

**गोंय विद्यापीठ** ताळगांव पठार गोंय - ४०३ २०६ फोन: +९१-८६६९६०९०४८



# **Goa University**

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(Accredited by NAAC)

GU/Acad –PG/BoS -NEP/2023/81/2

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# CIRCULAR

In supersession to the above referred Circular, the updated approved Syllabus with revised Course Codes of the **Master of Arts in History** Programme is enclosed.

The Dean/ Vice-Deans of D.D. Kosambi School of Social Sciences and Behavioural Studies are requested to take note of the above and bring the contents of the Circular to the notice of all concerned.

(Ashwin Lawande) Assistant Registrar – Academic-PG

Τo,

- 1. The Dean, D.D. Kosambi School of Social Sciences and Behavioural Studies , Goa University.
- 2. The Vice-Deans, D.D. Kosambi School of Social Sciences and Behavioural Studies , Goa University.

Copy to:

- 1. The Chairperson, Board of Studies in History PG.
- 2. The Programme Director, M.A. History, Goa University.
- 3. The Controller of Examinations, Goa University.
- 4. The Assistant Registrar, PG Examinations, Goa University.
- 5. Directorate of Internal Quality Assurance, Goa University for uploading the Syllabus on the University website.

#### GOA UNIVERSITY

#### M. A. HISTORY SYLLABUS \*

Sr	Course	Title of the Course	Number of
no.	Code	Semester I	credits
Discipline Specific Core Courses (DSC)			
1.HIS-500Debates in Indian History (up to 18th century)4			
2.	HIS-501	Issues and Debates in Goan History	4
3.	HIS-501	History and Theory	4
<u> </u>	HIS-503	Early Modern Europe (1300–1750)	4
4.	1113-303	Discipline Specific Elective Courses (DSE)	4
5.	HIS-521	Imperialism, Nationalism and Decolonisation in Africa	4
<u> </u>	HIS-522	Ancient Indian Numismatics	4
0.	<u>ΠΙ3-322</u>	Semester II	4
		Discipline Specific Core Courses (DSC)	
7.	HIS-504	Indian National Movement (1857-1947)	4
			4
<u>8.</u> 9.	HIS-505 HIS-506	Imperialism, Nationalism and Decolonization in Asia "Doing History": An Introduction to Historical Methods	4
		India and the Indian Ocean World	
10	<u>HIS-507</u>		4
11		Discipline Specific Elective Courses (DSE)	4
	HIS-523	Trade and Urbanization in India(BCE 2500 – ACE 1700)	4
12	<u>HIS-524</u>	Aspects of State and Society in India (BCE 600-ACE 600)	4
13	HIS-525	Tribal and Peasant Movements in India (1818-1947)	4
		Research Specific Elective Courses(RSE)	
		Semester III	
14	HIS-600	Reading Selected Primary Sources on Goan History	4
	HIS-601	Aspects of Indian Historiography	4
	HIS-602	Ancient India through Epigraphy	4
17		Researching History Through Subaltern Studies	4
18	HIS-604	Oral History	4
		Semester IV	I
19	HIS-605	Heritage Monuments of Goa	4
20		Writing Ordinary Lives: New Perspectives in Historical Research	4
		Generic Elective Courses (GE)	
		Semester III	
21	HIS-621	Economic History of Medieval India	4
22		Archaeology: Principles and Methods	4
23		History of Modern Europe (1789–1991)	4
24		A History of the Indian Diaspora	4
25		An Introduction to Museology	4
26		Women in Indian Religions	4
27		India Since Independence (1947-2000)	4
	HIS-628	Constructing Goan Identity	4

Discipline Specific Dissertation (DSD)		
29 HIS-651	DISSERTATION	16

\*Semesters I and II (approved on 20/08/2022) effective from 2022-23 and Semesters III and IV (approved on 14/02/2023) effective from 2023-24.

Note: In Semester III, students need to opt for 2 RSE and 3 GE. In Semester IV they need to opt for 1 RSE.

# Semester I Programme: M.A. (History) Course Code: HIS-500 Title of the Course: Debates in Indian History (up to 18<sup>th</sup> century) Number of Credits: 4 Effective from AY: 2022-23

Prerequisites	None	Number
for the course:		of hours
Objectives:	It aims to provide information to the students concerning the issues such as the nature of Harappan civilization, nature of state in ancient and medieval India, and debates such as Indo- Aryan, feudalism, early medieval urbanization, segmentary state in south India, and vernacularisation debate.	
<u>Content:</u>	<ul> <li>I. Early India: Harappan and Indo-Aryan Debate <ul> <li>a. Harappan Civilization: Indian and non-Indian origin; nature of state and society; Pasupati debate; Harappan and Saraswati civilization.</li> <li>b. Indo-Aryan Debate: <ul> <li>i. Standard view: Theories of original homeland of the Aryans;</li> <li>T.R. Trautmann, R.S. Sharma; the horse problem.</li> <li>ii. Alternative view: Aryans as indigenous people; Invasion vs. migration. B.B. Lal.</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>	13
	<ul> <li>II From Ancient to Medieval: Continuity or Change?</li> <li>a. The Mauryan State Debate.</li> <li>b. The Gupta and Post-Gupta phase: R.S. Sharma: Indian Feudalism thesis</li> <li>c. Alternative view: D.C. Sarcar and Harbans Mukhia</li> <li>d. Alternative view: B.D. Chattopadhyaya and Hermann Kulke</li> <li>e. Urban decay debate</li> <li>f. Kali age crisis</li> <li>g. Feudalism debate in Karnataka: R.N. Nandi, Y. Dayma.</li> </ul>	17
	<ul> <li>III The Medieval State</li> <li>a. South Indian state as Segmentary State; Herman Kulke. N. Karashima: Chola and Vijayanagara. Subbarayalu: the Chola State. Feudalism: Kesavan Veluthat.</li> <li>b. Delhi Sultanate: Theocratic or secular?</li> <li>c. The Mughal state</li> <li>i. Oriental Despotism and Asiatic Mode of Production</li> <li>i. Centralization: Irfan Habib and Athar Ali</li> <li>ii. Decentralization: C.A. Bayly and Revisionist historiography</li> <li>iii. Decline of the Mughals and 18<sup>th</sup> century debate</li> </ul>	17
	IV Vernacularisation debate	13

	a. Death of Sanskrit b. Sheldon Pollock thesis: Vernacularisation; Daud Ali; Manu Devadevan c. Alternative views: B.D. Chattopadhyaya, B.P. Sahu, Shonalika Kaul, Andrew Ollett
Pedagogy:	lectures/ tutorials/assignments/self-study
<u>References/</u>	1. Ali, D. Courtly Culture and Political Life in Early Medieval
<u>Readings</u>	India. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2014.
	2. Ali, M. A. "The Mughal polity - a critique of revisionist approaches." <i>Modern Asian Studies</i> 27, no. 4 (1993): 699-710.
	3. Champakalakshmi, R. <i>Trade, Ideology and Urbanization:</i> <i>South India 300 B.C. to A.D. 1300</i> . Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1996.
	4. Chattopadhyaya, B. D. <i>Making of Early Medieval India</i> . Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2006.
	5. Chaudhury, T. and I. Habib, eds. <i>Cambridge Economic History</i> <i>of India, Vol. I c. 1200 - c. 1750</i> . Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1982.
	6. Karashima, N. Ancient to Medieval: South Indian Society in Transition. Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2011.
	7. Karashima, N. A Concise History of South India: Issues and Interpretations. Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2014.
	8. Kulke, H. <i>The State in India, 1000-1700</i> . Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1998.
	9. Lal, B. B. "Rigvedic Aryans: The debate must go on." <i>East and West</i> 48, nos. 3–4 (December 1998): 439–48.
	10. Mukhia, H. The Feudalism Debate. Delhi: Manohar, 2000.
	11. Ollett, A. Language of the Snakes: Prakrit, Sanskrit and the Language Order of Pre-Modern India. Oakland: University of California Press, 2017.
	12. Pollock, S. The Language of the Gods in the World of Men: Sanskrit, Culture and Power in Pre-Modern India. Berkeley, CA: University of California Press, 2009.
	13. Possehl, G. L. The Indus Civilization: A Contemporary

	Perspective. New Delhi: Vistar Publications, 2006.
	14. Prakash, O. The New Cambridge History of India, II. 5: European Commercial Enterprise in Pre-Colonial India. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1998.
	15. Roy, T. A Business History of India: Enterprise and Emergence of Capitalism from 1700. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2018.
	16. Sahu, B. P. Interrogating Political Systems: Integrative Processes and States in Pre-Modern India. New Delhi: Manohar, 2015.
	17. Sahu, B. P. and Kesavan Veluthat, eds. <i>History and Theory:</i> <i>The Study of State, Institutions and Making of History.</i> Hyderabad: Orient Blackswan, 2019.
	18. Sharma, R. S. Indian Feudalism. Delhi: MacMillan, 1981.
	19. Stein, B. <i>Peasant, State and Society in Medieval South India</i> . Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1985.
	20. Stein, B. <i>The New Cambridge History of India: Vijayanagara</i> . New York: Cambridge University Press, 1989.
	21. Subbarayalu, Y. <i>South India under the Cholas</i> . Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2014.
	22. Sullivan, H. P. "A re-examination of the religion of the Indus Civilization." <i>History of Religions</i> 4, no. 1 (1964): 115–25.
	23. Thakur, V. K. "The essence of feudal economy and the perspective of third urbanisation in India." <i>Indian Anthropologist</i> 16, no. 2 (December 1986): 175–84.
	24. Trautmann, T. R. <i>The Aryan Debate</i> . New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2005.
	25. Veluthat, K. <i>The Political Structure of Early Medieval South</i> India. New Delhi: Orient Longman, 1993.
<u>Learning</u> Outcomes	Upon successful completion of this course, the student will be able to:
	1. Identify and assess the importance of sources for the study

	of the history of pre modern India	
2.	Think critically about the themes and issues in Indian history	
3.	Identify and analyse the principal debates in Indian history.	
4.	Acquire competencies to conduct historical research related	
	to the history of India.	

# Programme: M.A. (History) Course Code: HIS-501 Title of the Course: Issues and Debates in Goan History Number of Credits: 4 Effective from AY: 2022-23

Prerequisites for the	None	Number
<u>course:</u>		of
		hours
<u>Objectives:</u>	The course endeavours to equip the students with an in- depth understanding of the dominant politico- administrative, economic, and socio-cultural themes and issues pertaining to the history of Goa.	
	It intends to:	
	<ul> <li>provide a brief geo-political and ethno-historical introduction to Goa along with a socio-cultural profile of its society up to 1510.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>assess the impact of the politico-administrative and economic changes introduced by the Portuguese and review the local reaction to the same.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>critically examine the colonial policies of acculturation and their contribution to the structuring of the Goan identity.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>present a gender audit of the colonial contacts</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>review the main issues affecting postcolonial Goa.</li> </ul>	
<u>Content:</u>	I. From Pre-historic times to 1510	15
	<ul> <li>C.E.</li> <li>Sources for the study of history of Goa: Archaeological, Literary, Oral.</li> <li>Etymological roots. The land and its people. The <i>Gaunkari</i> system and the <i>Khazan</i> ecosystems.</li> <li>The Dudhsagar-Kushavati-Mhadei Material Culture: Problems of Dating and Identification.</li> <li>Political History of Goa (4th to 15th C.E.): Administration, Statecraft. Maritime Trade.</li> <li>Religion and Society, Cultural Developments.</li> </ul>	
	II. Colonisation of Goa	15
	<ul> <li>Portuguese Conquest: Motives, Phases.</li> </ul>	
	Colonial State: Principles, Policies, and Institutions.	
	Colonial Construction of Goa: Christianisation and	
	Lusitanisation: Denationalisation or Syncretism?	
	<ul> <li>Economic policies and structures. Indigenous inputs to colonial commerce.</li> </ul>	

	<ul> <li>Anglo-Portuguese Treaty of 1878.</li> <li>Remittance-based economy. Mining.</li> <li>Goan Diaspora.</li> <li>Impact of colonialism on society, language, literature and education.</li> <li>Codification of Family Laws.</li> <li>Status of women.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>III. Local Resistance to Liberation</li> <li>Resistance to Conversion Policy: Mhall Pai, Chorão, Colla, Assolna, Velim, Cuncolim.</li> <li>Priestly Protests.</li> <li>Rane Revolts. Military Mutinies.</li> <li>Constitutionalism. Liberalism. Nationalism.</li> <li>Struggle towards Freedom, 1946-1961: Causes, Role of Satyagraha, Armed Resistance, Role of</li> </ul>	15
	<ul> <li>Women.</li> <li>Government of India's Policy towards Liberation, Operation Vijay.</li> <li>IV. Goa since 1961</li> <li>Issues of Integration.</li> </ul>	15
	<ul> <li>Role of Regional and National Parties.</li> <li>Merger issue.</li> <li>Language politics.</li> <li>Dilemma of Development.</li> <li>Goan identity. Image of Goa and its Bollywood representation.</li> </ul>	
Pedagogy:	Lecture method/project-based learning/collaborative learning/visits to archives, museums/fieldwork/self-study	
References/Readings	<ol> <li>Alvares, Claude, ed. Fish, Curry and Rice: A Citizen's Report on the Goan Environment. Mapusa: The Other India Book Press, 2001.</li> <li>Angle, P. Goa: Concepts and Misconcepts. Bombay: The Hindu Association, 1994.</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Axelrod, Paul, and Michelle A. Fuerch. "Flight of the Deities: Hindu Resistance in Portuguese Goa." <i>Modern Asian Studies</i> 30, no. 2 (May 1996): 387–421.</li> </ol>	
	4. Boxer, C. R. "A Glimpse of the Goa Archives." <i>Bulletin of the School of Oriental and African Studies</i> 14, no. 2 (June 1952): 299–324.	

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	<ol> <li>Bragança Cunha, Tristão. Goa's Freedom Struggle. Bombay: T.B. Cunha Memorial Committee,1961.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Bragança Pereira, A. B. de. <i>Ethnography of Goa,</i> <i>Daman and Diu</i>. Translated by Maria Aurora Couto. New Delhi: Penguin, 2008.</li> </ol>
	7. Dantas, Norman. <i>The Transforming of Goa</i> . Mapusa: The Other India Press, 1999.
	<ol> <li>da Silva Gracias, Fatima. Kaleidoscope of Women in Goa, 1510-1961. New Delhi: Concept Publishing Company, 1996.</li> </ol>
	9. de Souza, Teotonio R. "Is There One Goan Identity, Several or None?" <i>Lusotopie</i> 7, no. 1 (2000): 487-495.
	10. de Souza, Teotonio R. <i>Goa to Me</i> . New Delhi: Concept Publishing Company, 1994.
	<ol> <li>de Souza, Teotonio R. <i>Medieval Goa: A Socio-Economic</i> <i>History</i>. Panaji: Goa 1556 and Broadway Book Centre, 2009.</li> </ol>
	12. de Souza, Teotonio R. <i>Goa Through the Ages. Vol. II:</i> <i>An Economic History</i> . New Delhi: Concept Publishing Company, 1990.
	13. Frenz, Margret. "Global Goans. Migration Movements and Identity in a Historical Perspective." <i>Lusotopie</i> 15, no. 1 (2008): 183–202.
	<ol> <li>Kamat, Pratima. Farar Far: Popular Resistance to Colonial Hegemony in Goa, 1510-1961. Panaji: Institute Menezes Braganza, 1999.</li> </ol>
	15. Kamat, Pratima. <i>'Tarini' and 'Tar-Vir': The Unique Boat Deities of Goa</i> . Panaji: GOINCARH, 2008.
	16. Kamat, Pratima. <i>Goa: Its Tryst with Trade</i> . Panaji: GCCI, 2009.
	17. Kamat, Pratima. "The Petroglyphs of Pansaimol, Goa." <i>History Today</i> , no. 6 (2005-06): 75-80.
	18. Kamat, Pratima. "From conversion to the civil code:

	Gender and the colonial state in Goa, 1510-1961." Indian Historical Review 27, no. 2 (July 2000): 61-86.
	19. Moraes, George. <i>The Kadamba Kula.</i> Bombay: B. X. Furtado and Sons, 1931.
	20. Parobo, Parag. India's First Democratic Revolution: Dayanand Bandodkar and the Rise of Bahujan in Goa. New Delhi: Orient BlackSwan, 2015.
	21. Pereira, Gerald. An Outline of Pre-Portuguese History of Goa. Vasco da Gama: Gerald Pereira, 1973.
	22. Pinto, Celsa. Trade and Finance in Portuguese India. New Delhi: Concept Publishing Company, 1986.
	<ol> <li>Pinto, Celsa. A Revolt of the Natives of Goa, 1787: The Forgotten Martyrs. Panaji: Broadway Book Centre, 2013.</li> </ol>
	24. Shastry, B. S. Socio-Economic Aspects of Portuguese Colonialism in Goa: 19th and 20th centuries. Belgaum: Yarbal Printers, 1990.
	25. Xavier, P. D. <i>Goa: A Social History, 1510-1640</i> . Panaji: Rajhauns Vitaran, 2010.
Learning Outcomes	Upon successful completion of this course, the student will be able to:
	<ol> <li>Identify and assess the importance of sources for the study of the history of Goa.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Think critically about the themes and issues in Goan history through the ages.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Identify and analyse the principal debates in Goan history.</li> </ol>
	4. Acquire competencies to conduct historical research related to the history of Goa.

# Programme: M. A. (History) Course Code: HIS-502 Title of the Course: History and Theory Number of Credits: 4 Effective from AY: 2022-23

Prerequisites for the	None	Number
<u>course:</u>		of hours
<u>Objectives:</u>	The rationale for this course is to draw out the theoretical basis upon which the past has been engaged by the discipline of history and the ways in which knowledge is both pursued and argued. This combines the more philosophical questions of epistemology and leads the way in exploring 'What is History'. Starting from the speculative to critical philosophy of history, historians pose different questions, devise a theoretical context to account for, develop different methods, write different narratives and at times challenge accepted ways of doing history. The course will, in other words, enable students to see how theories developed out of arguments and historical interpretations. At the same time, it will introduce the students to a series of seminal texts by philosophers and historians. It combines theory with practice to illuminate the practical implications of theory for the writing of history.	
<u>Content:</u>	I. Idea of history What is philosophy of history? Speculative and Critical Philosophy of history. Classical Greek and Roman Historiography: From 'myth' to history. Faith and history.	13
	<b>II. On 'progress', 'rationality' and method</b> Vico and the question of true knowledge. Enlightenment and the philosophy of history. Hegel's philosophy of history. Ranke: historicism, historical method, objectivity and hermeneutics. Collingwood: Historical authority and historical imagination. The <i>Annales</i> School. Beyond Annales. End of history?	17
	III. Marxism and history Historical Materialism; Base and superstructure. Gramsci's contribution. Thompson and the making of class. Bourdieu and forms of capital.	16
	<ul> <li>IV. Margins and the writing of history</li> <li>Women and philosophy of history: Simone de Beauvoir.</li> <li>Subaltern School. Postmodernism and history:</li> <li>objectivity, subjectivity and political engagement; key</li> </ul>	14

	concepts: deconstruction, power, discourse,
Dodogogyu	emplotment, orientalism.
<u>Pedagogy</u> :	Lectures (traditional, problem-based, discussion-based); tutorials; assignment-based; seminars; problem solving- based discussions; cooperative learning; close reading of text and self-study.
<u>References/</u>	1. Arnold, J. H. History: A Very Short Introduction. Oxford:
<u>Readings</u>	Oxford University Press, 2000.
	<ol> <li>Arnold, J. H. "Responses to the Postmodern Challenge; or, what Might History Become?" <i>European History</i> <i>Quarterly</i> 37, no, 1 (2007): 109–32.</li> </ol>
	3. Bentley, Michael. <i>Modern Historiography: An Introduction</i> . New York: Routledge, 1999.
	<ol> <li>Bhagwat, Vidyut. Feminist Social Thought: An Introduction to six key thinkers. Jaipur: Rawat Publications, 2004.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Bourdieu, Pierre. "The Forms of Capital." In Handbook of Theory and Research for the Sociology of Education, edited by J. G. Richardson, 241–58. Westport, CT: Greenwood, 1986.</li> </ol>
	6. Budd, Adam, ed. <i>The Modern Historiography Reader:</i> Western Sources. New York: Routledge, 2009.
	7. Burns, Robert, and Hugh Rayment-Pickard, eds. <i>Philosophies of History: From Enlightenment to</i> <i>Postmodernity</i> . Oxford: Blackwell, 2000.
	8. Carr, E. H. What is History? Basingstoke: Palgrave, 2001.
	9. Chakrabarty, Dipesh. "Subaltern Studies and Postcolonial Historiography." <i>Nepantla: Views from</i> <i>South</i> 1, no. 1 (2000): 9–32.
	10. Chaturvedi, Vinayak, ed. <i>Mapping Subaltern Studies and the Postcolonial</i> . New York: Verso-New Left Review, 2012.
	11. Collingwood, R. G. <i>The Idea of History</i> . Revised edition. Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1994.
	12. de Beauvoir, Simone. <i>The Second Sex</i> . Translated and ed. by H. M. Parshley.

	Harmondsworth, Middlesex: Penguin, 1987.
	13. Donnelly, Mark, and Claire Norton. <i>Doing History</i> . New York: Routledge, 2011.
	14. Evans, R. J. In Defense of History. New York: W.W. Norton & Co., 1999.
	15. Fukuyama, Francis. "The End of History?" The National Interest, no. 16 (Summer 1989): 3–18.
	16. Hughes-Warrington, Marnie. <i>Fifty Key Thinkers on History</i> . 2nd ed. New York: Routledge, 2008.
	17. Lemon, M. C. <i>Philosophy of History</i> . London: Routledge, 2003.
	<ol> <li>Marwick, Arthur. The New Nature of History: Knowledge, Evidence, Language. Basingstoke: Palgrave, 2001.</li> </ol>
	19. Munslow, Alan. <i>The Routledge Companion to Historical Studies</i> . 2nd ed. New York: Routledge, 2006.
	20. Perry, Matt. <i>Marxism and History</i> . New York: Palgrave Macmillan, 2002.
	21. Sreedharan, E. A Textbook of Historiography, 500 BC to AD 2000. New Delhi: Orient Blackswan, 2011.
	22. Thompson, Willie. <i>Postmodernism and History</i> . New York: Palgrave Macmillan, 2004.
	23. Tosh, John. The Pursuit of History: Aims, Methods and New Directions in the Study of History. 6th ed. New York: Routledge, 2015.
	24. Tucker, Aviezer, ed. A Companion to the Philosophy of History and Historiography. Oxford/Boston: Wiley- Blackwell, 2009.
Learning Outcomes	<ol> <li>A critical awareness of the theories and concepts utilised by practitioners of history to account for continuity and change in history.</li> <li>Understanding of how theory informs our</li> </ol>

3.	understanding of history. Substantial understanding of key debates and issues in historical research.	
4.	To make informed and relevant theoretical and methodological choices for historical research.	
5.	Strengthening analytical skills relating to historical research.	
6.	Construct evidence-based arguments by application of theory for 'the present past'.	

# Programme: M. A. (History) Course Code: HIS-503 Title of the Course: Early Modern Europe (1300–1750) Number of Credits: 4 Academic Year: 2022-2023

Prerequisites for the	None	Number
<u>course:</u>		of
		hours
Objectives:	The European history from the fourteenth to eighteenth centuries is a crucial phase in the history of the modern world. The course aims to provide a comprehensive understanding of European history from the Renaissance to the beginning of the Industrial Revolution. The objective is to analyse the major developments that influenced the making of modern Europe and shaped the modern world, particularly the European colonies in the Americas, Africa, and Asia.	
<u>Content:</u>		
	I. 'Renato', Explorations, Colonial Empires and	20
	Economies of Europe	
	Renaissance – Special conditions in Italy and the role of	
	Florence – Major Thinkers - Humanism – Art and	
	Literature – The Old Faith – The Reformation Challenge –	
	Counter-Reformation.	
	Explorations - Portugal takes the lead – Spain and the	
	Americas – Commercial Revolution – Price Revolution –	
	Crisis of the Seventeenth Century.	
	II. The Rise of Absolutism	
	Origins of Absolutism – Louis XIV - Mercantilism: Ideas	16
	and Practice – Nature of Absolutist States – English	
	Revolution – Glorious Revolution.	
	III. The Age of Reason	
	Old beliefs and rise of modern science from the	
	Renaissance to the seventeenth century – Leading	12
	Scientists – Causes for the Age of Enlightenment -	
	Enlightenment and its impact on society, politics and	
	religion – Important Philosophers – Art and Literature.	
	Enlightened Absolute Monarchs.	
	IV. Transition	
	Agrarian Revolution – Enclosure – Crop Rotation –	
	Mechanisation.	12
	Industrial Revolution – Transportation – Living and	
	working conditions.	
	From Feudalism to Capitalism.	

Pedagogy:	Lectures (traditional, problem-based, discussion-based); tutorials; assignment-based; seminars; cooperative learning and self-study.
<u>References/Readings</u>	1. Allen, R. C. "Why the industrial revolution was British: commerce, induced invention, and the scientific revolution." <i>The Economic History</i> <i>Review</i> 62, no. 2 (2011): 357-84.
	2. Armstrong, Alastair. <i>The European Reformation,</i> 1500–1610. Oxford: Heinemann, 2002.
	3. Bonney, Richard. <i>The European Dynastic States</i> 1494–1600. Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1991.
	4. Boxer, Charles R. <i>The Portuguese Seaborne Empire</i> . New York: Alfred A. Knopf, 1969.
	<ol> <li>Cameron, Euan, ed. Early Modern Europe: An Oxford History. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2001.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Cipolla, Carlo M. Before the Industrial Revolution: European Society and Economy 1000–1700. 3rd ed. New York: Routledge, 1993.</li> </ol>
	7. Davies, Norman. <i>Europe: A History</i> . New York: Oxford University, 1996.
	8. Dear, Peter. <i>Revolutionising the Sciences:</i> <i>European Knowledge and its Ambitions, 1500–</i> <i>1700.</i> Basingstoke: Palgrave, 2001.
	<ol> <li>Elliott, J. H. "A Europe of Composite Monarchies." Past &amp; Present 137, no. 1 (November 1992): 48- 71.</li> </ol>
	10. Elton, G. R. <i>Reformation Europe, 1517-1559</i> . Oxford: Blackwell Publishers, 1999.
	11. Gilmore, Myron Piper. The World of Humanism, 1453-1517. New York: Harper and Row, 1952.
	12. Henry, John. The Scientific Revolution and the Origins of Modern Science. London: Palgrave– Macmillan, 1997.

	13. Kumin, Beat, ed. The European World, 1500–1800:
	An Introduction to Early Modern History. New York: Routledge, 2009.
	14. O'Connell, Marvin R. <i>The Counter Reformation,</i> 1559-1610. New York: Harper & Row, 1974.
	15. Overton, Mark. Agricultural Revolution in England: The Transformation of Agrarian Economy, 1500– 1850. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1996.
	16. Phukan, Meenaxi. <i>Rise of the Modern West: Social and Economic History of the Early Modern Europe</i> . New Delhi: Macmillan, 1998.
	17. Scammel, G V. The First Imperial Age: European Overseas Expansion, 1400-1715. New York: Routledge, 1997.
	18. Sinha, Arvind. Europe in Transition: From Feudalism to Industrialisation. New Delhi: Manohar, 2017.
	19. Treasure, Geoffery. <i>The Making of Modern Europe, 1648–1780</i> . New York: Routledge, 2003.
	20. Wiesner–Hanks, Merry E. <i>Early Modern Europe,</i> 1450–1789. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2006.
Learning Outcomes	<ol> <li>Understand how historians have interpreted and explained the transformation of Europe from feudalism to capitalism.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Relate the history of early modern Europe to the questions of cultural, social, political and economic changes.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Recognise the theoretical and empirical approaches that historians take to study the</li> </ol>
	<ul><li>history of early modern Europe.</li><li>4. Identify key processes and debates in early modern European history.</li></ul>

Programme: M.A. (History) Course Code: HIS-521 Title of the Course: Imperialism, Nationalism and Decolonisation in Africa Number of Credits: 4 Effective from AY: 2022-23

Pre-requisites for the	Students should exhibit interest in the history of Africa.	Number
<u>course:</u>		of
		hours
		nours
<u>Objectives:</u>	<ul> <li>Analyse the genesis of the ideology of empire and recipient colonial society in the context of ruler and ruled relation.</li> <li>Understand the process of decolonization in British, French and Portuguese Africa.</li> <li>Comprehend how African people tackled the issue of colonisation leading to the rise of nation-states.</li> </ul>	
	I. Imperialism and Colonialism:	
<u>Content:</u>	Theories of imperialism- Economic and political, forms and stages of imperialism. Colonialism: Meaning, motives, mechanism and expansion in Africa.	15
	Modes of colonial control- its manifestations and legitimization. II. Establishment of Colonial Control in Africa: European colonialism. Colonial governments (British, French and Portuguese) as system of power - political subjugation, administrative apparatus, colonialism and economy. Plantations and colonial policies, foreign investments and local economy. Social challenges- idea of race, racial domination vis-à-vis "colonial consciousness"- Apartheid. III. Nationalist ideology in Africa:	15
	African identity and "Cultural Consciousness"-Frantz Fanon and "Colonial Consciousness." Idea of Nationalism and "National Consciousness" views of Anthony Smith. Pan-Africanism and its impact on the National Movement in Africa. <b>IV. Decolonisation Struggle:</b> Understanding Decolonisation; Nationalist stirrings and struggle for freedom. Role of leaders. Political parties: aims, objectives and challenges. Influence of international events - End of British- French	15

	rule in Africa, Liberation of Portuguese Africa.	
		15
Pedagogy:	lectures/tutorials/seminar-presentation/self-study/book	
	review/movie review	
References/Readings	1. Anderson, Benedict. Imagined Communities: Reflections on the Origin and Spread of Nationalism. London: Verso, 1983.	
	<ol> <li>Bannerjee, Brojendra Nath. Apartheid: Crime against Humanity. New Delhi: B. R. Publishing Corporation, 1987.</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Boahen, A. Adu. African Perspectives on Colonialism. Baltimore, London and Accra: Johns Hopkins University Press, James Currey and Sankofa, 1989.</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Bulmer, Martin, and John Solomos, eds. Nationalism and National Identities. London: Routledge, 2014.</li> </ol>	
	5. Duffy, James. <i>Portugal in Africa</i> . Cambridge, Massachusetts: Harvard University Press, 1962.	
	6. Efimov, Dmitri. World War II and the Destinies of Asian and African People. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers, 1985.	
	7. Elies, Olawale. <i>Government and Policies in Africa</i> . New Delhi: Asia Publishing House, 1963.	
	8. Fanon, Frantz. <i>The Wretched of the Earth</i> . Translated by Constance Farringdon. Harmondsworth: Penguin, 1982.	
	9. Gellner, Ernest. <i>Encounters with Nationalism</i> . Oxford: Blackwell Publishers, 1997.	

10 Cuptor John Incide Africa Londony Hamish	
10. Gunter, John. <i>Inside Africa</i> . London: Hamish Hamilton, 1955.	
11. Hallete, Robin. <i>Africa Since 1875</i> . New Delhi: Surjeet Publications, 1989.	
12. Hardgreaves, J. D. <i>Decolonisation in Africa</i> . London: Longman, 1988.	
13. Hobsbawm, E. J. Nation and Nationalism since 1780: Programme, Myth and Reality. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1990.	
14. Hyam, Ronald. Understanding the British Empire. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2010.	
15. Mackenzie, John. The Participation of Africa 1880- 1900 and the European Imperialism in the Nineteenth Century. London: Methuen and Company, 1983.	
16. Maddox, Gregory, ed. <i>Conquest and Resistance to Colonialism in Africa</i> . Abingdon: Routledge, 2019.	
17. Maya, D. Narrating Colonialism: Post-Colonial Images of the British in Indian English Fiction. New Delhi: Prestige Books, 1997.	
18. Meredith, Martin. <i>Diamonds, Gold and War</i> . London: Simon and Schuster, 2007.	
19. Nandy, Ashis. <i>The Intimate Enemy: Loss and Recovery of Self under Colonialism</i> . New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1983.	
20. Smith, Anthony. <i>State and Nation in the Third World: The Western State and African Nationalism.</i> Sussex: Sussex Wheetsheef Books, 1983.	
21. Smith, Anthony. <i>The Ethnic Origins of Nation.</i> Oxford: Oxford Basil Blackwell, 1989.	
Learning Outcomes         1. Analyse African response to imperial conquest	

	and colonial rule.	
2.	Learn to put African nationalism into historical	
	context.	
3.	Understand African history from African	
	perspective and learn how political independence	
	was regained by Africans.	
4.	Train the students to apply the concepts in actual	
	research situation.	

Programme: M.A. (History) Course code: HIS-522 Title of the course: Ancient Indian Numismatics Number of credits: 4

Effective from AY: 2022- 2023

Prerequisites for the	Student	ts should have interest in the study of the history	Number
course		ismatics.	of hours
Objectives:	To stud	ly the importance of coins as a source of history	
	and hig	shlight their role in reconstructing the political,	
	socio-ci	ultural and economic history of ancient India.	
Content:		Introduction to Numismatics and antiquity of coinage	15
	i.	Numismatic Studies: Definition, Scope and Historiography. Numismatics as a source of history.	
	ii.	Provenance of coins: Archaeological	
		excavations and stratigraphic relevance,	
		stray findings, hoards, private and museum collections.	
	iii.	Importance and application of Numismatics	
		data to Archaeology and study of History.	
		<ul> <li>Coinage of Ancient India: Classification and Characteristics</li> <li>Different categories of the coins: Shape, size, metals/alloys, weight standard and denominations.</li> <li>Typology: Obverse-reverse device, legend, symbols, mint marks.</li> <li>Decipherment and dating: Knowledge of scripts-Brahmi, Kharoshti and Greek.</li> <li>Identification and classification of coins: Punch-Marked, Uninscribed Cast Coins, Indo-Greek, Indo-Scythian and Indo-Parthian dynasties, Tribal coins, Local Coins, Coins of City States, Coinage of the Kushanas, Satavahanas, Western Kshatrapas: Kshaharata and Kardamaka Rulers, Sangam</li> </ul>	20
		Period- Chera, Chola and Pandya, Roman Coins in India, Guptas, Kadambas and Shilaharas.	
	111.	Minting Technology and Processication	15
	i.	Minting Technology and Preservation Metallurgy of Coins.	1.5
	ii.	Minting Techniques: Punch-marked, Casting,	

	<ul> <li>Die-Struck.</li> <li>iii. Destructive and Non-destructive methods of Analysis.</li> <li>iv. Coin Cleaning, Treatment and Preservation. Preparation of coin catalogue.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>IV. Statutory provisions regarding Numismatic Antiquities <ol> <li>Treasure Trove Act (1878).</li> <li>The Ancient Monuments and Archaeological Sites and Remains Act (1958).</li> <li>Antiquities and Art Treasures Act (1972).</li> <li>The Antiquities and Art Treasures Rules (1973).</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	10
Pedagogy:	Lectures/guest lectures/tutorials/field	
	visits/assignments/self-study	
References/Readings:	<ol> <li>Agrawala, V. S. Ancient Coins as Known to Panini, vol. 15. Lucknow: University of Lucknow, 1953.</li> <li>Altekar, A.S. "Origins and Early History of Coinage in Ancient India." Journal of Numismatic Society of India 15 (1953):1-26.</li> <li>Altekar, A.S. The Coinage of the Gupta Empire. Varanasi: Numismatic Society of India, 1957.</li> <li>Bhardwaj, H.C. Aspects of Ancient Indian Technology. Delhi: Motilal Banarsidas. 1979.</li> <li>Chattopadhyaya, Bhaskar. The Age of the Kushanas: A Numismatic Study. Calcutta: Punthi Pustak, 1967.</li> <li>Chattopadhyaya, B. D. Coins and Currency System in South India, c. AD 225-1300. Delhi: Manohar Publication, 1977.</li> <li>Cribb, Joe. The Indian Coinage Tradition: Origins, Continuity &amp; Change. Nasik: Indian Institute of Research in Numismatic Studies, 2005.</li> <li>Dasgupta, Kalyan Kumar. A Tribal History of Ancient India: A Numismatic Approach. Calcutta: Navabharat Publishers, 1974.</li> </ol>	

	<ol> <li>Datta, Mala. A Study of the Satavahana Coinage. Delhi: Harman Publishing House, 1990.</li> <li>Gupta, P. L. Coins. Delhi: National Book Trust, 1969.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Gupta, P. L, ed. Numismatics and Archaeology. Nasik: Indian Institute of Research in Numismatic Studies, 1987.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Gupta, P. L. Coins: Source of Indian History. Ahmedabad: B.J. Institute of Learning and Research, 1981.</li> </ol>
	13. Gupta, P. L, and Sarojini Kulashreshtha. Kushana Coins and History. New Delhi: D.K.Publishers, 1993.
	14. Jha, Amiteshwar, and Dilip Rajgor. Studies in the Coinage of the Western Kshatrapas. Nasik: Indian Institute of Research in Numismatic Studies, 1994.
	15. Kosambi, D.D. <i>Indian Numismatics</i> . New Delhi: Orient Longman, 1992.
	16. Mukherjee, B. N and P.K.D. Lee. <i>Technology of Indian Coinage</i> . Calcutta: Indian Museum, 1998.
	17. Prakash, Satya and Rajendra Singh. <i>Coinage in</i> Ancient India. Delhi: The Research Institute of Asian Scientific Studies, 1968.
	<ol> <li>Rajgor, Dilip. Punch-marked Coins of Early Historic India. San Jose, CA: Reesha Books International, 2001.</li> </ol>
	19. Sahni, Birbal. The Technique of Casting Coins in Ancient India. Varanasi: Bharatiya Publishing House, 1973.
	20. Sarma, I.K. <i>Coinage of the Satavahana Empire</i> . Delhi: Agam Kala Prakashan, 1980.
	21. The Antiquities and Art Treasures (Act No. 52 of 1952) with Rules, 1973 and Notifications. Delhi: Delhi Law House.
Learning Outcomes	<ol> <li>Understand how historians have analysed the numismatic history of ancient India.</li> <li>Relate the history of numismatics to the concepts such as state formation and feudalism.</li> </ol>

 3.	Recognise the theoretical and empirical	
	approaches to the study of coins.	
4.	Apply the numismatics-related skills in actual	
	research situation.	

#### Semester II Programme: M. A. (History) Course Code: HIS-504 Title of the Course: Indian National Movement (1857-1947) Number of Credits: 4 Effective from AY: 2022- 2023

Prerequisites for the	None	Number
<u>course</u>		of hours
Objective:	To enable students to comprehend the nature,	
	dynamics and significance of the Indian National	
	Movement.	
	To analyze the technique of satyagraha, policy of	
	constructive work, and ideologies like democracy,	
	secularism and socialism involved in the national	
	struggle for independence.	
	To discuss the issues and problems, myths and realities	
	connected with the Indian National Movement.	
	To enable students to understand the historiographical	
	trends in the study of Indian National Movement.	
Content:	I. Revolt of 1857, British Empire and	20
	Nationalism	
	Perceptions on the Revolt of 1857 – Administrative	
	Changes after 1857. Consequences of the British-	
	Domination on India - Administrative and Economic	
	Unification – Modern Education – Press - Religious and	
	Social Reform- Contradictions of Colonial Rule – Early	
	Associations – Birth of the Indian National Congress:	
	Myth of Safety Valve and the Reality.	
	II. Early Nationalism (1885-1905)	10
	Congress Programme of Constitutional, Administrative,	10
	and	
	Economic Reforms – Economic Ideology – Methods of	

	Political Work – Attitude of the Government.	
	III. Nationalist Movement (1905 – 1935) Growth of Militant Nationalism – Partition of Bengal –	20
	Swadeshi and Boycott Movements –Role of	
	Revolutionaries– Muslim League - Hindu Mahasabha -	
	Beginnings of Communal Politics – World War I – Home	
	Rule Leagues- Emergence of M.K. Gandhi – Rowlatt	
	Satyagraha – Khilafat and Non-Cooperation Movements	
	– Swarajist Politics - Simon Boycott – Dominion Status to	
	Purna Swaraj – Civil Disobedience Movements- B.R.	
	Ambedkar and Depressed Classes Rights.	
	IV. Towards Freedom (1935-1947) Congress Ministries – Growth of Socialist Ideas - Growth	10
	of Communalism – Subhash Chandra Bose and INA –	
	Quit India Movement – Demand for Pakistan – RIN	
	Revolt – Transfer of Power.	
Pedagogy:	lectures/ tutorials/assignments/self-study/seminars	
References/Readings:	<ol> <li>Bandyopadhyay, Sekhar. From Plassey to Partition: A History of Modern India. New Delhi: Orient Longman, 2004.</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Bandyopadhyay, Sekhar, ed. 1857: Essays from Economic and Political Weekly. New Delhi: Orient Longman, 2008.</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Banerjee-Dube, Ishita. A History of Modern India. New Delhi: Cambridge University Press, 2015.</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Bhattacharya, Sabyasachi, ed. <i>Rethinking 1857</i>. New Delhi: Orient Longman, 2007.</li> </ol>	
	5. Brown, Judith M. Gandhi's Rise to Power: Indian	

	<i>Politics 1915-1922</i> , Cambridge: CUP, 1972.	
6.	Chandra, Bipan. Nationalism and Colonialism in Modern India. New Delhi: Orient Longman, 1979.	
7.	Chandra, Bipan. <i>Rise and Growth of Economic Nationalism in Modern India.</i> New Delhi: People's Publishing House, 1982.	
8.	Chandra, Bipan and others. India's Struggle for	
	Independence. New Delhi: Penguin Books, 1989.	
9.	Dalrymple, William. <i>The Last Mughal. The Fall of a Dynasty</i> . Delhi, 1857. New York: Alfred A. Knopf, 2007.	
10.	. Desai, A.R. <i>Social Background of Indian</i> <i>Nationalism.</i> Bombay: Popular Prakashan, 1982.	
11.	. Dutt, R.P. <i>India To-Day.</i> Calcutta: Manisha Granthalaya, 1986.	
12.	. Gallaghar, John, Gordon Johnson and Anil Seal, eds. <i>Locality, Province and Nation: Essays in</i> <i>Indian Politics 1870-1940.</i> Cambridge: CUP, 1973.	
13.	Gordon, Johnson. Provincial Politics and Indian Nationalism: Bombay and the Indian National Congress 1880-1915. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1973.	
14.	. Gupta, Manmathnath. History of the Indian	

	<i>Revolutionary Movement.</i> Bombay: Somaiya Publications, 1972.
15	5. Jalal, Ayesha. The Sole Spokesman: Jinnah, the Muslim League and the Demand for Pakistan. Cambridge: CUP,1985.
16	5. Jones, Kenneth W. <i>Socio-Religious Reform Movements in British India</i> , Cambridge: CUP, 1994.
17	7. Minault, Gail. <i>The Khilafat Movement: Religious</i> <i>Symbolism and Political Mobilization in India.</i> Delhi: OUP, 1982.
18	3. Mukherjee, Rudrangshu. <i>The Year of Blood: Essays on the Revolt of 1857.</i> New York: Routledge, 2018.
19	9. Panikkar, K.N, ed. National and Left Movements in India. New Delhi: Vikas Publication, 1980.
20	D. Pati, Biswamoy, ed. <i>The 1857 Rebellion</i> . New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2007.
21	I. Roy, Tirthankar. <i>The Economic History of India</i> 1857-1947. New Delhi: OUP, 2000.
22	2. Sarkar, Sumit. <i>Modern India 1885-1947.</i> New Delhi: Macmillan, 1983.
23	3. Seal, Anil. The Emergence of Indian Nationalism. Cambridge: CUP, 1968.

	24. Sisson, Richard, and Stanley A. Wolpert, eds. <i>Congress and Indian Nationalism: The Pre-</i> <i>independence Phase.</i> Berkeley: University of California Press, 1988.
	25. Shakir, Moin. <i>Khilafat to Partition – A Study of Major Political Trends among Indian Muslims during 1919-1941</i> .Delhi: Ajanta Publications, 1983.
Learning Outcomes:	<ol> <li>Students will be able to analyze the contradictions of British colonialism in India and the reasons for the emergence and growth of nationalism.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Understand the long-term strategy and ideological dimensions of Indian National Movement.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Comprehend the concepts of satyagraha, ahimsa, mass movement and their significance.</li> <li>Appreciate the ideas of freedom, parliamentary</li> </ol>

# Programme: M. A. (History) Course Code: HIS-505 Title of the Course: Imperialism, Nationalism and Decolonisation in Asia Number of Credits: 4 Effective from AY: 2022-23

Prerequisites for the	None	Number
<u>course:</u>		of hours
Objectives:	To critically examine the concepts of Imperialism, Nationalism, Decolonisation and Neo-colonialism. To analyze the modes and manifestations of colonialism in India, China, Japan, Indonesia, Indo-China and Burma and the nationalist responses in these countries. Study and analyze theories as well as rise of nationalism and national movements.	
Content:		
	<ul> <li>Perceptions on Imperialism and Colonialism</li> <li>J. A. Hobson and Imperialism. Theory of</li> <li>Underdevelopment: Paul Baran – A.G. Frank – Samir Amin.</li> <li>Modern World System Theory: Immanuel Wallerstein.</li> </ul>	15
	II. Manifestations of Colonialism and its functioning	15
	Colony-Protectorate – Spheres of Influence. Neo-colonialism The Colonial Experience: Cases of India, China, Japan,Indo- China, Indonesia and Burma.	
	III. Theorising Nation and Nationalism Meaning. Factors for the Genesis of Nationalism. Theories of	15
	Nationalism: Benedict Anderson, Ernest Gellner. Anthony D.	
	Smith and Partha Chatterjee.	
	IV. National Movements and De-colonisation	15
	India, China, Japan, Vietnam and Indonesia and Burma. Concept of De-colonisation and Neo-colonialism and its impact.	
Pedagogy:	Lectures/tutorials/assignments/self-study/seminars	

References/Readings	1. Amin, Samir. Imperialism and Unequal Development New York: Monthly Review Press, 1977.
	2. Anderson, Benedict. Imagined Communities: Reflections onthe Origin and Spread of Nationalism. London: Verso, 1991.
	3. Bandopadhyaya, Sekhar. <i>Decolonization in South Asia</i> . London: Routledge, 2009.
	4. Baran, Paul, <i>The Political Economy of</i> Growth. New Delhi: People's Publishing House, 1958.
	5. Beasley, W. C. <i>Modern Japan: Aspects of History, Literature and Society</i> . California: University of California Press, 1975.
	6. Braudel, Fernand. <i>The Perspectives of Capitalism</i> . 3vols. Berkeley, CA: University of California Press, 1992.
	7. Cady, J. F. South East Asia: Its Historical Development New York: Mcgraw Hill Book Co., 1964.
	8. Chandra, Bipan. <i>The Rise and Growth of Economic Nationalism in Modern</i> India. New Delhi: People's Publishing House, 1965.
	9. Chandra, Bipan. Nationalism and Colonialism in Modern India. New Delhi, Orient Longman, 1979.
	10. Chatterjee, Partha. <i>The Nation and its Fragments:</i> <i>Colonial and Postcolonial Histories</i> . Princeton, NJ: Princeton University Press, 1993.
	11. Clyde, P. H, and B. F. Beers, <i>The Far East: A History of Western Impacts and Eastern Responses, 1830-1975</i> . New Delhi: Prentice Hall, 1977.
	12. Dobb, Maurice. Studies in the Development of Capitalism. London: Routledge and Kegan Paul, 1963.
	13. Edwardes, Michael. Asia in the European Age 1498-1955. New Delhi: Asia Publishing House, 1961.

14. Fieldhouse, D. K. <i>Colonialism: An Introduction (1870- 1945)</i> . London: Weidenfeld and Nicolson, 1981.	
15. Frank, A. G. <i>Dependent Accumulation and Underdevelopment</i> . Basingstoke: Palgrave Macmillan, 1978.	
16. Furnivall, J. S. Colonial Policy and Practice: A Comparative Study of Burma and Netherlands India. New York: New York University Press, 1956.	
17. Furnivall, J. S. <i>Netherlands India, A Study of Plural Economy</i> . New York, Macmillan, 1944.	
18. Gellner, Ernest. <i>Encounters with Nationalism</i> . Oxford: Basil Blackwell, 1983.	
19. Hobson, A. J. <i>Imperialism: A Study</i> . London: George Allen &Unwin Ltd., 1961.	
20. Hsu, Immanuel C.Y. <i>The Rise of Modern China</i> . New York: Oxford University Press, 1990.	
21. Lawrence, Paul. <i>Nationalism: History and Theory</i> . London: Routledge, 2004.	
22. Panikkar, K. M. Asia and Western Dominance: A Survey of the Vasco da Gama Epoch of Asian History, 1498-1945. London: Allen and Unwin, 1947.	
23. Rothermund, Dietmar. <i>The Routledge Companion to Decolonization</i> . New York: Routledge, 2006.	
24. Smith Anthony D. <i>The Ethnic Origins of Nations</i> . Oxford: Basil Blackwell, 1986.	
25. Wallerstein, Immanuel. <i>The Modern World System</i> , 3vols. New York: Academic Press, 1974.	
1. Analyze the main theories and interpretations on colonialism, nationalism, de-colonisation and neo-colonialism.	
<ul><li>2. Understand the emergence of the Modern World System and its impact on Asia.</li><li>3. Analyze the dynamics and dimensions in the colonial</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>Analyze the dynamics and dimensions in the colonial working and nationalist movements.</li> <li>4. Assess the debates that emerged in this field of study.</li> </ul>	

# Programme: M. A. (History) Course Code: HIS-506 Title of the Course: "Doing History": An Introduction to Historical Methods Number of Credits: 4 Effective from AY: 2022-23

Prerequisites for the	None	Number
<u>course:</u>		of hours
Objectives:	"Doing History" aims to introduce the students to the discipline of history and how to "do" history, that is, to the methods of historical research, and familiarise them with the tools and techniques used by historians to study the past. It is intended to introduce students to the basics of doing research in the discipline of history, and to the process of writing history, including the selection of a research topic, the techniques of historical research, the use of primary and secondary sources, historical criticism, analysis and synthesis. The overall objective of this course is, therefore, to provide the student with the requisite information, skills, and tools needed to do research in the discipline of history.	
<u>Content:</u>	I. History: Its Meaning and Nature What is history? Why study history? Varieties of History History and other disciplines History: art or science? Causation in history Objectivity in historical research and writing Certainty in history	15
	<ul> <li>II. Beginning Research</li> <li>Main stages in doing research in history</li> <li>Basic research skills in 'doing' history</li> <li>Selecting a research topic</li> <li>Formulating research questions</li> <li>Preparing a research outline</li> <li>Ethics of doing research in history</li> </ul>	10
	III. Sources and Resources Secondary and Primary How to use Archival Sources Textual analysis Literature, maps, sculptures: as history History and material evidence Doing history in a museum. Public history Oral History. Interviewing techniques and best practices;	20

	Ethnohistorical sources. Historical "memory" versus historical	
	evidence	
	Quantification in history Online resources for 'doing' history.	
	Chime resources for doing history.	
	IV. Interrogating Evidence and Writing History	15
	Evaluating authenticity and credibility of sources	
	Making notes	
	Writing a research paper in history	
	Citing sources: Footnotes, Bibliography	
Pedagogy:	Lecture method/project-based learning/collaborative	
	learning/ /hands-on learning through visits to archives,	
	museums/self-study	
References/	1. Abbott, Mary, ed. <i>History Skills: A Student's</i>	
Readings	Handbook. Second edition. Abingdon: Routledge,	
	2009.	
	2. Arnold, John H. History: A Very Short Introduction.	
	New York: Oxford University Press, 2000.	
	3. Bloch, Marc. <i>The Historian's Craft</i> . Introduction by	
	Joseph R. Strayer. Translated from the French by Peter Putnam. New York: Alfred A. Knopf, 1953.	
	Peter Putriani. New York. Anreu A. Khopi, 1955.	
	4. Brien, James. "The Role of Causation in History."	
	<i>History in the Making</i> , 2.1 (2013): 72-81.	
	5. Carr, E. H. What is History? With a new introduction	
	by Richard J. Evans. 40 <sup>th</sup> anniversary edition.	
	Basingstoke: Palgrave, 2001.	
	C. Claus Datas and John Marriett Vistamy An	
	6. Claus, Peter and John Marriott. <i>History: An</i> Introduction to Theory, Method and Practice. Second	
	edition. Abingdon: Routledge, 2017.	
	7. Collingwood. R. G. <i>The Idea of History</i> . Revised	
	edition. Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1994.	
	8. Donnelly, Mark and Claire Norton. <i>Doing History</i> .	
	Abingdon: Routledge, 2011.	
	0 Elton C. D. The Departies of History, Outand, Dischard	
	<ol> <li>Elton, G. R. <i>The Practice of History</i>. Oxford: Blackwell, 2002.</li> </ol>	
	2002.	
	10. Evans, Richard J. In Defence of History. London:	
	Granta Books, 1997.	
	Giailla DUUKS, 1337.	

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	11. Flick, Uwe. <i>The SAGE Handbook of Qualitative Data Analysis</i> . London: SAGE Publications Ltd, 2014.
	12. Garraghan, Gilbert J. A Guide to Historical Method. New York: Fordham University Press, 1946.
	13. Gottschalk, Louis. Understanding History: A Primer of Historical Method. New York: Alfred A. Knopf, 1950.
	<ol> <li>Heehs, Peter. "Myth, History and Theory." History and Theory 33, no. 1 (1994): 1-19.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Howell, Martha and Walter Prevenier. From Reliable Sources: An Introduction to Historical Methods. Ithaca: Cornell University Press, 2001.</li> </ol>
	16. Jenkins, Keith. At the Limits of History: Essays on Theory and Practice. Abingdon: Routledge, 2009.
	<ol> <li>Loughran, Tracey, ed. A Practical Guide to Studying History- Skills and Approaches. London: Bloomsbury, 2017.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Marwick, Arthur. The New Nature of History Knowledge, Evidence, Language. Basingstoke: Palgrave, 2001.</li> </ol>
	19. McDowell, W. H. <i>Historical Research: A Guide</i> . Abingdon: Routledge, 2002.
	20. Munslow, Alun, ed. <i>The Routledge Companion <b>to</b></i> <i>Historical Studies</i> . Abingdon: Routledge, 2006.
	21. Perks, Robert and Alistair Thompson, eds. <i>The Oral History Reader</i> . London: Routledge, 2006.
	22. Shafer, R. J. <i>A Guide to Historical Method</i> . Illinois: The Dorsey Press, 1974.
	23. Southgate, Beverley. <i>History: What and Why?</i> Ancient, Modern and Postmodern Perspectives. Second edition. London: Routledge, 2001.
	24. Tosh, John. The Pursuit of History: Aims, Methods and New Directions in the Study of History. Sixth edition. Abingdon: Routledge, 2015.

	25. Vansina, Jan. <i>Oral Tradition as History</i> . Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1985.
<u>Learning Outcomes</u>	<ul> <li>Upon the successful completion of this course, the student will be able to: <ol> <li>assess the importance of studying the past and presenting conclusions informed by historical research;</li> <li>distinguish between and appraise primary and secondary historical sources;</li> <li>articulate the process of developing research questions, conducting historical research, and presenting findings in an original manner;</li> <li>identify the challenges of conducting historical research and the differences between quantitative and qualitative methodologies;</li> <li>conduct historical research using non-textual and cultural sources; and</li> </ol> </li> </ul>

# Programme: M.A. (History) Course Code: HIS-507 Title of the Course: India and the Indian Ocean World Number of Credits: 4 Effective from AY: 2022-23

Prerequisites for the	None	Number
<u>course:</u>		of
		hours
Objectives:	The Indian Ocean is by far the 'oldest' sea in history. The movement of people, goods, religions, ideas and technology has profoundly shaped the region and the development of the modern world. This course focuses on the methods of multi–dimensional history by highlighting the intricate relationship between the spatial concepts such as space, time and structure and the role of material culture. It looks at the vast Indian Ocean, as a heuristic concept and as a physical space and aims to present a complex analysis of the historical forces both in the past and the present.	
Content:	I. The Early Maritime Contacts	12
	Methodology: <i>Longue durée</i> ; Ethnoarchaeology. Fishing and Sailing communities. Maritime networks: Mesopotamia, Indus ports, Persian Gulf. Greco–Roman contacts. <b>II. Faith, Empires and Technology</b>	
	Buddhism and maritime activity. Monastery and Guild. Rise of Islam. Impact of Islamic, Persian and Chinese Empires. Developments in early Southeast Asia. East Africa. Navigational methods. Boat building traditions. Ports. Craft production and trading commodities.	18
	<b>III. Europeans and the Indian Ocean World</b> The Portuguese Impact. The Dutch Enterprise. The British Impact. The French Ports. Merchant communities: indigenous and foreign.	18
	IV. The Indian Ocean Rim: Geopolitics and Development Geo-political, Economic and Strategic significance of the Indian Ocean; India's strategic, economic and maritime interests in the Indian Ocean; Global power dynamics and regional powers in Indian Ocean.	12
Pedagogy:	Lectures (traditional, problem-based, discussion-based); tutorials; assignment-based; seminars; problem solving-based discussions; insight-based peer reviews; cooperative learning; self-study.	
References/Readings	1. Arunachalam, B. Heritage of Indian Sea Navigation. Mumbai: Maritime History Society, 2002.	
	2. Barnes, Ruth, and David Parkin, eds. Ships and the Development of Maritime Technology on the Indian Ocean. London: Routledge Curzon, 2016.	

3. Bose, Sugata. A Hundred Horizons: The Indian Ocean in the Age of Global Empire. Cambridge, MA: Harvard University Press, 2006.
4. Chandra, Satish, ed. <i>The Indian Ocean: Explorations in History, Commerce and Politics</i> . New Delhi: Sage, 1987.
5. Chandra, Satish B, and Arunachalam and V. Suryanarayan, eds. The Indian Ocean and its Islands: Strategic, Scientific and Historical Perspectives. New Delhi: Sage, 1993.
6. Chaudhuri, K. N. Trade and Civilisation in the Indian Ocean: An Economic History from the Rise of Islam to 1750. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1985.
7. Das Gupta, Ashin, and M. N. Pearson, eds. <i>India and the Indian Ocean 1500-1800</i> . Calcutta: Oxford University Press, 1987.
8. Kohli, S. N. Sea Power and the Indian Ocean: With Special Reference to India. New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill, 1978.
9. Kulke, Hermann, Kesavapany K, and Vijay Sakhuja, eds. Nagapattinam to Suvarnadwipa: Reflections on the Chola Naval Expeditions to Southeast Asia. Singapore: Institute of Southeast Asian Studies, 2009.
10. Malekandathil, Pius. <i>Maritime India: Trade, Religion, and Polity in the Indian Ocean</i> . Delhi: Primus Books, 2010.
11. Malekandathil, Pius, ed. <i>The Indian Ocean in the Making of Early Modern India</i> . Delhi: Manohar and Routledge, 2017.
12. McPherson, Kenneth. <i>The Indian Ocean: A History of People and the Sea</i> . New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1993.
13. Middleton, John. "Merchants: An Essay in Historical Ethnography". Journal of Royal Anthropological Institute 9, no. 3 (2003): 509–26.
14. Panikkar, K. M. India and the Indian Ocean: An Essay on the Influence of Sea Power, New York: Macmillan Company, 1945.
15. Pearson, M. N. The Indian Ocean. New York: Routledge,

	2010.
	16. Philips, Andrew, and J. C Sharman. International Order in Diversity: War, Trade and Rule in the Indian Ocean. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2015.
	17. Ray, Himanshu Prabha. <i>The Archaeology of Seafaring in Ancient South Asia</i> . Cambridge: Cambridge, 2003.
	18. Ray, Himanshu Prabha. <i>Coastal Shrines and Transnational Maritime Networks Across India and Southeast Asia</i> . London and New York: Routledge, 2020.
	19. Ray, Himanshu Prabha, ed. <i>The Archaeology of Knowledge Traditions of the Indian Ocean World</i> . New York: Routledge, 2021.
	20. Risso, Patricia. <i>Merchants and Faith: Muslim Commerce and Culture in the Indian Ocean</i> . Boulder: Westview Press, 1995.
	21. Roy, Tirthankar. <i>India in the World Economy- From Antiquity</i> to the Present. New Delhi: Cambridge University Press, 2012.
	22. Rumley, Dennis, and Sanjay Chaturvedi, eds. <i>Geopolitical</i> <i>Orientations, Regionalism and Security in the Indian Ocean</i> , London: Routledge, 2004.
	23. Rumley, Dennis, and Sanjay Chaturvedi, eds. <i>Energy Security and the Indian Ocean Region</i> , London: Routledge, 2015.
	24. Scammell, Geoffrey V. The First Imperial Age: European Overseas Expansion 1500-1715. New York: Routledge, 1991.
	25. Tarling, Nicholas, ed. <i>Cambridge History of Southeast Asia:</i> <i>From Early Times to c. 1500.</i> New York: Cambridge University Press, 1999.
Learning Outcomes	1. Understand major historical forces and dynamics within the
	Indian Ocean World. 2. Recognise the theoretical and empirical approaches
	<ol> <li>historians take to the study of sea.</li> <li>Recognise the important role of maritime communities and</li> </ol>
	<ul><li>their technologies.</li><li>4. Understand the contemporary geo-political significance of</li></ul>
	the Indian Ocean.
	5. Knowledge of the diversity of issues affecting Indian Ocean

region. 6. Ability to critically analyse the Indian Ocean in World politics.
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# Programme: M. A. (History) Course Code: HIS-523 Title of the Course: Trade and Urbanization in India (BCE 2500 to ACE 1700) Number of Credits: 4 Effective from AY: 2022-23

Prerequisites for the	Students should have interest in the study of economic	Number
course:	history of India.	of
		hours
Objectives:	It has the objective of introducing the students to the issues related to trade and urbanization in India during the period between BCE 2500 to ACE 1700. The nature of trade, the trading communities, items of trade, and changes in the pattern of trade will be discussed.	
Content:	I. Early Period	
<u>content.</u>	First Urbanization: Trade in Harappan Civilization; Harappa and Mesopotamia. Urbanization in Harappa: Urban Centres. Role of Traders; Town Planning; City and Citadel. Second Urbanization: (BCE 600 to ACE 300): Role of Traders: <i>Setti-Grahapati</i> traders, <i>Shresthins</i> ; Trade in Brahmanical and Buddhist Literature; Rise of Urban Centres; <i>Sarthavaha</i> : Long distance trade. Trade and Urbanization: Mauryan and Post Mauryan periods. Trade and Urbanization in South India: The Greco- Roman Trade: Sangam Literature and Archaeology: Arikamedu.	17
	<ul> <li>II. Early Medieval Period</li> <li>Third Urbanization:</li> <li>R.S. Sharma: Feudalism and Urban Decay. B.D.</li> <li>Chattopadhyaya – Third Urbanization Thesis: Trade and trade centres. V.K. Thakur. Trade in Early Medieval India – Ranabir Chakravarti. Trade in the Deccan. Trade and traders. Role of Muslim Traders.</li> <li>Urbanization in South India: R. Champakalakshmi. Trade in South India. Ayyavole 500; <i>Nagarams</i> in South India – Burton Stein, K.R. Hall and Y. Subbarayalu. Internal Trade. Temple and Urbanization.</li> </ul>	17
	<ul> <li>III. Medieval Period</li> <li>Local and Regional trade; inland trading network in North</li> <li>India and Deccan. Village economy and trade. Trade and</li> <li>Commerce on the West Coast – Malabar, Coastal</li> <li>Karnataka, Goa, Gujarat.</li> <li>Revival of Urban Centres in North India; Technology and</li> <li>craft production. Urbanization in South India: Chola and</li> </ul>	13

	Vijayanagara; trade and temples.	
	<b>IV. Urban Centre Typologies in pre modern period</b> Political, Administrative, Religious and Commercial. Ports and Hinterland. Social Composition of towns: nobility, bureaucracy, and political elites; merchants and intermediaries, artisans and workers.	13
Pedagogy:	lectures/ tutorials/assignments/self-study/test	
References/Readings		`
	1. Abraham, Meera. <i>Two Medieval Merchant Guilds of South India.</i> New Delhi: Manohar, 1998.	
	<ol> <li>Adiga, Malini. The Making of Southern Karnataka. New Delhi : Orient Blackswan, 2006.</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Blake, Stephen P. "The Urban Economy in Pre- Modern Muslim India: Shahjahanabad, 1639-1739."</li> </ol>	
	Modern Asian Studies 21, no. 3 (1987): 447-71.	
	4. Champakalakshmi, R. <i>Trade, Ideology and Urbanization: South India 300 BC to AD 1300.</i> New	
	Delhi: OUP, 1996.	
	5. Chakravarti, Ranabir. <i>Trade and Traders in Early Indian Society</i> . New Delhi : Manohar, 2002.	
	<ol> <li><i>—</i>. <i>Trade in Early India</i>. New Delhi : Oxford University Press, 2010.</li> </ol>	
	7. Champakalakshmi, R. <i>Trade, Ideology and Urbanization: South India 300 BC to AD 1300.</i> New Delhi: OUP, 1996.	
	<ol> <li>Chattopadhyaya, Brajadulal. The Making of Early Medieval India . New Delhi : Oxford University Press, 2006.</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Chaudhuri, K.N. "Some Reflections on the Town and Country in Mughal India." <i>Modern Asian Studies</i> 12, no. 1 (1978): 77-96.</li> </ol>	

10. Gupta, Ashin Das. <i>The World of Indian Ocean</i> <i>Merchant, 1500-1800.</i> New Delhi : Oxford University Press, 2004.	
<ol> <li>Gurukkal, Rajan. Social Formations in Early South India . New Delhi : Oxford University Press, 2010.</li> <li>Hall, Kenneth R. Networks of Trade, Polity, and Societal Integration in Chola-Era South India c. 875- 1279. Delhi : Primus Books, 2014.</li> </ol>	
13. Heitzman, James. "Temple Urbanism in Medieval South India." <i>The Journal of Asian Studies</i> 46, no. 4	
(1987): 791-826.	
14. Malekandathil, Pius. The Indian Ocean in the	
Making of Early Modern India . New Delhi :	
Manohar, 2016.	
15 and Yogesh Sharma. Cities in Medieval India .	
Delhi : Primus Books, 2014.	
16. McPerson, Kenneth, S. Arasaratnam, and Holden	
Furber. Maritime India: The Indian Ocean: A	
History of the People and the Sea (McPherson),	
Maritime India in the Seventeenth Century	
(Arasaratnam), and Rival Empires of Trade in the	
Orient, 1600-1800 (Furber). New Delhi : Oxford	
University Press, 2004.	
17. Nandi, Ramendra. State Formation, Agrarian	
Growth and Social Change in Feudal South India .	

	New Delhi: Manohar, 2000.
18	. Possehl, L. Gregory The Indus Civilization . New
	Delhi : Vistar Publications , 2006.
19	. Prakash, Om. The New Cambridge History of India
	II. 5 . Delhi : Cambridge University Press, 2000.
20	. Ray, Himanshu Prabha. "The Beginnings: The
	Artisan and the Merchant in Early Gujarat, Sixth-
	Eleventh Centuries." Ars Orientalis 34 (2004): 39-
	61.
21	. Raychaudhuri, Tapan, and Irfan Habib. <i>The</i>
	Cambridge Economic History of India . Cambridge :
	Cambridge University Press, 1982.
22	. Sharma, R.S. Material Culture and Social
	Formations in Ancient India. Delhi: Macmillan,
	2007.
23	. Subbarayalu, Y. <i>The Cholas.</i> New Delhi : Oxford
	University Press, 2012.
24	. Subrahmanyam, Sanjay. <i>Merchants, Markets and</i>
	State in Early Modern India . Delhi : Oxford
	University Press, 1990.
25	. Stein, Burton. The New Cambridge History of India:

	Vijayanagara. Cambridge : Cambridge University Press, 1994.
Learning Outcomes	<ol> <li>Reflect on the role of trade and traders in the medieval Indian society</li> <li>Have an understanding regarding the relationship between trade and urbanization in the pre-modern period</li> <li>Explain the nature of the pre-modern economic growth</li> <li>Develop critical thinking abilities</li> <li>Conduct research based on the study material</li> </ol>

# Programme: M. A. (History) Course Code: HIS-524 Title of the Course: Aspects of State and Society in India (BCE 600 – ACE 600) Number of Credits: 4 Effective from AY: 2022-23

Prerequisites for the	Students should have interest in the study of ancient	Number
<u>course:</u>	history of India.	of
		hours
		nours
Objective:	It provides information to the students concerning the issues such as state and social formations in North and	
	South India apart from discussing the material basis for the	
	rise of Buddhism.	
<u>Content:</u>	I. North India between BCE 600 to BCE 200	18
	State Formation: From Lineage to State; <i>Janapadas</i> , <i>Mahajanapadas</i> ; State in Buddhist Literature. Rise of	
	Magadha - Mauryan State: Nature of Mauryan State.	
	Social Formation: Varna and Jati in Brahmanical and	
	Buddhist traditions; Social Structure under the Mauryas.	
	Economic Development: Second Urbanization; Craft	
	Production and Trade; Use of Iron, Agricultural Production. Religion: Orthodox and Heterodox Faiths; Material	
	Background to the rise of Jainism and Buddhism	
	II. North India BCE 200 to ACE 600	12
	Post Mauryan India; Indo-Greeks; the Kushanas; Indo-	
	Roman Trade.	
	Rise of the Guptas: Decentralization; Decline of the Empire. Nature of Trade. Feudalism Debate. Urban Decay Debate.	
	III. State Formation in the Deccan	15
	The Mauryans in South India; Satavahana State Formation;	
	Kalinga State – Secondary State Formation.	
	Varna System, agricultural production, craft production and trade in the Deccan under the Satavahanas; Social	
	differentiation and state formation.	
	IV. The Deep South	15
	State Formation in Tamilakam; Sangam Literature and	
	Society; Romans in the Tamil country; <i>Tinais</i> or Eco zones; Cattle raids and agricultural production; From <i>Kilavan</i> to	
	Muventar or mu-arasar (three chieftains); Internal trade;	
	maritime trade. Towards state formation.	
<u>Pedagogy</u> :	lectures/ tutorials/classroom discussion/self-study	

References/Readings	
	Bibliography
	1. Aiyangar, M. Essays on the History of Tamil People, Language, Religion and Literature . New Delhi : Asian Educational Services, 1982.
	<ol> <li>Classen, H.J.M., and Peter Skalnik. The Study of the State . The Hague : Mouton, 1981.</li> </ol>
	3. Dey, Nundolal. <i>Civilization in Ancient India</i> . New Delhi: Gyan Publishing House, 2021.
	4. Gurukkal, Rajan. <i>Social Formations in Early South India .</i> New Delhi : Oxford University Press, 2010.
	5. Jha, D.N. <i>The Feudal Order.</i> New Delhi : Manohar, 2002.
	<ol> <li><i>—</i>. Ancient India in Historical Outline. New Delhi: Manohar Publisher, 2012.</li> </ol>
	7. Kosambi, D.D. An Introduction to the Study of Indian History. Bombay: Popular Prakashan, 1993.
	8. —. Culture and Civilization of Ancient India in Historical Outline . Delhi : Vikas Publishing, 1972.
	9. Majumdar, R.C. <i>Outline the History of Kalinga</i> . New Delhi: Gyan Publishing House, 2020.
	<ol> <li>Morrison, Kathleen D. "Trade, Urbanism and Agrarian Expansion: Buddhist Monastic Institutions and the State in Early Historic Western Deccan." <i>World Archaeology</i> 27, no. 2 (October 1995): 203- 221.</li> </ol>
	11. Ray, H.P. <i>Monastery and Guild: Commerce under Satavahanas .</i> Delhi : Oxford University Press, 1986.
	12. Rahula, Paul. <i>What the Buddha Taught</i> . One. London: One World Publications, 2019.

	13. Sen, Sailendra. Ancient Indian History and
	<i>Civilization</i> . Calcutta: New Central Book Agency, 2017.
	14. Sharma, R.S. <i>Indian Feudalism .</i> Delhi : Macmillan , 1980.
	15. —. Material Culture and Social Formations in Ancient India. Delhi: Macmillan, 1983.
	16. Shastri, Ajay Mitra. "Formative Phase of the Western Deccan Satavahanas and Ksaharatas: A Chronological Review." Annals of the Bhandarkar Oriental Research Institute 82, no. 1/4 (2001): 57- 72.
	<ol> <li>Singh, Upinder. Ancient India: Culture of Contradiction. New Delhi: Aleph Book Company, 2021.</li> </ol>
	18. Thapar, Romila. <i>Ashoka and the Decline of the Mauryas .</i> Delhi : Oxford University Press, 1998.
	19. —. Recent Perspectives of Early Indian History . Bombay : Popular Prakashan, 1998.
	20. — . Penguin History of Early India: From Origins to A.D. 1300. London : Penguin Books, 2002.
	<ul> <li>21. —. Ancient India: From origin to the AD 1300.</li> <li>California: University of California Press., 2004.</li> </ul>
	22. Veluthat, Kesavan. <i>The Political Structure of Early</i> <i>Medieval South India</i> . New Delhi: Orient BlackSwan, 2012.
	23. Warder, A. <i>Indian Buddhism</i> . Delhi : Motilal Banarsidass, 1970.
Learning Outcomes	1. Reflect on the issues such as state formation and
	social formation.
	<ol> <li>Have an understanding regarding the relationship between state and society in the study period.</li> </ol>

<ol> <li>Analyse the nature of the economic changes in ancient India.</li> <li>Apply the theoretical knowledge in the actual research situation.</li> </ol>	
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Programme: M. A. (History) Course Code: HIS-525 Title of the Course: Tribal and Peasant Movements in India (1818-1947) Number of Credits: 4 Effective from AY: 2022-23

Prerequisites for the	Students should have interest in the study of the	Number
<u>course:</u>	marginalized communities of India.	of
		hours
Objectives:		
<u>Objectives.</u>	<ul> <li>Acquainting the students with the nature, magnitude, and significance of tribal and peasant movements in British India.</li> <li>Examining the historiographical aspects, colonial background to the peasant movements, particularly the nature of colonial revenue policy, its impact on agriculture and the agrarian relations.</li> <li>Analysing the main issues, forms, phases and consequences of the tribal and peasant</li> </ul>	
	movements.	
<u>Content:</u>	<ul> <li>Introduction</li> <li>Importance and Scope. Historiography. Sources.</li> <li>Colonial Revenue Policy and its Impact on Agriculture and Agrarian Relations.</li> </ul>	10
	II. Nature of the Movements	
	Issues and Forms.	
	Phases and Consequences.	10
	Role of Women.	
	<ul> <li>III. Case Studies: Tribal Movements</li> <li>Uprising of the Bhils (1818-31)</li> <li>Kol Uprising (1831-32)</li> <li>The Santal Rebellion (1855-56)</li> <li>Birsa Munda Revolt (1895-1901)</li> <li>Devi Movement in Gujarat (1922-23)</li> <li>The Rampa Rebellion of the Koyas (1922-24)</li> </ul>	20
	<ul> <li>IV. Case Studies: Peasant Movements</li> <li>The Indigo Revolt (1860)</li> <li>The Pabna Revolt (1873)</li> <li>The Deccan Riots (1875)</li> <li>The Peasant Movements in Awadh (1920-21)</li> <li>The Mapilla Rebellion (1921)</li> </ul>	20

	The Bardoli Satyagraha (1928)
Pedagogy:	Lectures/ tutorials/assignments/self-study/seminars.
<u>References/</u> <u>Readings</u>	<ol> <li>Baden Powell, B. H. The Land Systems of British India. New York: Johnson Reprint Corporation, 1972.</li> </ol>
	2. Bhattacharya, Sabyasachi. ed. <i>Essays in Modern</i> <i>Indian Economic History</i> . Delhi: Munshiram Manoharlal, 1987.
	<ol> <li>Dale, Stephen Frederic. Islamic Society on the South Asian Frontier, The Mappilas of Malabar: 1498-1922. New York: Oxford University Press, 1980.</li> </ol>
	4. Dale, Stephen Frederic. Islamic Society on the South Asian Frontier, The Mappilas of Malabar: 1498-1922. Oxford: Clarendon Press, 1980.
	5. Desai, A. R., ed. <i>Peasant Struggles in India</i> . New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1985.
	<ol> <li>Dhanagare, D. N. <i>Peasant Movements in India</i> 1920-1950. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1983.</li> </ol>
	7. Dutt, R. C. <i>The Economic History of British India</i> . New Delhi: Government of India, 1976.
	8. Frykenberg, R. E., ed. <i>Land Control and Social Structure in Indian History</i> . New Delhi: Manohar Publications, 1979.
	9. Frykenberg, R. E., ed. Land <i>Tenure and Peasant in South Asia</i> . Delhi: Orient Longman, 1977.
	10. Guha, Sumit. <i>The Agrarian Economy of the Bombay</i> <i>Deccan, 1818-1941</i> . Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1985.
	11. Guha, Ranajit. Elementary Aspects of Peasant Insurgency in Colonial India. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1983.

12. Guha, Ranajit, ed. <i>Subaltern Studies,</i> Vol. I. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1982.
<ol> <li>Hardiman, David, ed. The Peasant Resistance in India, 1858-1914. Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1992.</li> </ol>
14. Kumar, Dharma, and Meghnad Desai, eds. The Cambridge Economic History of India, Vol. 2: (c. 1757 – c. 1970). Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1983.
15. Kumar, Kapil. Peasants in Revolt: Tenants, Landlords, Congress and the Raj in Oudh 1886- 1922. New Delhi: Manohar, 1994.
16. Ludden, David, ed. <i>Agricultural Production and Indian History</i> . Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1994.
17. Raj, K. N., Neeladri Bhattacharya, Sumit Guha, and Sakti Padhi, eds. <i>Essays on the Commercialisation</i> of Indian Agriculture. Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1985.
18. Ray, Ratnalekha. <i>Change in Bengal Agrarian</i> <i>Society, (C. 1760 – 1850)</i> . New Delhi: Manohar, 1979.
19. Ray, Ratnalekha. <i>Change in Bengal Agrarian</i> Society, c. 1760–1850. Delhi: Manohar, 1979.
20. Robb, Peter, ed. <i>Rural India: Land, Power and Society under British Rule</i> . New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1993.
21. Rothermund, D. Government, Landlord and Peasant in India: Agricultural Relations under British Rule, 1865-1935. Wiesbaden: Franz Steiner Verlag Gmbh, 1978.
22. Saravanan, Velayutham. <i>Colonialism, Environment and Tribals in South India,1792-1947</i> . New York:

	Routledge, 2017.
	23. Sarkar, Sumit. Modern India 1885-1947. Delhi:
	Macmillan India Ltd., 1983.
	24. Stokes, Eric. The Peasant and Raj: Studies in
	Agrarian Society and Peasant Rebellion in Colonial
	India. New Delhi: CUP along with S. Chand & Co.,
	1980.
	25. Stokes, Eric. The Peasant and Raj: Studies in
	Agrarian Society and Peasant Rebellion in Colonial
	India. New York: Cambridge University Press, 1978
Learning Outcomes	1. Understand the nature, scope and importance of
	tribal and peasant uprisings.
	2. Analyse the colonial policies, their impact on
	agriculture and the agrarian relations.
	3. Understand the issues, forms and phases of tribal
	and peasant uprisings.
	4. Comprehend the role of tribal and peasant
	uprisings in the Indian national movement and
	thereafter.
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Semester III Programme: M. A. (History) Course Code: HIS-600 Title of the Course: Reading Selected Primary Sources on Goan History Number of Credits: 4 Effective from AY: 2023-24

Prerequisites for the	Students should have basic knowledge of Goan history and	Number
<u>course:</u>	the interest in the study of the primary sources.	of
		-
		Hours
Objectives:	It aims to provide information to the students regarding selected primary sources on the Goan history. In addition, the requisite skill of analysing and using the source in a given research environment is imparted.	
Content:	I: Introduction	10
	How to analyse primary sources in history.	
	<ul> <li>II. Pre-Portuguese Sources</li> <li>i. Land grant issued by the Kadamba Viravarmadeva 1049 CE</li> <li>ii. Village Community record of the Kadambas 1106 CE</li> <li>iii. The Halsi Inscription of Kadambas 12<sup>th</sup> century CE</li> <li>iv. Vijayanagara inscription of Bachanna Odeya</li> <li>v. Panaji Plates of Harihara II 1391 CE</li> </ul>	15
	vi. Sahyadri Khanda III . Sources of the Colonial period – I i. Commentaries of Afonso de Albuquerque ii. Foral of 1526 iii. Arte da Lingoa Canarim iv. Jan Huyghen van Linschoten Travelogue v. Pietro Della Valle Travelogue vi. François Pyrard de Laval Travelogue	18
	<ul> <li>IV. Sources of the Colonial Period – 2</li> <li>i. Letters of St.Francis Xavier</li> <li>ii. Junta Real Fazenda</li> <li>iii. J.H. de Cunha Rivara – Archivo Portuguez Oriental – Selected Documents</li> <li>iv. Livro dos Cartazes</li> <li>v. Faria Sousa, Portuguese Asia</li> <li>vi. English Factory records on Goan history: Selected Documents</li> </ul>	17
Pedagogy:	lectures/ tutorials/assignments/self-study/	

<b>References/Readings</b>	1. MS no. 1363 Livro dos Cartazes. Historical Archives
	of Goa, n.d.
	2. Albuquerque, Afonso de. The Commentaries of the
	Great Afonso Dalboquerque, Second Viceroy of
	India . London: Hakluyt Society, 1880.
	3. Baden-Powell, B.H. "The Villages of Goa in the Early
	Sixteenth Century." Journal of Royal Asiatic Society
	32 (1900). PAGE NUMBERS.
	4. Burnell, A.C. and P.A. Tiele, tr. and ed. <i>The Voyage</i>
	of John Huyghen Van Linschoten 2 vols. London:
	Hakluyt Society, 1885.
	5. Correia-Afonso, J. Indo-Portuguese History: Sources
	and Problems. Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1981.
	6. Danvers, F. C. <i>Report on the Records of the India</i>
	Office: records relating to agencies, factories and
	settlements not now under the administration of
	the Government of India. London, 1888.
	7. De Souza, T. R. <i>Medieval Goa: A Socio-Economic</i>
	History. Panaji: Broadway and Goa 1556, 2 <sup>nd</sup>
	edition, 2009.
	8. Foster, William. <i>English Factories in India 1618</i> -
	<i>1621</i> .Oxford: Clarendon Press , 1906.
	9. Gray, Albert, ed. <i>The Voyage of François Pyrard de</i>
	Laval to the East Indies, the Maldives, the Moluccas
	and Brazil. London: Haklyut Society, 1888.
	10. Gray, Edward, ed. <i>The Travels of Pietro Della Valle</i>
	<i>in India.</i> New Delhi: Asian Educational Services,
	1991.
	11. Gune, V. T. A Guide to the Collections of Records
	from the Goa Archives. Panaji: Historical Archives of
	Goa, 1973.
	12. Havers, G, ed. The Travels of Pietro Della Valle.
	London: Hakluyt Society, 1892.
	13. Kadamb, S. G. <i>Sources of History of the Kadambas</i>
	of Goa: Inscriptions. Panaji: Broadway Publishers,
	2013.
	14. Kulkarni, A.R. History in Practice (Historians and
	Sources of Medieval Marathas). New Delhi: Books &
	Books, 1993.
	15. Matos, Artur Teodoro de. <i>Junta da Real Fazenda do</i>
	Estado da Índia. Lisbon: CHAM , 2006-2008.
	16. Mitragotri, V. R. A Socio-Cultural History of Goa
	from the Bhojas to the Vijayanagara. Panaji:
	Institute Menezes Braganza, 1999.
	17. Murthy, S. S. R. Panjim Plates of the Time of
	Harihararaya II, Saka 1313. Vol. 42, in Epigraphia

	Indica , edited by K.V. Ramesh. New Delhi :
	Archaeological Survey of India, 1992.
	18. Pissurlencar, Panduranga. "Inscricoes Pre-
	Portuguesas de Goa ." O Oriente Portuguez 22
	(1938).
	19. Rao, N. L., ed. <i>Epigraphia Indica, Vol. XXX</i> . Delhi, 1958.
	20. Rivara, J. H. da Cunha. Archivo Portuguez Oriental,
	<i>Fasciculo 5, Parte 1.</i> Lisbon: Imprensa Nacional , 1865.
	21. Rivara, J. H. da Cunha. <i>Grammatica da Lingua</i>
	<i>Concani.</i> Nova Goa: Imprensa Nacional, 1857.
	22. Rosenthal, J. T., ed. <i>Understanding Medieval</i>
	Primary Sources: Using Historical Sources to
	<i>Discover Medieval Europe</i> . New York: Routledge, 2012.
	23. Sousa, Manuel de Faria e. The Portugues Asia: Or
	the History of Discovery and Conquest of India in
	three Parts. Translated by Captain John Stevens.
	London : C. Brome, 1695.
	24. Wheeler, James Talboys. <i>The History of India from</i>
	the Earliest Ages, Vol. 4, Part 2. London: Trübner &
	Co, 1881.
	25. Ziemann, Benjamin. <i>Reading Primary Sources.</i>
	London: Routledge. 2009.
Learning Outcomes	1. Understand the importance of using primary
	sources on Goan History.
	2. Acquire requisite skills to read and interpret the
	inscriptions.
	3. Obtain working knowledge of the archival
	materials.
	4. Analyse the archival documents in the light of the
	prevailing literature.

# Programme: M. A. (History) Course Code: HIS-601 Title of the Course: Aspects of Indian Historiography Number of Credits: 4 Effective from AY: 2023-24

Prerequisites for the	Students should have keen interest in the study of the Indian	Number
<u>course:</u>	historiography	of
		Hours
Objective:	<ul> <li>To trace evolution of historical writings in India.</li> <li>To study historiographical trends in Indian history.</li> <li>To understand the development of historical thought.</li> <li>To address the question of continuity and change in Indian historiography.</li> </ul>	
<u>Content:</u>	1. Ancient Indian Historiography: Historical Consciousness. Itihasa-Purana tradition. Idea of Bharatvarsha in Indian tradition. Traditional History from Vedas, Epics and Puranas. Jain and Buddhists history writing. History as Biography: Banabhatta and Bilhana. History as Chronicle: Kashmir Chronicle of Kalhana. Court Literature and Prasastis of South India.	18
	2. Historiographical trends in Medieval India: Islam and its influence on Historical traditions in India. Historiography of the Sultanate period: Alberuni's Kitab-ul –Hind, Amir Khusro and his writings. Historiography of the Mughal period. Court History: Barani and Abul Fazl. Maratha historiography: <i>Bakhar</i> and <i>shakavalis</i> , Krishnaji Anant Sabhasad, Dattaji Trimal Waqnavis.	15
	3. Orientalist, Indologist, Imperialist and Nationalist Historiography: Orientalist writings: William Jones, Max Muller and Monier-Williams. Imperialist approach: James Mill, Mountstuart Elphinstone and Vincent Smith. Nationalist approach: R. G. Bhandarkar, K. P. Jayaswal, R. K. Mookherji, R.C. Majumdar and K. A. Nilakanta Sastri.	14
	4. <b>Marxist and Subaltern Historiography:</b> Marxist approach to Indian History: D.D. Kosambi and R. P. Dutt, R. S. Sharma, Romila Thapar and Irfan Habib. Subaltern	13
	approach: Ranajit Guha, Sumit Sarkar, Gayatri Chakravarty Spivak.	
Pedagogy:	Lectures/ tutorials/assignments/self-study/seminars/book review/	

	article review	
References/Readings	1. Amin, Shahid, and Dipesh Chakrabarty., eds. Subaltern Studies, vol. IX. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1996.	
	<ol> <li>Arnold, David, and David Hardiman., eds. Subaltern Studies, vol. VIII. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1994.</li> </ol>	
	3. Bhadra, Gautam, Gyan Prakash, and Susie Tharu., eds.	
	<i>Subaltern Studies,</i> vol. X. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1999.	
	4. Bhattacharya, Sabyasachi., ed. <i>Situating Indian History: For</i> <i>Sarvepalli Gopal</i> . New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1986.	
	5. Chatterjee, Partha, and Gyanendra Pandey., eds. Subaltern Studies, vol. VII. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1992.	
	<ol> <li>Chatterjee, Partha, and Pradeep Jeganathan., eds. Subaltern Studies. vol. XI. Delhi: Orient BlackSwan, 2000.</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Ghoshal, U. N. Studies in Indian Culture. Calcutta: Orient Longman, 1965.</li> </ol>	
	8. Guha, Ranajit., ed. A Subaltern Studies Reader, 1986-1995. Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1998.	
	<ol> <li>Guha, Ranajit., ed. Subaltern Studies, vols. I –VI. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1982-89.</li> </ol>	
	10. Hasan, Mohibbul., ed. <i>Historians of Medieval India</i> . Meerut: Meenakshi Prakashan, 1983.	
	11. Inden, Ronald. "Orientalist Constructions of India." <i>Modern</i> Asian Studies 20, no. 3 (1986): 401–446.	
	12. Kulkarni, A. R. <i>Maratha Historiography</i> . Delhi: Manohar Publishers, 2006	
	<ol> <li>Kulke, Herman, "Historiography in Early Medieval India." In Essays in Honour of Dietmar Rothermund, edited by George Berkener, Tilman Frasch, H. Kulke and J. Lutt. New Delhi: Manohar, 2001.</li> </ol>	
	14. Majumdar, R. C. <i>Historiography in Modern India</i> . Bombay: Asia Publishing House, 1970.	
	15. Morris, Rosalind., ed. <i>Can the Subaltern Speak?: Reflections</i> on the History of an Idea. New York: Columbia University Press, 2010.	
	16. Mukherjee, S. N. Sir William Jones: A Study in Eighteenth Century British Attitudes to India. Bombay: Orient Longman, 1987.	
	17. Mukhia, Harbans, <i>Historians and Historiography During the</i> <i>Reign of Akbar</i> . New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House, 1976.	
	18. Mukhopadhyay, S.K. Evolution of Historiography in Modern India, 1900-1960: A Study of the Writing of Indian	
	<i>History by Her Own Historians</i> . Calcutta: Progressive Publishers, 2002.	
	19. Narayanan, M. G. S. "Historical Perspectives on Ancient India." <i>Social Scientist</i> 4, no. 3 (1975): 3–11.	
	20. Nizami, K. A. On History and Historians of Medieval India.	

	New Delhi: Munshiram Manoharlal, 1983.	
	21. Pathak, V.S., Ancient Historians of India: A Study in	
	Historical Biographies. Bombay: Asia Publishing House,	
	1966.	
	22. Philips, C. H., ed. Historians of India, Pakistan and Ceylon.	
	London: Oxford University Press, 1961.	
	23. Sen, S. N., ed. Historians and Historiography in Modern	
	India. Calcutta: Institute of Historical Studies, 1973.	
	24. Spivak, Gayatri. "Can the Subaltern Speak?" In Marxism and	
	the Interpretation of Culture, edited by C. Nelson and L.	
	Grossberg, 271–313. Basingstoke: Macmillan Education,	
	1988.	
	25. Spodek, Howard. "Pluralist Politics in British India: The	
	Cambridge Cluster of Historians of Modern India." The	
	American Historical Review 84, no. 3 (1979): 688–707.	
Learning Outcomes	1. Acquire knowledge about historiographical trends.	
	2. Understand the significance of historical thought processes.	
	3. Analyse the role of ideology in the writing of history.	
	4. Understand the continuity and change in the writing of	
	Indian history.	

Programme: M.A. (History) Course code: HIS-602 Title of the course: Ancient India through Epigraphy Number of credits: 4

Effective Academic Year: 2023-2024

Prerequisites for the	Students should have basic knowledge regarding	Number
course	epigraphy as a primary source of history.	
		of Hours
Objective:	The primary objective of this course is to trace the development of script through time and make students aware of the importance of epigraphy as a major source of archaeology and history. To introduce prevalent language system. To establish epigraphical records as one of the foremost sources in reconstruction of ancient Indian history.	
Content:	I: Introduction to Epigraphy, Paleography, and	15
	<ul> <li>Calendrical Systems in Ancient India <ul> <li>Epigraphy and Paleography: Terminology, Scope and Importance in Reconstruction of History.</li> <li>Historiography of Epigraphic Studies.</li> <li>Antiquity of Writing in Ancient India.</li> <li>Materials and Techniques of Writing.</li> <li>Theories of Origin of Brahmi and Kharoshti Scripts.</li> <li>Dates and Chronograms.</li> <li>Eras: Vikrama, Shaka, Kalchuri- Chedi and Gupta Eras.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>II: Edicts of Ashoka <ul> <li>a. Nature, Geographic Distribution, Categories and Language.</li> <li>b. Selected Rock Edicts: Pillar Edict II of Asoka, Junagarh Rock Edict XIII of Asoka.</li> <li>c. Dhamma of Asoka.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	10
	<ul> <li>III. Study of Inscriptions of Historical and Cultural Importance-I <ul> <li>a. Sohgaura Copperplate Inscription.</li> <li>b. Besnagar Garuda Pillar Inscription of Heliodorus.</li> <li>c. Hathigumpha Inscription of Kharavela.</li> <li>d. Naneghat Inscription of Naganika.</li> <li>e. Nasik Cave Inscription of Nahapana.</li> <li>f. Nasik Cave Inscription of Vasithiputa Pulumavi, 19<sup>th</sup> Regnal Year.</li> <li>g. Junagarh Inscription of Rudradamana.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	15

	IV. Study of Inscriptions of Historical and Cultural Importance-II	20
	a. Nagarjunikonda Inscription of Virapurisadatta, 6 <sup>th</sup> Regnal Year.	
	b. Mathura inscription of Huviska.	
	c. Allahabad Prashasti of Samudragupta.	
	d. Mathura Inscription during the Reign of	
	Chandragupta II, GE 61.	
	e. Poona Plates of Prabhavatigupta.	
	f. Aihole Inscription of Pulakesin II.	
	g. Bansakheda copper plate of Harshavardhana.	
	h. Sarnath inscription of Kanishka-Year 3.	
Pedagogy:	Lectures/guest lectures/tutorials/Museum visits/	
	assignments	
Recommended	1. Allchin, F. R, and K. R. Norman. "Guide to the	
Readings:	Ashokan Inscriptions." <i>South Asian Studies</i> 1, no. 1 (1985): 49-50.	
	2. Bhandarkar, D. R. "A List of the Inscriptions of	
	Northern India in Brahmi and its Derivative	
	Scripts, from about 200 B.C." Epigraphia Indica,	
	vols. 19-23. Calcutta: Archaeological Survey of	
	India, 1938.	
	3. Chhabra, Bahadurchand, and Govind Swamirao	
	Gai. "Inscriptions of the Early Gupta Kings."	
	Corpus Inscriptionum Indicarum vol. III. New Delhi:	
	Archaeological Survey of India, 1981.	
	4. Bühler, George. On the Origin of Indian Brahmi	
	Alphabet. Strassburg: Karl J. Trubner, 1898.	
	5. Bühler, George. Indian Palaeography. Calcutta:	
	Indian Studies, 1959.	
	6. Dani, Ahmad Hasan. <i>Indian Palaeography</i> . Oxford: Clarendon Press, 1963.	
	7. Burgess, J. Epigraphia Indica: A Collection of	
	inscriptions supplementary to the Corpus	
	Inscriptionum Indicarum of the Archaeological	
	Survey. Vol. 1- XXV. Calcutta: Archaeological	
	Survey of India, 1892.	
	8. Hultzch, D. Corpus Inscriptionum Indiacarum. Vol.	
	I. Varanasi: Indological Book House, 1969.	
	9. Goyal, S. R. Ancient Indian Inscriptions. Jodhpur:	
	Kusumanjali Book World, 2005.	
	10. Khare, M. D. "Discovery of a Vishnu Temple near	
	the Heiodorus Pillar, Besnagar, District Vidisha	
	(M.P.)." Lalit Kala 13 (1967): 21-27.	
	11. Mangalam, S. J. Kharoshti Script. Delhi: Eastern	
	Book Linkers, 1990.	

		1
	12. Mehendale, M. A. Historical Grammar of	
	Inscriptional Prakrits. Poona: Deccan College Post	
	Graduate and Research Institute, 1948.	
	13. Mehendale, M. A. Asokan Inscriptions in India	
	(Linguistic Study together with Exhaustive	
	Bibliography). Bombay: University of Bombay,	
	1948.	
	14. Mirashi, V. V. The History and Inscriptions of the	
	Satavahanas and the Western Kshatrapas.	
	Bombay: Maharashtra State Board of Literature	
	and Culture, 1981.	
	15. Pandey, R. Indian Palaeography. Delhi: Motilal	
	Banarasidas,1957.	
	16. Raghunath, K. <i>Ikshvakus of Vijaya Puri: Study of</i>	
	the Nagarjunakonda Inscriptions. Delhi: Eastern	
	Book Linkers, 1998.	
	17. Ramesh, K. V. Indian Epigraphy. Delhi: Sundeep	
	Prakashan, 1984.	
	18. Rea, Alexander. South Indian Buddhist Antiquities.	
	Archaeological Survey of India New Imperial Series	
	Vol. XV. New Delhi: Director General,	
	Archaeological Survey of India, 1997.	
	19. Salomon, Richard. Indian Epigraphy. New Delhi:	
	Munshiram Manoharlal Publishers Pvt. Ltd., 1998.	
	20. Shastri, A. M. "Some Observations on the Origin	
	and Early History of the Vikrama Era." Prachya	
	Pratibha 28 (1996-97): 1-51.	
	21. Sircar, D. C. Indian Epigraphy. Delhi: Motilal	
	Banarasidas, 1965.	
	22. Sircar, D. C. Select Inscriptions. Vol. I. Delhi: Asian	
	Humanities Press, 1986.	
	23. Srinivasan, P. R. and S. Sankaranarayanan.	
	Inscriptions of the Ikshvaku Period. Hyderabad:	
	Andhra Pradesh Government, 1979.	
Learning Outcomes:	After the successful completion of the course student	
	will be able to:	
	1. interpret the inscription in its socio-politico-	
	religio and economic contexts;	
	2. acquire epigraphical perspective on ancient India	
	through a study of its inscriptions;	
	3. identify different languages and scripts.	
	<ol> <li>Apply the concepts in actual research situation.</li> </ol>	
	4. Apply the concepts in actual research situation.	

# Programme: M. A. (History) Course Code: HIS-603 Title of the Course: Researching History Through Subaltern Studies Number of Credits: 4 Effective from AY: 2023-24

Prerequisites for the	Students should have basic knowledge concerning the	Number
course:	subaltern studies.	of Hours
Objectives:	This course aims at introducing the students to the	
	genesis and features of, as well as developments in	
	Subaltern Studies and its intersections with peasants,	
	tribal and gender studies.	
Content:	I Studying the Subaltern	15
	a) Colonial Historiography	
	b) Marxist Historiography	
	c) Ethnography	
	d) Micro theory and method	
	e) Subaltern critique	
	II Peasantry and Agrarian Relations	15
	a) Subaltern studies: capital, class and community	
	b) Agrarian structures and relations	
	c) Modes of power and peasantry	
	d) Peasant movement and Indian Nationalism	
	III Tribes and Societies	15
	a) Tribes in India and their socio-cultural profile	
	b) Tribal Movements in India	
	,	
	IV Gender and Subaltern Studies	15
	a) Contextualizing Gender	
	b) Gendered Social Formations; Power,	
	Representation and Participation in Public	
	Sphere	
	c) Work, Workplace and the Household	
	d) Legal remedies and Inclusive Policy.	
Pedagogy	lectures/tutorials/seminar-presentation/book	
0.01	review/movie review.	
References/Readings	1) Agarwal, Arun, and K. Sivaramakrishnan., ed.	
	Agrarian environments: Resources,	
	representations, and rule in India. Durham: Duke	
	University Press, 2000.	
	2) Agarwal, Bina. <i>Field of one's own; Gender and</i>	
	Land Right in South Asia. Cambridge: Cambridge	
	University Press, 1994.	
	3) Guha, Sumit. <i>Environment and ethnicity in India,</i>	
	1200-1991. Cambridge: Cambridge University	

	Pross 1000	
۸۱	Press, 1999. Bailey, Kenneth. <i>Methods of Social Research.</i> 4 <sup>th</sup>	
4)	edition. New York: The Free Press, 1978.	
E)	Bose, N. K. <i>Culture and Society in India</i> . Mumbai:	
(5)	Asia Publishing House, 1967.	
E)	Bose, Sugata. Agrarian Bengal: Economy, social	
0)	structure, and politics. Cambridge: Cambridge	
	University Press, 2008.	
٦١	Chatterjee, Partha, and Pradeep Jeganathan.,	
/)	ed. Subaltern Studies XI: Community, Gender	
	and Violence. London: Hurst & Company, 2000.	
۵۱	Dhanagare, D. N. <i>Peasant movements in India</i>	
3)	<i>1920-1950.</i> New Delhi: Oxford University Press,	
	1920-1950. New Deini: Oxford University Press, 1994.	
0)	Desai, A. R., ed. <i>Peasant struggles in India</i> .	
5)	Bombay: Oxford University Press, 1979.	
10)	Dube, S. C., ed. Tribal Heritage of India. New	
10)	Delhi: Vikas Publication House, 1977.	
11)	Fürer-Haimendorf, Christoph von. Tribes of	
	India: The Struggles for Survival. Berkeley:	
	University of California Press, 1982.	
12)	Ghadially, Rehana., ed. <i>Women in Indian Society</i> .	
±2)	New Delhi: Sage Publication, 1988.	
13)	Guha, Ranajit, and Gayatri Chakravorty Spivak.,	
	ed. Selected Subaltern Studies. Delhi: Oxford	
	University Press, 1988.	
14)	Guha, Ranajit. ed. A Subaltern Studies Reader,	
- ',	<i>1986-1995.</i> Minneapolis: University of	
	Minnesota Press, 1997.	
15)	Guha, Ranajit., ed. Writings on South Asian	
,	History and Society, Subaltern Studies, Volume I-	
	VI. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1982-	
	1985.	
16)	Ludden, David., ed. Reading Subaltern Studies.	
,	Delhi: Permanent Black, 2003.	
17)	Menon, Nivedita. Gender and Politics in India.	
,	New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1999.	
18)	Mukherji, P. N., ed. Methodology in Social	
	Research: Dilemmas and Perspectives. New	
	Delhi: SAGE Publications, 2000.	
19)	Omvedt, Gail. "Peasants, Dalits, and Women:	
	Democracy and India's New Social Movements."	
	Journal of Contemporary Asia 24, no. 1 (1994):	
	35-48.	
20)	Rao, M. S. A. Social Movements in India. Delhi:	
	Manohar, 1979.	
21)	Panikkar, K. N. Against lord and state: Religion	

	<ul> <li>and Peasant uprisings in Malabar, 1836-1921. New Delhi: Oxford University Press. 1989.</li> <li>22) Rege, Sharmila. Writing Caste/Writing Gender: Narrating Dalit Women's Testimonios. New Delhi: Zubaan, 2006.</li> <li>23) Shara, Suresh. Tribal Identity and Modern World. New Delhi: Sage,1994.</li> <li>24) Skaria, Ajay. Hybrid Histories: Forests, frontiers,</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>and mildness in Western India. Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1999.</li> <li>25) Sivaramakrishnan, K. Modern forests: Statemaking and environmental change in colonial eastern India. Stanford, CA: Stanford University Press, 1999.</li> </ul>
Learning Outcomes	<ol> <li>Understand the subaltern approach towards Indian history and society.</li> <li>Analyse the impact of the colonial policy on peasants, tribes and gender.</li> <li>Understand the ways in which gender influences social life.</li> <li>Apply the concepts in actual research situation.</li> </ol>

	3-24	
<u>Prerequisites for the</u> <u>course:</u>	<ul> <li>An avid interest to engage with oral history, conduct interviews, and undertake documentation of oral tradition in the field and its analysis.</li> <li>Knowledge of history of Goa, and the Konkani and Marathi languages is desirable.</li> </ul>	Number of hours
<u>Objectives:</u>	<ul> <li>Oral History aims at:</li> <li>introducing the students to the meaning, scope and nature of oral history;</li> <li>analysing the historiographical emergence and development of oral history;</li> <li>reviewing oral tradition as history and oral history interviewing;</li> <li>discussing the uses of oral history in a range of contexts;</li> <li>developing practical skills in interviewing, recording, transcribing and preservation of oral history material;</li> <li>addressing theoretical and methodological issues in doing oral history;</li> <li>introducing students to the wide array of theoretical issues raised by the intersection of history, memory and life story narratives with special reference to the Goan context; and</li> <li>discussing the ethical considerations of oral history interviewing and archiving.</li> </ul>	
<u>Content:</u>	<ul> <li>I: What is Oral History? Meaning, Scope and Uses of Oral History. The History of Oral History.</li> <li>The Four Paradigm Transformations in Oral History.</li> <li>Personal Testimony. Life History. Oral Tradition as History.</li> <li>Oral History as an Instructional Methodology.</li> <li>Oral and Public History.</li> <li>The Feminist Practice of Oral History.</li> <li>Legal, Ethical and Archival Imperatives in doing Oral History.</li> <li>II. Oral History Interviewing</li> <li>Pre-interview Preparation and Research.</li> <li>Conducting the Interview: Interviewing Tools, Techniques and Methods, Equipment and Technology. The Technological Impact.</li> </ul>	15

	Skilled and Responsible Questioning.	
	Interviewing in Cross-Cultural Settings.	
	After the Interview: Transcription, Editing, Processing, Archives.	
	Oral History in Print: Citing and Quoting.	
	III. Oral Tradition as History	15
	Oral Tradition as Process and Product.	
	Forms of Oral Tradition.	
	Performance, Tradition and Text. Oral Narratives.	
	History and Myth.	
	Oral Tradition as Evidence:	
	- From Observation to Permanent Record	
	- Evidence of What?	
	Comparative Approaches to Fieldwork - Oral History and	
	Anthropology. Ethnohistory.	
		45
	IV. Oral History Assessed	15
	Uniqueness and Limitations.	
	Reliability and Validity in Oral History.	
	Memory and Remembering in Oral History.	
	From Memory to History - Using Oral Sources in Local Historical Research: The Case of Goa.	
Pedagogy:	Lecture method/project-based learning/collaborative learning/	
	/experiential learning through fieldwork/participant-observation	
	field work/student reflexivity/visits to museums.	
References/	1. Aarne, Antti, and Stith Thomson. <i>The Types of the</i>	
Readings	<i>Folktale</i> . Helsinki: Folklore Fellows Communications,	
<u>Reddings</u>	1961.	
	2. Abrams, Lynn. <i>Oral History Theory</i> . 2nd ed. London and	
	New York: Routledge, 2016.	
	3. Armitage, S. H., P. Hart, and K. Weatherman,	
	eds. Women's Oral History: The Frontiers Reader. Lincoln,	
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	Texas Press, 1976.	
	5. Bhagwat, Durga. An Outline of Indian Folklore. Bombay:	
	Popular Book Depot, 1958.	
	6. Blackburn, Stuart, and A. K. Ramanujan, eds. Another	
	Harmony: New Essays on the Folklore of India. Berkeley:	
	University of California Press, 1986.	
	7. Claus, P. J., and F. J. Korom. <i>Folkloristics and Indian</i>	
	Folklore. Udupi: RRC, 1991.	
	8. Dunaway, D. K., and W. K. Baum, eds. Oral History: An	
	Interdisciplinary Anthology. 2nd ed. London: Atlanta	
	Press, 1996.	

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	<ol> <li>Finnegan, Ruth H. Oral Traditions and the Verbal Arts: A Guide to Research Practices. London: Routledge, 1992.</li> <li>Frisch, M. A Shared Authority: Essays on the Craft and Meaning of Oral and Public History. Albany: State University of New York Press, 1990.</li> <li>Gluck, Sherna Berger, and Daphne Patai, eds. Women's Words: The Feminist Practice of Oral History. New York: Routledge, 1991.</li> <li>Goody, Jack. The Interface between Written and the Oral. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1987.</li> <li>Heehs, Peter. "Myth, History and Theory." History and Theory 33, no. 1 (1994): 1-19.</li> <li>Henige, David P. Oral Historiography. London, New York, Lagos: Longman, 1982.</li> <li>Moss, William W. Oral History Programme Manual. New York: Praeger, 1975.</li> <li>Munz, Peter. "History and Myth." The Philosophical Quarterly 6, no. 22 (1956): 1-16.</li> <li>Nora, Pierre. "Between Memory and History: Les Lieux de Mémoire." Representations, no. 26 (1989): 7-24.</li> <li>Perks, Robert, and Alistair Thomson, eds. The Oral History Reader. 2nd ed. New York: Routledge, 2006.</li> <li>Ritchie, Donald A. Doing Oral History Press, 2003.</li> <li>Ritchie, Donald A. ed. The Oxford Handbook of Oral History. New York: Oxford University Press, 2001.</li> <li>Thomson, Alistair. "Four Paradigm Transformations in Oral History." The Oral History Review 34, no. 1 (2007): 49-70.</li> <li>Thompson, Paul with Joanna Bornat. The Voice of the Past. Oral History. 4th ed. Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2017.</li> <li>Tonkin, Elizabeth. Narrating Our Pasts. The Social Construction of Oral History. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1992.</li> <li>Vansina, Jan. Oral Tradition as History. Madison: University of Wisconsin Press, 1985.</li> <li>Yow, Valerie. Recording Oral History: A Practical Guide for Social Scientists. 2nd ed. Lanham, MD: Rowman &amp; Littfoield Albahira. 2005.</li> </ol>	
	Littlefield, AltaMira, 2005.	
Learning Outcomes	Upon the successful completion of this course, the student	
	would be able to:	
	1. obtain competency with oral history as a method of	
	historical research;	
	2. acquire practical skills in conducting interviews,	

<ul> <li>transcribing, indexing, archiving, analysing and curating oral history interviews;</li> <li>engage with ethical concerns and issues and creative opportunities of using oral histories as source material;</li> <li>learn about the importance of the integration of oral history with other more traditional kinds of research and explore the ways in which oral history can complement, supplement, and even contradict written, pictorial, and other records;</li> <li>obtain competencies in analysing the strengths and weaknesses of interviewing methods as they apply to existing disciplinary paradigms; and</li> <li>understand oral history as academic method, data-source and creative story-form.</li> </ul>
source and creative story-rorm.

Semester IV Programme: M. A. (History) Course Code: HIS-605 Title of the Course: Heritage Monuments of Goa Number of Credits: 4 Effective from AY: 2023-24

		1
Prerequisites for the	Students should have a keen interest in the study of heritage	Number
<u>course:</u>	monuments of Goa.	of Hours
Objectives:	<ul> <li>The course aims to:</li> <li>highlight the significance of monuments as a prime source to study the history of Goa.</li> <li>understand the contribution of ancient and medieval Indian rulers and the Portuguese colonial regime to the creation of built architecture in Goa.</li> <li>study the art and the architecture of heritage monuments in Goa.</li> <li>understand the laws related to the protections of monuments.</li> <li>highlight the role of NGOs in preserving heritage monuments.</li> <li>promote awareness and sensitise the students regarding the historical and cultural aspects of monuments and</li> </ul>	
	their preservation and protection.	
<u>Content:</u>	<ul> <li>I Concepts and Context</li> <li>Heritage: Meaning and Value. Classification.</li> <li>Heritage Monuments: Main Features, Typology. Significance. A Historical Source (political, economic, and socio-cultural).</li> <li>History of Goa: A Brief Outline</li> </ul>	12
	<ul> <li>II Pre-Colonial Built Heritage</li> <li>Religious: temples, cave shrines, mosques.</li> <li>Defence: Forts.</li> <li>Art and Architecture. Oral Tradition</li> <li>Protected Monuments, and others.</li> </ul>	18
	<ul> <li>III Colonial Period Heritage Monuments</li> <li>Religious: Churches and Temples.</li> <li>Defence: Forts and fortification</li> <li>Administrative, educational, hospitals and institutions of charity</li> <li>Monuments of Old Goa</li> <li>Indo-Portuguese Houses. Heritage precincts of Fontainhas and Campal.</li> </ul>	18

•       Issues of preservation, conservation, restoration, adaptive reuse.       12         •       Role of A.S.I., Department of Archaeology, Government of Goa, NGOs.       12         •       Ligislation: International, national and of the state of Goa.       12         •       Linkages with heritage tourism.       14         •       Heritage monuments-community interface.       14         Pedagogy:       Lectures/ tutorials/assignments/seminars/case studies       14         References/Readings       1. Ambekar, Abhijit, Rohini Pande, and Tejas Garge. Cannons of Goa. Panaji: Vasantrao Dempo Research Foundation, 2010.       20         2. Barros Perreira, Akeru, and Gerald da Cunha. Indo-Portuguese Houses. Porvorim: Architecture Autonomous, 2013.       2013.         3. Dhume, Anant. The Cultural History of Goa from 10,000 B.C. to 1352 A.D. Panjim: Broadway Book Centre, 2009.       4. Doshi, Saryu., ed. Goa: Cultural Patterns. Mumbai: Marg Publication,1983.         5. Gune, V. T., ed. The Gazetteer of Goa, Dama and Diu. Part. I-Goa. Panaji: Department of Gazetteer, Govt. of Goa, Daman, Diu, 1979.       6. Kandolkar, Vishvesh. "Restoring Basilica of Bom Jesus, and the Role of Archaeological Survey of India." Economic and Political Weekly 55, no. 36 (2020) https://www.epw.in/engage/article/restoring-basilica-bom-jesus-and-archaeological Survey of India." Economic and Political Weekly 55, no. 36 (2020) https://www.epw.in/engage/article/restoring-basilica-bom-jesus-and-archaeological Survey of India." Economic and Political Weekly 55, no. 36 (2020) https://www.epw.in/engage/article/restoring-basilica-bom-je		IV Preservation and Protection	
References/Readings       1. Ambekar, Abhijit, Rohini Pande, and Tejas Garge. Cannons of Goa. Panaji: Vasantrao Dempo Research Foundation, 2010.         2. Barros Perreira, Akeru, and Gerald da Cunha. Indo-Portuguese Houses. Porvorim: Architecture Autonomous, 2013.         3. Dhume, Anant. The Cultural History of Goa from 10,000 B.C. to 1352 A.D. Panjim: Broadway Book Centre, 2009.         4. Doshi, Saryu., ed. Goa: Cultural Patterns. Mumbai: Marg Publication, 1983.         5. Gune, V. T., ed. The Gazetteer of Goa, Daman and Diu. Part. I–Goa. Panaji: Department of Gazetteer, Govt. of Goa, Daman, Diu, 1979.         6. Kandolkar, Vishvesh. "Restoring Basilica of Bom Jesus, and the Role of Archaeological Survey of India." Economic and Political Weekly 55, no. 36 (2020) https://www.epw.in/engage/article/restoring-basilica-bom-jesus-and-archaeological-survey-india         7. Kanekar, Amita. Portuguese Sea Forts: Goa with Chaul, Korlai and Vasai. Mumbai: Jaico Publishing House, 2016.         8. Lobo, Patrick. Magnificent Monuments of Old Goa. Panjim: Rajhauns Vitran, 2006.         9. Lopes, Nuno. Heritage of Defence in Goa from 1510-1660. Saligao: Goa 1556 Publication, 2022.         10. Lopez, Annabel. Churches and Convents of Goa. Mumbai: India Book House, 2002.         11. Lourenco, Jose. The Parish Churches of Goa. Margao: Amazing Goa Publication, 2009.         12. Mankekar, Kamia. Culture and Religious Traditions in Temples of Goa. Mumbai: Publication Division, Govt. of India, 2004.		<ul> <li>adaptive reuse.</li> <li>Role of A.S.I., Department of Archaeology, Government of Goa, NGOs.</li> <li>Legislation: International, national and of the state of Goa.</li> <li>Linkages with heritage tourism.</li> </ul>	12
<ul> <li>of Goa. Panaji: Vasantrao Dempo Research Foundation, 2010.</li> <li>2. Barros Perreira, Akeru, and Gerald da Cunha. Indo-Portuguese Houses. Porvorim: Architecture Autonomous, 2013.</li> <li>3. Dhume, Anant. The Cultural History of Goa from 10,000 B.C. to 1352 A.D. Panjim: Broadway Book Centre, 2009.</li> <li>4. Doshi, Saryu., ed. Goa: Cultural Patterns. Mumbai: Marg Publication,1983.</li> <li>5. Gune, V. T., ed. The Gazetteer of Goa, Daman and Diu. Part. I–Goa. Panaji: Department of Gazetteer, Govt. of Goa, Daman, Diu, 1979.</li> <li>6. Kandolkar, Vishvesh. "Restoring Basilica of Bom Jesus, and the Role of Archaeological Survey of India." Economic and Political Weekly 55, no. 36 (2020) https://www.epw.in/engage/article/restoring-basilicabom-jesus-and-archaeological-survey-india</li> <li>7. Kanekar, Amita. Portuguese Sea Forts: Goa with Chaul, Korlai and Vasai. Mumbai: Jaico Publishing House, 2016.</li> <li>8. Lobo, Patrick. Magnificent Monuments of Old Goa. Panjim: Rajhauns Vitran, 2006.</li> <li>9. Lopes, Nuno. Heritage of Defence in Goa from 1510-1660. Saligao: Goa 1556 Publication, 2022.</li> <li>10. Lopez, Annabel. Churches and Convents of Goa. Mumbai: India Book House, 2002.</li> <li>11. Lourenco, Jose. The Parish Churches of Goa. Margao: Amazing Goa Publication, 2009.</li> <li>12. Mankekar, Kamla. Culture and Religious Traditions in Temples of Goa. Mumbai: Publication Division, Govt. of India, 2004.</li> </ul>	Pedagogy:	Lectures/ tutorials/assignments/seminars/case studies	
to Vijaynagara. Panjim: Institute Menezes Braganza, 1999. 14. Noronha, Frederick. Inside Goa. Bangalore: Rupa & Co,	References/Readings	<ul> <li>of Goa. Panaji: Vasantrao Dempo Research Foundation, 2010.</li> <li>Barros Perreira, Akeru, and Gerald da Cunha. Indo-Portuguese Houses. Porvorim: Architecture Autonomous, 2013.</li> <li>Dhume, Anant. The Cultural History of Goa from 10,000 B.C. to 1352 A.D. Panjim: Broadway Book Centre, 2009.</li> <li>Doshi, Saryu., ed. Goa: Cultural Patterns. Mumbai: Marg Publication,1983.</li> <li>Gune, V. T., ed. The Gazetteer of Goa, Daman and Diu. Part. I–Goa. Panaji: Department of Gazetteer, Govt. of Goa, Daman, Diu, 1979.</li> <li>Kandolkar, Vishvesh. "Restoring Basilica of Bom Jesus, and the Role of Archaeological Survey of India." Economic and Political Weekly 55, no. 36 (2020) https://www.epw.in/engage/article/restoring-basilicabom-jesus-and-archaeological-survey-india</li> <li>Kanekar, Amita. Portuguese Sea Forts: Goa with Chaul, Korlai and Vasai. Mumbai: Jaico Publishing House, 2016.</li> <li>Lobo, Patrick. Magnificent Monuments of Old Goa. Panjim: Rajhauns Vitran, 2006.</li> <li>Lopez, Annabel. Churches and Convents of Goa. Mumbai: India Book House, 2002.</li> <li>Lourenco, Jose. The Parish Churches of Goa. Margao: Amazing Goa Publication, 2029.</li> <li>Mankekar, Kamla. Culture and Religious Traditions in Temples of Goa. Mumbai: Publication Division, Govt. of India, 2004.</li> <li>Mitragotri, V. R. Socio-Cultural History of Goa from Bhojas to Vijaynagara. Panjim: Institute Menezes Braganza, 1999.</li> </ul>	

	<ol> <li>2008.</li> <li>15. Nunes, Judilia. <i>The Monuments of Old Goa (A Glimpses into the Past and Present)</i>. New Delhi: Agam Kala Prakashan, 1979.</li> <li>16. Parab, Bhiva. <i>Glimpses of Goa's Cultural Heritage</i>. Panjim: Broadway Publishing House, 2013.</li> <li>17. Pereira, Jose. <i>Baroque Goa: The Architecture of Portuguese India</i>. New Delhi: Books &amp; Books, 1995.</li> <li>18. Pereira, Jose. <i>Churches of Goa</i>. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2002.</li> <li>19. Pereira, Rui Gomes. <i>Goa: Temples and Deities</i>. Panjim: Printwell Press, 1978.</li> <li>20. Pinto, Celsa. <i>Panjim: Anatomy of a Colonial Capital</i>. Saligao: Goa 1556 Publication, 2016.</li> <li>21. Pinto, Celsa. <i>Colonial Panjim: Its Governance, its people</i>. Saligao: Goa 1556 Publication, 2017.</li> <li>22. Rajgopalan, S. <i>World Heritage Series-Old Goa</i>. Old Goa: Archaeological Survey of India, 2004.</li> <li>23. Silveira, Agnelo. <i>Lived Heritage, Shared Space: The Courtyard Houses of Goa</i>. New Delhi: Yoda Press, 2006.</li> <li>24. Shirodkar, P. P. <i>Fortresses and Forts of Goa</i>. Panjim: Directorate of Art and Culture, Govt. of Goa, 2015.</li> <li>25. Varela Gomes, Paulo. <i>Whitewash, Red Stone</i>. New Delhi: Yoda Press, 2011.</li> </ol>	
Learning Outcomes	<ol> <li>Understand the meaning of heritage and its significance.</li> <li>Learn about different categories of heritage monuments in Goa.</li> <li>Acquire knowledge about the art and architectural styles of the heritage monuments.</li> <li>Know the process of preserving the heritage monuments.</li> <li>Know the efforts of A.S.I., Department of Archaeology, Government of Goa, and the NGOs in protecting heritage monuments.</li> <li>Learn about the heritage monuments.</li> <li>Learn about the heritage monuments.</li> </ol>	

# Title of the Course: Writing Ordinary Lives: New Perspectives in Historical Research Number of Credits: 4

Effective from AY: 2023–2024

Prerequisites for the	Students are expected to have studied a course on history and	Number
<u>course:</u>	theory.	of
		Hours
<u>Objective:</u>	This course provides an introduction to some of the challenging issues thrown up by the practice of researching and writing histories of ordinary lives. It considers historiographical issues and reflects on how approaches and methodologies shape history writing. Historiographical issue is also an ethical issue and is predicated on the question of making ordinary lives visible in history. The course explores the ways of looking at the past by positioning ordinary lives as historical agents or actors.	
<u>Content:</u>	I. The Method of the Historian and Pasts Michel-Rolph Trouillot: Tracing silences. Michel de Certeau: Historiographical operation. Carlo Ginzburg: History, rhetoric, and proof. Paul Ricoeur: Memory, history, forgetting. Pierre Nora: Between memory and history. Ranajit Guha: Subaltern and historiography. Research ethic: Right to research, research imagination and moral voice.	15
	<b>II. Social History of Archive</b> B. S. Cohn: Colonialism and knowledge. Ann Laura Stoler: Along the Archival grain. Stuart Hall: Constituting an Archive. Antoinette Burton: Women and the Archive.	15
	<b>III.</b> Ethnographic and Ethnohistorical evidence Kosambi and Fieldwork. John and Jean Comaroff: Ethnography and the Historical Imagination. Arjun Appadurai: Temple and Worship.	15
	<ul> <li>IV. Arts of Resistance</li> <li>James C. Scott: Everyday forms of resistance. Sherry B. Ortner: Resistance and the problem of ethnographic refusal. Veena Talwar Oldenburg: Lifestyle as resistance.</li> </ul>	15
Pedagogy:	Lecture method/project based/tutorials/assignment based/seminars/reviews/close reading of texts/ learning through visits to archives.	
References/Readings	<ol> <li>Appadurai, Arjun. Worship and Conflict Under Colonial Rule: A South Indian Case. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1981,</li> <li>Appadurai, Arjun. "Grassroots globalization and the research imagination." Public Culture 12, no. 1 (2000): 1–</li> </ol>	

	19.	
3.	Appadurai, Arjun. "The right to research." Globalisation,	
	Societies and Education 4, no. 2 (2006): 167–177.	
4.	Burton, Antoinette. Dwelling in the Archive: Women	
	Writing House, Home, and History in Late Colonial India.	
	New York: Oxford University Press, 2003.	
5.	Certeau, Michel de. The Writing of History. New York:	
	Columbia University Press, 1988.	
6.	Cohn, Bernard S. "History and Anthropology: The State of	
	Play." Comparative Studies in Society and History 22, no. 2	
	(1980): 198–221.	
7.	Cohn, Bernard S. Colonialism and Its Forms of Knowledge:	
	British in India. Princeton, N.J.: Princeton University Press,	
	1996.	
8.	Comaroff, John and Jean Comaroff. Ethnography and the	
	Historical Imagination. Boulder, San Francisco and Oxford:	
	Westview Press, 1992.	
9.	Dirks, Nicholas B, Geoff Eley, and Sherry B. Ortner., eds.	
	Culture, Power, History: A Reader in Contemporary Social	
	<i>Theory</i> . Princeton: Princeton University Press, 1994.	
10	. Ginzburg, Carlo. Clues, Myths, and the Historical Method.	
	Baltimore: Johns Hopkins University, 1989.	
11	. Ginzburg, Carlo. <i>History, Rhetoric, and Proof</i> . Hanover and	
	London: University Press of New England, 1999.	
12	. Guha, Ranajit, ed. Subaltern Studies I: Writings on South	
12	Asian History and Society. Delhi: Oxford University Press,	
	1982.	
13	. Hall, Stuart. "Constituting an archive." <i>Third Text</i> 15, no. 54	
	(2001): 89–92.	
1.1	Kosambi, D. D. An Introduction to the Study of Indian	
	History. Delhi: Popular Book Depot, 1956.	
4		
	. Kosambi, D. D. Myth and Reality: Studies in the Formation	
16	of Indian Culture. Bombay Popular Prakashan, 1962.	
10	Nora, Pierre. "Between Memory and History: Les lieux de	
	mémoire." Representations, no. 26 (1989): 7–24.	
	. Oldenburg, Veena Talwar. "Lifestyle as Resistance: The Case	
	of the Courtesans of Lucknow, India." Feminist Studies 16,	
	no. 2 (1990): 259–287.	
	Ortner, Sherry B. "Resistance and the problem of	
	ethnographic refusal." Comparative Studies in Society and	
	<i>History</i> 37, no. 1 (1995): 173–193.	
19	Price, Richard. Convict and the Colonel: A Story of	
	Colonialism and Resistance in the Caribbean. Boston:	
	Beacon Press, 1998.	

	20. Ricoeur, Paul. Memory, History, Forgetting. Translated by
	Kathleen Blarney and David Pellauer. Chicago: University of
	Chicago Press, 2004.
	21. Scott, James C. Weapons of the Weak: Everyday Forms of
	Peasant Resistance. New Haven and London: Yale
	University Press, 1985.
	22. Sider, Gerald, and Gavin Smith, eds. Between History and
	Histories: The Making of Silences and Commemorations.
	Toronto: Toronto University Press, 1997.
	23. Stoler, Ann Laura. "Colonial Archives and the Arts of
	Governance." Archival Science 2 (2002): 87–109.
	24. Stoler, Ann Laura. Along the Archival Grain: Epistemic
	Anxieties and Colonial Common Sense. Princeton, N.J.:
	Princeton University Press, 2009.
	25. Trouillot, Michel-Rolph. <i>Silencing the Past: Power and the</i>
	Production of History. Boston: Beacon Press 1995.
Learning Outcomes	Upon the successful completion of this course, the student will be
	able to:
	1. assess the importance of social history of archives;
	2. develop historical perspective on using archives;
	3. acquire insights into new sources that were not recognised
	as historical trace;
	4. identify different ways of engaging with the past and the
	manner in which histories were produced;
	5. recognise the significance of looking outside the archives;
	6. understand that every source implies multiple ways of
	reading.

Generic Elective Courses (GE)

Semester III Course Code: HIS-621

Title of the Course: Economic History of Medieval India

Number of Credits: 4

Effective from AY: 2023-24

Prerequisites for the	Students should have basic knowledge of economic history	Number
<u>course:</u>	of medieval India.	of
		Hours
Objectives:	It has the objective of introducing the students to the	
	issues related to economic history of medieval India such	
	as role of money, banking, money transfer (Hundi), role of	
	traders (Indian and foreign) and nature of maritime trade.	
Content:	I. Inland and Maritime Trade	13
	Historiography of Asian Trade.	
	Contribution of K. N. Chaudhury, Ashin Dasgupta, Om	
	Prakash, Sanjay Subrahmanyam, Ranabir Chakravarti, Pius	
	Malekandathil.	
	Intra-Regional Trade	
	Seaborne and Coastal Trade	
	India and the Asian Trade	
	II. Business Prestings and Monotony History	16
	<ul> <li>II. Business Practices and Monetary History</li> <li>1. a) Administrative and legal structure – Delhi Sultanate,</li> </ul>	10
	Mughals, Cholas and Vijayanagara.	
	b) Social and professional structure – Caste and Trade.	
	c) Market and monetary exchange	
	2. Monetary economy and currency circulation: Currency	
	system of the Cholas, Delhi Sultanate, Vijayanagara,	
	Mughals.	
	3. Credit practices and instruments: Money lending, Hundi.	
	4. Risk sharing practices – Insurance.	
	III. Technology and Transportation	16
	1. Colonial and Nationalist perspectives on ancient Indian	
	technology.	
	2. Agriculture, irrigation and industry: technology	
	3. Land transportation and navigation	
	4. Artillery, paper and printing, power and fuel, and	
	metallurgy and chemistry	
	5. Nature of technological change in India	
	IV. Eighteenth century in Indian history	
	1. Eighteenth century: salient features	15
	2. The Eighteenth-century Debate – continuity or change?	10
	3. The process of regionalization	
	4. The Economy of the eighteenth century: Trade and	
		<u> </u>

	Industry 5. Urbanization in Eighteenth Century	
Pedagogy:	lectures/ tutorials/assignments.	
Pedagogy: References/Readings	<ul> <li>lectures/ tutorials/assignments.</li> <li>1. Alam, M. <i>The Crisis of Empire in Mughal North India,</i> <i>Awadh and the Punjab1707-</i>1748. Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1986.</li> <li>2. Alavi, S, ed. <i>The Eighteenth Century in India</i>. Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2002.</li> <li>3. Ali, M. A. "Recent theories of eighteenth century India." <i>Indian Historical Review</i>, 13 (1986-87): 102-110.</li> <li>4. Deloche, J. <i>Transport and Communication in India</i>, Volume 1, <i>Land Transport</i>. Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1993.</li> <li>5. Gupta, A. D, and M. N. Pearson, ed. <i>India and the Indian</i> <i>Ocean 1500-1800</i>. Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1987.</li> <li>6. Habib, I. "Usury in Medieval India." <i>Comparative Studies</i> <i>in Society and History</i> 6 (1964): 393-419.</li> <li>7. Habib, I. "Technology and Barriers to Social Change in Mughal India." <i>Indian Historical Review</i> 5, nos. 1-2 (1978- 79): 152-174.</li> <li>8. Habib, I. "Changes in Technology in Medieval India." <i>Studies in History</i> 2 no. 1(1980): 15-39.</li> <li>9. Haider, N. "International Trade in Precious Metals and Monetary Systems of Medieval India: 1200-1500." <i>Proceedings of the Indian History Congress</i>, 59<sup>th</sup> Session, Patiala (1998): 237-254.</li> <li>10. Marshall, P. J., ed. <i>The Eighteenth Century in Indian</i> <i>History, Evolution or Revolution</i>. Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2003.</li> <li>11. Mukhia, H. <i>Perspectives on Medieval History</i>. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House, 1983.</li> <li>12. Prakash, O. <i>European Commercial Enterprise in Pre- Colonial India</i>. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1998.</li> <li>13. Rayachaudhuri, T, and I. Habib., ed. <i>The Cambridge</i> <i>Economic History of India c. 1200-c. 1750</i>, Vol. I.</li> <li>Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1987.</li> <li>15. Singh, A. K., <i>Modern World System and Indian Proto- Industrialization</i>: <i>Bengal</i> 1650-1800. New Delhi: Northern</li> </ul>	
	Book Centre, 2006. 16. Singh, C. "Centre and periphery in the Mughal State: the case of seventeenth century Punjab." <i>Modern Asian</i>	

	Studies 22, no. 2 (1988): 299-318.
	<ul> <li>17. Steensgaard, N. <i>The Asian Trade Revolution of the</i> <i>Seventeenth Century.</i> Chicago: University of Chicago Press,</li> <li>1974.</li> <li>18. Subrahmanyam, S., ed. <i>Money and Market in India</i> <i>1100-1700.</i> Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1994.</li> <li>19. Qaisar, A. J. <i>Indian Response to European Technology</i> <i>and Culture.</i> Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1982.</li> <li>20. Qaisar, A. J. "Shipbuilding in the Mughal Empire during the Seventeenth Century." <i>Indian Economic and Social</i> <i>History Review</i> 5 no. 2 (1968): 149-170.</li> <li>21. Qaisar, A. J. "The Role of Brokers in Medieval India." <i>Indian Historical Review</i> 1, no. 2 (1974): 220-246.</li> </ul>
Learning Outcomes	<ol> <li>Reflect on the role of trade and traders in the medieval Indian society.</li> <li>Understand the business practices in medieval India.</li> <li>Analyse the nature of the pre-modern economic growth.</li> <li>Assess the changes in technology and its impact on the medieval Indian society.</li> </ol>

Programme: M.A. (History) Course code: HIS-622 Title of the course: Archaeology: Principles and Methods Number of credits: 4

Effective from AY: 2023-24

Prerequisites for the	Students are expected to have preliminary knowledge	Number
<u>course</u>	concerning basic concepts of archaeology.	of Hours
<u>Objectives:</u>	This course aims to introduce the students to key concepts and approaches in archaeology, highlighting their applications in interpreting the human past. The definition, aims and scope of archaeology and its development as a discipline is introduced to the students. Legislation related to archaeology and the role of archaeology in heritage management is also discussed in this course.	
<u>Content:</u>	<ul> <li>I: Introduction to Archaeology <ul> <li>a. Archaeology as the study of the past: Definition, Aims, Scope and Methods.</li> <li>b. Relationship with History and Anthropology.</li> <li>c. Developments in Archaeology from 19<sup>th</sup> century till the present.</li> <li>d. A Review of Indian Archaeology.</li> <li>e. Archaeology of Post-Independence India: contribution of institutions and individuals.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	12
	<ul> <li>II: Archaeological Methods and theories <ol> <li>General methods of archaeological field work</li> <li>Methods of data retrieval: Exploration and Excavations.</li> <li>Field discoveries: Traditional methods of explorations and site discoveries using textual sources, chance discoveries, map and satellite image studies and village to village surveys.</li> <li>Understanding dating in Archaeology/Chronology and dating methods.</li> <li>Importance of excavated remains for historical reconstruction.</li> <li>Sources used in the study of Archaeology.</li> <li>Key Archaeological Findings and their significance.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	25
	<ul> <li>II. Theories in Archaeology.</li> <li>a.Antiquarian period to Traditional Archaeology.</li> <li>b. New Archaeology/ Processual</li> </ul>	

	Archaeology.	
	c.Post-Processual Archaeology.	
	C.FOST-FIDCESSUALAICHAEOlogy.	15
	What we have a figure of Const	15
	III: Archaeology of Goa	
	a. Prehistoric past.	
	b. Sources of Archaeological remains for the study	
	of past: Rock art, Rock-cut excavations,	
	Sculptural remains, Architecture (Temples, Forts,	
	Mosques, Churches, Memorials and Tanks),	
	Epigraphic and Numismatic evidences.	
		8
		_
	IV: Cultural resource management and public	
	archaeology	
	a. Cultural Heritage, Monuments and	
	Archaeological Legislations/Treasure Trove Act.	
	b. Public Archaeology.	
Pedagogy:	Lectures/guest lectures/ tutorials/ field work and visits	
	(compulsory)/assignments.	
Poforoncos (Poodings)		
References/Readings:	1. Agrawal, D. P. <i>The Archaeology of India</i> . London:	
	Curzon Press, 1982.	
	2. Bahn, P, and C. Renfrew. Archaeology: Theory,	
	Method and Practices. London: Thames and	
	Hudson, 2012.	
	3. Binford, L. R. An Archaeological Perspective. New	
	York: Seminar Press, 1972.	
	4. Chakrabarti, D. K. A History of Indian	
	Archaeology: From the Beginning to 1947. New	
	Delhi: Munshiram Manoharlal, 1988.	
	5. Childe V. G. A Short Introduction to Archaeology.	
	London: Fredrick Muller Ltd., 1956.	
	6. Childe V. G. <i>Piecing together the Past: The</i>	
	Interpretation of Archaeological Data. London:	
	Routledge & Kegan Paul Ltd., 1956.	
	7. Crawford, O. G. S. Archaeology in the Field.	
	London: Phoenix, 1953.	
	8. Dhavalikar, M. K. Historical Archaeology of India.	
	New Delhi: Books and Books, 1999.	
	9. Fagan, B. In the beginning: An Introduction to	
	Archaeology. Glenview: Scott, Foresman and	
	company, 1988.	
	10. Flannery, K. V, and J. Marcus. "Cognitive	
	Archaeology." In Reader in Archaeological	
	Theory: Post-Processual and Cognitive	
	Approaches, edited by D. Whitley. London:	
	Routledge, 1998.	
	Archaeology. New Delhi: Munshiram Manoharlal,	

	1000
	1989.
	12. Hodder, I. Interpreting Archaeology: Finding
	Meaning in the Past. New York: Routledge, 1995.
	13. Kadamb, S. G. Sources of History of the
	Kadambas of Goa: Inscriptions. Panaji: Broadway
	Publishers, 2013.
	14. Mitragotri, V. R. A Socio-Cultural History of Goa
	from the Bhojas to the Vijayanagara. Panaji:
	Institute Menezes Braganza, 1999.
	15. Paddayya, K. New Archaeology and Aftermath:
	View from Outside the Anglo-American World.
	Pune: Ravish Publishers, 1990.
	16. Renfrew, Colin, and Paul Bahn. Archaeological:
	Theories and Methods and Practice. London:
	Thames and Hudson, 2006.
	17. Roy, Sourindranath. <i>The story of Indian</i>
	Archaeology (1784-1947). New Delhi:
	Archaeological Survey of India, 1961.
	18. Sankalia, H. D. New Archaeology Its Scope and
	application in India. Lucknow: Ethnographic and
	Folk Culture Society, 1977.
	19. Silverman H, and D. F. Ruggles. <i>Cultural Heritage</i>
	and Human Rights. New York: Springer, 2007.
	20. Wheeler, R. E. M. Archaeology from Earth.
	Oxford: Clarendon Press, 1954.
Loorning Outcomos:	On the successful completion of this course, students
Learning Outcomes:	on the succession completion of this course, students
	will
	1. Acquire better understanding of archaeology
	2. Be able to analyse the theories and approaches
	concerning archaeology
	3. Be able to apply theories and concepts of
	archaeology in actual research situations.
	4. Understand the debates in the field of
	archaeology.

## Programme: M.A. (History) Course Code: HIS-623 Title of the Course: History of Modern Europe (1789–1991) Number of Credits: 4 Effective from AY: 2023-24

Pre-requisites for the	Students should have basic knowledge in the history of	Number
<u>course:</u>	modern Europe.	of Hours
Objectives:	<ul> <li>The course aims to evaluate the question of change and continuity in modern European history.</li> <li>Orient the students with political and economic history of Europe.</li> <li>It offers to analyze historical developments and</li> </ul>	
	impact.	
<u>Content:</u>	I Empire, French Revolution, Experience and Impact: Ancien regime and the crisis, intellectual currents, new ideas and emergence of modern political culture. Main events. Rise of Napoleon Bonaparte. Napoleonic France and universal empire. Congress of Vienna–conservatism	16
	and its impact, Era of Metternich and Concert of Europe. Revolutions of 1830 and 1848.	12
	<b>II Industrialization, Liberalism and Nationalism:</b> The Industrial Revolution in Britain, France and Germany. Socialist Industrialization. Liberalism and Democracy in Britain. Rise of Nationalism and Nation States. Unification of Italy and Germany.	14
	<ul> <li>III Europe and World War I: Bismarck and Germany, system of alliances and diplomacy. Eastern Question. Scramble for Colonization and Mechanism for Imperialism in Africa. World War I. Russian Revolution. League of Nations. Great Depression.</li> <li>IV World War II and Its Impact: Rise of Totalitarianism. Fascism and Dictatorship of Benito Mussolini in Italy. Nazism and the rise of Hitler, Weimar Republic. Spanish Civil War and Spain under General Franco. World War II. United Nations Organization. Cold War, its impact and Global ramifications. Collapse of USSR.</li> </ul>	18
Pedagogy:	Lectures/tutorials/seminar-presentation//book	
	review/movie review.	
References/Readings	1. Allen, Robert C. <i>The British Industrial Revolution in Global Perspective</i> . New York: Oxford University	

	Durana 2000	
	Press, 2009.	
	2. Alexandro, V. A. <i>Contemporary World History</i>	
	1917-1950. Moscow: Progress Publishers, 1986.	
	3. Briggs, Asa, and Patricia Clavin. Modern Europe	
	1789-Present. London: Routledge, 2003.	
	4. Carr, E. H. The Twenty Years Crisis, 1919-1939.	
	London: Macmillan,1965.	
	5. Cornwell, R. D. World History in the Twentieth	
	Century. London: Longman, 1976.	
	6. Finney, Patrick. Remembering the Road to World	
	War II. New York: Routledge, 2011.	
	7. Fisher, H. A. L. <i>A History of Europe.</i> London:	
	Fontana Library, 1969.	
	8. Fitzpatrick, Sheila. The Russian Revolution. New	
	York: Oxford University Press, 2008.	
	9. Furet, Francois. Interpreting the French	
	<i>Revolution</i> . Cambridge: Cambridge University	
	Press, 1981.	
	10. Grenville, J. A. S. A History of the World in the	
	Twentieth Century. Massachusetts: Harvard	
	University Press, 1994.	
	11. Hobsbawn, E. J. Nation and Nationalism since	
	1780: Programme, Myth and Reality. Cambridge:	
	Cambridge University press, 1990	
	12. Hobsbawn, E. J. The Age of Extremes: A History of	
	<i>the World</i> , 1914-1991. New York: Vintage, 1994.	
	13. Hobsbawn, E. J. The Age of Empire 1875-	
	1914.New York: Pantheon Books, 1987.	
	14. Hoger, Micheal. The End of the Cold War: Its	
	Meaning and Implications. Cambridge: Cambridge	
	University Press, 1994.	
	15. Judt, Tony. Postwar: A History of Europe Since	
	<i>1945</i> . London: William Heinemann, 2005.	
	16. Keegan, John. The Second World War. New York:	
	Penguin, 1990.	
	17. Lefebvre, George. <i>Coming of the French</i>	
	Revolution. Princeton: Princeton University Press,	
	1989.	
	18. Leffier, Melyn. Origins of the Cold War: An	
	International History. London: Routledge, 1994.	
	19. Phillips, Steve. Lenin and the Russian Revolution.	
	Oxford: Oxford Heinemann Educational Publisher,	
	2000.	
	20. Zimmer, Oliver. Nationalism in Europe, 1890-1940.	
	New York: Palgrave Macmillan, 2003.	
Learning Outcomes	1. This Course will enable students to gain basic	
	understanding of the modern European history.	

3.	Comprehend modern ideas and thoughts that influenced Europe. Examine the historical processes that shaped modern Europe. Understand political and economic transitions in Europe.	
4.	Apply the concepts in actual research situation.	

## Programme: M. A. (History) Course Code: HIS-624 Title of the Course: A History of the Indian Diaspora Number of Credits: 4 Effective from AY: 2023-24

Prerequisites for the	An avid interest in diaspora studies and a willingness to	Number of
<u>course:</u>	engage with the themes and issues of the Indian	Hours
	diaspora, historically.	
<u>Objectives:</u>	<ul> <li>A History of the Indian Diaspora will explore the history, features and contributions of the global Indian diaspora.</li> <li>It attempts to trace the genesis of the Indian diaspora, identify the stages of migration and the categories of the Indian diaspora.</li> <li>It also aims to discuss the status and activities of the diasporic communities in the host country and their interface with India.</li> <li>A major thrust of this course is to analyse the origins, phases, ties and impact of the Goan diaspora.</li> <li>The course aims to read some of the most current scholarship on diaspora, in particular, and to vigorously engage with these texts, theories, and debates through classroom discussion.</li> </ul>	
<u>Content:</u>	<ul> <li>Diaspora: Meaning and Scope</li> <li>Diaspora: Evolution of the concept, Features and Typologies.</li> <li>Migration, Diaspora and Transnationalism: Concepts, Theories and Methods.</li> <li>Four phases of Diaspora Studies.</li> <li>Maintaining Connections: Holding On and Letting Go.</li> <li>Resistance and Accommodation.</li> <li>Diasporic Subjectivity: of loss, memory, being, and becoming. Politics of Belonging.</li> <li>Migration and Development. The Role of Diasporas in International Politics.</li> <li>Diasporas, Media, and Culture.</li> <li>Mobility, Connectivity and Communication in a Globalised World.</li> </ul>	15
	II. Histories and Trajectories of the Indian Diaspora	15

	Classical: Early Indian Migration. Ceylon. Southeast Asia. Central Asia. East Africa. Colonial: Emigration to British plantation colonies. The Indentured system: "A New System of Slavery." Indian Diasporic Communities and the Struggle for Freedom in the Homeland and the Host Country. Since Independence: Migration to the West, the Persian Gulf region, Australia-New Zealand. III. Indian Diaspora, the Host Society and the Homeland Categories and Geographies of the Indian Diaspora. In the Host Society: Representation and Identity. Cultural Dynamics. Political Interventionism and Diaspora Activism. India's Policy towards the Diaspora: Connections. Collaboration. Indian Diaspora as an Agent of Development, and as a Strategic Asset. Women in the Indian Diaspora: Historical Narratives and Contemporary Challenges.	15
	<ul> <li>IV. Goan Diaspora</li> <li>Genesis. Phases.</li> <li>Geographies of the Goan Diaspora.</li> <li>Diasporic linkages, networks and transnational identities.</li> <li>Socio-economic, Cultural and Political contributions.</li> </ul>	
Pedagogy:	Lecture method/project-based learning/collaborative learning/field-work.	
References/Readings	<ol> <li>Bauböck, Rainer, and Thomas Faist, eds. Diaspora and Transnationalism: Concepts, Theories and Methods. Amsterdam: Amsterdam University Press, 2010.</li> <li>Braziel, Jana Evans, and Anita Mannur. Theorizing Diaspora. Oxford: Blackwell, 2003.</li> <li>Cohen, Robin. Global Diasporas. An Introduction. 2nd ed. London and New York: Routledge, 2008.</li> <li>Dufoix, Stephane. Diasporas. Berkeley: University of California Press, 2008.</li> <li>Frenz, Margret, Community, Memory, and Migration in a Globalizing World. The Goan Experience, c. 1890-1980. New Delhi: Oxford</li> </ol>	

	University Press, 2014.	
6.	Frenz, Margret. "Global Goans. Migration	
	Movements and Identity in a Historical	
	Perspective." <i>Lusotopie</i> 15, no.1 (2008): 183-202.	
7.	Gautam, M. K. Indian Diaspora: Ethnicity and	
	Diasporic Identity. CARIM-India RR 2013/29.	
	Leiden: European University Institute, 2013.	
8.	Hassankhan, Maurits S., Lomarsh Roopnarine, and	
_	Hans Ramsoedh, eds. The Legacy of Indian	
	Indenture: Historical and Contemporary Aspects	
	of Migration and Diaspora. London: Routledge,	
	2016.	
9.	Hegde, Radha S., and Ajaya K. Sahoo, eds.	
	Routledge Handbook of the Indian Diaspora.	
	London: Routledge, 2017.	
10.	Hussain, Asaf. "The Indian Diaspora in Britain:	
	Political Interventionism and Diaspora	
	Activism." Asian Affairs 32, no. 3 (2005): 189-208.	
11.	Interdisciplinary Journal of Portuguese Diaspora	
	Studies. Vol. 7 (2018) Special Issue: Goans on the	
	Move.	
12.	Kapur, Devesh. "Indian Diaspora as a Strategic	
	Asset." Economic and Political Weekly 38, no. 5	
	(2003): 445-48.	
13.	Jayaram, N., ed. The Indian Diaspora: Dynamics of	
	Migration. New Delhi: Sage Publications, 2004.	
14.	Jayaram, N., ed. Diversities in the Indian Diaspora:	
	Nature, Implications, Responses. Oxford: Oxford	
	University Press, 2011.	
15.	Lal, Vinay. "Establishing Roots, Engendering	
	Awareness: A Political History of Asian Indians in	
	the United States." In <i>Live Like the Banyan Tree</i> :	
	Images of the Indian American Experience, edited	
	by Leela Prasad, 42-48. Philadelphia: Balch	
10	Institute for Ethnic Studies, 1999.	
16.	Mishra, Vijay. "The diasporic imaginary:	
	Theorizing the Indian diaspora." <i>Textual Practice</i>	
17	10, no. 3 (1996): 421-447. Northrup, David. <i>Indentured Labor in the Age of</i>	
17.	Imperialism, 1834–1922. Cambridge: Cambridge	
	University Press, 1995.	
1 0	Pande, Amba, ed. <i>Women in the Indian Diaspora:</i>	
10.	Historical Narratives and Contemporary	
	Challenges. Singapore: Springer, 2018.	
10	Pande, Amba. "India and its Diaspora: Charting	
19.	New Avenues of Engagement." International	
	<i>Studies</i> 54, Issue 1-4 (2017): 180–195.	
	JUUICS JT, ISSUE I T (2017). 100-133.	

	<ol> <li>Sahoo, Ajaya K., and Bandana Purkayastha, eds. <i>Routledge Handbook of Indian Transnationalism</i>. London: Routledge, 2019.</li> <li>Sharma, Sheetal. "Social and Political Participation of Indian Diaspora in the UK." <i>International Studies</i> 51, Issue 1-4 (2014): 118-132.</li> <li>Shukla, Sandhya. <i>India Abroad: Diasporic Cultures of Postwar America and England</i>. Princeton, New Jersey: Princeton University Press, 2003.</li> <li>Tinker, Hugh. A New System of Slavery: The Export of Indian Labour Overseas 1830-1920. London: Oxford University Press, 1974.</li> <li>Tsagarousianou, Roza. "Rethinking the Concept of Diaspora: Mobility, Connectivity and Communication in a Globalised World." <i>Westminster Papers in Communication and Culture</i>. 1, no.1 (2017): 52–65.</li> <li>Vertovec, Steven, and Robin Cohen, eds. <i>Migration, Diasporas and Transnationalism</i>. Cheltenham: Edward Elgar, 1999.</li> </ol>
Learning Outcomes	<ul> <li>Upon the successful completion of this course, the student would be able to understand:</li> <li>1. historically the process of migration and settlement of Indians abroad;</li> <li>2. how the Indian diaspora spread, organized associations and maintained Indian identity overseas;</li> <li>3. the role of ethnicity in helping Indians abroad to strengthen their diasporic identity;</li> <li>4. how Indians abroad developed their global identity as an Indian diaspora; and</li> <li>5. the genesis, phases, spread and impact of the Goan diaspora.</li> </ul>

Programme: M. A. (History) Course Code: HIS-625 Title of the Course: An Introduction to Museology Number of Credits: 4 Effective from AY: 2023-24

Effective from AY: 202		1
Prerequisites for the	An avid interest in heritage and museum studies and a	Number
<u>course:</u>	willingness to engage with and undertake study visits to	of
		hours
	museums.	
Objectives:	An Introduction to Museology aims at:	
	<ul> <li>providing the students with a basic understanding of the discipline of museology;</li> <li>studying museums within an interdisciplinary perspective;</li> <li>introducing the students to the history, typology and functions of museums as well as the basics of managing a museum;</li> <li>discussing the basic concepts and methods of collection, documentation and exhibition of museum objects;</li> <li>acquainting the learners with the roles and responsibilities of the curator;</li> <li>examining the role of museums in society, as agents of change;</li> <li>familiarising the students with museum skills and career opportunities in this field.</li> </ul>	
<u>Content:</u>	<ul> <li>I. Museum and Museology: Definition and Scope What is a Museum? Historical Developments in India, and Globally. Changing Concepts and Roles of Museums. Types and Classification of Museums. Functions and Importance of Museums. What is Museology? Key concepts. Recent Trends in Museum Studies. New Museology. Museography. Postmodern Restructurings. Reimagining Museums for the Future.</li> <li>II. Collections Management, Documentation and Exhibition Collections Policies and Procedures. Acquisition. Registration and Documentation.</li> </ul>	15
	Storage and Handling. Care and Conservation.	

References/Readings	<ol> <li>Alexander, Edward P., and Mary Alexander. <i>Museums in Motion: An Introduction to the History</i> <i>and Functions of Museums</i>. London: Altamira Press, 2008.</li> <li>Ambrose, Timothy, and Crispin Paine. <i>Museum</i> <i>Basics. The International Handbook</i>. 4th ed. Abingdon, Oxon and New York: Routledge, 2018.</li> <li>Boylan, Patrick J., ed. <i>Running a Museum. A</i> <i>Practical Handbook</i>. Paris: ICOM, 2004.</li> <li>Campbell, Bruce A., and Christian Baars. <i>The</i> <i>Curation and Care of Museum Collections</i>. Abingdon, Oxon and New York: Routledge, 2019.</li> </ol>	
Pedagogy:	Lecture method/project-based learning/collaborative learning/experiential learning through study visits to museums/student reflexivity.	
	Museums as Agents of Change. Museums, Cultural Diversity and Multiculturalism. Museum Careers. Museology and Entrepreneurship. <b>IV: Museum Management</b> Museums as Organisations. Museum Management Structure and Administration. Museum Marketing and Public Relations. Museum Architecture. Legislation pertaining to Museums. Museum Ethics. ICOM Code of Ethics. Museum as a Profession. International Professional Museum Organizations: ICOM, ICCROM, The American Alliance of Museums, UNESCO.	15
	The Role of Museums in Cultural Resource Management. <b>III. The Role of Museums in Society: Education and Social</b> <b>Action</b> The Significance of Education in Museums. Educational Theory in Museums. The Constructivist Museum. Museums and Research. Interpreting Objects and Collections. Museums and Community: Ideas, Issues and Challenges. A Role for Museums in Civic Dialogue.	15
	De-accessioning and disposal of Museum Objects. Museum Curation. Roles and Responsibilities of Curator in Collections Management. Museum Exhibition: Theory and Practice. Techniques of Display. Museum Collections and Visitor Engagement.	

6.	Carbonell, Bettina Messias, ed. <i>Museum Studies: An</i> <i>Anthology of Contexts</i> . 2nd ed. Malden and Oxford: Wiley-Blackwell, 2012. Chakrabarti, Lalima Dhar. <i>Managing Museums: A</i> <i>Study of the National Museum</i> . New Delhi: Sundeep Prakashan, 2007. Crooke, Elizabeth. <i>Museums and Community</i> <i>Ideas, Issues and Challenges</i> . Abingdon, Oxon:	
	Routledge, 2007.	
	Edson, Gary. <i>Museum Ethics Theory and Practice</i> . London: Routledge, 1997. Genoways, Hugh H., and Mary Anne Andrei, eds. <i>Museum Origins: Readings in Early Museum History</i> <i>and Philosophy</i> . Walnut Creek, CA: Left Coast Press, 2008.	
10.	Glaser, Jane R. with Artemis A. Zenetou. <i>Museums:</i> A Place to Work: Planning Museum Careers (Heritage: Care-Preservation-Management). London and New York: Routledge, 1996.	
11.	Grewcock, Duncan. Doing Museology Differently.	
12.	New York: Routledge, 2014. Gurian, Elaine Heumann. <i>Civilizing the Museum:</i> <i>The Collected Writings of Elaine Heumann Gurian.</i>	
13.	London and New York: Routledge, 2006. Hein, George E. <i>Learning in the Museum</i> . New York: Routledge, 1998.	
14.	Hooper-Greenhill, Elian, ed. <i>The Educational Role of the Museum</i> . London and New York: Routledge, 1999.	
15.	Janes, Robert R. <i>Museums in a Troubled World</i> <i>Renewal, Irrelevance or Collapse?</i> Abingdon, Oxon:	
	Routledge, 2009.	
16.	Lord, Barry. <i>The Manual of Museum Exhibitions.</i> AltaMira Press, 2001.	
17.	Macdonald, Sharon, ed. <i>A Companion to Museum Studies</i> . Oxford: Blackwell, 2006.	
18.	Message, Kylie. <i>Museums and Social Activism</i> Engaged Protest. Abingdon, Oxon: Routledge, 2014.	
19.	Moore, Kevin, ed. <i>Museum Management</i> . London and New York: Routledge, 1994.	
20.	Pearce, Susan M., ed. New Research in Museum	
	Studies: An International Series. Objects of Knowledge. London and Atlantic Highlands: The	
	Athlone Press, 1990.	
21.	Pearce, Susan M., ed. Interpreting Objects and	

	Collections. London and New York: Routledge, 1994. 22. Schlatter, N. Elizabeth. Museum Careers: A Practical Guide for Novices and Students. Walnut creek, CA: Left Coast Press, 2008.
	<ul> <li>23. Thompson, John M. A. <i>Manual of Curatorship: A Guide to Museum Practice</i>. Oxford, Boston: Butterworth-Heinemann, 1992.</li> <li>24. Vergo, Peter, ed. <i>The New Museology</i>. London:</li> </ul>
	Reaktion Books, 1989. 25. Witcomb, Andrea. <i>Re-imagining the Museum</i> <i>Beyond the Mausoleum</i> . London: Routledge, 2003.
Learning Outcomes	Upon the successful completion of this course, the student would have:
	<ol> <li>acquired knowledge of the various meanings and uses of the main museum concepts;</li> </ol>
	<ol><li>studied the historical development of museums, nationally and globally;</li></ol>
	<ol> <li>developed a critical understanding of current museum practices;</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>understood the roles and responsibilities of the curator and basic concepts and methods of collection and documentation of museum objects;</li> </ol>
	<ol><li>examined museums in an interdisciplinary perspective; and</li></ol>
	<ol> <li>attained the ability to apply academic knowledge to a critical analysis of museums and their collections.</li> </ol>

Programme: M. A. (History) Course Code: HIS-626 Title of the Course: Women in Indian Religions Number of Credits: 4 Effective from AY: 2023-24

Prerequisites for the	Students should have a keen interest and aptitude in	Number
course:	the study of women in Indian Religions.	of Hours
Objectives:	<ul> <li>This course focuses on the portrayal and a sitisfier of means in vertices ladies</li> </ul>	
	position of women in various Indian	
	religions from ancient times to the	
	contemporary period.	
	<ul> <li>It aims to equip the students with the</li> </ul>	
	knowledge about different reform	
	movements which took place to enhance	
	the position of Indian women in their	
	religions.	
Content:	Introduction	15
	<ul> <li>a) Need to study women's history.</li> </ul>	
	b) Historiography.	
	c) Sources: Archaeological, Oral, Literary.	
		15
	II Religious Traditions, Worship	
	a) Status and Role in Sacred texts of Hinduism,	
	Buddhism, Jainism, Sikhism Zoroastrianism,	
	Islam, and Christianity.	
	b) Cult of Mother Goddess, Devi and her many	15
	forms, Myths and Legends.	
	c) Role of the Third Gender.	
	III Ascetic Tradition, Socio-Economic Status	15
	a) Bhikkhuni, Jain Sadhvi, Sanyasini.	
	<ul> <li>b) Education, Concept of Impurity, Priesthood,</li> </ul>	
	Childhood, Marriage, Motherhood, Sati, and	
	Widowhood.	
	c) Economic Status	
	IV Reforms and Movements	
	a) Bhakti Movement	
	b) Socio-Religious reform movements. Women's	
	Role in Indian National Movement. Bharat	
	Mata.	
	c) Personal Laws and their religious background.	
	Shah Bano.	
	d) Recent – Sabarimala, Shani Shingnapur, Haji Ali.	
Pedagogy	lectures/tutorials/seminar-presentation/book	
1 2008081	review/movie review.	
References/Readings	1) Ahmed, Leila. <i>Women and Gender in Islam:</i>	
References/ Readings		

ГТ	Т	
	Historical Roots of a Modern Debates. New	
	Haven: Yale University Press, 1992.	
2)	Altekar, A. S. Education in Ancient India.	
	Benares: Nand Kishor and Bros., 1944.	
3)	Bronkhorst, Johannes. The Two Sources of	
	Indian Asceticism. Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass	
	Publishers Private Limited, 1998.	
4)	Burchett, Patton E. A Genealogy of Devotion:	
	Bhakti, Tantra, Yoga, and Sufism in North India.	
	New York: Columbia University Press, 2019.	
5)	Chakrabarti, Anindita. Faith and Social	
	Movements: Religious Reform in Contemporary	
	India. New York: Cambridge University Press,	
	2017.	
6)	Collett, Alice, ed. <i>Women in Early Indian</i>	
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	York: Oxford University Press, 2013.	
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	the Third Sex: Understanding Homosexuality,	
	Transgender Identity and Intersex Conditions	
	Through Hinduism. Philadelphia: Xlibris, 2010.	
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	Banarasidas Publishers, 1998.	
Learning Outcomes	1. Understand the development of the status of	
	women in Indian religions.	
	2. Identify the major patterns of worship and	
	aesthetic traditions in various Indian religions.	
	3. Analyse the various movements in the religious	
	history of India pertaining to the upliftment of	
	women.	
	4. Comprehend the religious position of Indian	
	women in contemporary period.	
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## Programme: M. A. (History) Course Code: HIS-627 Title of the Course: India Since Independence (1947-2000) Number of Credits: 4 Effective from A.Y. 2023-24

Prerequisites for the course:	Students should have keen interest in the study of India Since Independence.	Number of Hours
<u>Objectives:</u>	To discuss the major issues and problems related to polity, economy and society in India after independence with special reference to reorganisation of states, five-year plans, parliamentary democracy, social, environmental movements and problems as well as foreign policy.	
<u>Content:</u>	<ul> <li>I. Issues and Problems at Independence</li> <li>Partition and communal violence</li> <li>Integration of Princely States</li> <li>Liberation of Portuguese and French Possessions in India.</li> </ul>	14
	<ul> <li>II. Establishment of Republic and Shaping of Foreign Policy</li> <li>Framing of Constitution. Main Features – Duties and Rights – Directive Principles of State Policy – Centre- State Relations.</li> <li>Linguistic Reorganisation of States.</li> <li>Electoral processes and the Indian Republic.</li> <li>Five Year Plans.</li> <li>Foreign Policy.</li> </ul>	14
	<ul> <li>III. India Between 1980-2000</li> <li>Political developments.</li> <li>New Educational Policy.</li> <li>73<sup>rd</sup> and 74<sup>th</sup> Constitutional Amendments.</li> <li>Liberalisation of Indian economy.</li> <li>Ecological issues.</li> <li>Foreign Policy.</li> </ul>	16
	<ul> <li>IV. Globalisation and the 21st Century</li> <li>Political developments.</li> <li>Economic developments.</li> <li>Impact on society and culture.</li> <li>Environmental Movements.</li> <li>Foreign Policy.</li> </ul>	16

Pedagogy:	Lectures/ tutorials/assignments/seminars.	
Pedagogy:         References/Readings	<ol> <li>Appadorai, A, and Rajan, M. S. India's Foreign Policy, and Relations. New Delhi: South Asian Publisher,1985.</li> <li>Appadorai, A. Contemporary India: Essays on Domestic and Foreign Policy. Delhi: Indian Books Centre, 1987.</li> <li>Basu, D. D. Introduction to the Constitution of India. Mumbai: Lexis Nexis, 2014.</li> <li>Brass, Paul R. The Politics of India Since Independence. New Delhi: Cambridge University Press, 2012.</li> <li>Chakravarty, Sukhamoy. Development Planning: The Indian Experience. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1987.</li> <li>Chandra, Bipan, and others. India After Independence. New Delhi: Viking, 1999.</li> <li>Desai, A. R. Recent Trends in Indian Nationalism. Bombay: Popular Prakashan, 1973.</li> <li>Deshpande, Satish. Contemporary India: A Sociological View. New York: Penguin Books, 2003.</li> <li>De Souza, Peter Ronald., ed. Contemporary India: Transitions. New Delhi: Sage, 2000.</li> <li>Dutt, V. P. India's Foreign Policy. New Delhi: Vani Educational Books for Vikas Publishing House, 1984.</li> <li>Frankel, F. India's political economy: The gradual revolution 1947–2004. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2004.</li> <li>Gadgil, M, and Ramachandra Guha. The Fissured Land: An Ecological History of India. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1997.</li> <li>Guha, Ramachandra, India After Gandhi: The History of the World's Largest Democracy. New Delhi: Picador, 2017.</li> <li>Gupta, D. C. Indian Government and Politics 1947- 1981. New Delhi: Vikas Publication, 1985.</li> <li>Haksar, P. N. India's Foreign Policy and its Problems. Delhi: Indian Books Centre, 1989.</li> <li>Jalan, Bimal. New Economic Policy. New Delhi: Penguin, 2020.</li> </ol>	
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	& Co., 1994.	
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	Jaipur: Rawat Publishers, 1988.	
Learning Outcomes	1. Understand the challenges faced by the government on	
	the eve of independence.	
	2. Recognise the significance of freedom, working of	
	parliamentary democracy, secularism, social and	
	environmental movements in India.	
	3. Analyse the problem of communalism in a historical	
	perspective.	
	4. Understand the nature and importance of India's foreign	
	policy.	

### Programme: M. A. (History) Course Code: HIS-628 Title of the Course: Constructing Goan Identity Number of Credits: 4 Effective from AY: 2023–2024.

Prerequisites for the	Knowledge of history of Goa.	Number
<u>course:</u>		of
		Hours
Objectives:	The course aims to take an interdisciplinary approach to gain an understanding of the complex processes involved in the making of Goan identity. It introduces key theoretical frameworks to questions of Goan identity and focuses on the social, cultural and political processes that produce a sense of the identity. It will consider the significance of 'identity' and 'identification' for everyday life by investigating how history, myths, cultural perceptions, images, symbols and memories are drawn upon to construct the identity. The course also enables the investigation of representations of identity in diverse forms and media. It will also address a series of fundamental issues on Goan identity, contemporary political life and public policy debates.	
<u>Content:</u>	<ol> <li>Interpretation of identities and cultural memory Primordialist. Constructivism. Social Identity Theory. Between colonialisms: Portuguese and British. Freedom Movement. Little Traditions. Deities. 'Folk' culture. Syncretism. Kuds.</li> </ol>	15
	<ol> <li>Of Identity, politics and symbols         Opinion Poll. Konkani Language Movement. Statehood.         Movement for Special Status. Elections. Governments and policies.     </li> </ol>	15
	3. <b>Transformation and loss</b> Migration. Diaspora. Demography. Tourism. Commodification of Culture. Consuming Identities: Films, literature and media.	15
	<ol> <li>Identity and political economy Globalisation. Growth Infrastructures. Special Economic Zones. Ecology. Civil Society.</li> </ol>	15
Pedagogy:	Lecture method/project based/tutorials/assignment- based/seminars/movie reviews	
References/Readings	<ol> <li>Alvares, Claude, ed. Fish, Curry and Rice: A Citizen's Report on the Goan Environment. Mapusa: The Other India Book Press, 2001.</li> <li>Angle, P. Goa: Concepts and Misconcepts. Bombay: The Goa Hindu Association, 1994.</li> </ol>	
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it's also power': the role of food in ethnic and gender identity	
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Questions. New Delhi: Concept Publishing Company, 1985.	
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Dayanand Bandodkar and the Rise of Bahujan in Goa. New	
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Learning Outcomes	<ul> <li>Upon the successful completion of this course, the student will be able to: <ol> <li>assess the importance of theoretical approaches to the study of identity;</li> <li>insights into experiences, motivations and social contexts that contribute to the construction identity;</li> <li>identify the role of identity politics in contemporary political life and public policy in Goa;</li> <li>understanding of political economy of Goa;</li> <li>identify the relationship between the cultural identity and globalisation;</li> <li>understand the intersection of historical, political and cultural practices involved in the production of meaning and everyday life.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	