
	 Stanbury, P. F., Whitaker, A., & Hall, S. J. (2016). Principles of fermentation technology (3rd ed.). Butterworth Heinemann: Oxford, UK. Todaro, C. M., & Vogel, H. C. (2014). Fermentation and biochemical engineering handbook (3rd ed.). William Andrew Publishing: Norwich, NY, USA. 	
References/ Readings:	 Doran, P. M. (1995). Bioprocess engineering principles. Academic Press: San Diego, CA, USA. Doan, H. V., Prakash, P., Hoseinifar, S. H., Ringø, E., El-Haroun, E., Faggio, C., Olsen, R. E., Tran, H. Q., Stejskal, V., Abdel-Latif, H. M. R., & Dawood, M. A. O. (2023). Marine-derived products as functional feed additives in aquaculture: A review. Aquaculture Reports, 31, 101679. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.aqrep.2023.101679 Kim, SK., & Mendis, E. (2006). Bioactive compounds from marine processing byproducts – A review. Food Research International, 39(4), 383–393. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.foodres.2005.10.010 Rao, D. G. (2005). Introduction to biochemical engineering. Tata McGraw-Hill: New Delhi, India. 	
Web Resources:	 https://www.openaccessjournals.com/journals/pharmaceutical-bioprocessing-citations-report.html www.wildfermentation.com/John Schollar and BenedikteWatmore, Practical Fermentation-a technicalguide web.mit.edu/professional/short/fermentation_technology.html 	



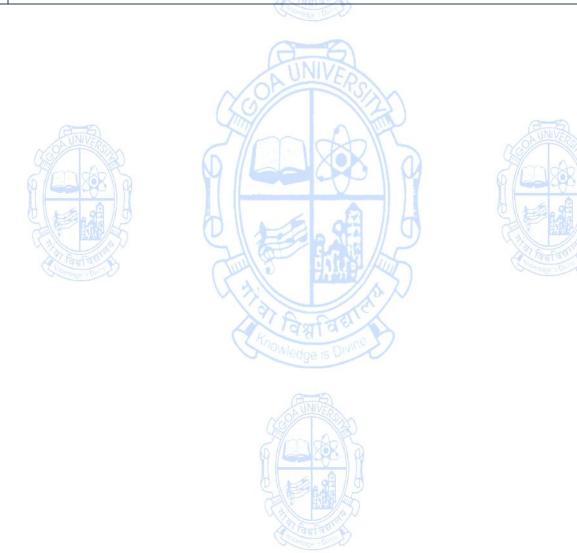
Title of the Course	Recombinant DNA Technology
Course Code	MBT-5007
Number of Credits	3
Theory/Practical	Theory
Level	500
Effective from AY	2025-2026
New Course	Yes
Bridge Course/ Value added Course	No No
Course for advanced learners	No N

Pre-requisites	MBT-5001		
for the Course:	विभागित के		
	To understand:		
Course Objectives:	 Various enzymes and techniques for manipulating DNA. Various DNA vectors and their use in creating recombinant DNA molecules Recombinant DNA modification techniques and heterologous gene expression used for creating applications for biological research and biotechnology industries. 		
		Mapped to PSO	
Course Outcomes:	CO 1. Explain the role of DNA modifying enzymes in recombinant DNA technology.	PSO1, PSO8	
	CO 2. Utilize linkers, adaptors, and hybridization probes for molecular cloning and hybridization respectively	PSO1, PSO8	

	CO 3. Evaluate genomic analysis techniques like DNA fingerprinting and sequenci	ng	PSO1, PSO	O3	
	CO 4. Assess the efficiency of PCR variants and molecular diagnostic approaches			PSO1, PSO3	
	CO 5. Design experiments using CRISPR and gene therapy applications.		PSO1, PSO	PSO1, PSO7, PSO8	
	CO 6. Implement advanced cloning vectors for recombinant DNA research.		PSO1, PSO	O8	
Content:		No of hours	Mapped to CO	Cognitive Level	
Module 1:	DNA modifying enzymes used in recombinant DNA technology: Type II restriction enzymes, Klenow fragment, T4/T7 DNA polymerases, Reverse transcriptase, Ligases, Kinases, phosphorylases, Terminal transferases, thermostable polymerases, Nucleases, reverse transcriptase. Use of linkers and adaptors in cloning, Non-radiolabeled probes in hybridization	15	CO1, CO2	K1, K2, K3	
Module 2:	Southern and Western Blotting, DNA fingerprinting, DNA foot-printing, NGS sequencing, Variants of PCR techniques, real-time PCR, MA13 and Phage Display, cDNA library, PCR and applications, Gene therapy, CRISPR application in health	15	CO3, CO4, CO5	K3, K4	
Module 3:	Cloning Vectors: - pET Series Vectors, - Gateway Cloning Vectors, - BAC & YAC Vectors, - Lentiviral Vectors, CRISPR-Based Vectors, Golden Gate Cloning Vectors, TALEN vectors, Synthetic Biology Vectors, Vectors for gene silencing	15	CO6	K5 K6	
Pedagogy:	Lectures, Tutorial,				
Texts: References/ Readings:	 T. A. Brown, Gene Cloning and DNA Analysis: An Introduction, Wiley-Blackv T. A Brown, Genomes, New York: Garland Science Publisher, 2017. J. W. Dale, M. von Schantz and N. Plant, From Genes to Genomes: Concepts and Wiley Blackwell publisher, 2011. H. K. Das, Textbook of Biotechnology, Wiley Publisher, 2017. M. R. Green and J. Sambrook, Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual.CSH I. V. Hunter and F. Strickland, Applications of Recombinant DNA Technology. E. A. J. Nair, Introduction to Biotechnology and Genetic Engineering. Laxmi Publisher. 	Applicati Press, 201 D-TECH	ions of DNA 12. Press, 2018	Technology,	



- 9. M. K. Sarwar, I. A. Khan and D. Barp, Applied Molecular Biotechnology: The Next Generation of Genetic Engineering CRC Press, 2016.
- 10. V. Singh and P Dhar, Genome Engineering via CRISPR-Cas9 System, Elsevier Publisher, 2020.



Title of the Course	Cell and tissue culture: Techniques and Applications
Course Code	MBT-5008
Number of Credits	3
Theory/Practical	Theory
Level	500
Effective from AY	2025-26
New Course	Yes
Bridge Course/ Value added Course	No Control of the Con
Course for advanced learners	Yes

Pre-requisites for the Course:	MBT-5000, MBT-5001, MBT-5002		
Course Objectives:	 The aim of the course is Student will learn about cell culture set-up, laboratory design, own safety during work and environment safety To learn experimental aspects of cell culture, maintenance and handling of cell lines and cultures To bring together cellular, biochemical, anatomical, histological, physiological and evolutionary medical views of stem cells To obtain a coherent picture of stem cell and their use in experimental and clinical context 		
Course Outcomes:	CO 1. Explain the principles, applications, and laboratory practices of cell culture, including aseptic techniques and media preparation.	Mapped to PSO PSO1, PSO2	

	CO 2. Perform key procedures for cell line maintenance, including thawing, subculturing cryopreservation, and contamination control.	g, PSO2, PS	.О3	
	CO 3. Describe and apply advanced cell culture methods such as 3D cultures, co-cultures, a transfection techniques.	PSO1, PS	O2, PSO3	
	CO 4. Understand the basics of stem cell biology and their culture methods	PSO1, PS	PSO1, PSO2 PSO1, PSO2, PSO3	
	CO 5. Application of stem cells in regenerative medicine to treat disease	PSO1, PS		
	CO 6. Recognize quality control, regulatory guidelines, international status, and emergi technologies in cell culture, stem cell biology and regenerative medicine	ng PSO1		
Content:	No hou		Cognitive Level	
Module 1:	 Introduction to Cell Culture, History and applications of cell culture. Equipment required to set-up laboratory and their functions Laboratory setup: Small, Mid-size and Large-size laboratory design and setup. Types of cell cultures: primary cells, continuous cell lines, stem cells, Plant tissue culture Overview of aseptic techniques and contamination control Cell culture media: composition, preparation, and storage and use 	CO1, CO2	K1, K2, K3	
Module 2:	 Cell line maintenance, handling, Primary and secondary cell culture Culture, thawing, subculturing, and cryopreservation techniques of various cell lines Cell counting and viability assays (e.g., trypan blue exclusion, live/dead staining), morphological characterization, scoring, and authentication of cell lines Detection and management of contamination (bacterial, fungal, mycoplasma) 3D cultures, organoid culture, co-culture systems, advanced cell culture applications, and organoids. 	CO1, CO2, CO3	K2, K3, K4, K5	

	• Transfection techniques and genetic manipulation, Microinjection, Electroporation.			
Module 3:	 Definition, stem cell origins and plasticity, classification. Source of stem Embryonic and adult stem cells; Stem cell differentiation; Stem cells maintenances and cryopreservation, Induced Pluripotent stem cell technology (iPS technology) Stem cell regulation, Tumor stem cells, Overview of embryonic and adult stem cells for regenerative medicine. Stem cell-based therapies, case studies Ethical considerations, Govt. regulations, international regulations on stem cell study 	15	CO1, CO2, CO3	K1, K2, K3, K4, K5
Pedagogy:	Lectures/tutorials/assignments	DIES.		
Texts: References/ Readings:	 Wilson And Walkers Principles And Techniques Of Biochemistry And Molecular A.D. Hoffman, Stem Cell Transplantation Biology Process Therapy, Willy- VCH J. Collins, Stem cells: From basic to advanced principles, Hayle Medical, 2017. R. Lanza, Essential of Stem Cell Biology, Academic Press, 2006. R. Lanza, Essential stem cell methods, Elsevier, 2009. R. Lanza, Principle of Tissue Engineering, AP publisher, 2011. R. Lanza, Essential of Stem cell Biology, Elsevier publisher, 2013. 		7 8Ed (Sae)	(Pb 2023)
Web Resources:	 Animal Cell Culture: Types, Cell Lines, Procedure, Uses Animal Cell Culture Guide ATCC Preparation of a universally usable, animal product free, defined medium for 2D cancer cells - PMC The Cell Image Library 	and 3D	culturing o	f normal and

Title of the Course	Plant and Animal Biotechnology
Course Code	MBT-5009
Number of Credits	3
Theory/Practical	Theory
Level	500
Effective from AY	2025-26
New Course	No
Bridge Course/ Value added Course	No No
Course for advanced learners	Yes

Pre-requisites for the Course:	MBT-5000			
Course Objectives:	 Understand and apply genetic engineering techniques for trait improvement, stress resistance, and value addition in plants and animals. To develop the ability to evaluate integrated biotechnological applications, including marine systems, with a focus on sustainability, bioresource utilization, and regulatory considerations. 			
Course Outcomes:		Mapped to PSO		
	CO 1. Explain the principles and techniques of genetic modification in plants and animals.	PSO1, PSO8		
	CO 2. Compare different vector systems and gene delivery methods used in plant and animal biotechnology.	PSO1, PSO4		
	CO 3. Analyze strategies for enhancing stress tolerance and productivity in transgenic plants.	PSO1, PSO4, PSO8		

	CO 4. Evaluate biotechnological approaches for trait improvement and disease modeling in marine animals.		PSO1, PSO4, PSO5, PSO8	
	CO 5. Design biofactory-based systems for producing high-value biomolecules in plants and animals.	marine	PSO4, PS	SO7, PSO8
	CO 6. Assess ethical, regulatory, and societal implications of transgenic technologies an molecular pharming.		PSO5, PSO6, PSO7	
Content:	AUNIVERS	No of hours	Mapped to CO	Cognitive Level
Module 1:	Plant Biotechnology Principles and tools of plant genetic transformation: Agrobacterium-mediated, biolistic, electroporation. Development of transgenic plants: Selection markers, gene stacking, tissue-specific promoters. Genetic engineering for biotic and abiotic stress tolerance: Insect/pest resistance (Bt), virus- and fungus-resistance genes, tolerance to drought, salinity, temperature extremes, and flooding. Metabolic engineering: Modification of seed storage proteins, production of vitamins and nutraceuticals (Golden Rice), engineering of secondary metabolites. Biofactories and synthetic biology: Production of industrial enzymes,	15	CO1, CO2, CO3,	K1, K2, K3, K5
Module 2:	pharmaceuticals, and biofuels using transgenic plants and plant cell cultures. Animal Biotechnology Gene transfer methods: Microinjection, retroviral vectors, electroporation, liposome-mediated delivery, transposons. Transgenic animal models: Mice, poultry, fish; their applications in disease research, functional genomics, and toxicity testing. Cloning and gene editing: Somatic Cell Nuclear Transfer, CRISPR/Cas systems in livestock.	15	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4, CO6	K1, K2, K3, K5

	Biopharming and therapeutic protein production in animals: Recombinant			
	proteins in milk, eggs. Gene targeting, positive and negative selection, and knockouts for functional genomics.			
	Xenotransplantation and ethical considerations. Animal biotechnology in agriculture: Milk enhancement, disease resistance, growth traits.			
Module 3:	 Applications of biotechnology in marine system Section A: Cultivation and genetic enhancement of microalgae and macroalgae for biofuels, carbon capture, nutraceuticals, and pharmaceuticals. Post-harvest biotechnology for seaweeds: improving shelf-life, drying, and preservation; enhancing polysaccharide stability through biotechnological interventions. Micropropagation of seagrasses and macroalgae for coastal restoration and aquaculture; somaclonal variation and conservation of endangered marine flora. Genome editing in marine photosynthetic organisms to improve lipid metabolism, stress tolerance, and pigment production. Case studies: Engineered microalgae for omega-3 production Section B: Assisted reproduction in aquaculture species: IVF, cryopreservation, sex control, gamete manipulation, and surrogate broodstock development in finfish and shellfish. Genomic tools for breeding: marker-assisted selection, genomic selection, and omics approaches for trait improvement. Regulatory frameworks and biosafety considerations in marine genetically modified organisms (GMOs). 	15	CO4, CO5, CO6	K3, K4, K5, K6

	Case studies: AquAdvantage salmon (regulatory, ecological, and ethical dimensions); GM mollusks for biotoxin detection.
Pedagogy:	Lectures/ tutorials/assignments/models/group discussion
 Duhan, J.S., Gahlawat, S.K., Siwach, P., Salar. P.K (2016). Biotechnology: Prospects and A Springer India. Kim, S. (2019). Essentials of Marine Biotechnology. Germany: Springer International Publi Murray, J. D., McGloughlin, M. M. (2005). Transgenic Animals in Agriculture. India: Agency. References/Readings: Slater, A., Scott, N.W., & Fowler, M.R. (2008). Plant Biotechnology: The Genetic Manipulat Oxford University Press. United Kingdom. Stewart Jr., C.N. (2025). Plant Biotechnology and Genetics: Principles, Techniques, and United States Verma, A.S., & Singh, A. (Eds.) (2020). Animal Biotechnology: Models in Discovery and Academic Press, United States 	
	Scientific journals: Plant Biotechnology Journal, Journal of Biotechnology, Animal Biotechnology, Biotechnology Advances, Frontiers in Bioengineering and Biotechnology, Marine Biotechnology, Frontiers in Marine Science.
Web Resources:	 http://www.fao.org/biotech https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/



Title of the Course	Lab V: Recombinant DNA Technology and Bioprocess Technology
Course Code	GBT-5010
Number of Credits	2
Theory/Practical	Practical
Level	500
Effective from AY	2025-26
New Course	Yes
Bridge Course/ Value added Course	No Andrew Control of the Control of
Course for advanced learners	Yes

Pre-requisites for the Course:	MBT-5000, MBT-5002	
Course Objectives:	 The students will Understand cloning strategies and expression of foreign genes Setting up reactions for DNA manipulation. To interpret the results of DNA manipulation studies and use Learn appropriate tools for the validation of recombinant DNA. 	
		Mapped to PSO
Course Outcomes:	CO 1. Execute plasmid DNA isolation, restriction mapping, PCR techniques, and recombinant screening.	PSO1, PSO8
	CO 2. Evaluate RT-PCR, real-time PCR, and affinity-based recombinant protein purification	PSO1, PSO8,

	CO 3. Design CRISPR-based vectors for mutagenesis, demonstrating gene editing applications.	g PSO1, PS	PSO1, PSO7 PSO8, PSO4, PSO8 PSO4, PSO8	
	CO 4. Describing the designs and operational principles of a bioreactor and demonstrating the ability to monitor the bioprocess data.	PSO4, PS		
	CO 5. Executing fermentation protocols for the production of industrially important bioproducts using submerged and solid substrate fermentation technology.	t PSO4, PS		
	CO 6. Designing an integrated bioprocess workflow by combining the upstream and downstream processing approaches.			
Content:	No of hours		Cognitive Level	
Module 1:	1.1 Plasmid DNA isolation 1.2 Restriction mapping 1.3 PCR amplification 1.4 Reverse transcriptase PCR 1.5 Real-time PCR 1.6 Cloning and ligation, and selection /screening of recombinants 1.7 Cloning in expression vectors 1.8 Purification of recombinant proteins by affinity, 1.9 Tutorial on designing CRISPR-based vectors for mutagenesis	CO1, CO2, CO3	K1, K2, K3, K4, K5, K6	
Module 1:	2.1 Bioreactor Design and Bioprocess Monitoring 2.2 Production of model bioproducts using Fermentation technology (Submerged fermentation): Alcohol, lactic acid, citric acid, antibiotics; Solid substrate fermentation: Mushroom cultivation 2.3 Fermentation using agro-industrial waste 2.4 Preparation of an edible fermented product	CO4, CO5, CO6	K2,K3,K4, K5,K6	

	2.5 Scale up operations and Viold entimisation. Effect of different peremeters and
	2.5 Scale up operations and Yield optimisation: Effect of different parameters and Response surface methodology
	2.6 Downstream processing and product recovery: Bio separations, cell or product harvesting (Centrifugation and filtration)
	2.7 Analytical techniques for purifications and fermentation monitoring: Column chromatography, HPLC, Spectrophotometry.
Pedagogy:	Hands-on experiments in the laboratory, online videos.
References/ Readings:	 S. Carson, Manipulation and expression of recombinant, DNA a laboratory manual Elsevier Academic Press, 2006. M.R Green and J. Sambrook, Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual Three-volume CSH Press, 2012. J.S. Vennison, Laboratory Manual for GENETIC ENGINEERING, PHI Learning, 2009. Stanbury, P. F., Whitaker, A., & Hall, S. J. Principles of Fermentation Technology. Elsevier (2017). Shuler, M. L., & Kargi, F. Bioprocess Engineering: Basic Concepts. Pearson, 2017. Doran, P. M. Bioprocess Engineering Principles. Academic Press, 2013. Crueger, W., & Crueger, A. Biotechnology: A Textbook of Industrial Microbiology, Panima Publishing, 2017. Waites, M. J., Morgan, N. L., Rockey, J. S., & Higton, G. Industrial Microbiology: An Introduction, Wiley-Blackwell, 2009. Demain, A. L., & Sanchez, S. Manual of Industrial Microbiology and Biotechnology (3rd ed.). ASM Press, 2009.



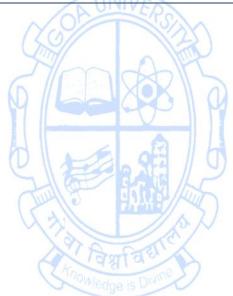
Title of the Course	Lab VII: Cell and Tissue Culture
Course Code	MBT-5011
Number of Credits	
Theory/Practical	Practical
Level	500
Effective from AY	2025-26
New Course	No
Bridge Course/ Value added Course	No Control of the Con
Course for advanced learners	No O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O

Pre-requisites for the Course:	Nil O S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S		
Course Objectives:	 To gain a comprehensive understanding of the growth and development of plants <i>in vitro</i>. To understand the fundamentals of animal cell culture, and the growth and maintenance of animal cells lines under aseptic conditions. 		
	From Same	Mapped to PSO	
	CO 1. They will get a basic understanding of the media and growth parameters required for the culture of plant tissue and animal cell lines.	PSO1, PSO2	
Course Outcomes:	CO 2. The students will understand the basic concepts of pluripotency and totipotency in cell and tissue culture.	PSO2, PSO2	
	CO 3. They shall learn to grow and maintain plant and animal cells/explants under aseptic conditions.	PSO1, PSO2, PSO6	

	CO 4. The students will be exposed to modern techniques of plant propagation through Somatic embryogenesis and cell suspension culture.		PSO1, PSO2, PSO6	
	CO 5. Student will learn about the precaution taken, safety protocol, contamination identification in plant and animal cell culture			
Content:	Transace - Day	No of hours	Mapped to CO	Cognitive Level
 Preparation of starting material (Biosafety cabinet, solutions, media, cell sample etc.). Thaw and culture, sub-culture, maintenance Contamination check and Precautions (Bacterial, fungal and mycoplasma test based on staining/PCR) Confluency check, total cell count, live/dead staining and counting Animal cell culture: Secondary cell culture CHO, HeLa and non-cancerous cell lines HEK293, COS-7, MDCK etc. Cell stock preparation (glycerol stock), storage, freezing Transfection and co-transfection: Calcium phosphate method and Lipofection Cell fixation and staining: Immunolabeling, mounting, microscopy imaging. 		30	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4, CO5	K3, K4, K5
/Module 2:	 Tissue culture media preparation, contamination and precautions in plant tissue culture Callus induction from different explants such as rice and carrot Plantlet regeneration. Somatic embryogenesis Single cell suspension. Protoplast isolation 	30	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4, CO5	K3, K4, K5
Pedagogy:	Hands-on experiments in the laboratory, online videos, and demonstrations.		<u> </u>	I

References/ Readings:	 H. Sherathiya, Practical manual for Plant Tissue Culture: Basic Techniques of Plant Tissue Culture and Molecular Biology. Grin Verlag, 2013. I.R. Freshney and A. Capes-Davis, Freshney's Culture of Animal Cells: A Manual of Basic Technique and Specialized Applications, Wiley Blackwell Publisher, 2021. I.R. Freshney and J.R.W. Masters, Animal cell culture – A Practical Approach Oxford University Press, 2000. R. Smith, Plant tissue culture Techniques and experiment. Academic Press, 2012.
Web Resources:	Animal Component–Free Cell Culture Media ATCC lebt108.pdf









Discipline Specific Elective Courses

Title of the Course	IPR, Biosafety and Bioethics	
Course Code	MBT-5207	
Number of Credits	3	Cama Cama
Theory/Practical	Theory	
Level	400	UNIVER
Effective from AY	2025-26	
New Course	No	
Bridge Course/ Value added Course	No	
Course for advanced	No Sold of the sol	
learners	0	

Pre-requisites for the Course:	Nil Tayford		
	To provide basic knowledge on intellectual property rights and their implications in biolog development.	ical research and product	
Course	• To learn biosafety and risk assessment of products derived from biotechnology and the regulation of such products.		
Objectives:	To become familiar with ethical issues in biological research.		
	To learn the consequences of biomedical research technologies such as cloning of w modifications, DNA testing, and GMOs	hole organisms, genetic	
Correge Outcomes		Mapped to PSO	
Course Outcomes:	CO 1. Understand the rationale for and against IPR and especially patents;	PSO5, PSO6	

	CO 2. Understand why India has adopted an IPR Policy and be familiar with broad outlin of patent regulations	e PSO5, PS	O6
	CO 3. Understand different types of intellectual property rights	PSO5, PS	O7
	CO 4. Gain knowledge national and international regulations of biosafety and risassessment of products derived from recombinant DNA research and environment release of GMOs	· ·	O5, PSO6
	CO 5. Describe the major competing ethical theories and apply ethical theory contemporary moral issues that arise out of recent developments in the life scienc that affect public policy.		06
	CO 6. Analyze and assess moral beliefs about abortion, human reproduction, decisions life and death, mental illness and other related issues.	of PSO6	
Content:	No o hour	1)	Cognitive Level
Module 1:	 Different types of IP: patents, trademarks, copyright, industrial design, traditional knowledge, geographical indications, Trade Secrets. Basics of patents: types of patents; Concept of 'prior art': invention in context of "prior art"; Precautions before patenting-disclosure/non disclosure Patent application- forms and guidelines, fee structure, time frames; Types of patent applications: provisional and complete specifications; PCT and conventional patent applications; procedure for filing a PCT application; role of a Country Patent Office; filing of a patent application; Patent databases - IP as a factor in R&D IPs of relevance to biotechnology and few case studies; WIPO Treaties; Budapest Treaty; Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT) International framework for the protection of IP 	CO1, CO2, CO3	K1 K2 K3 K4 K5

	National Bio-diversity Authority (NBA) and other regulatory bodies, protection of new GMOs;
	History of GATT, WTO, WIPO and TRIPS; plant variety protection and farmers rights act;
	Country-wise patent searches (USPTO, EPO, India); analysis and report formation.
	 International patenting-requirement, procedures and costs; financial assistance for patenting
	Publication of patents-gazette of India, status in Europe and US;
	Patent infringement- meaning, scope, litigation, case studies and examples;
	 Commercialization of patented innovations; licensing – outright sale, licensing, royalty; patenting by research students and scientists university/organizational rules in India and abroad, collaborative research - backward and forward IP;
	Benefit/credit sharing among parties/community, commercial (financial) and non-commercial incentives.
	 Biosafety and Biosecurity - introduction; historical background; introduction to biological safety cabinets; primary containment for biohazards; biosafety levels; GRAS organisms, biosafety levels of specific microorganisms; recommended biosafety levels for infectious agents and infected animals.
Module 2:	Definition of GMOs & LMOs; principles of safety assessment of transgenic plants – sequential steps in risk assessment; concepts of familiarity and substantial equivalence; risk – environmental risk assessment and food and feed safety assessment; problem formulation – protection goals, compilation of relevant information, risk characterization and development of analysis plan; risk assessment of transgenic crops vs cisgenic plants or products derived from RNAi, genome editing tools. K4 K5 K8 K8 K8 K9 RNAi, genome editing tools.
	International regulations – Cartagena protocol; Indian regulations – EPA act and rules, guidance documents, regulatory framework – RCGM, GEAC, IBSC and other regulatory bodies; Draft bill of Biotechnology Regulatory authority of India - containments – biosafety levels and category of rDNA experiments; field

	trails – biosafety research trials – standard operating procedures - guidelines of state governments; GM labelling – Food Safety and Standards Authority of India (FSSAI).
Module 3:	 Introduction, ethical conflicts in biological sciences - interference with nature Bioethics in health care - patient confidentiality, informed consent, euthanasia, artificial reproductive technologies, prenatal diagnosis genetic screening, gene therapy, transplantation. Bioethics in research - cloning and stem cell research, Human and animal experimentation, animal rights/welfare Scientific Misconduct and Publication ethics. Agricultural and environmental ethics - Genetically engineered food, environmental risk, labelling and public opinion. Sharing benefits and protecting future generations Protection of environment and biodiversity Biopiracy
Pedagogy:	Lectures, tutorials, Case studies, assignments
Texts:	 Bently, L., & Sherman, B. (2008). Intellectual property law. Oxford University Press, United Kingdom. Bently, L. (2008). Intellectual property law. Oxford University Press, United Kingdom. Cook, T. M. (2007). A user's guide to patents. Tottel Publishing, United Kingdom. Craig, W., Tepfer, M., Degrassi, G., & Ripandelli, D. (2009). An overview of general divisions. Retrieved from https://www.isaaa.org/ EFSA Panel on Genetically Modified Organisms. (2010). Problem formulation in the environmental risk assessment for genetically modified plants. Transgenic Research, 19(3), 425–436. https://doi.org/10.1007/s11248-009-9321-9 Fleming, D. O., & Hunt, D. L. (2000). Biological safety: Principles and practices. ASM Press, United States. Ganguli, P. (2001). Intellectual property rights: Unleashing the knowledge economy. Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing, India.

	8. Grubb, P. W., & Thomsen, P. L. (2010). Patents for chemicals, pharmaceuticals and biotechnology: Fundamentals of global law, practice and strategy. Oxford University Press, United Kingdom.
	9. Rajmohan, J. (2006). Biosafety and bioethics. Gyan Publishing House, India.
	10. Greif, F. K., & Merz, J. F. (2007). Current controversies in the biological sciences: Case studies of policy challenges from new technologies. MIT Press, United States.
	11. Keith, F. (2000). CRC handbook of laboratory safety. CRC Press, United States.
	12. Kuhse, H. (2010). Bioethics: An anthology. Blackwell Publishing, United Kingdom.
	13. Laws. (2007, October). Snow White Publication, India.
	14. Singh, K. (1993). Intellectual property rights in biotechnology: A status report. Biotech Consortium India, India.
	15. Sreenivasulu, N. S., & Raju, C. B. (2008). <i>Biotechnology and patent laws: Patenting living beings</i> . Manupatra Publishers, India .
	16. Wegner, H. (1994). Patent law in biotechnology, chemicals & pharmaceuticals. Stockton Press, United States.
	17. World Health Organization. (2004). Laboratory biosafety manual (3rd ed.). WHO Press, Switzerland.
	18. World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO). Retrieved from https://www.wipo.int/ (Switzerland)
	19. World Trade Organization (WTO). Retrieved from http://www.wto.org (Switzerland)
	1. Office of the Controller General of Patents, Design & Trademarks; Department of Industrial Policy & Promotion; Ministry of Commerce & Industry; Government of India. http://www.ipindia.nic.in/
References/ Readings:	2. Recombinant DNA Safety Guidelines, Department of Biotechnology, Ministry of Science and Technology, Govt. of India, 2017. Retrieved from https://dbtindia.gov.in/
	3. National Biodiversity Authority. http://www.nbaindia.org 18. National IPR Policy, Department of Industrial Policy & Promotion, Ministry of Commerce, GoI.
	1. http://www.wipo.int
Web Resources:	2. International Union for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants. http://www.upov.int
	3. National Portal of India. http://www.archive.india.gov.in
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Title of the Course	Lab VIII: IPR database, Patent drafting, and Bioethics
Course Code	MBT-5208
Number of Credits	1
Theory/Practical	Practical
Level	500
Effective from AY	2025-26
New Course	Yes
Bridge Course/ Value added Course	No Control of the Con
Course for advanced learners	Yes

Pre-requisites	MBT-5207	
for the Course: Course Objectives:	focusing on IPR databases, patent drafting, and bioethics would encompass practical exercises and hands-on drafting of patent applications, while also exploring ethical considerations wit discussions on ethical dilemmas in bioethics.	
	Smowledge is Divine	Mapped to PSO
	CO 1. Understand and apply IPR principles	PSO5, PSO6
Course Outcomes:	CO 2. Manage IPR databases	PSO5
	CO 3. Develop patent drafting skills	PSO5, PSO6
	CO 4. Comprehend bioethical issues in IPR and apply IPR principles in practical scenarios	PSO6

Content:		No of hours	Mapped to CO	Cognitive Level
Module 1:	 IPR databases: Patent databases, their features, and usage; Patent Searching Techniques, searching for patents based on keywords, inventors, and patent numbers, Conducting thorough prior art searches for a given invention. Analysis of search results: Identifying relevant prior art and understanding its significance. Prior Art Analysis: Preparing prior art analysis reports for various inventions. Patent Drafting: Drafting a basic patent application for a hypothetical invention Drafting Claims: Drafting claims for various inventions, including those with multiple embodiments. Patent Drafting Techniques: Drafting and revising patent applications for real-world inventions. Bioethics: Analyzing case studies involving bioethical dilemmas in patenting inventions, Analyzing the ethical implications of patenting inventions with global impact. 	30	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4	K2 K3 K4 K5 K6
Texts:	Indian Patent Law and Practice" by K.C. Kankanala, A.K. Narasani, and V. Radhakrishnan. "WIPO Patent Drafting Manual" and "Patent Application Drafting: A Practical Guide" by Morgan D. Rosenberg			enberg
References/ Readings:	Manual Of Patent Practice And Procedure The https://www.ipindia.gov.in/writereaddata/Portal/IPOGuidelinesManuals/1_59_1_15-w	Patent vo-ga-34-	Office, china.pdf	India.
Web Resources:	 World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO). (n.d.). Pahttps://www.wipo.int/webdb/en/ https://www.uspto.gov/ https://patents.google.com/ Official website of Intellectual Property India 	atentScop	e. Retrieved	d from

Title of the Course	Systems Biology
Course Code	MBT-5209
Number of Credits	3
Theory/Practical	Theory
Level	500
Effective from AY	2025-26
New Course	Yes
Bridge Course/ Value added Course	No Control of the con
Course for advanced learners	Yes

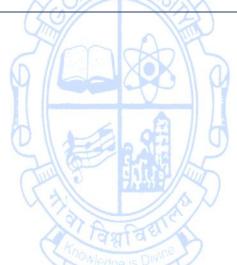
Pre-requisites for the Course:	MBT-5000, MBT-5201	
Course Objectives:	 Introduce systems biology principles, network modeling, and dynamic simulation app biological complexity across scales. Equip students with practical skills to analyze and integrate multi-omics data for reconstr biological networks in health, agriculture, and biotechnology. 	
	Wedge is DIVIII	Mapped to PSO
	CO 1. Explain the core concepts of systems biology and distinguish between reductionist and systems-level approaches.	PSO1, PSO3
Course Outcomes:	CO 2. Analyze the structure and properties of biological networks using topological descriptors such as degree, centrality, and modularity.	PSO3, PSO4
	CO 3. Develop and simulate basic mathematical models of biological systems using deterministic, stochastic, and logic-based frameworks.	PSO3, PSO5

	CO 4. Perform network reconstruction and visualization using public databases and to	ols.	PSO2, PS	O4
	CO 5. Process and analyze multi-omics datasets using standard pipelines for genomics, transcriptomics, proteomics, and metabolomics.		PSO2, PSO3	
	CO 6. Integrate multi-omics data to construct biological networks and interpret their fur implications through case studies in health and agriculture.	nctional	PSO3, PS	O4, PSO6
Content:	GBT-5000, GBT-5201	No of hours	Mapped to CO	Cognitive Level
Module 1:	Introduction to Systems Biology: Systems-level understanding vs. reductionism, Historical context and paradigm shift, Applications in medicine, agriculture, and synthetic biology. Biological Networks: Architecture and Properties, gene regulatory, protein—protein interaction, metabolic, signaling, Components: nodes, edges, hubs, modules, motifs, Topological properties: degree distribution, clustering, centrality, random vs. scale-free networks. Network Dynamics and Emergent Properties: Feedback loops, noise, robustness, bistability, modularity, oscillations, Time-scale separation and adaptation. Modeling Frameworks: Deterministic vs. stochastic modelling, Boolean and logic-based models, ODE-based models (basics), Constraint-based modeling: flux balance analysis (FBA). Tools and Databases for Network Analysis: Databases: STRING, BioGRID, IntAct, Reactome, Visualization: Cytoscape, Gephi, Network reconstruction from transcriptome/proteome data.	15	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4	K1, K2, K3, K4, K5
Module 2:	 High-throughput Omics Overview: Genomics, transcriptomics, proteomics, metabolomics, epigenomics, interactomics, Platforms: NGS, MS, LC-MS, NMR, ATAC-seq, ChIP-seq. Data Processing Pipelines: Genomics: sequencing (Sanger, NGS, PacBio/Nanopore), assembly, annotation, variant calling, Transcriptomics: RNA-Seq (HISAT2, STAR, DESeq2), Proteomics: MS workflows, quantification, PTM 	15	CO4, CO5, CO6	K1, K2, K3, K4, K5, K6

	analysis, Metabolomics: GC-MS/LC-MS, preprocessing, interpretation, Epigenomics: bisulfite seq, ChIP-Seq, ATAC-seq basics. Network Construction from Omics Data: Co-expression and interaction networks, Graph measures: centrality, modularity, motifs, Specialized networks (e.g., primary vs. secondary metabolism). Multi-Omics Integration: Challenges: scale, heterogeneity, normalization, Tools: OmicsNet, MixOmics, PaintOmics, Standards: FAIR principles, Case studies in			
Module 3:	Biological Pathways and Simulation: Pathway types: metabolic, regulatory, signaling, Databases: KEGG, Reactome, WikiPathways, Modeling dynamics: ODEs, stochastic models (Gillespie), Simulation tools: COPASI, CellDesigner. Gene Regulatory and Co-expression Networks: TFs, cis-regulatory elements, target genes, Network inference: Pearson/Spearman, mutual information (ARACNe, CLR), ML-based (LASSO, GENIE3), Module detection: WGCNA, Functional enrichment: GO, KEGG. Metabolic Modeling and Engineering: Primary vs. secondary metabolism, Constraint-based modeling: COBRA toolbox, Pathway Tools, Applications in metabolic engineering and synthetic biology. Applications and Case Studies: Disease systems biology (cancer, diabetes), Host-pathogen interaction modelling, Plant systems biology (stress responses, flowering),	15	CO2, CO3, CO5, CO6	K3, K4, K5, K6
Pedagogy:	Microbiome and microbial consortia modelling, Emerging fields: single-cell systems biology, spatial omics, Classic case studies: <i>E. coli</i> metabolism, yeast cell cycle, immune signaling dynamics. Lectures/ tutorials/assignments/models/group discussion			
Texts: References/ Readings:	 Alon, U. (2019). An Introduction to Systems Biology: Design Principles of Biologica and Hall/CRC. United States Kitano, H. (Ed.). (2001). Foundations of Systems Biology. MIT Press. United States Klipp, E., Liebermeister, W., Wierling, C., Kowald, A., & Herwig, R. (2016). Systems. Wiley-VCH. Germany 		·	, 1

	4. Kriete, A. (2013). Computational Systems Biology: From Molecular Mechanisms to Disease. Netherlands: Academic Press.
	5. Palsson, B. Ø. (2015). Systems Biology: Constraint-based Reconstruction and Analysis (2nd ed.). Cambridge University Press. England
	Supplementary Reading
	Scientific journals: BMC Systems Biology, Frontiers in Systems Biology.
Web Resources:	 https://www.ebi.ac.uk/biomodels/ https://www.omicsnet.ca/ https://string-db.org/









Title of the Course	Lab IX: Practical Approaches to Systems Biology
Course Code	MBT-5210
Number of Credits	1
Theory/Practical	Practical
Level	500
Effective from AY	2025-26
New Course	Yes
Bridge Course/ Value added Course	No Control of the con
Course for advanced learners	Yes O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O

Pre-requisites for the Course:	MBT-5000, MBT-5201, MBT-5202			
Course Objectives:	To equip students with hands-on skills in modeling, simulating, and analyzing dynamic biological systems and networks using experimental and publicly available data.			
Course Outcomes:	विवाविया ।	Mapped to PSO		
	CO 1. Apply simulation tools to model stress-response and oscillatory dynamics in biological systems.	PSO3, PSO5		
	CO 2. Analyze gene expression data to construct gene regulatory networks and interpret regulatory interactions.	PSO3, PSO4		
	CO 3. Evaluate metabolic network properties across species to assess complexity and identify central biochemical nodes.	PSO3, PSO4		

	CO 4. Create pathway enrichment visualizations and simulate ligand-receptor binding to explore functional implications in systems-level contexts.		PSO3, PSO4, PSO6		
Content:		No of hours	Mapped to CO	Cognitive Level	
Module:	 Environmental perturbation and stress-response modelling using ROS or stress-related marker. Measurement of oscillatory behaviour in biological systems. Construction of a gene regulatory network (GRN) from publicly available expression data. Compare metabolic networks for two or more species and compare network complexity or central enzymes. Simulate drug-receptor binding kinetics to model ligand-receptor interaction. Pathway enrichment and data visualization. 	30	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4	K3, K4, K5, K6	
Pedagogy:	Lectures/ tutorials/assignments/models/group discussion				
Texts: References/ Readings:	 Alon, U. (2019). An Introduction to Systems Biology: Design Principles of Biologica and Hall/CRC. United States Emili, A., Cagney, G. (2016). Network Biology: Methods and Applications. Human States, H. (Ed.). (2001). Foundations of Systems Biology. MIT Press. United States Klipp, E., Liebermeister, W., Wierling, C., Kowald, A., & Herwig, R. (2016). Systed.). Wiley-VCH. Germany Palsson, B. Ø. (2015). Systems Biology: Constraint-based Reconstruction and Authorisity Press. England 	a Press.	ology: A Te.	xtbook (2nd	
Web Resources:	 BioModels Database – https://www.ebi.ac.uk/biomodels/ Cytoscape – https://cytoscape.org/ COPASI (COmplex PAthway SImulator) – https://copasi.org/ MetaboAnalyst – https://www.metaboanalyst.ca/ Gene Expression Omnibus (GEO) – https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/geo/ 				