



Goa University

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(Accredited by NAAC)

GU/Acad -PG/BoS -NEP/2023/152/1

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CIRCULAR

In supersession to the above referred Circular, the updated approved Syllabus with revised Course Codes of the **Master of Arts in Sociology** Programme is enclosed.

The Dean/ Vice-Deans of D.D. Kosambi School of Social Sciences and Behavioural Studies are requested to take note of the above and bring the contents of the Circular to the notice of all concerned.

(Ashwin Lawande)
Assistant Registrar – Academic PG

To,

- The Dean, D.D. Kosambi School of Social Sciences and Behavioural Studies, Goa University.
- 2. The Vice-Deans, D.D. Kosambi School of Social Sciences and Behavioural Studies, Goa University.

Copy to:

- 1. The Chairperson, Board of Studies in Sociology.
- 2. The Programme Director, M.A. Sociology, Goa University.
- 3. The Controller of Examinations, Goa University.
- 4. The Assistant Registrar, PG Examinations, Goa University.
- 5. Directorate of Internal Quality Assurance, Goa University for uploading the Syllabus on the University website.

GOA UNIVERSITY

D. D. KOSAMBI SCHOOL OF SOCIAL SCIENCES AND BEHAVIOIURAL STUDIES SOCIOLOGY PROGRAMME

Course Structure of the M A Sociology Programme Offered under OA - 35

Semester I

Discipline Specific Core (DSC) Courses

Course Code	Course Title	Credits
SOC-500	Classical Sociology	4
SOC-501	Sociology of Indian Society	4
<u>SOC-502</u>	Contemporary Sociological Theories	4
SOC-503	Indian Sociological Perspectives	4

Discipline Specific Elective (DSE) Courses

(Any one course to be opted)

Course Code	Course Title	Credits
SOC-521	Agrarian Social Structure in India	4
SOC-522	The Indian Diaspora	4

Semester II

Discipline Specific Core (DSC) Courses

Course Code	Course Title	Credits
SOC-504	Recent Trends in Sociological Theorising	4
SOC-505	Political Sociology	4
SOC-506	Sociology of Social Stratification	4
SOC-507	Philosophy of Social Sciences	4

Discipline Specific Elective (DSE) Courses

(Any one course to be opted)

Course Code	Course Title	Credits
<u>SOC-523</u>	Education and Society	4
SOC-524	Understanding Goa	4
<u>SOC-525</u>	Social Exclusion: Theories, Concepts, and Policies	4

Semester III

Research Specific Elective (RSE) Courses

(Any two courses to be opted)

Course Code	Course Title	Credits
SOC-600	Invitation to Sociological Knowledge	4
	Production	
SOC-601	Quantitative Research	4
SOC-602	Qualitative Research	4

Generic Elective (GE) Courses

(Any three courses to be opted)

Course Code	Course Title	Credits
SOC-621	State, Refugees, and Displaced People	4
SOC-622	Tourism and Society	4
SOC-623	Indian Tribes – An Academic Discourse	4
SOC-624	Environment and Society	4
SOC-625	Indian Tribal Society: Emerging Issues	4

Semester IV

Research Specific Elective (RSE) Courses

(Any one course to be opted)

Course Code and Title	Course Title	Credits
SOC-603	Ethnographic Research	4
SOC-604	Academic Writing and Social Research	4

Discipline Specific Dissertation (DSD)

Course Code	Course Title	Credit
SOC-651	Dissertation	16

Course Code: SOC - 500 Title of the Course: Classical Sociology Number of Credits: 4

Prerequisites for	Nil	
the course:	IVII	
	The main fears of this course is to introduce students to the	
Course Objectives:	The main focus of this course is to introduce students to the	
	theories and perspectives of the major founders of sociological	
	thought: Karl Marx, Max Weber, and Emile Durkheim. The course	
	will invite students to engage with theory through examining its	
	application to contemporary concerns, and issues they may be	
	familiar with. The attempt is to make the discussion relevant and	
	inviting students to re-examine their perception about	
	sociological theory.	
Content:	1. Introduction - Background for the emergence of Sociology,	12 hours
	Organicism of Herbert Spencer, Positivism of Saint Simon and	
	Auguste Comte	
	2. Karl Marx - Marx's Conception of Society: Historical and	12 hours
	Dialectical Materialism, Alienation of Labour, Class Conflict	
	3. Max Weber - Verstehen, Protestant Ethics and the Spirit of	12 hours
	Capitalism, Authority, Bureaucracy	
	4. Emile Durkheim - The Division of Labour, Rules of Sociological	12 hours
	Method, Theory of Suicide, Elementary Forms of Religious Life	14 HOUIS
		12 hours
	5. Differing perspectives - Feminist critique of classical theory,	12 nours
D 1	Gandhi and Hind Swaraj	
Pedagogy:	Lectures, discussions, tutorials, student presentations	
References/Readin	Adams, Bert N. Rosalind Ann Sydie and R. A. Sydie. 2001.	
gs:	Sociological Theory. California: Sage Publications.	
	Allan, Kenneth and Kenneth D. Allan.2009. Explorations in	
	Classical Sociological Theory: Seeing the Social World.	
	California: Pine Forges Press.	
	Aron, Raymond. 1967 (1982 reprint). Main Currents in	
	Sociological thought, (Two Vols.). Middlesex: Penguin Books.	
	Calhoun, Craig J.2002. Classical Sociological Theory. Hoboken,	
	NJ: Wiley-Blackwell.	
	Coser, Lewis, A. 1977. Masters of Sociological Thought.	
	Harcourt: Brace Jovanovich.	
	Craib, Ian. 1997. Classical Sociological Theory. U.K.: Oxford	
	University Press.	
	Giddens, Anthony. 2006. <i>Capitalism and Modern Social Theory</i> .	
	U.K: Polity Press, (1971).	
	Edles, Laura and Desfor Scott Appelrouth. 2010. Sociological	
	Theory in the Classical Era:Text and Readings. California: Pine	
	Forge Press.	
	Isaksson, Anna.2000. Classical Sociology Through the Lens of	
	Gendered Experiences Frontiers in Sociology	
	https://doi.org/10.3389/fsoc.2020.532792	
	John, Hughes. 1995. <i>Understanding Classical Sociology.</i>	
	London: Sage Publications Publication.	
	Kimmel, Michael S. 2007. Classical Sociological Theory. New	
	York: Oxford University Press.	
	Marx, Karl and Engels, Frederick. 1982. Selected Works.	
	Moscow: Progress Publishers.	
	1 10 11 1 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	

	Morrison, Ken. 1995. Marx, Durkheim, Weber: Formations of Modern Social Thought. London: Sage Publications. Ritzer, George. 2007. Sociological Theory. New York: McGraw-Hill. Pine Forge Press. Turner, Jonathan H. 2007. Handbook of Sociological Theory. New York: Springer. Films: 1. Charlie Chaplin: Modern Times (1936)
	2. Akira Kurosawa: <i>Rashomon</i> (1950)
Course outcomes:	 Students will identify sociology as the discipline that emerged in the context of modernity. Will be able to recognise the primary empirical concerns of classical sociology. Will have a critical and comparative understanding of the methodological preferences and empirical concerns of the founders of sociology as a distinctive discipline.
	4. Will grasp the continuity of classical foundations in contemporary sociology.

Course Code: SOC - 501 Title of the Course: Sociology of Indian Society

Number of Credits: 4 Effective from AY: 2022-2023

Prerequisites for	Nil	
the course:		
Objectives:	This course is an introduction to the sociology of Indian society. It	
	traces the origin of sociological tradition in India, examines the	
	concerns and contributions of the pioneers. It illustratively	
	reviews the works of scholars presenting the field-view (as	
	contrasted from the book-view) of Indian society.	
Content:	Emergence and growth of Sociology in India: Approaches,	8 hours
Content.	Ambedkar's approach to Indian society.	o nours
	Contribution of pioneers: D. P. Mukerji, D. N. Majumdar,	12 hours
	Radhakamal Mukerjee	12 110013
	Field view of caste: Problematizing caste, Caste in modern	10 hours
	India.	10 110013
		10 hours
	4. Field view of Indian village: Critical analyses of village,	10 hours
	Transformations in Villages.	401
	5. Field view of kinship and marriage: Kinship organization in	10 hours
	India,	
	Kinship and marriage in contemporary India.	401
	6. Field view of Tribes: Tribes in transition, Contemporary	10 hours
	issues.	
Pedagogy:	Lectures, discussion, field- based assignments and presentations	
References/Readin	Ambedkar, B. R. 2002. 'Annihilation of Caste' in <i>The Essential</i>	
gs:	Writings of B. R. Ambedkar by V. Rodrigues. New Delhi: Oxford	
	University Press.	
	Ambedkar, B. R. 2002. 'Castes in India' in <i>The Essential</i>	
	Writings of B. R. Ambedkar by V. Rodrigues. New Delhi:	
	Oxford University Press. pp. 241-260.	
	Bose, N. K. 1975. <i>The Structure of Hindu Society.</i> Delhi: Orient	
	Longman.	
	Cohn, B. S. 1987. An Anthropologist among Historians. Delhi:	
	Oxford University Press.	
	Deshpande, Satish. 2003. Contemporary India: A Sociological	
	View. Delhi: Penguin Books.	
	Dhanagare, D.N. 1993. Themes and Perspectives in Indian	
	Sociology. Jaipur and New Delhi: Rawat Publications.	
	Dumont, L. 1980. Homo Hierarchicus. University of Chicago	
	Press.	
	Ghurye, G.S. 1963. <i>The Scheduled Tribes</i> . Bombay: Popular	
	Prakashan.	
	Karve, Irawati. 1990. Kinship Organization in India. Bombay:	
	Munshiram Manoharlal Publishers.	
	Madan, T.N. 2000. Pathways: Approaches to the Study of	
	Society in India. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.	
	Madan, T. N. 2011. Sociological Traditions: Methods and	
	Perspectives in the Sociology of India. New Delhi: Sage	
	Publications.	
	Marriott, M. (Ed.). 2017. Village India: Studies in the Little	
	Community. Delhi: Asia Publishing House.	
	Mayer, A. 1960. Caste and Kinship in Central India. London:	

Routledge and Kegan Paul. Oomen, T.K. and Mukherjee, P. N. (Eds.) 1986. Indian Sociology: Reflections and Introspections. Bombay: Popular Prakashan. Robinson, R. (2007). Outlining Trends of Social Change in Marriage and the Family: An Analysis of the Urban Indian Service Class. *Indian Anthropologist*, 37(2), 1–16. Singh, Yogendra. 1986. Indian Sociology: Social Conditioning and Emerging Trends. New Delhi: Vistar. Singh, Yogendra. 1988. Modernisation of Indian Tradition: A Systemic Study of Social Change. Jaipur: Rawat Publications. Singh, Yogendra. 2000. Culture Change in India. Jaipur: Rawat Publications. Srinivas, M. N. and M. N. Panini. 1973. 'The Development of Sociology and Social Anthropology in India', Sociological Bulletin, 22 (2): 179-215. Srinivas, M. N. 1987. The Dominant Caste and Other Essays. Delhi: Oxford University. Srinivas, M. N. 2005. Cast: Its Twentieth Century Avatar. New Delhi: Viking Penguin. Uberoi, Patricia, Nandini, Sundar, Satish, Deshpande (eds). 2010. Anthropology in the East: Founders of Indian Sociology and Anthropology. Delhi: Permanent Black. Uberoi, Patricia. 1999. Family, Kinship and Marriage in India. New Delhi: Oxford University Press. Xaxa, Virginius. 2003. 'Tribes in India', in Veena, Das. Oxford India Companion to Sociology and Social Anthropology (Volume I). New Delhi: Oxford University Press. Xaxa, Virginius. 2005. Politics of Language, Religion and

Xaxa, Virginius. 2005. Politics of Language, Religion and Identity: Tribes in India. *Economic and Political Weekly*, 40(13), 1363–1370.

Xaxa, Virginius. 1999. Transformation of Tribes in India: Terms of Discourse. *Economic and Political Weekly*, 34(24), 1519–1524.

Course outcomes:

- 1. Students will identify the historical context of introduction of sociology in the Indian sub-continent.
- 2. They will grasp the field view of Indian sociology.
- 3. Students will get disciplinary and interdisciplinary ideas on the Sociology of Indian Society.
- 4. They will be ready to study the perspectives on Indian society.

Course Code: SOC - 502 Title of the Course: Contemporary Sociological Theories

Number of Credits: 4

Effective from AY: 2	2022-2023	I
Prerequisites for	Nil	
the course:		
Objectives:	This course is intended to introduce students to the schools of thought that have dominated sociology in the latter half of the 20th century. The course will examine the theoretical relevance and analytical utility of the premises, methodology, and conclusions of these diverse theoretical schools in understanding social structure and change.	
Content:	1. Nature of sociological theory	2 hours
	2. Functional theory in sociology: Parsons, Merton, Neo- Functionalism	10hours
	3. Structural theory in Anthropology	10 hours
	4. Conflict theory and Critical theory	10 hours
	5. Symbolic interactionism	8 hours
	6. Phenomenology and Ethnomethodology	10 hours
	7. Neo-Marxism	5 hours
	8. Feminist sociological theory	5 hours
Pedagogy:	Lectures, discussions and presentations	
References/Readin gs:	Alexander, Jeffrey C. 1987. Twenty Lectures: Sociological Theory since World War II. New York: Columbia University Press. Appelrouth, Scott and Edles, D. 2008. Classical and Contemporary Sociological Theory: Text and Readings. California: Pine Forge Press. Collins, Randall. 1997. Sociological theory (Indian Edition). Jaipur and New Delhi: Rawat Publications. Connerton, Paul. (Ed.). 1976. Critical Sociology. Harmondsworth: Penguin. Craib, Ian. 1992. Modern Social Theory: From Parsons to Habermas (2nd edition). London: Harvester Press. Ritzer, George. 1992. Sociological theory (3rd edition). New York: McGraw-Hill. Turner, Jonathan H. 1995. The Structure of Sociological Theory (4th edition). Jaipur and New Delhi: Rawat Publications. Zeitlin, Irving M. 1998. Rethinking Sociology: A Critique of Contemporary Theory (Indian Edition). Jaipur and New Delhi: Rawat Publications. Chafetz Janet Saltzman. 1997. Feminist Theory and Sociology: Underutilized Contributions for Mainstream Theory.Annual Review of Sociology, 1997, Vol. 23 (1997), pp. 97-120	
Course outcomes:	After studying this course, the students will 1. recognise the influence of classical traditions in advanced sociological theorising; 2. know the advanced sociological theorising in the 20 th century; 3. be in a position to give a critique of the 20 th century sociology; and 4. know the analytical utility of various schools of sociological theories.	

Course Code: SOC - 503 Title of the Course: Indian Sociological Perspectives

Number of Credits: 4
Effective from AY: 2022-2023

Nil	
INII	
The course primarily fecuses on the different theoretical	
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	5 hours
	10 hours
	12 hours
	10 hours
	10 hours
·	5 hours
•	8 hours
	8 Hours
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Prakashan.	
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University Press.	
Madan, T. N. 1978. Dialectic of Tradition and Modernity in the	
Sociology of D. P. Mukherji. Lucknow: Manohar Publications.	
Madan, T. N. 2011. Sociological Traditions: Methods and	
Perspectives in the Sociology of India. New Delhi: Sage	
Publications.	
Rege, Sharmila, 1998 'Dalit Women Talk Differently: A Critique	
of 'Difference' and towards a Dalit Feminist Standpoint	
Position', in <i>Economic and Political Weekly</i> , Vol. 33, No. 44.	
	Guha, Ranajit. 1982. 'Introduction' in Subaltern Studies Vol. I. Hardiman, D. 1996. Feeding the Baniya: Peasants and Usurers in Western India. Delhi: Oxford University Press. Hardiman, D. 2011. Histories for the subordinated. Delhi: Oxford University Press. Madan, T. N. 1978. Dialectic of Tradition and Modernity in the Sociology of D. P. Mukherji. Lucknow: Manohar Publications. Madan, T. N. 2011. Sociological Traditions: Methods and Perspectives in the Sociology of India. New Delhi: Sage Publications. Rege, Sharmila, 1998 'Dalit Women Talk Differently: A Critique of 'Difference' and towards a Dalit Feminist Standpoint

	Rege, Sharmila. 2003. Sociology of Gender: The Challenge of Feminist Sociological Thought. New Delhi: Thousand Oaks. Singh, Yogendra. 1986. Indian Sociology: Social Conditioning and Emerging Trends. New Delhi: Vistar. Srinivas, M. N. 1995. Social Change in Modern India. New Delhi: Orient Longman.
Course outcomes:	 The students will know the theoretical perspectives adopted by Indian sociologists and anthropologists during the formative and institutionalising phases of Sociology in India. Will be in a position to compare the relative usefulness of the theoretical orientations and empirical concernsof the path setting Indian sociologists. Can identify their area of research and perspective suitable to Indian social context. Can develop a critical perspective on the issues concerning sociology in India.

Semester II

Name of the Programme: M. A. (Sociology)

Course Code: SOC - 504 Title of the Course: Recent Trends in Sociological

Theorising

Number of Credits: 4

Effective from AY: 2		I
Prerequisites for	The students should have studied SOC 01 Classical Sociological	
the course: Objectives:	Theories. This course traces the development of sociological theory in the later part of the 20 th century until present times. Focussing mainly on the theories of late modernity, the course acquaints the students with developments in Sociological theory in recent times.	
Content:	Modernity, Conventional sociological theory, and dualisms.	8 hours
	Agency–Structure and micro-macro integration: Structuration theory of Anthony Giddens, Pierre Bourdieu's theory of Practice, Jurgen Habermas' 'Colonisation of the Life World' thesis, Norbert Elias' Process Sociology	16 hours
	Contemporary theories of modernity: Giddens and the Juggernaut of modernity, Ritzer's McDonaldisation thesis, Bauman on Holocaust, Beck's Risk Society thesis.	16 hours
	Post structuralism and post modernism	10 hours
	Theorising Contemporary India	10 hours
Pedagogy:	Lectures, discussions, and presentations	
References/Readin	Adams, Bert, N. and Sydie R. A. 2001. Sociological Theory. New	
gs:	Delhi: Vistar Publications. Boron, Atilio. 1999. 'A Sociological Theory for the 21 st Century?' in <i>Current Sociology</i> . October 47, pp. 47-64. Bourdieu, Pierre. 1977. <i>Outline of a Theory of Practice</i> . London: Cambridge University Press. Das, Veena. 1995. <i>Critical Events: An Anthropological Perspective on Contemporary India</i> . New Delhi: Oxford University Press. Giddens, Anthony and Jonathan H. Turner (Eds.) 1987. <i>Social Theory Today</i> . Stanford: Stanford University Press. Giddens, Anthony. 1984. <i>The Constitution of Society: Outline of the Theory of Structure</i> . Berkley: University of California Press. Habermas, Jurgen. 1987. <i>The Philosophical Discourses of Modernity: Twelve Lectures</i> . Mass.: MIT Press. Layder, Derek. 1994. <i>Understanding Social Theory</i> . London: Sage Publications. Ritzer, George. 1996. <i>Modern Sociological Theory</i> . New York: McGraw-Hill Companies. Scott, Lash. 1990. <i>Sociology of Postmodernism</i> . London: Routledge. Singh, Yogendra. 1988. <i>Modernization of Indian Tradition</i> . New Delhi: Rawat Publication. Uberoi, Patricia, Sunder, Nandini, and Deshpande, Satish. 2007. <i>Anthropology in the East: Founders of Indian Sociology and Anthropology</i> , Delhi: Permanent Black.	
Course outcomes:	 Students will first grasp the holistic orientation, both empirical and methodological, of classical sociologists to modernity. They will recognise the meaning of dualism in social theory and 	
	2. They will recognise the meaning of dualism in social theory and	

	will be in a position to identify dualisms in sociology in the 20 th century.	
3.	They will grasp the rapprochement attempted by theorists of	
	late modernity.	
4.	They will get a flare of post-modernist social theory.	

Course Code: SOC - 505 Title of the Course: Political Sociology

Number of Credits: 4 Effective from AY: 2022-2023

Prerequisites for	Nil	
the course:		
Objectives:	After introducing the sub-discipline of political sociology, the course introduces some basic concepts. It situates itself at the interface of society and polity in post-independent India. The objective is to equip the students with a critical understanding of the contemporary processes of socio-political changes and also touches upon some of the problematic aspects of the enterprise of nation-building.	
Content:	 Introduction and Overview of the Course-Definition and Origin of Political Sociology, and Political Sociology in a globalized and complex World. 	10 hours
	2. Basic Concepts: Power and authority, Elite and masses, Hegemony, Nation-state.	10 hours
	3. Tradition, Modernity and Democratic Politics: Structural Constrains and Social Churnings of Caste, Religion, Language, Ethnicity	15 hours
	 Nationalism, Multi-culturalism and Citizenship: The Politics of Recognition/ Representation 	10 hours
	5. Dialectics of State and Civil Society: State and civil society - The Indian Experience, Challenges to Nation Building, Nation as an imagined community	15 hours
Pedagogy:	Lectures, discussions, book reviews, and debates.	
References/Readin gs:	Baxi, Upendra and Bhikhu, Parekh. 1995 (Eds.). Crisis and Change in Contemporary India. New Delhi: Sage Publications. Bottomore T. B. 1968. Elites and Society. Britain: Penguin Book. Brass, Paul, R. 1992. The Politics of India since Independence. London: Cambridge University Press. Chandra, Bipin.1984 Communalism in Modern India. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing. Chatterjee, Partha. 1993. The Nation and its Fragments. New Delhi, Oxford University Press. Chatterjee, Partha (Ed.) 1997. State and Politics in India. New Delhi: Oxford University Press. Corbridge, Stuart et. al. 2005. Seeing the State: Governance and Governmentality in India. Cambridge: Cambridge Univ. Press. Drake, Michael. 2010. Political Sociology for a Globalized World (Ch1 pp. 3-24: "Political Sociology and Social Transformation.) U.S.A: Polity Press. Fraser, Nancy. 1990. Rethinking the Public Sphere: A Contribution to the Critique of Actually Existing Democracy. Durham: Duke University press. Pp. 56-80. Fazal, Tanweer.2015. Nation-state and Minority Rights in India. London: Routledge. Gramsci, A. (1971) Selections from the Prison Notebooks. New York: International Publishers. Gupta, Dipankar.1995. Political Sociology. New Delhi: Orient Longman House.	

Jayaram, N. 2005. On Civil Society: Issues and Perspectives. New Delhi: Sage Publications. Kaviraj, Sudipta. 1997. State and Politics in India. New Delhi: Oxford University Press. Kothari, Rajani. (Ed.). 1973. Caste and Indian Politics. Delhi: Oxford Longman. Marshall, T.H, 'Citizenship and social class' in J. Manza and M. Sauder ed. *Inequality and Society*, New York: W.W Norton, 2009. Mills, C. W. 1956. The Power Elite. New York: Oxford University Press. Pareto, V. 1985. The Mind and Society. New York: Dover Publications. pp. 1421-1432. Rudolph, Lloyd. 1987. In the Pursuit of Lakshmi: The Political Economy of the Indian State. Hyderabad: Orient Longman. Sills, David L (Ed). International Encyclopaedia of Social Sciences. Vol 12. Macmillan Co & The Free Press. Srinivas, M. N. 1972. Social Change in Modern India. New Delhi: Orient Blackswan Private Limited. Taylor, Graham. 2010. The New Political Sociology: Power, Ideology and Identity in an Age of Complexity. (U.K: Palgrave Macmillan. Course outcomes: 1. The students are introduced to the arena power. 2. They can make informed distinction among the concepts of power, authority, and hegemony. 3. The students will get analytical knowledge of power relations in relation to democratic politics in India. 4. They can take informed decisions while participating in politics

as citizens.

Course Code: SOC - 506 Title of the Course: Sociology of Social

Stratification

Number of Credits: 4

Prerequisites for	The students should have studied SOC 02 Sociology of Indian	
the course:	Society.	
Objectives:	This course aims to introduce students to the major theories of inequality and social stratification. It will give a comprehensive, integrated and empirical understanding of social stratification in India while discussing various dimensions of social stratification like caste, gender, and class.	
Content:	Important concepts: Social differentiation, Hierarchy and inequality, social stratification, social exclusion and inclusion.	10 hours
	 Theories of stratification: Functional theory (Kingsley Davis & W. E. Moore), Marxist theory (Karl Marx), Weberian theory (Max Weber) 	20 hours
	3. Forms of stratification: Estate, Class, Varna and Caste (M. N. Srinivas), Tribal identity and class differentiations (Ghanshyam Shah)	15 hours
	4. Social mobility: P. A. Sorokin on social mobility, social mobility in contemporary times.	15 hours
Pedagogy:	Lectures, discussions, and field visits	
References/Readin gs:	Acker, J. 1998. 'Women and Social Stratification: A Case of Intellectual Sexism', in Kristen et. al. (Eds.) Feminist Foundations: Towards Transforming Sociology, Delhi: Sage Publications. Ambedkar, B. R. 1916. 'Castes in India: Their Mechanism, Genesis and Development', Anthropology Seminar of Dr. A. A. Goldenweizer at The Columbia University, New York, U.S.A. on 9th May 1916, Source: Indian Antiquary, May 1917, Vol. XLI, 1916. Beteille, A. 1977. Inequality among Men. Oxford: Basil Blackwell. Crompton, R. and Mann, M. (Eds.). 1986. Gender and Stratification. Cambridge: Polity Press. Das, Veena. 2003. The Oxford Companion to Sociology and Social Anthropology. New Delhi: Oxford University Press. Davis, K. & W. E. Moore. 1945. 'Some Principles of Stratification'. American Sociological Review. 10(2): 242. Fuller, C.J. 1996. Caste Today. Delhi: Oxford University Press. Giddens, A 1973. The Class Structure of Advanced Societies. London: Hutchinson. Grusky, D. 1994. Social Stratification: Race, Class, and Gender in Sociological Perspective. Colorado: Westview Press. Gupta, D. (Ed.) 1991. Social Stratification. Delhi: Oxford University Press. Haralambos, M. and Holborn, M. 2010. Sociology: Themes and Perspectives. Delhi: Oxford University Press.	
Course outcomes:	Marx, Karl and Frederick Engels. 1959. <i>Selected Work (3 vols.), vol. 1.</i> Moscow: Progress Publishers. 1. The students will recognise the ubiquitous presence of	
	inequality and stratification. 2. The students will realise how inequality and stratification are	

socially constructed and reproduced and not divinely ordained or biologically determined. 3. They can distinguish different forms of inequality in India. 4. They will know the types of social mobility in the context of
Indian social structure.

Course Code: SOC - 507 Title of the Course: Philosophy of Social Sciences

Number of Credits: 4
Effective from AY: 2022-2023

Effective from A1. 2		I
Prerequisites for	Knowledge of classical sociological theory and schools of	
the course:	sociological theories.	
Objectives:	This paper seeks to familiarise the students with philosophical	
	questions relating to the processes and procedures of knowledge	
	production.	
Content:	1. Introduction: Philosophy and sociology, Scope of philosophy of	15 hours
	social sciences, <i>Ideographic</i> and <i>Nomothetic</i> disciplines, <i>Emic</i>	
	and Etic knowledge, Problems of concept and theory formation	
	in the social sciences.	
	2. Positivism, causality and its critique: Science and common	15 hours
	sense, Patterns of scientific explanation, 'Covering law model of	
	explanation' and its critique, Reason-action explanation and its	
	critique.	
	3. Hermeneutics, interpretation and subjectivity: Dilthey on	1E hours
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	hermeneutically oriented social sciences, Weber on the	
	methodology of social sciences.	
	4. Values and social science knowledge production: The concept	12 hours
	of 'value' and role of values in social inquiry, Weber on	
	objectivity in social science and social policy.	
	5. Sociology of knowledge	3 hours
Pedagogy:	Lectures, discussions, and book review	
References/Readin	Benton, Ted and Craib, Ian. 2001. Philosophy of Social Science:	
gs:	The Philosophical Foundations of Social Thought. New York:	
	Palgrave.	
	Bleicher, Josef. 1980. Contemporary Hermeneutics:	
	Hermeneutics as Method, Philosophy and Critique. London:	
	Routledge and Kegan Paul.	
	Hollis, Martin. 1994. The Philosophy of Social Science: An	
	Introduction. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.	
	Mahajan, Gurpreet. 1997. Explanation and Understanding in	
	the Human Sciences. Delhi: Oxford University Press.	
	Mantzavinos, C. (Ed.). 2009. <i>Philosophy of the Social Sciences:</i>	
	Philosophical Theory and Scientific Practice. Cambridge:	
	Cambridge University Press.	
	Mukherji, Parth, Nath. 2000. Methodology in Social Research:	
	Dilemmas and Perspectives Essays in Honour of Ramkrishna	
	Mukherjee. New Delhi: Sage Publications.	
	Nagel, Ernest. 1979. The Structure of Science. New Delhi:	
	Macmillan.	
	Natson, Maurice. 1963. Philosophy of the Social Sciences (A	
	Reader). Random House: New Delhi.	
	Ryan, Alan. 1970. The Philosophy of Social Sciences. London:	
	Macmillan.	
	Truzzi, Marcello. 1974. Verstehen: Subjective Understanding in	
	the Social Sciences. Philippines: Assison-Wesley Publishing	
	Company, Inc.	
Course outcomes:	The students will get an introduction to philosophical	
Course outcomes.	foundations of social science knowledge production.	
	2. They can bring out the distinction between emic and etic	

	knowledge in social and cultural research.
	3. They can make a distinction between positivism and
	interpretivism as methodologies.
4	4. They can attempt achieving intellectual sophistication in their
	own research activities.

Discipline Specific Elective Courses

Semester I

Name of the Programme: M. A. (Sociology)

Course Code: SOC - 521 Title of the Course: Agrarian Social Structure in

India

Number of Credits: 4

Effective from AV: 2022-2023

Effective from AY: 2	2022-2023	
Prerequisites for	Nil	
the course:		
Objectives:	This course aims to familiarise students with the realities of rural	
	India. It attempts to provide a background of agrarian studies and	
	its growth in Indian Sociology. It provides a comprehensive	
	understanding of agrarian structure and change in India under the	
	impact of colonialism, planning, and the recent neo-liberalism.	
Content:	1. Emergence of agrarian studies as a subject of Sociological	8 hours
	inquiry, Origin and Scope of rural sociology in India.	
	2. Evolution of agrarian social structure in pre-colonial and	15 hours
	colonial India, Commercialisation of Agriculture,	
	Commodification of land and De-peasantisation.	
	3. Agrarian Changes in post-Independent India: Land reforms,	20
	Green revolution, Agricultural productivity and regional	hours
	disparity, Class differentiation and mode of production debate	
	in Indian agriculture, Farmers' suicides.	
	4. Agrarian mobilisation and movements: Peasant mobilization	12 hours
	and movements in colonial and post-colonial period and new	
	farmers' movements.	
	5. Goa's Agrarian structure in transition	5 hours
Pedagogy:	Lectures, discussions, documentaries, and field visits	
References/Readin	Axelrod, Paul, and Michelle A. Fuerch. 1998. 'Portuguese	
gs:	Orientalism and the Making of the Village Communities of	
	Goa', Ethnohistory, Vol. 45 (3). pp. 439-476.	
	Beteille, Andre. 1974. Six Essays in Comparative Sociology, New	
	Delhi: Oxford University Press.	
	Beteille, Andre. 1974. Studies in Agrarian Social Structure, New	
	Delhi: Oxford University Press.	
	Brass, T. 2013. New Farmers Movements in India, New York:	
	Routledge.	
	D'Souza, B. G. 1975. Goan Society in Transition: A Study in Social	
	Change, Bombay: Popular Prakashan.	
	D'Souza, T. R. 1979. Medieval Goa: A Socio-economic history.	
	New Delhi: Concept Publishers.	
	Desai, A. R. (Ed.) 1979. <i>Peasant Struggles in India.</i> Bombay:	
	Oxford University Press.	
	Desai, A. R. 2008. Rural Sociology in India (New Edition).	
	Bombay: Popular Prakashan.	
	Deshpande, V. and Arora, S (Eds.). 2010. Agrarian Crisis and	
	Farmer Suicides. New Delhi: Sage Publications.	
	Dhanagare, D. N. 1987. 'The Green Revolution and Social	
	Inequalities in Rural India', Bulletin of Concerned Asian Scholars,	
	Vol.20 (2), pp. 2-13	
	Dhanagare, D. N 1988. Peasant Movements in India. New Delhi:	
	Oxford University Press.	
	Frankel, F. R. 1971. India's Green Revolution: Economic Gains	

and Political Costs. Bombay: Oxford University Press.

Government of Goa. 2022. *Economic Survey 2020-2021*. Porvorim: Directorate of Planning, Statistics and Evaluation.

Joshi, P. C. 1975. *Land Reforms in India: Trends and Prospect*. Bombay: Allied Publishers.

Mohanty, B. B. 2005. 'We are Like the Living Dead: Farmer Suicides in Western India', *The Journal of Peasant Studies*, Vol. 32 (2), pp.243-276.

Mohanty, B. B. 2009. 'Regional Disparity in Agricultural Development of Maharashtra', *Economic and Political Weekly*, Vol. 44 (6), 63-69.

Mohanty, B. B (Ed.) 2012. *Agrarian Change and Mobilisation*. New Delhi: Sage Publications.

Roy Burman, B. K, Singh, Y., Oommen, T. K., Joshi, P. C., and Dube, S. C. 1974. 'Land Reforms in a Sociological Perspective', *India International Centre Quarterly*, Vol. 1(1), pp. 51-68.

Rudra, Ashok. 1978. 'Class Relations in Indian Agriculture', *Economic and Political Weekly*, Vol. 13 (22, 23, 24), pp. 916-22, 963-68, 998-1004.

Sarkar, S. 2015. 'Beyond Dispossession: The Politics of Commodification of Land under Speculative Conditions', *Comparative Studies of South Asia Africa and the Middle East*, Vol.35 (3), pp. 438-450.

Sharma, K. L. (Ed.). 2014. *Sociological Probing of Rural Society*. New Delhi: Sage Publications.

SinghaRoy, D. K. 2005. 'Peasant Movements in Contemporary India: Emerging Forms of Domination and Resistance', *Economic and Political Weekly*, Vol.40 (52), pp. 5505-5513.

Singh, S and Bhogal, S. 2014. 'Depeasantization in Punjab: Status of farmers who left farming', *Current Science*, Vol. 106 (10). pp. 1364- 1368.

Thakur, M. 2014. *Indian Village: A Conceptual History.* New Delhi: Rawat Publications Publishers.

Special issue on New Farmers' Movements in India'. 1994. *The Journal of Peasant Studies*, Vol. 21 (3&4).

Course outcomes:

- 1. The students will get a field view of Indian village communities.
- 2. They will get theoretical knowledge of the past and present rural scenarios in India.
- 3. They will acquaint themselves with the Challenges faced by the Indian farmers and think about solutions.
- 4. They will know the emerging issues relating to rural communities in Goa.

Course Code: SOC - 522 Number of Credits: 4

Effective from AY: 2022-2023

Effective from AY: 2	2022-2023	
Prerequisites for	Nil	
the course:		
Objectives:	This course is intended to introduce the students to the Indian diaspora as an area of sociological study. It describes the sociohistorical background of Indian diaspora, analyses the processes of change and continuity among the diasporic Indians. While examining the issues confronting them, it discusses the mutual orientations of the diasporic Indians and India. The course concludes with an analysis of various dimensions of the Goan diaspora.	
Content:	1. Sociology of Diaspora: The concept diaspora, Approaches to the	10 hours
	study of diaspora, Scope and significance of diasporic studies. 2. Historical background of the Indian diaspora: Pre-colonial:	10 hours
	Trade, and spread of religion, Colonial: The indentured system, Post-colonial: Brain-drain and skill-drain.	10 110013
	3. The Indian Diaspora: Case studies -	15 hours
	The Caribbean, Fiji, Malaysia, South Africa, Mauritius, UK and US.	
	4. Diaspora and the Homeland: Political Impact, Remittance	15 hours
	economy, Influence of/on Indian Cinema.	
	5. Goa and its diaspora: A Socio historical account, Case Studies of	10 hours
	the Goan Diaspora.	
Pedagogy:	Lectures, discussions, field visits and case studies	
References/Readin gs:	Basu, Sudeep. 2016. "Diasporas Transforming Homelands: Nuancing 'Collective Remittance' Practices in Rural Gujarat". Economic and Political Weekly. Vol. 51(41). pp. 54-62. Baumann, Martin. 2000. "Diaspora: Genealogies of Semantics and Transcultural Comparison". Numen. Vol. 47(3). pp. 313-337. Carvalho, Selma. 2010. Into the Diaspora Wilderness- Goa's Untold Migration Stories from the British Empire to the New World. Panjim, Goa: Broadway Publishing. Clarke, Colin, Ceri Peach and Steven Vertovec (Eds.). 1990. South Asians Overseas. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. Cohen, Robin. 2008. Global Diasporas: An Introduction. New York: Routledge. D'Souza, Eugene J. 2000. "Indian Indentured Labour in Fiji". Proceedings of the Indian History Congress. Vol. 61. pp. 1071-1080. Dabydeen, David and Brinsley Samaroo (Eds.). 1996. Across the Dark Waters: Ethnicity and Indian Identity in the Caribbean. London and Basingstoke: Macmillan Education. Gosine, Mahin. (Ed.). 1994. The East Indian Odyssey: Dilemmas	
	of a Migrant People. New York: Windsor Press. Gracias da Silva, Fatima. 2000. "Goans Away from Goa: Migration to the Middle East". Lusotopie. pp. 423-432. Jain, Ravindra K. 1993. Indian Communities Abroad: Themes and Literature. New Delhi: Manohar.	

Title of the Course: The Indian Diaspora

Jayaram, N. 1998. "Social Construction of the Other Indian: Encounters between Indian Nationals and Diasporic Indians". *Journal of Social and Economic Development*. Vol. 1. pp. 46-63. Jayaram, (Ed.). 2004. *The Indian Diaspora: Dynamics of Migration*. New Delhi: Sage Publications.

Jayaram, N. (Ed.). 2011. *Diversities in the Indian Diaspora: Nature, Implications, Responses*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Klass, Mortan. 1991. Singing with Sai Baba: The Politics of Revitalisation in Trinidad. Boulder, Colorado: Westview Press. Kurian, George and Ram P. Srivastava (Eds.). 1983. Overseas Indians: A study in Adaptation. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House.

Kurien, Prema. 2018. "Shifting U.S. Racial and Ethnic Identities and Sikh American Activism". *The Russell Sage Foundation Journal of the Social Sciences*. Vol. 4 (5). pp. 81-98.

Mascarenhas-Keyes, Stella. 2010. *Colonialism, Migration and the International Catholic Goan Community*. Saligao: Goa 1556. Oonk, Gijsbert (Ed.). 2007. *Global Indian Diasporas: Exploring Trajectories of Migration and Theory*. Netherlands: Amsterdam University Press.

Rao, M. S. A. (Ed.). 1986. Studies in Migration: Internal and International Migration in India. Delhi: Manohar Publications. Sarma Hegde, Radha and Ajaya Kumar Sahoo (Eds.). 2018. Routledge Handbook of the Indian Diaspora. New York: Routledge.

Sahoo, Ajaya, K. (Ed.). 2017 *Mapping Indian Diaspora: Contestations and Representations*. New Delhi: Rawat Publications.

Sharma, S. L. 1989. "Special Issue on Indians abroad". *Sociological Bulletin*. Vol. 38 (1).

Sheffer, Gabriel. 2003. *Diaspora Politics: At Home Abroad*. England: Cambridge University Press.

Tinker, Hugh. 1993. A New System of Slavery: The Export of Indian Labour Overseas, 1830-1920 (2nd edition). London: Hansib Publishing Limited.

Vaz, Yvonne Ezdani. 2007. *Songs of the Survivors.* Saligao, Goa: Goa 1556.

Vertovec, Steven (Ed.). 1991. Aspects of the South Asian Diaspora. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Course outcomes:

- 1. The students can make a distinction between migration and diaspora and recognise diaspora as an important transnational population mobility.
- 2. Will know the historical underpinnings of international migration for settlement.
- 3. Will get the knowledge of Indians across different nation-states.
- 4. Will know the implications of diaspora for the sending society with reference to Goa.

Discipline Specific Elective Courses

Semester II

Name of the Programme: M. A. (Sociology)

Course Code: SOC - 523 Title of the Course: Education and Society

Number of Credits: 4

Prerequisites for	Students from any branch of post graduate study are eligible for	
the course:	this course.	
Objectives:	This course will introduce students to the education system in India and relationship between education and society at various levels. The course focuses on the issues of quality education, access to education and social justice in Indian society.	
Content:	1. Introduction: Educational sociology or Sociology of education, Education and socialisation, History of education in India, Education policies in India.	15 hours
	2. Sociological perspectives on education: Classical perspectives, Liberal perspectives, Conflict perspectives.	15 hours
	3. Contemporary perspectives on education: De-schooling society (Ivan Illich), Cultural reproduction (Bourdieu), Knowledge and power (Foucault), Cultural hegemony (Gramsci), Feminist perspectives.	15 hours
	4. Education and contemporary issues: Right to Education Act Privatisation of education, Education and medium of instruction, NEP 2020 and Higher education in India.	15 hours
Pedagogy:	Lectures, discussions, and field-based assignments	
References/Readin	Banks, O. 1971. <i>Sociology of Education.</i> (2 nd Edition). London:	
gs:	Batsford.	
	Bulle, N. 2008. Sociology and Education: Issues in Sociology of Education. New York: Peter Lang.	
	Dreze, J and Sen, A. 2013. <i>An Uncertain Glory: India and its Contradictions.</i> Princeton University Press.	
	Gore, M. S.et al. (Ed.). 1975. Papers on Sociology of Education in India. New Delhi: NCERT.	
	Govinda, R. 2020. <i>NEP 2020. A Critical Examination</i> . 50 (4) 603-607 Social Change: Sage Publications.	
	Haralambos, M. 1980. <i>Sociology: Themes and Perspectives</i> . Delhi: Oxford University Press.	
	National Education Policy 2020: https://www.education.gov.in/sites/upload_files/mhrd/files/N EP_Final_English_0.pdf.	
	Indira, R. (Ed.). 2013. <i>Themes in Sociology of Education</i> . New Delhi: Sage Publications.	
	Jayaram, N. 1990. <i>Sociology of Education in India</i> , New Delhi: Rawat Publications.	
	Krishna, Kumar. 2005. Political Agenda of Education: A Study of Colonialist and Nationalist Ideas. New Delhi: Sage Publications. Patel, S. 2002. History of Education Policy in	
	India. https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in . Pathak, Avijit. 2004. Social Implications of Schooling: Knowledge, Pedagogy and Consciousness. New Delhi: Rainbow Publications.	
	Velaskar, P. 2013. 'Reproduction, Contestation and the Struggle for a Just Education in India', in S. Patel and T. Uys (Eds.),	

	Contemporary India and South Africa: Legacies, Identities, and Dilemmas. New Delhi: Routledge.
Course outcomes:	 Students will know the sociological dimensions of educational practices. Will be familiarised with the issues of unequal access to education. Will recognise the gaps in policy implementation. Students will also be familiarised with the sociological dimensions of New Education Policy 2020 with reference to Higher Education in India

Course Code: SOC - 524 Title of the Course: Understanding Goa Number of Credits: 4

Prerequisites for	Nil	
the course:		
Objectives:	The course is an invitation and introduction to study Goa, its	
Objectives.	society and historiography. While considering some social science	
	perspectives in understanding societal transformations in Goa, the	
	course hints that studying Goa can pose challenging and	
	interesting questions for the social sciences.	
Content:	Introduction: Studying one's own society, Narratives on Goa.	5Hours
Content.	2. Historiography of Goa: The <i>Skanda Puranna</i> and other myths of	15Hours
	origin, Pre-Portuguese <i>Konkan</i> and its geo-politics, Formation of	13110013
	old and new conquests.	
	3. Community Life in Goa: <i>Gaonkari</i> System in Goa, The dynamics	10 Hours
	of <i>Bhatkar-Mundkar</i> relationship, Estuarine production.	10 110013
	Uniform Civil Code.	
	Cultural and demographic shifts under Colonialism: The process	1E Hours
	of religious conversion, religious syncretism in Goa, Goa <i>Indica</i>	15 110015
	and Goa <i>Dourada</i> , Trends of Migration.	
	5. Post Liberation Goan Society: Goa's Democratic politics and	15 Hours
		15 Hours
	shifts in power, The Education debate in Goa, Land reforms,	
Dodogogu	Emergence of tourism industry.	
Pedagogy:	Discussions, Lectures, and Field visits.	
References/Readin	Almeida, Jose C. 1967. Aspects of Agricultural Activity in Goa,	
gs:	Daman and Diu. Panaji: Government Printing Press.	
	Alvares, Claude. 2001. Fish, Curry and Rice: A Citizen's Report on	
	The Goan Environment. Mapusa: The Other India Book Press.	
	Angle, P. 1994. <i>Goa: Concepts and Misconcepts.</i> Bombay: The	
	Goa Hindu Association.	
	Axelrod, Paul, and Michelle A. Fuerch. 1996. "Flight of the	
	Deities: Hindu Resistance in Portuguese Goa." <i>Modern Asian</i>	
	Studies. Vol. 30(2). pp. 387-421.	
	Axelrod, Paul, and Michelle A. Fuerch. 1998. "Portuguese	
	Orientalism and the Making of the Village Communities of	
	Goa." Ethnohistory, Vol. 45 (3). pp. 439-476.	
	Bragança, Pereira. 2008. Ethnography of Goa, Daman and Diu.	
	Tipografia Rangel, 1940 translated by Maria Aurora Couto. New	
	Delhi: Penguin. D'Souza, B. G. 1975. <i>Goan Society in Transition: A Study in</i>	
	Social Change, Bombay: Popular Prakashan. D'Souza, T. R. 1990. Goa though the Ages (Vol. II - An economic	
	history). New Delhi: Concept Publishers.	
	D'Souza, T. R. 1979. Medieval Goa: A Socio-economic history.	
	New Delhi: Concept Publishers.	
	Dantas, Norman (Ed.). 1999. The Ttransforming of Goa.	
	Mapusa: The Other India Press.	
	Gune, V T. 1979. Gazetteer of the Union Territory of Goa,	
	Daman and Diu (Part I), Panaji: Gazetteer Department.	
	Kamat, Pratima. 1999. Farar Far: Popular Resistance to Colonial	
	Hegemony in Goa, 1510-1961. Panaji: Institute Menezes	
	Braganza.	

Kosambi, D. D.1975. *An Introduction to the Study of Indian History*. Bombay: Popular Prakashan.

Mascarenhas-Keyes, Stella. 2010. Colonialism, Migration and the International Catholic Goan Community. Saligao: Goa 1556. Newman, Robert, S. 2001. Of Umbrellas, Goddesses and Dreams: Essays on Goan Culture and Society. Mapusa: The Other India Press.

Parobo, Parag. 2015. *India's First Democratic Revolution:* Dayanand Bandodkar and the Rise of Bahujan in Goa. New Delhi: Orient BlackSwan.

Rangel- Ribiero, Victor, Jose Lourenco and Salil Chaturvedi (Eds.). 2019. *Hanv Konn (Who Am I): Re-searching the Self.* Saligao: Goa 1556.

Robinson, Rowena, 1998. *Conversion, Continuity and Change: Lived Christianity in Southern Goa.* New Delhi: Sage Publications.

Sahoo, Ajaya, K. (Ed.). 2017 *Mapping Indian Diaspora: Contestations and Representations.* New Delhi: Rawat Publications.

Siqueira, Alito. 2002. "Postcolonial Portugal, Postcolonial Goa: A Note on Portuguese Identity and its resonance in Goa and India". *Lusotopie*. pp. 211-213.

Trichur, Raghuraman, S. 2013. *Refiguring Goa: From Trading Post to Tourism Destination*. Saleigao, Goa: Goa 1556.

Routledge, Paul. 2000. "Consuming Goa: Tourist Site as Dispensable Space." *Economic and Political Weekly.* Vol. 35 (30). pp. 2647-2656.

Rubinoff, Arthur G. 1992. "Goa's Attainment of Statehood". *Asian Survey*. Vol. 32 (5). pp. 471-487.

Course outcomes:

- 1. The students will get a nuanced understanding ofhistorical, sociological, and social-anthropological aspects of Goa.
- 2. They will grasp the unique colonial legacy of Goa.
- 3. They will be sensitive to social and cultural transformations in contemporary Goa
- 4. They can pursue their research on sociological problems of their interest having Goa as their field.

Course Code: SOC - 525 Title of the Course: Social Exclusion: Theories, Concept, and Policies

Number of Credits: 4

	Students of any discipline can ont this Course	
Prerequisites for the Course:	Students of any discipline can opt this Course.	
Objective:	This course will introduce the concepts of social exclusion, inequality, and poverty. The course deals with theoretical discussions on social exclusion and the policies of inclusion of marginalized groups.	
Content:	1.Concepts of Social Exclusion and Inclusive Policy: Histories and Meanings of the Terms-Social Exclusion and Inclusion; Political, Social, Economic, and Cultural dimensions of social exclusion and inclusion.	15 hours
	2. Poverty and Dimensions of social exclusion: Human Rights Approach; Deprivation; Globalization, Poverty and Processes of Social Exclusion; The Language of Exclusion; Unemployment and Exclusion; Policy Issues: Democracy and Political Participation; Diversity of Exclusions.	15 hours
	3. Social Exclusion and Marginalization: religion, race, caste, gender, ethnicity, class, region, culture, language, disability, migration, and forced migration.	15 hours
	4. Socially Exclusion and Inequality: Concepts and Strategies for Combating Social Exclusion; Equality, Inequality; Capability; Postindustrial Structuralism; Norm of structural exclusion; Social Exclusion and Inequality: Challenges before a Developing Society; Inequality, Poverty and Social Exclusion in India; Challenging gender inequality and social exclusion.	15hours
Pedagogy:	Lectures, discussions, and assignments.	
References/Readin	Atal, Yogesh, (2003), Managing Multiplicity: The Insider - Outsider	
gs:	Duality Ideological Dimension, Social Exclusion: Essays in HonourVolume-I), (A. Lal, Ed.) New Delhi: Concept Publishing Company. Beall, J. (2002). Globalization and Social Exclusion in Cities:	
	Proming the Debate with Lessons from Africa and Asia. London: Development Studies Institute. Province M. A. (2005). Condon and Social Inclusion: Social Policy.	
	Buvinic, M. A. (2005). Gender and Social Inclusion: Social Policy Perspectives from Latin America and the Caribbean. <i>Arusha Conference</i> .	
	Buvinic, Mayra and Jacqueline Mazza, (2005), Gender and Social Inclusion: New Frontiers of Social Policy. Evans, R. A. (2006). <i>Inclusion, Social Networks, and Resilience</i> :	
	Strategies, Practices, and Outcomes for Disabled Children and their Families. Social Policy and Society.	
	Haan, & Arjan de. (2001) Social Exclusion: Enriching the Understanding of Deprivation, Institute of Development Studies and Poverty Research Unit. UK: University of Sussex. Jenkins, R. (2006) Social Exclusion of Scheduled Caste Children from Primary Education in India. New Delhi: UNICEF India.	
	Kothari, R. (2003) Social Exclusion: Historical, Institutional and Ideological Dimensions, Social Exclusion: Essays in Honour of Dr. Bindeswar Pathak (Vols. Volume-I.). (A.K. Lal, Ed.).	

Kurzhan, R. A. (2001). Evolutionary Origins of Stigmatization: The Functions of Social Exclusion, (Vols. Vol. 127,). America: Psychological Bulletin. O'Brien, Wilkes, D. J., de Haan, A., & Maxwell, S. (1997), Poverty and Social Exclusion in North and South, University of Sussex UK. UK: Institute of Development Studies and Poverty Research Unit, University of Sussex. Prasad, R.R. (2003) Social Exclusion: Concept, Meaning, and Scope. Ideological Dimensions, Social Exclusion: EssaNew Delhi: Concept Publishing Company. Sen, A. (1992). Inequality Re-examined. New Delhi: Oxford University Press. Byrne. Sen, A. (2000) Social Exclusion: Concept, Application, and Scrutiny. Manila, Philippine: Asian Development Bank. Silver, Hilary, & Miller, S. M. (2003) Social Exclusion: The European Approach to Social Disadvantage, Poverty & Race. Washington: Research Action Council. Sullivan, & Elizabeth. (2002) Social Exclusion, Social Identity, and Social Capital: Reuniting the Global, the Local and the Personal, **UK: De Montfort Universit** 1. Students will get comparative knowledge of nature and extent **Course Outcomes:** of social exclusion across the world. 2. Will be sensitive to the concerns of marginalised groups.

- 3. Will recognise the need for social inclusion through governmental policies.
- 4. Will be acquainted with the inclusive social practices.

Semester III

Name of the Programme: M. A. (Sociology)

Course Code: SOC - 600 Title of the Course: Invitation to Sociological

Knowledge Production

Number of Credits: 4

Proroguisites for		1
Prerequisites for	Nil	
the course:	This course since to	
Objectives:	 This course aims to: introduce the philosophical foundations of social research in sociology; and explore different methodological foundations of sociological knowledge production 	
Contents:	Introduction to social research: Mill's Sociological imagination; Berger's humanistic orientation to sociology; Objectivity and values; Ethics in Social Research	15 hours
	 Philosophical Foundations in Research: Ontological, Epistemological, and Axiological 	15 hours
	3. Methodological Orientations: positivism and Interpretivism; Inductive and deductive reasoning	15 hours
	4. Types of social research: Basic, Applied and action research; Historical inquiry; Social survey; Case study, and Library research	15 hours
Pedagogy:	Lectures, discussions, and assignments	
References/Readin	Bailey, K. (1994). Methods of Social Research. New York, The	
gs	Free Press, pp. 81- 104. Barnes, J. A. (1977). The Ethics of Enquiry in Social Sciences. Delhi: Oxford University Press. Benton, Ted. 2015. Philosophical Foundations of the Three Sociologies. London: Routledge. Berger, Peter L. (1963). Invitation to Sociology: A Humanistic Perspective. New York, NY: Anchor Books. Bhandarkar, P. L and Wilkinson, T. S. (2013). Methodology and Techniques of Social Research (13th Edition). New Delhi: Himalaya Publishing House. David, M and Sutton, C. D. (2011). Social research: An Introduction. London: Sage Publication. de Vaus, D. A. (1986). Surveys in Social Research. London: George Allen and Unwin. Denzin, N. K., and Lincoln, Y. S. (Eds.) 2018. The Sage Handbook of Qualitative Research (5 th Edition). London: Sage publications. Giddens, A. (2019). New Rules of Sociological Methods: A Positive Critique of Interpretative Sociologies. New Delhi: Rawat Publication. Giddens, A. (Ed). (1974). Positivism and Sociology. London: Heinemann. Goode, W.J. and Hatt, P.K. (1953). Methods in Social Research. New York: McGraw Hill. Haralambos, M and Holborn, M, (2014). Sociology: Themes and Perspectives. London: Collins Publishers. Lal Das, D.K. (2015). Designs of Social Research. Jaipur: Rawat	

	Mills, C.W. (2000). The Sociological Imagination. New York: Oxford University Press. Mirchandani, R. (2005). Postmodernism and Sociology: From the Epistemological to the Empirical. Sociological Theory, 23(1). pp. 86–115. http://www.jstor.org/stable/4148895 Punch, K. F. (2014). Introduction to Social research: Quantitative and qualitative approaches. New Delhi: Sage Publication.	
CourseOutcomes:	 Students are oriented to participate in sociological knowledge production. Will be able to distinguish 'troubles' and 'issues' and 'autobiographies' and 'histories' as precursor to conceive a research problem. Will gain an enhanced understanding of the philosophical and methodological foundations of research in sociology. Will distinguish various types of research an decide on the type they would pursue. 	

Course Code: SOC - 601 Title of the Course: Quantitative Research Number of Credits: 4

Prerequisites for	Nil	
the course:		
Objectives:	This course aims to:	
Objectives.	 familiarise the students to a variety of tools used to conduct 	
	empirical quantitative research in sociology.	
	 to acquaint students with the different stages of research 	
	process like selection of research design, methods of data	
	collection and analysis.	
Contents:	 	10 hours
Contents.	, ,	10 110015
	methodology; quantitative research process; Reliability and	
	validity in quantitative research; Ethics in Social research	15 ha
	2. Quantitative Research Designs: Descriptive, Experimental,	15 hours
	Quasi-experimental, and correlational research design,	
	Types of Variables; Hypothesis-meaning and types of	
	hypotheses	
	3. Process of data collection in Quantitative Research- Meaning	20 hours
	and types of	
	Survey Methods, Sampling meaning and types, Tools of data	
	collection- Questionnaire and Interview method	
	4. Analysing Quantitative Data- Use of Statistics in Social	15 hours
	Research, graphical presentation of data, measures of central	
	tendency (mean, mode and median)	
Pedagogy:	Lectures, discussions, assignments, field visits and field-based	
	assignments	
References/Readin	Bailey, K. (1994). Methods of Social Research. New York, The	
gs	Free Press, pp. 81- 104.	
	Barnes, J. A. (1977). The Ethics of Enquiry in Social Sciences.	
	Delhi: Oxford University Press.	
	Blalock, H.M. (1972). Social Statistics. New York: McGraw Hill.	
	Bhandarkar, P. L and Wilkinson, T. S. (2013). Methodology and	
	Techniques of Social Research (13th Edition). New Delhi:	
	Himalaya Publishing House.	
	de Vaus, D. A. (1986). Surveys in Social Research. London:	
	George Allen and Unwin.	
	Gupta, S. P. (2007). <i>Elementary Statistical Methods</i> . New Delhi:	
	Sultan Chand & Sons. pp. 155- 168, 173-180, 187-197.	
	Haralambos, M and Holborn, M, (2014). Sociology: Themes and	
	Perspectives. London: Collins Publishers.	
	Lal Das, D.K. (2015). Designs of Social Research. Jaipur: Rawat	
	Publication.	
	Punch, K. F. (2014). Introduction to Social research: Quantitative	
	and qualitative approaches. New Delhi: Sage Publication.	
	Raftery, A E. (2000). 'Statistics in Sociology, 1950-2000', Journal	
	of the American Statistical Association, Vol. 95 (450). pp. 654-	
	661.	
	Stockemer, D. (2019). <i>Quantitative Methods for the Social</i>	
	Sciences: A practical introduction with examples in SPSS and	
	Stata. Switzerland: Springer Publication.	
	Totala office in a printer i abilitation.	l .

Course Outcomes: 1. Students will be able to identify the nature of a sociological research problem which necessitates quantitative data to achieve research objectives. 2. Will be in a position to design a quantitative research design. 3. Can apply elementary statistics to classify and analyse data. 4. Will be in a position to explain the relationship between variables.

Course Code: SOC - 602 Title of the Course: Qualitative Research

Number of Credits: 4 Effective from AY: 2023-2024

Prerequisites for	The course has no prerequisites.	
the course:	The course has no prerequisites.	
Objectives:	Students will learn to:	
Objectives.	1. investigate the social world using a variety of qualitative	
	approaches; and	
	 explore the principles underlying qualitative inquiry and acquire 	
	a general understanding of the theoretical positions that	
	underlie qualitative methodology.	
Contents:	Qualitative Research: Definition, History and origin of	07 Hours
Contents.	Qualitative Research, Qualitative Methodology.	U7 HOUIS
	2. Different Genres of Qualitative Research: Ethnography, auto	15 Hours
	ethnography, Case Study, Grounded Theory, phenomenological	15 110015
	perspective	
	3. Qualitative Research Design and Pre-fieldwork: selection of	15 Hours
	topic. literature review, statement of problem, research	15 110013
	question, participants and site selection, sampling strategies in	
	Qualitative Research and Ethics in Qualitative social research	
	4. Types of Data collection tools: Qualitative Interviews, focus	15 Hours
	group, narratives, participant observation	13 Hours
	5. Field and the field worker: Reflexivity in qualitative research	8 Hours
	Interpretation and Analysis of Qualitative Data	o nouis
Dodogogu		
Pedagogy:	Lectures, assignment, group discussions, field visits and field-based assignments.	
References/Readin	Barnes, J. A. 1977. <i>The Ethics of Enquiry in Social Sciences</i> . Delhi:	
	Oxford University Press.	
gs:	Bhandarkar, P. L and Wilkinson, T. S. 2013. <i>Methodology and</i>	
	Techniques of Social Research (13th Edition). New Delhi:	
	Himalaya Publishing House.	
	Denzin, N. K., and Lincoln, Y. S. (Eds.) 2018. <i>The Sage Handbook</i>	
	of Qualitative Research (5 th Edition). London: Sage publications.	
	Flick, Uwe. (Ed.). 2014 The Sage Handbook of Qualitative Data	
	Analysis. London: Sage Publications Ltd.	
	Flick, Uwe. (Ed.). 2018. The Sage Handbook of Qualitative Data	
	Collection. London: Sage Publications Ltd.	
	Goldbart, Juliet and David Hustler. 2005. 'Ethnography,' in	
	Bridget Somekh and Cathy Lewin. (eds.): Research Methods in	
	the Social Sciences. New Delhi: Vistaar Publications. pp.16-23.	
	Guru, Gopal and Sunder Sarukkai. 2012. <i>The Cracked Mirror: An</i>	
	Indian Debate on Experience and Theory. New Delhi: Oxford	
	University Press.	
	Jayaram N. (Ed). 2017. Knowing the Social World: Perspectives	
	and Possibilities. Hyderabad: Orient Blackswan.	
	Nongbri, Tiplut. 2017. 'Researching the Khasi: Encounter with	
	the Self,' in N. Jayaram (eds.): Knowing the Social World:	
	Perspectives and Possibilities. Hyderabad: Orient Blackswan. pp.	
	323-344.	
	Punch, Keith F. 2014. <i>Introduction to Social Research:</i>	
	Quantitative and Qualitative Approaches. Third Edition.	
	London: Sage Publications.	
		<u> </u>

		Silverman, David. 2000. Doing Qualitative Research: A Practical	
		Handbook. London: Sage.	
		Saldana, Johnny. 2011. Fundamentals of Qualitative Research:	
		Understanding Qualitative Research. New York. Oxford	
		University Press	
		Srinivas, M. N., Shah, A. M., Ramaswamy, E. A., 2004. The	
		Fieldworker and the Field (2 nd Edition). New Delhi, Oxford	
		University Press.	
		Taylor, Stevan. J., Bogdan, R., DeVault, M.L. 2016. Introduction	
		to Qualative Research Methods: A Guidebook and Resource (4 th	
		Edition). New Jersey: John Wiley and Sons.	
Course Outcomes:	1.	Students will be able to develop theoretical knowledge about	
		the qualitative research methods.	
	2.	They can assess the merits and appropriateness of qualitative	
		data analysis techniques in the study of different aspects of	
		social reality.	
	3.	They can understand the issue of data saturation while eliciting	
		qualitative data.	
	4.	They can conceive a research problem which warrants	
		qualitative data to answer research questions.	

Generic Elective Courses

Semester III

Name of the Programme: M. A. (Sociology)

Course Code: SOC - 621 Title of the Course: State, Refugees, and Displaced

People

Number of Credits: 4

Effective fromAY:2		
Prerequisites for	Any student pursuing her/his post-Graduate studies at Goa	
the course:	University is eligible to opt	
	For this course.	
Objectives:	1. Introducing and sensitizing students to issues pertaining to	
	refugees in India.	
	2. It attempts to differentiate refugees from other categories	
	such as migrants, diasporic communities and stateless people.	
	3. Main focus is on the Tibetan refugees in India	
Contents:	1. Introduction: Who is a refugee?	8 hours
Contents.	Understanding Refugees: The social, political, and legal	o nours
	perspectives	
		0 hours
	2. Internally Displaced Persons and Stateless Persons	8 hours
	Internally displaced persons of Jammu and Kashmir	
	Development induced internally displaced persons	
	3. Forced migration and women and children	4 hours
	Women refugees from Sri Lanka.	
	Protection of refugee children in India.	
	4.Understanding refugee communities in India: Chakmas,	10 hours
	Afghan, Pakistani, Rohingyas, and Tamil	
	5. Tibetan refugees in India:	20 hours
	The making of the Tibetan refugee	
	Constructing and sustaining the Tibetan nation in exile	
	Nationalism and the dialectics of identity	
	Tibetan refugees and the Indian army	
	6. State response to the refugee crisis	10hours
	International treaties and refugee protection	10110013
	_ ·	
	The debate on the National Refugee Law for India	
	The Indian State and the differential treatment of refugees	
Pedagogy:	Lectures and Discussions	
References/Readin	Aristide R. Zolberg, et al. 1989. Escape from Violence-Conflict and	
gs:	Refugee Crisis in the Developing World. New York: OUP.	
	Bose, Tapan and Manchanda, Rita.1997.	
	State, Citizens and Outsiders. Nepal: South Asia Forum for	
	Human Rights.	
	Guy S. Godwin- Gill. 1987. The Refugee in International Law.	
	Oxford: Clarendon Press.	
	Mishra, Omprakash (Ed.). 2004. Forced Migration. Delhi: Manak	
	Publication.	
	Myron Weiner. 1991. Rejected Peoples and Unwanted migrants.	
	Massachusetts: MIT Centre for International Studies	
	Publications.	
	Samaddar, Ranbir. 2003. Refugees and the State: Practices of	
	Asylum and Care in India 1947-2000. New Delhi: Sage.	
	,	
	Das Pradip Kumar; Roy. 2022. Women Refugees and Their	
	Unrecognised Plights in International Refugee Law Regime: A	
	Critical Analysis. Indian Journal Of Law And Justice.	

	https://ir.nbu.ac.in.
	Datta, Ankur. 2016. Dealing with dislocation: Migration, place and
	home among displaced Kashmiri Pandits in Jammu and Kashmir.
	Contributions to Indian Sociology. Sage.
	Ramanathan, U. (Ed.) 2009. A word on eminent domain. SAGE
	Publications India Pvt
	Ltd, https://doi.org/10.4135/978813210095.
	Hans, Asha 1997. Sri Lankan Tamil Refugee Women in India.
	Refuge. Vol 16(2).
	Kiran Dolly Sapam & Parisha Jijina .2020. Facing challenges and
	drawing strength from adversity: Lived experiences of Tibetan
	refugee youth in exile in India, IndoPacific Journal of
	Phenomenology, 20:1.
	Vijayakumar Veerabhadra. 2002. Protection of Refugee Children
	in India. Refuge Canada s Journal on Refuge 20(2):52-55.
Courseoutcomes:	1. Students will have a critical understanding of how the modem
	construct of nation as nation-state gives rise to fuzzy binaries
	of insiders and outsiders.
	2. Students will get a holistic idea of the outsiders within the
	Indian nation-state, including the much-discussed Kashmiri
	Pandits.
	3. Students will be able to discern various political sociological
	issues concerning the Tibetan refugee, one of India's longest
	staying refugee groups
	4. Students are sensitized to the socio-cultural and economic
	issues facing refugees and can engage in the debate for a
	National Refugee Law in India.

Course Code: SOC - 622 Number of Credits: 4 Effective from AV: 2023-2024 Title of the Course: Tourism and Society

Effective from AY:	2023-2024	
Prerequisites for	The course is open to all the students of post graduate	
the course:	programmes in Goa University.	
Objectives:	 This course aims to: understand how perspectives from tourism are grounded in sociological theory provide an overall understanding of trends, challenges, and socio-environmental issues and its impacts on the societal and natural systems, its use of land and resources, its relationship 	
	with sustainability, and local development.	
Contents:	 Introduction – Basic concepts and evolution of tourism industry, Types of tourism, Tourism as a subject of sociological enquiry Sociology of Tourism- Tourism and pilgrimage, Tourism and Broostin's pseudo-events, MacCannell's touristic authenticity, 	10 hours 15 hours
	Urry's tourism gaze	
	3. Tourism, Society and Culture- Tourism and local development, tourism -spiritual and emotional response, tourist and host relationship, tourism and socio-cultural consequence, Tourism and sustainable development	20 hours
	4. Goa Tourism: Trends and Challenges-trajectory of Goa's tourism development and local response, its socio-cultural and environmental impact, State response and policies	15 hours
Pedagogy:	Lectures, discussions, assignments, and field visits	
	Alvares, C. (Ed). 2002. Fish, Curry and Rice: A sourcebook on Goa, ecology and life-style. Mapusa: A Goa Foundation Publication. Cohen, E. 1984. The Sociology of Tourism: Approaches, Issues and Findings. Annals Review of Sociology, 10, 373-392. Cohen, E. 1988. Traditions in the Qualitative Sociology of Tourism. Annals of Tourism Research. Vol. 15 (1). pp. 29-46. Cohen, E and Cohen, S. A. 2012. Current Sociological Theories and Issues in Tourism. Annals of Tourism Research, 39(4), 2177-2202. Dann, G and Cohen, E. 1991. Sociology and Tourism. Annals of Tourism Research, 18, 155-169. Government of Goa. 2020. Goa Tourism Policy Master Plan 2020. Goa: Government of Goa.	
	Jazal, T and Robinson, M. (Eds). 2009. The Sage Handbook of Tourism Studies. Singapore: Sage Publication. MacCannell, D. 1973. Staged Authenticity: Arrangements of Social Space in Tourist Settings. American Journal of Sociology. Vol. 79 (3). pp. 589-603. Newman, R. S. 1984. Goa: The Transformation of an Indian Region. Pacific Affairs. Vol. 57(3). pp. 429-449. Newman, R. S. 2001. 'Western Tourists and Goan Pilgrim: A Comparison of Two Ritual Dramas' in Of Umbrellas in Goddesses & Dreams — Essays on Goan Culture and Society. Mapusa: Other India Press.	

Noronha, F. 1997. Fighting the Bane of Tourism. *Economic and Political Weekly*. Vol. 32 (51). pp. 3253-3256.

Noronha, L., Siqueira, A., Sreekesh, S., Qureshy, L., and Kazi, S. 2002. Goa: Tourism, Migration, and Ecosystem Transformations. *Population, Consumption, Environment*. Vol. 31(4), pp. 295-302.

Noronha, L., Lourenco, N., Lobo-Ferreira, J.P., Lleopart, A., Feoli, E., Sawkar, K., and Chachadi, A.G (Eds). 2003. *Coastal Tourism, Environment and Sustainable Local Development*. New Delhi: TERI.

Routledge, P. 2000. Consuming Goa: Tourist Site as Dispensable Space. *Economic and Political Weekly.* Vol. 35 (30). pp. 2647-2656.

Routledge, P. 2001. Selling the Rain, Resisting the Sale: Resistant Identities and the Conflict over Tourism in Goa, *Social and Cultural Geography*. Vol. 2 (2). pp. 222-240.

Sawkar, K., Noronha, L., Mascarenhas, A., Chauhan, O., and Saeed, S. 1998. Tourism and the Environment Case Studies on Goa, India, and the Maldives. *The Economic Development Institute of the World Bank.* pp. 1-28.

Shalini, M. 2001. *Tourism and Society: Cross-cultural Perspective.* Jaipur: Rawat Publication.

Sharpley, R. 2018. *Tourism, Tourist and Society.* London: Routledge.

Swain, S. K., and Mishra, J. M. 2012. *Tourism: Principles and Practices*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Tao, T.C.H and Wall, G. 2009. Tourism as Sustainable Livelihood Strategy. *Tourism Management*. Vol. 30 (1). pp. 90-91.

Trichur, R. S. 2013. *Refiguring Goa from Trading Post to Tourism Destination*. Saligao: Goa 1556.

Urry, J. (1990). The Tourist Gaze. London: Sage Publication.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. The students will be able to understand the complex relationship between tourism and society in general.
- 2. The students can analyse the social, cultural and environmental issues related to tourism development in diverse settings.
- 3. They can relate the theoretical knowledge of sociology of tourism to the empirical context in Goa.
- 4. They can identify research issues in the context of tourism expansion in Goa.

Course Code: SOC - 623 Title of the Course: Indian Tribes – An

Academic Discourse

Number of Credits: 4

Effective from AY: 2		1
Prerequisites for	This course is open to all students pursuing post-graduate studies	
the course:	in the School of Social Sciences.	
Objectives:	 This course aims: to familiarize the students with the academic discourse on India Tribes and to explore the theoretical understanding of the concept of tribe in Indian society; and to impart knowledge to students about tribal identity, issues of marginality, their culture, polity, ecology, and the problems and challenges faced by them. 	
Content:	1. A Discourse on conceptualising Tribes in the Indian Society: concept of tribe and caste, the transformation of tribes in India, Verrier Elwin and G.S Ghurye debate on Indian tribes, The problematization of Tribal Integration.	20 Hours
	2. Tribal Identity and Marginality: imagining tribe in colonial and Post- Independence India, Romanticised Notions of Tribes: A critique, Tribes and Indian National Identity, Tribal Women in Indian Society	20 Hours
	3. Tribal Society, Culture, Polity, and Ecology: cultural symbol (Sacred Groves) of tribal political self-assertion, Tribal mobilisation in India. Tribal Development: Problems and Challenges	15 Hours
	4. Tribes in Goan Society: Cultural assertion and political usage	5 Hours
Pedagogy:	Lectures, group discussions, field visits and field-based assignments	
References/Readin gs:	Bailey, F. G. 1960. <i>Tribe, Caste, and Nation</i> . Bombay: Oxford University Press. Beteille, Andre. 1986. 'The concept of tribe with special reference to India.' <i>European Journal of Sociology</i> . Vol. 27 (2). pp. 297-318. Channa, Subhadra. M. 2020. <i>Anthropological Perspectives on Indian Tribes</i> . Hyderabad: Orient BlackSwan Pvt. Ltd. Elwin, Verrier. 1943: <i>The Aboriginals</i> . Bombay: Oxford University Press. Furer- Haimendorf, Christoph Von. 1982. <i>Tribes of India: The Struggle for Survival</i> . Delhi: Oxford University Press. Gomes, Bernadette. 2008. 'Niz Goemkar versus Bingtamkar: The Tribal people's Right to Internal Self- Determination,' in Pius Malekandathil and Remy Dias (eds.): <i>Goa In the 20th Century History and Culture</i> . Panaji Goa: Institute Menezes Braganza. pp.307-317. Guha, Ramachandra. 1996. "Savaging the Civilised: Verrier Elwin and the Tribal Question in Late Colonial India." <i>Economic and Political Weekly</i> . Vol. 31, (35/37). Pp. 2375-2380, 2382-2383, 2385-2389. Ghurye, G.S. 1943. <i>The Aborigines-So Called- and Their Future</i> . Poona: Gokhale Institute of Economics and Politics. Iyer. K. Gopal. 2020. <i>Tribal, Land, Forest and Identity: Issues in</i>	

Jharkhand and Odisha. India: Concept Publishing Company Pvt. Ltd.

Madan, T.N. (Ed.). 2013. Sociology at the University of Lucknow: The First Half Century (1921-1975). New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Prasad, Archana. 2011. Against Ecological Romanticism: Verrier Elwin and the Making of an Anti-Modern Tribal Identity. India: Three Essays Collectives.

Rao, V. Srinivasa (Ed.). 2021. *Tribal Livelihood and Governance: Regional Concerns*. Jaipur: Rawat Publications.

Rangel- Ribiero, Victor, Jose Lourenco and Salil Chaturvedi (Eds.). 2019. *Hanv Konn (Who Am I): Re-searching the Self.* Saligao: Goa 1556.

Ratnagar, Shereen. 2019. Being Tribal. Delhi: Primus Books.

Rycroft, Daniel. J. and Dasgupta, S. (Eds.). 2011. *The Politics of Belonging in India: Becoming Adivasi* (1st Edition). London: Routledge.

Singh, K.S. 1994. *The Scheduled Tribes: People of India* National Series Vol. III. Oxford: Oxford University Press.

Singh, K. S. 2006. *Tribal Movements in India* Vol. I. New Delhi: Manohar Publishers and Distributors.

Srivastava, Vinay. K (Ed.). 2020. *India's Tribes: Unfolding Realities (Social Change in Contemporary India)*. New Delhi: Sage Publications Pvt. Ltd.

Trivedi, Rajshree and Burke, Rupalee (Eds.). 2018. *Contemporary Adivasi Writings in India: Shifting Paradigms*. Chennai: Notion Press.

Verma, Ankita. 2021. *The Legend of Birsa Munda*. Bhopal: Manjul Publications.

Verma, R.C, 1990. *Indian Tribes through the Ages*. India: Publications Division Ministry of Information and Broadcasting Government of India.

Vidyarthi, L.P. and Rai, B.K. 1985. *Tribal Culture in India*. New Delhi. Concept Publishing Company.

Xaxa, Virginius. 1999. 'Transformation of Tribes in India: Terms of Discourse'. *Economic and Political Weekly*. 34(24): 1519-1524.

Xaxa, Virginius. 1999. 'Tribes as Indigeneous People of India'. *Economic and Political Weekly*. 34(51): 3589-3595.

Xaxa, Virginius. 2008. *State, Society and Tribes: Issues in Post-Colonial India*. India: Pearson Longman.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Students will be able to develop theoretical understanding of the concept of tribe.
- 2. Will be able to distinguish a tribe from caste.
- 3. Will gain knowledge about culture, identity, marginalization and challenges faced by the tribes in the Indian society.
- 4. Will know the tribal situation in Goa.

Course Code: SOC - 624 Title of the Course: Environment and Society

Number of Credits: 4

Prerequisites for the	Nil	
course:		
Objectives:	 This course aim to develop a sociological understanding of environment. sensitize students with human and nature relationship. make students aware of environmental issues in India introduce students to ecological issues in Goa 	
Content:	Introducing Environmental Sociology: Emergence and scope Early interest in ecological issues in India: J. C. Kumarappa, Patrick Geddes, Radhakamal Mukerjee and Verrier Elwin, Research in Environmental sociology in India: An Overview	11 Hours
	 Ecology and Society: Growth of Environmentalism: An Overview Society, culture and environment, Ecological change and social conflict, Gender and Environment 	15 Hours
	3. Contemporary Environmental Issues and Concerns: Industrialisation, Urbanisation, and environmental issues, Consumerism and Environmentalism ICT and Environment	10 Hours
	4. Towards Environmental Conservation: Environmental Movements in India, Subsistence strategies and environmental management, Environment and Sustainable development	15 Hours
	5. Ecology of Goa: Traditional knowledge and management of natural resources, Current social ecological issues in Goa	09 hours
Pedagogy:	Lectures, discussions, field visits and case studies	
References/Readings:	Alvares, C. (2001). Fish, Curry and Rice: A Citizen's Report on the Goan Environment. Mapusa: The Other India Book Press. Baviskar, A. (1997). 'Ecology and Development in India: A Field and its Future' in Sociological Bulletin, September, pp.193-206. Bostrom, M. and Davidson. (2018). Environment and Society. London: Palgrave Macmillan Cham. Buckingham, S. and Turner, M (ed). (2008). Understanding Environmental Issues. London: SAGE Publications Ltd. Carolyn, M. (Ed.). (1996). Ecology. Jaipur: Rawat Publications. Dauvergne, P and Lister, J. (2010). 'The Prospects and Limits of Eco-Consumerism: Shopping Our Way to Less Deforestation?' Organization & Environment. pp. 132-154. Dunlap, R. et al. (2017). Environmental Sociology. Jaipur: Rawat Publications. Gadgil, M. and Guha, Ramachandra. 1992. This Fissured	

Oxford University Press. Gomes, B. Folk Ingenuity and Beliefs About Nature. Retrieved http://www.viceversa.co.in/files/bernadette_gomes.pdf Guha, R, 1995. The Unquiet Woods: Ecological Change and Peasant Resistance in the Himalaya. Delhi: University Press. Guha, R. 1992. 'Pre-history of Indian Environmentalism', in Economic and Political Weekly, January 4-11, pp.57-64. Guha, R. 1994. (Ed.). Social Ecology. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1994. Guha, R. 1997. 'Social Ecological Research in India-A Status Report', in Economic and Political Weekly, Vol. 32 (7), Feb. 15, pp.345 - 352. Guha, R. 2000. Environmentalism: A Global History. New York: Oxford University Press. Kandpal, P. 2018. Environmental Governance in India Issues and Challenges. New Delhi: SAGE Publications. Krishna, S. 1996. Environmental Politics. New Delhi: Sage Publications. Mayerfeld, M. 2004. An Invitation to Environmental sociology. Thousand Oaks: Fine Forge Free. Newton, T. 2008. Nature and Sociology. London: Routledge. Rangarajan, M. 2007 (Ed.). Environmental issues in India: A Reader. India: Dorling Kindersley. Sahu R. 2021. (Ed). Studies in Indian Sociology: Sociology of Social Movement. New Delhi: SAGE Publications. Saraswati, B. 1998. Cultural Dimension of Ecology. New Delhi: D.K. Printworld (P) Ltd. Sonak, S. 2014. Environmental Development of Goa at Crossroads. Panaji: Broadway Publishing House. Shiva, V. 1988. Staying Alive: Women, Ecology and Survival in India. New Delhi: Kali for Women. Shiva, V. 2010. 'Ecological Movements in India' in T. K. Oommen (Ed.) Social Movements II: Concerns of Equity and Security. New Delhi: Oxford University Press. pp. 275-296. Williams, J. 2000. The Technology Junction: Exploring Technology and The Environment. International Committee for the History of Technology (ICOHTEC). pp. 7-20 familiarised Course outcomes: 1. Students are with the pioneers of environmental sociology in India. 2. Will be able to think critically and develop arguments about environmental sociology. 3. Can reorient themselves to the importance of environment for social groups. 4. They can assess their own social-ecological surrounding and develop strategies towards resolving environmental concerns.

Course Code: SOC - 625

Title of the Course: Indian Tribal Society: Emerging Issues

Number of Credits: 4

Prerequisites for the	Nil	
course:		
Objective of the	To arrive at a conceptual understanding of the category 'Tribe'	
course	and thereby to introduce to the developmental issues and	
	concerns pertaining to the tribes of India.	
Content:	Introduction	10 hours
Content.	1. A socio-demographic and geographic profile of tribes in	10 110013
	India	
	2. 'Tribe': A conceptual debate	
	Legal and administrative framework	10 hours
	De-notified, Nomadic and Semi-Nomadic Tribes	10 110013
	2. Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Groups (PVTGs)	
	3. Scheduled Areas	
	4. The Fifth Schedule	
	5. The Sixth Schedule	
		20 hours
	Emerging issues of exclusion 1. Alienation of tribal lands	20 110015
	2. Displacement and forced migration	
	3. Concern for indigenous knowledge	
	4. Forest communities and livelihood	40 1
	Tribal identity, resistance and state politics in Goa	10 hours
	1. Understanding Goa's tribal ethnicity	
	2. Crystallizing protest into movement: The case of Goa	
	Legal and constitutional issues	10 hours
	1. Tribal Sub Plan (TSP): A perspective from Goa	
	2. Forest Rights Act and its implementation (FRA)	
	3. Panchayats Extension to Schedule Areas Act (PESA)	
Pedagogy:	Lectures and field visits	
References/Readings:	Atal, Y. (2016). Indian tribes in transition: The need for	
	reorientation. New Delhi: Routledge.	
	Gandhi, M., & Sundar, K.H.S.S. (2020). Denotified tribes of	
	India: discrimination, development and change. New Delhi:	
	Manohar Publications.	
	Joshi, V. & Upadhyaya, C. (Ed.) (2017): Tribal situation in	
	<i>India</i> . Jaipur: Rawat Publication.	
	Khedekar, V. V. (2004). Goa Kulmi: Paryavaraniya	
	sanskrutiche janak, rakshak. Goa: Sampark Madhyam.	
	Ministry of Tribal Affairs Government of India May, 2014:	
	Report of the high-level committee on socioeconomic, health	
	and educational status of tribal communities of India. New	
	Delhi.	
	Munshi, I. (Ed.). (2012). The adivasi question: Issues of land,	
	forest and livelihood. New Delhi: Orient Black Swan.	
	Shah, G. (2004). Social movements in India: A review of	
	literature. New Delhi: Sage Publications.	
	Singh, K. S. (1993). <i>People of India: Goa</i> Vol. XXI. Bombay:	
	Popular Prakashan Pvt. Ltd.	
	Singh, K. S. (1994). The Scheduled Tribes, People of India, Vol.	

III. New Delhi: Oxford University Press. Srinivasa Rao, V. (Ed.). (2019). Adivasi rights and exclusion on India. New Delhi: Routledge.	
 The students will know the social and demographic profile of the tribes of India. Will recognise the administrative and legal consideration about the tribes of India. Will know the emerging concerns and issues pertaining to tribes in India in general and tribes of Goa in particular. The students are trained to conduct research on the tribal society. 	

Semester IV

Name of the Programme: M. A. (Sociology)

Course Code: SOC - 603 Title of the Course: Ethnographic Research

Number of Credits: 4

Effective from AY: 2023 Prerequisites for the	-2024 Nil	
course:	NII	
Objectives:	The objectives are:	
Objectives.	 to make students understand ethnography as a theoretical and methodological paradigm of inquiry; to clarify the procedures of ethnographic research; and to familiarize students to Indian ethnographic tradition. 	
Content:	Introduction	10 hours
	What is ethnography?	
	Ethnography as a theory and method	
	A historical overview	
	Doing ethnography	20 hours
	Developing a research design	
	Approaching the field	
	Oral accounts and Ethnographic interviewing (Life	
	histories and autobiographical interviews)	
	Recording and organizing data: Field notes	
	Approaches, writing ethnography	10 hours
	Feminist ethnography	
	Virtual ethnography	
	Thick description	
	Auto ethnography	
	Ethnography in India: Historical account	20 hours
	Native ethnography in India	
	 Anthropological survey of India: a historical perspective 	
	Colonial ethnography: Caste, tribe and race	
	Ethnography and census	
Pedagogy:	Lectures, field visits, audio-visuals.	
References/Readings:	Angrosino, M. (2007). Doing ethnographic and observational	
, 0	research. Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.	
	Atkinson, P. (2017). Thinking ethnographically. New Delhi	
	Sage Publications.	
	Brewer, J. D. (2010). Ethnography. Jaipur: Rawat	
	Publications.	
	Fetterman, D. M. Ethnography: Step by step. New Delhi: Sage	
	Publications.	
	Flick, U. (2009). An introduction to qualitative research. New	
	Delhi: Sage Publications.	
	Given, L. M. (Ed.). Vol. I. (2008). The sage encyclopedia of	
	qualitative research methods. New Delhi: Sage Publications.	
	Hammerseley, M. & Atkinson, P. (2008). Ethnography:	
	Principles in practice. London: Routledge.	
	Kasi, E., & Malik, R. C. (Ed.). (2009). Theory and practice of	
	ethnography. Jaipur: Rawat Publications.	
	McNeill, P. (1985). <i>Researchmethods</i> . New York: Tavistock	
	Publications.	
	O'Reilly, K. (2009). Key concepts in ethnography. New Delhi:	

	Sage publications. Singh, K. S. (2011). Diversity, identity, and linkages: explorations in historical ethnography. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
	Srinivas, M. N., Shah, A. M., & Ramaswamy, E. A. (Ed.) (1979). <i>The field worker and the field</i> . New Delhi: Oxford India Paperbacks.
	Thapan, M. (Ed.). (1998). Anthropological journeys: Reflections on fieldwork. New Delhi: Orient Longman.
Course Outcomes:	Students will identify ethnography as a tool in collecting qualitative data.
	2. Are introduced to varieties areas in which ethnography is used.
	3. Students will get trained in ethnographic research while formulating hermeneutically informed social research.
	4. Will get a hands-on knowledge of conducting ethnographic field work through assignments.

Course Code: SOC - 604

Title of the Course: Academic Writing and Social Research

Number of Credits: 4
Effective from AY: 2023-2024

Prerequisites for the	This course is open to students who are pursuing their	
course:	postgraduate studies at Goa University.	
Objectives:	This course aims to:	
	familiarize students with different aspects of academic	
	writing; and	
	 enhance their skills in writing research articles and other 	
	academic texts.	
Content:	Research Process and Academic Writing	10 hours
	What is Academic Writing? Turning ideas into researchable	
	questions,	
	Drafting a research proposal;	
	Process of writing a research paper	
	2. Research Ethics and Plagiarism	10 hours
	Protection of research participants; Ethics and Academic	
	Honesty, Research Misconduct/ Fabrication/ Unethical	
	Practices;	
	Avoid plagiarism: Anti-Plagiarism Tool Plagiarism Policies,	
	Penalties and Consequences	
	3. Tools of Academic Writing	14 hours
	Literature Review: Process of literature review	
	Online literature databases; Literature management tools	
	Paraphrasing, Summary Writing,	
	Use of MS Word/ MS excel, effective presentations using	
	PowerPoint and Beamer, plagiarism detection tools.	
	4. Bibliography/Referencing Style	14 hours
	Literature search and Reference management; Citation,	
	Footnote/Endnote	
	APA style; Reference Management Tools	
	5. From Research to Publication	12 hours
	Types of journals, Selection of journal and submission	
	process, UGC-Care List, Scopus, Web of Science, Impact	
	factor, Identifying Predatory/cloned journals	
Pedagogy:	Lectures, discussions, tutorials, practical demonstration	
References/Readings:	Bailey, S. (2017). Academic Writing A Handbook for	
	International Students. London: Routledge.	
	Edwards, M. (2015). Writing in sociology. SAGE Publications,	
	https://dx.doi.org/10.4135/9781483384467.	
	Harris, A. and Tyner-Mullings, A. (2013). Writing for	
	Emerging Sociologists. SAGE Publications	
	Israel M. (2014). Research Ethics and Integrity for Social	
	Scientists. London: SAGE Publications.	
	Jayaram, N. (2019). Manual of Style (Eighth Revised Edition).	
	Mumbai: TISS. Retrieved from:	
	https://tiss.edu/uploads/files/Manual of Style.pdf.	
	Kail, B. and Kail, R. (2022). Effective Writing for Sociology.	
	New York: Routledge.	
	Lahman. (2017). Ethics in Social Science Research Becoming	
	Culturally Responsive. London: SAGE Publications.	

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	Semalty A. (2021). <i>Academic Writing</i> . Hyderabad: BS	
	Publications.	
	Sutherland-Smith, W. (2008). <i>Plagiarism, the Internet, and</i>	
	Student Learning	
	Improving Academic Integrity. London: Routledge.	
	Taylor, G. (2009). A Student's Writing Guide: How to Plan and	
	Write Successful Essays. Cambridge: Cambridge University.	
	Online sources:	
1.	Academic English. (10 May 2022). How to use Zotero for	
	referencing (in 2022). https://youtu.be/DlefObdLbLQ	
2.	. Bharati Vidyapeeth's IMSR. (2021 21 August). How to be safe	
	from fake cloned & predatory journals in research	
	publications. https://youtu.be/6LwHAlwYT1I	
3.	Tip Top Bio. (31 January 2022) How To Use Mendeley	
	Reference Manager (Complete Beginner'sGuide).	
	https://youtu.be/OzFHGFnAM2Q	
4.	USM Library TV. (2021 18 August). Elsevier WebinarDecoding	
	the Predatory Journal Menace - Understanding the Nuances	
	of Predatory Publishing. https://youtu.be/ECZj7x-75YQ	
Course outcomes:	Students will distinguish academic writing from other	
	types of writing.	
	2. They will recognise the requirements of precision,	
	logicality, and objectivity while an intellectual writes for	
	other intellectuals.	
	3. They will recognise academic writing styles such as APA	
	and Chicago in social sciences.	
	4. They are trained to present their research findings in	
	academic language.	
	5. They will be able to learn and demonstrate various skills	
	in academic writing and effectively use the various	
	online tools for writing dissertation.	