

गोंय विद्यापीठ ताळगांव पठार गोंय - ४०३ २०६ फोन: +९१-८६६९६०९०४८



Goa University

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(Accredited by NAAC)

GU/Acad -PG/BoS -NEP/2023/324

Date: 25.08.2023

CIRCULAR

The University has notified Ordinance OA-35 governing the **Master of Laws** Programme offered at the Manohar Parrikar School of Law, Governance & Public Policy, Goa University Campus for implementation from the Academic year 2023-2024 onwards.

The approved Semester I and II Syllabus of the Master of Laws Programme is attached.

The Dean of the Manohar Parrikar School of Law, Governance & Public Policy is requested to take note of the above and bring the contents of the Circular to the notice of all concerned.

(Ashwin Lawande) Assistant Registrar – Academic-PG

Τo,

- 1. The Dean, Manohar Parrikar School of Law, Governance & Public Policy, Goa University.
- 2. The Principals of Affiliated Colleges offering the L.L.M. Programme.

Copy to:

- 1. The Chairperson, Board of Studies in Law .
- 2. The Controller of Examinations, Goa University.
- 3. The Assistant Registrar, PG Examinations, Goa University.
- 4. Directorate of Internal Quality Assurance, Goa University for uploading the Syllabus on the University website.

Goa University

LL.M. (CBCS) PROGRAMME UNDER OA-35

The Course and Credit Distribution is as follows:

Courses	SEM I	SEM II	SEM III	SEM IV	Credits
Discipline Specific Core (DSC)	16	16	-	-	32
Discipline Specific Elective (DSE)	4	4	-	-	08
Research Specific Elective Course (RSE)	-	-	8	4	12
General Elective Course (GE)	-	-	12	-	12
Discipline Specific Dissertation (DSD)/ Internship	-	-	-	16	16
Total Credits	20	20	20	20	80

Note: 1. One Credit is of 15 contact hours

2. A student is required to complete a minimum of 32 credits (inclusive of DSD) in order to be eligible for the award of LL.M. in the concerned specialization.

The LL.M. (CBCS) Pogramme Courses and Semester-wise Structure:
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	SEMESTER - I			
	DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE (DSC) COURSES			
Course Code	Title of the Course	Number of Credits		
<u>LLM-500</u>	Comparative Public Law	4		
LLM-501	Law and Legal Thought	4		
LLM-502	Conflict Management and Resolution	4		
<u>LLM-503</u>	Research Methodology	4		
	SEMESTER - II			
<u>LLM-504</u>	Law and Justice in a Globalizing World	4		
LLM-505	Law and Technology	4		
LLM-506	Legal Education and Legal Pedagogy	4		
<u>LLM-507</u>	Law and Social Change	4		

	DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE (DSE) COURSES SPECIALIZATION CODES	
LLR	Criminal Law	
LLO	Corporate Law	
LLC	Constitutional and Administrative Law	
LLL	Labour Law	
LLI	Intellectual Property Rights	
LLH	Human Rights Law	
LLA	Alternative Dispute Resolution Law	

	SEMESTER- I			
	DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE (DSE) COURSES			
Course Code	Title of the Course	Number of Credits		
<u>LLR-521</u>	Crime, Criminology and Crime Prevention	4		
<u>LLR-522</u>	Contemporary Forms of Crime	4		
LLO-521	Corporate Governance	4		
LLO-522	Banking and Insurance Law	4		
<u>LLC-521</u>	Constitutional Theory and Practice	4		
<u>LLC-522</u>	Constitutional Framework and Governance	4		
<u>LLL-521</u>	Industrial Relations Law	4		
LLL-522	Law Relating to Industrial Injuries and Social	4		
	Security			
<u>LLI-521</u>	Patent Law: Creation and Registration	4		
LLI-522	Copyrights and Designs of Integrated Circuits	4		
<u>LLH-521</u>	International Regime of Human Rights	4		
LLH-522	Science, Technology and Human Rights	4		
<u>LLA-521</u>	Negotiation: Principles, Essential Strategies and	4		
	Skills			
LLA-522	Industrial Relations and Conflict Resolution	4		

	SEMESTER-II			
	DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE (DSE) COURSES			
Course Code	Title of the Course	Number of Credits		
LLR-523	Penology and Treatment of Offenders	4		
LLR-524	Victim and Criminal Justice System	4		
LLO-523	Consumer and Competition Law	4		
<u>LLO-524</u>	International Trade Law	4		
LLC-523	General Principles of Administrative Law	4		
LLC-524	Federalism and Inter-Governmental Relations	4		
<u>LLL-523</u>	Law Relating to Labour Welfare	4		
<u>LLL-524</u>	Dispute Resolution in Labour Management	4		
	Relations			
<u>LLI-523</u>	Law on Designs, Trademark and Geographical	4		
	Indications			
<u>LLI-524</u>	Law on Traditional Knowledge, Biodiversity and	4		
	Plant Varieties			
<u>LLH-523</u>	Human Rights and Indian Legal System	4		
<u>LLH-524</u>	International Humanitarian and Refugee Law	4		
LLA-523	Mediation: Principles, Essential Strategies and	4		
	Skills			
<u>LLA-524</u>	Conflict Resolution in Family Disputes	4		

	SEMETER – III	
R	ESEARCH SPECIFIC ELECTIVES (RSE) COURSES (AN	Y TWO)
Course Code	Title of the Course	Number of Credits
LLR -600	Criminal Law Practicum Paper I	4
LLR -601	Criminal Law Practicum Paper II	4
LLR -602	Criminal Law Practicum Paper III	4
LLO -600	Corporate Law Practicum Paper I	4
LLO -601	Corporate Law Practicum Paper II	4
LLO -602	Corporate Law Practicum Paper III	4
LLC -600	Constitutional Law Practicum Paper I	4
LLC -601	Constitutional Law Practicum Paper II	4
LLC -602	Constitutional Law Practicum Paper III	4
LLL -600	Labour Law Practicum Paper I	4
LLL -601	Labour Law Practicum Paper II	4
LLL -602	Labour Law Practicum Paper III	4
LLI -600	Intellectual Property Rights Practicum Paper I	4
LLI -601	Intellectual Property Rights Practicum Paper II	4
LLI -602	Intellectual Property Rights Practicum Paper III	4
LLH-600	Human Rights Law Practicum Paper I	4
LLH -601	Human Rights Law Practicum Paper II	4
LLH -602	Human Rights Law Practicum Paper III	4
LLA-600	Alternative Dispute Resolution Law Practicum Paper I	4
LLA -601	Alternative Dispute Resolution Law Practicum Paper II	4
LLA -602	Alternative Dispute Resolution Law Practicum Paper III	4

	SEMESTER - III	
	GENERAL ELECTIVE (GE) COURSES (ANY THE	REE)
Course Code	Title of the Course	Number of Credits
LLR-621	International Criminal Law	4
LLR-622	Indian Constitution and Criminal Justice	4
	Administration	
LLR-623	Forensic Science and Criminal Law	4
LLO-621	Corporate Social Responsibility	4
LLO-622	Investment and Securities Law	4
LLO-623	Corporate Governance and Human Rights	4
LLC-621	Constitutional Review and Adjudication	4
LLC-622	Freedom of Expression, Religious Pluralism and	4
	Minorities	
LLC-623	Disadvantaged Groups and Constitutional	4
	Framework	
LLL-621	Law Relating to Service Regulations	4
LLL-622	Agricultural Labour and Law	4
LLL-623	Unorganised Labour Law	4
LLI-621	Biotechnology and Intellectual Property Law	4
LLI-622	Economic Development and IPR Law	4
LLI-623	Information Technology, IPR – Law and Practice	4
LLH-621	Women and Law	4
LLH-622	Child and Law	4
LLH-623	Human Rights and Criminal Justice	4

LLA-621	Arbitration: Principles and Procedure	4
LLA-622	International Commercial Arbitration: Procedure	4
	and Practice	
LLA-623	Indian Legal System and ADR	4

SEMETER – IV RESEARCH SPECIFIC ELECTIVES (RSE) COURSES (ANY ONE)		
Course Code	Course Title	Number of Credits
LLM-600	Fundamentals of Legal Research and Ethics	4
LLM-601	Legal and Social Science Research Writing and Publication	4
LLM-602	Online Course from MOOCs like SWAYAM, NPTEL, etc. as approved by the Board of Studies (BoS) in Law	4

	SEMESTER - IV DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC DISSERTATION (DSD) (ANY ONE)		
Course Code	Course Title	Number of Credits	
LLR-651	Discipline Specific Dissertation	16	
LLO-651	Discipline Specific Dissertation	16	
LLC-651	Discipline Specific Dissertation	16	
LLL-651	Discipline Specific Dissertation	16	
LLI-651	Discipline Specific Dissertation	16	
LLH-651	Discipline Specific Dissertation	16	
LLA-651	Discipline Specific Dissertation	16	

SEMESTER- I

Name of the Programme: Master of Laws

Title of the Course: Comparative Public Law

Course Code: LLM-500

Number of Credits: 4

 To introduce the idea of comparative constitutions and constitutional students and will bring out the issues and concerns in this comparison. To enable the students to analyze and apply the importance of constitutional amendments Module 1: Concept of Study of Comparative Constitutional Law Public Law and Private Law 	
 students and will bring out the issues and concerns in this comparison. To enable the students to analyze and apply the importance of constitutional amendments Module 1: Concept of Study of Comparative Constitutional Law 	
 To enable the students to analyze and apply the importance of constitution and amendments Module 1: Concept of Study of Comparative Constitutional Law 	ional review
and amendments Module 1: Concept of Study of Comparative Constitutional Law	ional review
Module 1: Concept of Study of Comparative Constitutional Law	
	451
	15 hours
 Concept of Constitution, Relevance of Constitution Relevance, Problems and Concerns in Using Comparison 	
	15 hours
	13 Hours
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	15 hours
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Concept of Quasi-federalism	
4. Role of Courts in Preserving Federalism	
Module 4: Constitutional Review & Amendment of Constitution	15 hours
1. Methods of Constitutional Review	
2. Concept, Origin, Limitations on Judicial Review	
Methods & Limitations on Amending Power	
Lectures, seminars, debates and group discussions.	
1. Vicki c. Jackson, Comparative Constitutional Law, Foundation Press, 2006	j
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	ixwell,
	Edward
	any 1000)
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	v of the
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	law
	 Role of Courts in Preserving Federalism Module 4: Constitutional Review & Amendment of Constitution Methods of Constitutional Review Concept, Origin, Limitations on Judicial Review Methods & Limitations on Amending Power Theory of Basic Structure: Origin and Development Lectures, seminars, debates and group discussions. Vicki c. Jackson, Comparative Constitutional Law, Foundation Press, 2006

	(Oxford University Press, 2009).
14.	Zachery Elkins, Tom Ginsburg, James Melton, The Endurance of National
	Constitutions (Cambridge University Press, 2009).
	Articles:
1.	David Staruss, "Do we Have a Living Constitution" 59 (4) Drake Law Review 973-984
_	(2011 Summer)
2.	Glen Staszewski, "Political Reasons, Deliberative Democracy and Administrative
	Law", 97(3) Iowa Law Review 849-912 (2012 March):
3.	Mark Tushnet, "Returning with Interest: Observations on Some Putative Benefits of
	Studying Comparative Constitutional Law" 1 U. Pa. J. Const. L. 325
4.	Ursula Bentele, Mining for Gold: The Constitutional Court of South Africa's
	Experience with Comparative Constitutional Law http://ssrn.com/abstract=1169642
5.	Mark Tushnet, "The Possibilities of Comparative Constitutional Law", 108 Yale.L.J.
_	1225 (1999).
6.	Axel Tschentscher, Comparing Constitutions and International Constitutional Law: A
	Primer http://ssrn.com/abstract=1502125
7.	Anne Smith, "Internationalization and Constitutional Borrowing in Drafting Bills of
-	Rights", 60(4) International and Comparative Law Quarterly 867-894 (2011 October).
	Michael J. Klarman, What's So Great About Constitutionalism? 93 Nw. U.L. Rev. 145
9.	Aman Ullah and Uzair Samee, "Basic Structure of Constitution: Impact of
	Kesavananda Bharati on Constitutional Status of Fundamental Rights", Vol. 26 (2)
4.0	South Asian Studies 299-309 (July-December 2011).
10.	Chhavi Agarwal, "Rule of Law: Reflection upon we the People and Beyond" 252 (1)
11	Madras Law Journal 8-16 (2010)
11.	Jeremy Waldron, The Concept and the Rule of Law Public Law & Legal Theory
12	Research Paper Series New York University School of Law Bruce Ackerman, "The New Separation of Powers" 113 (3) Harv. L. Rev. 634-729
12.	(2000)
13	Bryan Clark and Amanda Leiter, "Regulatory hide and seek: What agencies can (and
10.	can't) do to limit judicial review" 52(5) Boston College Law Review 1687-1732 (2011
	November)
14.	Daniel B. Rodriguez, "Change that matters: Essay on State Constitutional
	Development", 115(4) Penn State Law Review 1073-1098 (Spring 2011).
15.	Daryl Levinson and Richard H. Pildes "Separation of Parties, Not Powers" 119(8)
	Harvard Law Review 2311-2386 (2006).
16.	David King, "Formalizing Local Constitutional Standards of Review and the
	Implications for Federalism" 97 (7) Virginia Law Review 1685-1726 (November
	2011).
17.	Devi Prasad Singh, "Sovereignty, Judicial Review and Separation of Power", 7(5)
	Supreme Court Cases 1-13 (2012 September)
18.	Nathan Chapman, "Due Process as Separation of Powers", 121(7) Yale Law Journal
	1672-1807 (2012 May).
19.	K.K. Venugopal, "Separation of Power and the Supreme Court of India", Vol. 2 No. 2
	Journal of Law and Social Policy 64-82 (July 2008).
20.	Jonathan Siegel, "Institutional case for Judicial Review" 97(4) Iowa Law Review
	1147-1200 (2012 May).
21.	Ishwara Bhat, "Why and how Federalism matters in Elimination of Disparities and
	Promotion of Equal Opportunities for Positive Rights", 54(3) Journal of the Indian
•	Law Institute 324-363 (July-Sept 2012).
22.	Jessica Bulman, "Federalism as a safeguard of the Separation of Powers", 112(3)
~~	Columbia Law Review 459-506 (2012 April)
23.	Linda Bosniak, "Persons and Citizens in Constitutional Thought" 8 (1) International
~ -	Journal of Constitutional Law 9-29 (January 2010).
24.	Quinn Rosenkranz, "Subjects of the Constitution" 62 (5) Stanford Law Review 1209-

	1292 (May 2010) 25. Tom Ginsburg, Eric Posner, "Sub Constitutionalism" 62 (6) Stanford Law Review 1583-1628 (June 2010).	
Course	• Students will be able to understand the need and importance of comparative public	
outcomes	law. Students will analyze the various concepts of public law and the relevance of their comparison in India. Students can deduct the importance of constitutionalism, the Rule of Law and the	
	 Separation of Powers. Students will be able to develop the necessary skills in interpreting the constitutional provisions. 	

Name of the Programme: Master of Laws

Title of the Course: Law and Legal Thought

Course Code:LLM-501

Number of Credits: 4

Pre-requisites I Enrolment at the II M ((B(S) programme			
Pre-requisites Enrolment at the LL.M. (CBCS) programme for the Course Image: Course state sta			
Objectives • To enable learners to understand the legal, moral, philosophical and	• To enable learners to understand the legal, moral, philosophical and societal		
influences impacting the legal system.			
• To inculcate requisite knowledge of the subject matter.			
	15 Hours		
1. Meaning, kinds and role of Law and justice in society			
2. Relation between Law and Justice			
3. Concept of justice or dharma in Indian Legal Thought and in the Indian			
Constitutional Scheme			
4. The concept and various theories of justice in modern Western thought:			
Rawls, Nozick and Dworkin			
	15 hours		
1. Radical critique of law and justice	10 110 010		
2. Feminist jurisprudence			
3. Critical legal studies			
4. Postmodernist jurisprudence			
	15 hours		
1. Nature of judicial process and independence of the judiciary	10 110013		
2. Methods of Judicial interpretation			
3. Judicial activism and creativity of the Supreme Court using tools and			
techniques.			
4. Judicial process in pursuit of constitutional goals and values			
	15 hours		
1. Precedent in English Law	10 110 01 5		
2. Doctrine of Stare decisis in theory and practice			
3. Ratio Decidendi and Obiter dicta and tests to determine ratio decidendi.			
4. Precedent in Indian Law			
Pedagogy Lectures, seminars, debates and group discussions.			
References/ 1. M.D.A. Freeman, Lloyd's Introduction to Jurisprudence, Sweet & Maxwell, 2	021		
Readings 2. Cross and Harris, Precedent in English Law, Clarendon Press, Oxford, 2004			
3. Benjamin N. Cardozo, The Nature of Judicial Process, MPP Law House, India	n Edition		
2021.			
4. John Rawls, A theory of Justice, Oxford University Press (1972)			
5. Justice M Rama Jois, Legal and Constitutional History of India, Universal Pub	lishing		
Co., 2007	Ū.		
6. A. Lakshminath, Precedent in Indian Law, Eastern Book Company, 2005			
7. Raymond Wacks, Understanding Jurisprudence: An Introduction to Legal The	eory,		
Oxford University Press, 2015			
8. Amartya Sen, The idea of Justice, Harvard University Press & London: Allen L	_ane,		
(2009)			
9. H.M. Seervai, Constitutional Law of India, N.M. Tripathi and Sweet and Maxy	well		
10. D.D.Basu, Shorter Constitution of India, Wadhwa and Company, Nagpur Vol.	. & ,		
2018			
11. M.P.Jain, Indian Constitutional Law, Lexis Nexis, 2016			
12. Justice P.S. Narayana, Law of Precedents, Asia Law House, 2005			
Additional1.Rudolf Stammler, The Theory of Justice, Law & Justice Publishing Co.,2022			
readings 2. Roscoe Pound, Introduction to Philosophy of Law, Transaction Publishers 19	54)		

	Chs.1,2 & 3
	3. Roscoe Pound, Jurisprudence, The Law Books Exchange, New Jersey, (1959) Vol. 1
	Part I & II
	4. Bodenheimer, Jurisprudence, Harward University Press, (1974) Part I
	5. Friedmann, Legal Theory, Stevens & Sons Ltd., (1967)
	6. Lon. L. Fuller, Anatomy of Law, Stanford University Press, California, (1984)
	7. Lon. L. Fuller, The Morality of Law, The University of California, (1995) Reprint
	8. H.L.A. Hart, The Concept of Law, Oxford University Press, (2012) Reprint
	9. V.D. Mahajan, Jurisprudence, Eastern Book Company 2012
Course	• Learners will be able to understand the legal, moral, philosophical and societal
outcomes	influences impacting the legal system.
	• Learners will acquire knowledge of the subject matter, enabling them to critically
	understand the challenges and complexities affecting the law and legal system.
	• Increase students' critical awareness of the challenges and complexities affecting
	the law and the legal system.
	• Learners are able to analyze and evaluate the principles of Law, Justice and Morality
	in the existing legal system.

Name of the Programme: Master of Laws

Title of the Course: Conflict Management and Resolution

Course Code: LLM-502

Number of Credits: 4

Pre-requisites	Enrolment at the LL.M. (CBCS) programme		
for the Course			
Objectives	• To provide an overview of conflict and its resolution and to introduce basic concepts		
	of conflict and various conflict resolutions.		
	 To enable the students to learn various ways in which a conflict could be 	e resolved	
	and develop abilities to use such methods in settling disputes amicably.		
Content	Module 1: Introduction to Conflict	15 Hours	
	1. Understanding the concept of conflict (friction, disagreement, discord,		
	hostility, negative attitudes, rivalry, misunderstanding, antagonism)		
	2. Definition		
	3. Causes and Types Of Conflict		
	4. Stages of Conflict (Intra personal, interpersonal, intra-group, inter-group,		
	the Life cycle of a conflict)		
	Module 2: Theories of Conflict	15 hours	
	1. Theory of Conflict management in international relations-		
	2. Kinds of theories: Traditional Theories, Human needs theory (John		
	Burton), Pluralist Perspective of Conflict, Marxist and neo-Marxist		
	approaches towards conflict resolution		
	3. Interest Based negotiation (Rodger Fisher)		
	4. Ethnicity, Culture and Conflict		
	Module 3: Approaches and Phases in addressing conflict	15 hours	
	1. Crises prevention, management and settlement		
	2. Principles of Conflicts: Dynamics of conflict, Stakeholders, Conflict		
	Analysis and Conflict Analysis tools.		
	3. Stages in Conflict and Conflict Handling Styles		
	4. Language and cultural barriers in Conflict and Resolution	45	
	Module 4: Conflict resolution methods	15 hours	
	1. Methods of Resolution of Conflicts: Competing, collaborating, avoiding, accommodating and compromising, non-cooperation methods; coercion,		
	violence, adjudication and litigation, arbitration, and win–win.2. Regular and Alternative Methods		
	 Regular methods (inquisitorial and accusatorial) concept, advantages, 		
	disadvantages and identifying of gaps.		
	4. Alternative methods concept, advantages, disadvantages and identifying		
	limitations.		
Pedagogy	This course will be run primarily in lecturing mode. However, students ma	ay require	
	to learn certain concepts through a collaborative brainstorming format t		
	the understanding of the concepts.		
References/	1. O. Ramsbotham, T. Woodhouse & H. Miall. (2016) Contemporary Conflict		
Readings	Resolution. 4th edition, Cambridge, UK: Polity Press. (CCR).		
	2. Neelam Rathee, Violence and Conflict Resolution: Contemporary Perspection	ves,	
	Global Vision Publishing House, 2008.		
	3. R. Fisher and W. Ury. (2011) Getting to Yes (revised ed.). New York: Pengui	-	
	4. The Contemporary Conflict Resolution Reader, Polity; 1st edition (January 2	-	
	5. The 7 Principles of Conflict Resolution, Pearson Education (February 2019)		
	6. Martin Leiner Christine Schliesser. Alternative Approaches in Conflict Reso	lution,	
	Palgrave Macmillan, Switzerland		
Additional	1. L. Kriesberg. (2003) Constructive Conflicts (2nd ed.). Lanham, MD: Rowmar	۱&	
readings	Littlefield;		

	 S. Cheldelin, D. Druckman and L. Fast (eds.). (2003) Conflict: From Analysis to Intervention. London and New York: Continuum;
	3. C.A. Crocker, F.O. Hampson and P. Aall (eds.) (2005) Grasping the Nettle: Analyzing
	Cases of Intractable Conflict. Washington D.C.: United States Institute for Peace.4. Drukkman, D. (1993). "An Analytical Research Agenda for Conflict and Conflict
	Resolution." In Dennis J. D. Samdole and Hugo Vander Marwe (Eds.), Conflict
	Resolution Theory and Practice: Integration and Application. Manchester and New
	York: Manchester University Press.
	5. Fisher, S. et al. (2000). Working With Conflict: Skills and Strategies for Action.
	London: Zed.
	6. Moog, Robert S. "Conflict and Compromise: The Politics of Lok Adalats in Varanasi
	District." Law & Society Review 25, no. 3 (1991): 545.
Course	Students will develop a conceptual understanding of conflict
outcomes	 Students will be able to comprehend the causes, dynamics and consequences of conflict.
	 Students shall be able to display sensitivity towards ethical, social and political considerations in conflict.
	 Students will be able to develop the tools for analysing the conflicts.

Name of the Programme: Master of Laws Title of the Course: Research Methodology Course Code: LLM-503

Number of Credits: 4

Pre-requisites	Enrolment at the LL.M. (CBCS) programme	
for the Course		
Objectives	To identify and discuss the role and importance of research in the study of	f Law and
	Social science.	
	To analyse the issues and concepts relevant to the research process.	
Content		15 Hours
	1. Definition, meaning, Objectives and significance of Research	
	2. Scientific Methods of Research and its Characteristics	
	3. Types of Research – Theoretical v Empirical, Descriptive v Analytical,	
	Fundamental v Applied, Qualitative v Quantitative and Historical v	
	Action Research	
	4. Concept of Critical Thinking in research	
	Module 2: Understanding Legal Research	15 hours
	1. Definition, Objectives of Legal Research	
	2. Significance of Legal Research	
	3. Use of Library and e-resources in Research and significance	
	4. Induction and deduction methods in scientific research	
	Module 3: Methods of Legal Research	15 hours
	1. Doctrinal or Empirical Research Methods; characteristics, Merits and De-	
	merits	
	2. Survey Method: Census and Sample Survey	
	3. Case study method	
	4. Historical and Ethnographic Methods	
	Module 4: Major Stages in Legal Research	15 hours
	1. Research Problem: Identification and Defining; steps in problem	
	formulation, significance of Research Problem; Rationale of study	
	2. Review of Literature & Identification of Research Gaps; significance of	
	Review of Literature; steps in Review of Literature	
	3. Hypothesis: Meaning and Importance; Formulation and types; Sources	
	of Good Hypothesis, characteristics of Good Hypothesis	
	4. Research Design: Working out a Research Design, Types of Research	
	Design and significance	
Pedagogy	The course will be studied through teaching-learning approach. How	ever, the
	instructor may imbibe the practical aspects of research by a project-based	-
	which will help the learners in implementing the concepts learned through	
References/	1. Good & Hatt (1952), Methods in Social Research, New York: Mc Graw Hill I	
Readings	2. Young, Pauline. V (1973), Scientific Social Surveys & Research, Delhi, Prince	-
	India Pvt Ltd.	
	3. Upendra Baxi (1975), Socio-Legal Research in India: A Programs Chirift, ICS	SR 12
	Occasional Monograph	,,
	4. Ervin H. Pollock (1967), Fundamentals of Legal Research.	
	5. Goode William J., and Hatt Paul K., Methods in Social Research, McGraw-Hi	ll Book
	Company, London (1981)	
	6. Harward Law Review Association, The Blue Book: A uniform system of Cita	tion
	18th Edition (2008)	
	7. S.K. Verma and M. Afzal Wani, Legal Research and Methodology, 2nd Editio	n III
	Publication (2009)	,
	8. The Craft of Research by Wayne C. Booth, Joseph Williams, and Gregory G.	Colomh
	fourth edition, 2016.	

	9. Research Design: Qualitative, Quantitative and Mixed Approaches, John W. Crewel,		
	4th Edition, 2014.		
	10. Qualitative Inquiry and Research Design: Choosing among Five Approaches, John W.		
	Creswell, 3rd edition, 2016		
	11. The Research Methods knowledge Base, by William M.K. Trochim and James P.		
	Donnelly, 3rd Edition,2016		
	12. The SAGE Handbook of Qualitative Research (Sage Handbooks) by Norman K. Denzin		
	and Yvonna S. Lincoln, 4th Edition, 2018		
	13. Research Methodology, by R. Panneerselvam, second edition, PHI Learning		
	14. Handbook of Research Methodology by Dr. Shanti Bhushan Mishra, Dr. Shashi Alok,		
	first edition, 2017, Educreation		
	15. Research Methodology, Methods and Techniques, C.R. Kothari, New Age		
	International Ltd Publishers, 1994		
	16. Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques, Dr. R.K. Jain, Special Edition,		
	2021, Vayu Education of India.		
	17 Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques by C.R. Kothari and Gaurav Garg,		
	4th Edition, New Age International Publishers.		
	8. Legal Research Methodology, Dr. H.N. Tiwari, 2016, Allahabad Law Agency		
Additional	1. Whitney- The elements of Research		
readings	2. Sellitiz, Jahoda (1965) Research Methods in Social Relations (Great Britatin,		
	Methuen and Co.)		
	3. Festinger L., Katz David. (1970), Research Methods in Behavioral Sciences (Delhi		
	Amering Publication)		
	4. Madge, John (1962), Tools of Social Sciences (N.Y. Free Press)		
	Lin Nan (1976) Foundations of Social Research (McGraw Hill Book Co., New York).		
Course	• Will be able to analyse and explain key research concepts and issues and		
outcomes	comprehend and write accurate research articles in their academic discipline.		
	• Will be able to demonstrate the ability to choose methods appropriate to research		
	aims and objectives and develop advanced critical thinking skills.		
	Comprehend the complex issues inherent in selecting a research problem.		
	• Will be able to evaluate and apply appropriate research design and its		
	implementation in a research project.		

SEMESTER- II

Name of the Programme: Master of Laws

Title of the Course: Law and Justice in a Globalizing World

Course Code: LLM-504

Number of Credits: 4

Pre-requisites		Enrolment at the LL.M. (CBCS) programme	
for the Course			
Objectives	•	To understand the process of globalization and its impact on law and	iustico in a
Objectives		historical perspective. Further to critically analyse the concept of global	
		the mechanisms designed to achieve it.	justice and
	•	To better appreciate the demands for change raised by different gro	uns to the
	•	international legal order and institutions in the light of globalization.	ups to the
Content	-	Module 1: Globalization:	15 hours
Content	1		15 Hours
	1.	Meaning, Reach and Form Different dimensions of Globalization	
	2.	Emergence of Transnational Law in a Globalizing World International	
	2	Organizations vis-à-vis Globalization; Concept of Law & Justice.	
	3.	Law-making power of different organs of the State; Components of	
		Judicial Process, commissions & committees	
	4.	Types of Justice i.e. compensatory justice, distributive justice, socio-	
		economic justice, social justice etc. Perspective on Social Justice:	
		Module 2: Globalization: The Historical and Social Context	15 hours
	1.	Distinctive Characteristics and Dimensions: Economic, Technological,	
		Social and Cultural.	
	2.	Impact of Globalization on Poor and Women	
	3.	Impact of globalization - International economic law - Economic	
		institutions IPRs.	
	4.	International human rights law - Globalization and Free Market Impact	
		on welfare state - Natural Resources and Environment	
		Module 3: The Rule of Law in a Globalizing World	15 hours
	1.	Role of Precedent in the development of Law and Society; Judicial	
		Creativity, Judicial Activism Issues affecting Justice delivery system	
	2.	Role of dissent in the development of law and society Concept of Justice	
		in a Globalizing World	
	3.	International Human Rights Law; Globalization and Social Justice/ Global	
		Distributive Justice	
	4.	Role of international mechanisms to control armed conflicts, crimes	
		against humanity, environment and health	
		Module 4: Litmus Testing of Globalization	15 hours
	1.	Impact of Globalization on Judicial Process and administration of Justice	
	2.	Impact of globalization on Human Rights with special reference to	
		Gender Right	
	3.	Impact of globalization on Feminism, Women Rights in India and	
		Women and law in India	
	4.	Impact of globalization on free market and related notions,	
		Globalization vis-à-vis Environment and development, Reformation of	
		International Law and global institutions	
Pedagogy		Lectures, debates, case analysis, discussion, problem solving	
References/	1.	Anghie, A. (2007). Imperialism, sovereignty and the making of internation	allaw
-	1.		ai iavv.
Readings	2	Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. Ch. 1, 5 & 6.	vibilition
	2.	Pogge, T. (2002). World poverty and human rights: Cosmopolitan response	SIDILITIES
	2	and reforms. Cambridge: Polity. Ch. 4 & 7.	0. / 0. PP 0 ± -
	3.	Rajagopal B. (2003). International law from below: Development, social m	
	<u> </u>	and third world resistance. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. Ch. 5	&/.

	4. Sen, A. (2009). The idea of justice. Cambridge: Harvard University Press. Ch. 18.	
	5. Fraser, N. (2010). Scales of justice: Reimagining political space in a globalizing world. New York: Cambridge University Press. Ch. 2 & 6.	
	6. Buchanan, A. (2004). Justice, legitimacy, and self-determination: Moral foundations for international law. Oxford: Oxford University Press. Ch. 10 & 11.	
	 Baxi, U. (2002). The future of human rights. New Delhi: Oxford University Press. Ch.1 & 7. 	
	Articles:	
	1. Singh, A. P. (2008). Globalization and its Impact on National Policies with Reference	
	to India: An Overview of Different Dimensions. Journal of Constitutional and	
	Parliamentary Studies, 42 (1-2), 62-78.	
	2. Sinha, A. K. (2010). Human Rights in the Era of Globalization. Madras Law Journal,	
	245 (6), 124-136.	
	3. Chimni, B. S. (2007). A Just World under Law: A View from South. American	
	University International Law Review., 22 (2), 199-220.4. Chimni, B.S. (2004). International Institutions Today: An Imperial Global State in the	
	Making. European Journal of International Law, 15(1), 1-37.	
	5. Kenendy, D. M. (2003). Two globalizations of law and legal thought: 1850-1968.	
	6. Suffolk University Law Review, 36(3), 631-679. Kenendy, D. M. (2006). Three	
	globalizations of law and legal thought: 1850-2000.	
	7. In Trubek, D. M. The new law and economic development. Cambridge: Cambridge	
	University Press. 19-73.	
	8. Santos, B. S. (2006). Globalizations. Theory, Culture & Society, 23, 393-399.	
	9. Adam, S. (2011). Distributing Justice. New York University Law Review, 86 (2), 500-	
	572. Developments (2016).	
	10. The double life of international law: Indigenous peoples and extractive industries.	
	Harvard Law Review, 119, 1755-1778	
Course	• Students would be able to gain and acquire an understanding of the concept and	
outcomes	theoretical background of globalization and global justice.	
	• Students will develop critical thinking on globalization and its impact on	
	international and municipal law and international institutions.	
	• Enable the students to modify their approach and examine the process of	
	globalization and its impact on law and justice.	
	• Students will be able to propose solutions to aid in social reform through their	
	perspectives on Social Justice.	

Name of the Programme: Master of Laws Title of the Course: Law and Technology Course Code: LLM-505

Number of Credits: 4

Effective from Academic Year: 2023-2024

	cademic Year: 2023-2024	
Pre-requisites	Enrolment at the LL.M. (CBCS) programme	
for the Course		
Objectives	• To introduce the students to the basic concepts of law and Technology.	
	To enable them to understand the role played by technology in area of	of health and
	social networking.	
Content	Module -1 : Introduction	15 Hours
	1. Meaning of law and technology	
	2. Misuse of technology- Crimes- wrongs- offences	
	3. victims – rights and Punishment	
	4. Ethical issue	
	Module- 2: Health and Technology	15 hours
	1. Importance of technology in Health sector	
	2. Misuse of technology in health sector	
	3. Issues of negligence	
	4. Medical ethics and the Law	
	Module- 3: Social Networking & Technology	15 hours
	1. Social networking- Positive and Negative Effects	
	2. Regulation of social networking	
	3. Concept of privacy and the issues of safety	
	4. Offences - cyber crimes	
	Module- 4: Law of Evidence & Technology	15 hours
	1. Concept of evidence and Law	
	2. Recognition of electronic evidence in Law	
	3. Relevance of electronic evidence	
	4. Judicial approach	
Pedagogy	Lecture method, case study method, Discussion method	I
References/	1. Dr. Krishna Pal Malik, (2010), Computer and Information Technology Lav	w, Allahabad
Readings	Law Agency, Haryana	,
U	2. Dr. Faroog Ahmad (2005) Cyber Law in India [Law and Internet], New Er	a Law
	Publications, Delhi	
	3. Diatha Krishna Sundar (Editor), Isha Garg (Editor), Shashank Garg (Edito	or),(2015),
	Public Health in India: Technology, governance and service delivery	
	4. Dr Rakesh Kumar Singh, Souvik Dhar (2022), Media Law (Including Righ	t to
	Information Act) Vinod Publication P. Ltd.	
	5. Kush Kalra, (2021), Law of Electronic evidence, Vinod Publication P. Ltd.	
Course	 Students will understand the meaning of basic concepts of law and tee 	
outcomes	the role technology plays in health and social networking.	
	 Students will be able to analyse the impact of technological advanceme 	nt on the law
	of evidence.	
	 Students will be able to analyze the impact of technological advancement 	nt on the law
	of evidence.	
		asl system
	 Evaluate the relationship between Law and technology in the existing le 	gai system.

Name of the Programme: Master of Laws

Title of the Course: Legal Education and Legal Pedagogy

Course Code: LLM-506

Number of Credits: 4

Pre-requisites	Enrolment at the LL.M. (CBCS) programme	
for the Course	Enforment at the EL.M. (CBC3) programme	
for the course		
Objectives	• To provide an overview to the students to the idea of Legal Education	on in India:
	Trends and Ideas of Justice and Justice Education	
	• To enable the students to learn various methods of teaching, preparing	curriculum
	and to appreciate the evaluation of student performance	,
Content	Module 1: Legal Education and its transformation and Ideas of Justice	15 hours
content	1. Relationship between Law and Justice	13 110013
	 Libertarianism and Utilitarianism, Egalitarianism and Distributive Justice 	
	3. Capabilities Approach to Justice	
	4. Reforms in Legal Education in India by BCI, UGC and State	15 hours
	Module 2: Justice Education and Clinical Legal Education	15 hours
	1. Legal Education in India: Focus and Emphasis	
	2. Need for a Shift from Legal Education to Justice Education	
	3. Rationale in Introducing the Clinical Curricula	
	4. Justice Oriented Approach in Clinical Methods, Issues in Implementing	
	the Clinical Curricula	
	Module 3: Teaching Methods in Law, Learning Objectives and	15 hours
	Curriculum Planning	
	1. Role of a Law Teacher	
	2. Teaching Methods: lecture, problem, socratic, case study, simulation	
	and such other methods	
	3. Curriculum Planning	
	4. Developing Teaching Plans	
	Module 4: Teaching Professional Values and Skills and Evaluation of	15 hours
	Student's Performance	
	1. Identifying Professional Values and Skills	
	2. Employing Clinical Methods in Law Teaching	
	3. Practical Training Courses, Skills Training, and supervision.	
	4. Methods of Evaluation of Student's Performance	
Pedagogy	Lectures, seminars, debates and group discussions	
References/	1. Andrew Petter, A closet within the house: Learning Objectives and the La	w School
Readings	Curriculum, Essays on Legal Education, Butter worths (1982).	
0	2. A.S. Anand, Legal Education in India - Past, Present and Future, 3 S.C.C. (Je	our.) 1
	(1998).13	,
	3. A.T. Markose, "A Brief History of the Steps taken in India for Reform of Le	eal
	Education", 68 Journal of the All India Law Teachers Association (1968).	.8
	4. Antoinette Sedillo Lopez, "Learning Through Service in A Clinical Setting:	The Effect
	of Specialization On Social Justice and Skills Training", 7 Clinical Law Revie	
	(2000-2001).	
	5. D.A. Desai, "Role and Structure of Legal Profession", XXII IBR (1995).	lofindia
	6. D.C. Mukherjee, "Practical Side of Law Teaching", 2 Journal of Bar Counci	i oi muid,
	(1973).	
	7. Frank J. Macchiarola, "Teaching in Law School: What are we doing and W	nat More
	Has to be done?" 71 U. Det. Mercy L. Rev. (1994).	
	8. Frank S. Bloch and M. R. K. Prasad, "Institutionalizing A Social Justice Miss	
	Clinical Legal Education: Cross-National Currents from India and the Unite	ed States",
	9. Clinical Law Review 165 (2006-2007).	

	10. Frank S.Bloch, Iqbal S. Ishar, "Legal Aid, Public Service and Clinical Legal Education:
	Future Directions from India and the United State", Mic. J. Int'l. L. (1990).
	 Jagat Narain, "Legal Aid – Litigational or Educational: An Indian Experiment", 28 J.I.L.I. (1986).
	12. Jennifer Howard, learning to "Think Like A Lawyer" Through Experience, 2 Clinical Law Review 167 (1995).
	13. Jon C. Dubin, "Clinical design for Social Justice Imperatives", 51 S.M.U. L. REV. 1461
	(1997-1998).
	 Justice Ranganath Misra, "Supreme Court Legal Aid Committee, New Delhi: Its Aims, Activities and Achievements", 5 SCC Jour. (1995).
	 Madhava Menon N.R., "Restructuring the Legal Profession for Strengthening Administration of Justice", XXII, IBR (1995).
	16. Madhava Menon., "Legal Education for Professionals Responsibility – An Appraisal
	of the Five-Year LL.B. Course", XII, Bar Council Review (1986)
	17. Mohammad Ghouse, "Legal Education in India: Problems and Perspective", (Book review) 19 J.I.L.I. (1977).
	18. Upendra Baxi, "Notes Towards Socially Relevant Legal Education: A Working Paper
	for the UGC Regional Workshop in Law", 51 Journal of the Bar Council of India (1975-76).
	19. Uprendra Baxi, "The Pathology of the Indian Legal Professions", XXII IBR, (1995).
	Reports:
	1. American Bar Association, Section of Legal Education and Admissions to the Bar,
	Legal Education and Profession Development – An Educational Continuum, Report
	of the Task Force on Law Schools and the Profession: Narrowing the Gap, (ABA
	1992).
	2. Government of India, Ministry of Law, Justice and Company Affairs, Department of
	Legal Affairs, Report of Expert Committee on Legal Aid: Processual Justice to the People (1973).
	3. Government of India, Ministry of Law, Justice and Company affairs, Department of
	Legal Affairs, Report on National Juridicare: Equal Justice – Social Justice (1977).
	4. Law Commission of India, 14th Report on Reform of Judicial Administration (1958).
	5. Law Commission of India, 184th Report on The Legal Education and Professional
	Training and Proposal for Amendments to the Advocates Act 1961 and the
	University Grants Commission Act 1956.6. Report on Access to Justice for Marginalized People – A Study of Law School Based
	Legal Services Clinics UNDP (2011).
Course	• Students will develop a conceptual understanding of Legal Education and its
outcomes	transformation to Justice Education.
	• Students will be able to display their capability in adopting and using different
	teaching methods.
	 Students will be able to prepare the curriculum for courses.
	• Students will be able to employ various effective evaluation methods for students
	performance.

Name of the Programme: Master of Laws Title of the Course: Law and Social Change

Course Code: LLM-507

Number of Credits: 4

Due ve vuieitee		
Pre-requisites	Enrolment at the LL.M. (CBCS) programme	
for the Course		<u> </u>
Objectives	 To provide insights into the understanding of the reciprocal relationshi share so in againty and the law. 	p between
	changes in society and the law.	
	 To enable the learners to have adequate information about the emerge and concerns of a dome antic society. 	sing causes
<u> </u>	and concerns of a democratic society.	4 - 11
Content	Module 1: Social Change	15 Hours
	1. Meaning of Social change and understanding changes in Social	
	Structure, Social Institutions, Social Behaviour and Social Relations	
	2. Materialistic and Idealistic causes of Social Change	
	3. Factors and theories of Social Change	
	4. Relationship between law & social change and Law as an Instrument of	
	Social Change	
	Module 2: Religion and the Law	15 hours
	1. Religion as a divisive factor and Secularism as a solution to the problem	
	2. Religious pluralism and Uniform Civil Code	
	3. Freedom of religion and non-discrimination on the basis of religion.	
	4. Religious minorities and the law.	
	Module 3: Language and the Law:	15 hours
	 Multi-linguistic culture and its impact on policy of the nation 	
	2. Constitutional guarantees to linguistic minorities	
	3. Language policy & the Constitution, Official language and multi-language	
	system	
	4. Role of language in all levels of education: Medium of instruction and	
	related issues	
	Module 4: Role of Legal Institutions, Law and Social Transformation	15 hours
	1. The Role of Law Commission in transforming the Law	
	2. The Role of Judiciary in Expanding the horizons of Law; New Rights	
	Philosophy and Public Interest Litigation	
	3. Role of Legislature and Executive in reforming the Law: Social	
	Stratification and Agrarian Reforms	
	4. Modernization of social institutions through law	
Pedagogy	Lecture method and classroom discussion	
References/	1. W. Friedmann, Law in a Changing Society, Universal Publishing Co., 2003	
Readings	2. M.N. Srinivas, Social Change in Modern India, Orient BlackSwan	
	3. Yogendra Sing, Social Change in India: Crisis and Resilience, Har Anand Pul	C
	4. B. Kuppuswamy and B.V. Kumar, Social Change In India, Konark Publisher	Pvt Ltd-
	Delhi	
	5. Yogendra Singh, Social Stratification and Change in India, Manohar Publica	ation
	6. P. Ishwara Bhat, Law and Social Transformation, Eastern Book Company,2	012
	7. Oliver Mendelsohn, Law and Social Transformation in India, Oxford Univer	sity Press,
	2014	
	8. H.M. Seervai, Constitutional Law of India, N.M. Tripathi and Sweet and Ma	axwell
	9. D.D.Basu, Shorter Constitution of India, Wadhwa and Company, Nagpur V	
	2018	
	10. M.P.Jain, Indian Constitutional Law, Lexis Nexis, 2016	
Additional	1. B.S. Sinha, Law and Social Change In India, Deep and Deep Publications, 19	983
	2. G.P. Tripati, Law and Social Transformation, Central Law Publication, 2012	
readings		

	2014		
	W. Friedmann, Law and Social Change, Universal Law Publishing Co., 2010.		
Course	• Students will acquire knowledge of the application of law with respect to changing		
outcomes	dimensions of society.		
 Students will attain adequate information about the emerging causes ar of a democratic society. 			
	• Students will develop insights into understanding the reciprocal relationship between changes in society and the law.		
	 Students will provide remedial measures to meet challenges and improve the Role of Legal Institutions and Law towards Social Transformation in modern-day scenarios. 		

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE (DSE) COURSES

SEMESTER-I

Specialization: Criminal Law

Name of the Programme: Master of Laws

Title of the Course: Crime, Criminology and Crime Prevention

Course Code: LLR-521

Number of Credits: 4

Dro roquicitor	Encolment at the LLNA (CDCS) programme	
Pre-requisites for the Course	Enrolment at the LL.M. (CBCS) programme	
Objectives	 To understand the fundamentals of crime and criminology. 	
Objectives		octigating
	 To appraise the students of the new scientific techniques adopted by inv authorities in grime detection and provention 	estigating
Contont	authorities in crime detection and prevention.	1 E la a
Content	Module -1 Fundamentals of Crime and Criminology	15 hours
	1. Definition, Nature and scope of Crime and Criminology and Classification	
	of Offenses and Offenders- Adult and Juvenile offenders, Habitual	
	offenders, Professional offenders, Violent offenders, Victimless Criminals	
	2. Criminology as a Social Science & Interrelations with other Sciences-	
	3. Schools of Criminology-Pre-Classical school, Classical school, Neo-	
	Classical school, Positive school, Biological school, Sociological Schools,	
	Clinical Schools	
	4. Theories relating to crime	
	Module- 2 Crime Prevention	15 hours
	1. Police and Law enforcement and functions of Police under Criminal laws	
	including Indian Police Act, 1861	
	2. Role of Police in Crime prevention and Witness Protection	
	3. Police reforms	
	4. Police Deviance, Police atrocities, Custodial Violence, Encounter, Killings,	
	Corruption. Supreme Court rulings	
	Module- 3: Investigation and Emerging Scientific Techniques	15 hours
	1. Modernization and Professionalism in Police system	
	2. Recording of Statements by Police and evidentiary value of	
	statements/articles seized/collected by the Police	
	3. Collection of evidence and use of Scientific Techniques-Lie detector,	
	Narco Analysis	
	4. Use of forensic science in criminal cases- scene of crime, discovery of	
	traces of physical evidence, principle of exchange, heredity, taxonomy	
	etc.	
	Module- 4: Authorities to Control Police Deviance	15 hours
	1. Vigilance Commission, Public Accounts Committee, Ombudsman,	
	Commissions of Enquiry	
	2. State Police Complaints Authority	
	3. Human Rights Commission National and State	
	4. Prevention of Corruption Act, 1947	
Pedagogy	Lecture method, case study method and discussion method	
References/	1. Ahmed Siddique, (1993) Criminology, Problems and Perspectives, East	ern Book
Readings	House, Lucknow.	
	2. Conklin, John. E., (2001) Criminology, Macmillan Publishing Company.	_
	3. George Vold and Thomas J. Bernard (1986) New Horizons in Criminology	, Prentice
	Hall, New Delhi.	
	4. Sandra W, Understanding Criminology: Current Theoretical Debate	es, Open
	University Press, 2007(3rdedi.)	
	5. Paranjape, N.V. (2002), Criminology and Penology, Central Law Pul	olications,
	Allahabad.	

	6. N. Prabhu Unnithan, Crime & Justice in India, Sage Publications.
	7. Crime in India, (2010, 2011) National Crime Record Bureau, Ministry of Home
	Affairs, New Delhi.
	8. Rajendra Kumar Sharma, Criminology & Penology, Atlantic Publishers.
	9. Ranevan Swaaningen, Critical Criminology visions from Europe, Sage Publications,
	New Delhi.
	10. Justice V.R. Krishnalyer, Criminology, Law and Social Change.
	11. Ram Ahuja, Criminology, Rawat Publication New Delhi.
	12. Girjesh Shukla, Criminology, Lexis Nexis, Gurgaon.
	13. Govind Singh, Anatomy of Crime & Criminology, Cyber Tech Publication, New Delhi.
	14. Eugene Mclaugulin and John Muncie, The Sage Dictionary of Criminology, Sage
	Publications.
	15. Diaz, S.M., 1976, New Dimensions, of the Police Role and functions in India
	Published by the National Police Academy, Hyderabad.
	16. Gupta, A., Police in British India -1886 to 1947 Concept Publishing Co., New Delhi.
	17. Nehad Ashraf, 1992, Police and Policing in India, Common Wealth Publishers House,
	New Delhi.
	18. Parmar, M.S., 1992, Problems of Police Administration, Reliance Publishing House,
	New Delhi.
	19. Sethi, R.B., 1983, The Police Acts, Law Book Co., Allahabad.
	20. Sharma B.R.: Forensic Science.
	21. Forensic Science in criminal Investigation Dr. Jaishankar and Amin
	22. Fundamentals of Forensic Science by Max M. Houck, Jay Siegel
	23. Forensic Science In Criminal Investigation And Trials : Sharma
Course	 Students will know the basic concepts of crime and criminology.
outcomes	• Students will understand the new scientific techniques adopted by police and legal
	provisions relating to crime prevention and detection.
	• Students are able to analyze and interpret the legal provisions relating to crime
	prevention and detection.
	• Evaluate the relationship between criminology and crime prevention and its
	applications in society.

Specialization: Criminal Law Name of the Programme: Master of Laws Title of the Course: Contemporary Forms of Crime Course Code: LLR-522 Number of Credits: 4

1. Nature, meaning and forms2. Crime against forest conservation and wild life3. Industrial waste and pollution4. Social and legal measures for controlling crime.Module 2 -White Collar and organized crimes1. Nature, meaning, kinds and characteristics2. Preventing and controlling white collar crime3. Nature, meaning, Characteristics and Kinds of Organized crimes4. Prevention and control StrategiesModule 3 -Communal Violence1. Incidence and courses of communal violence,2. Findings of various commissions of inquiry,3. The Role of police and paramilitary systems in dealing with communal violence,4. Criminal justice administration in relation to - communal violence			
crimes.•To understand novel types of crimes, particularly in the context of conviolence and terrorism.ContentModule 1- Environmental Crimes1.Nature, meaning and forms2.Crime against forest conservation and wild life3.Industrial waste and pollution4.Social and legal measures for controlling crime.Module 2 -White Collar and organized crimes1.Nature, meaning, kinds and characteristics2.Preventing and controlling white collar crime3.Nature, meaning, Characteristics and Kinds of Organized crimes4.Prevention and control StrategiesModule 3 -Communal Violence1.Incidence and courses of communal violence,2.Findings of various commissions of inquiry,3.The Role of police and paramilitary systems in dealing with communal violence,4.Criminal justice administration in relation to - communal violenceModule 4 -Terrorism1.1.Nature, meaning, Impact of terrorism	communal 15 hours 15		
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Module 3 -Communal Violence 1. Incidence and courses of communal violence, 2. Findings of various commissions of inquiry, 3. The Role of police and paramilitary systems in dealing with communal violence, 4. Criminal justice administration in relation to - communal violence Module 4 -Terrorism 1. Nature, meaning, Impact of terrorism			
 Incidence and courses of communal violence, Findings of various commissions of inquiry, The Role of police and paramilitary systems in dealing with communal violence, Criminal justice administration in relation to - communal violence Module 4 -Terrorism Nature, meaning, Impact of terrorism 			
 Findings of various commissions of inquiry, The Role of police and paramilitary systems in dealing with communal violence, Criminal justice administration in relation to - communal violence Module 4 -Terrorism Nature, meaning, Impact of terrorism 	15 hours		
 The Role of police and paramilitary systems in dealing with communal violence, Criminal justice administration in relation to - communal violence Module 4 -Terrorism Nature, meaning, Impact of terrorism 			
 violence, Criminal justice administration in relation to - communal violence Module 4 -Terrorism Nature, meaning, Impact of terrorism 			
4. Criminal justice administration in relation to - communal violence Module 4 -Terrorism 1. Nature, meaning, Impact of terrorism			
Module 4 -Terrorism 1. Nature, meaning, Impact of terrorism			
1. Nature, meaning, Impact of terrorism	451		
	15 hours		
3. Prevention and Control mechanisms			
4. Laws relating to National Security and Terrorism			
Pedagogy Lecture method, case study and discussion method Padagogy 1 Cardhinsing CV(2004) Operational arises A DUD Vision CV(2004)			
References/ 1. Gandhirajan, C K 2004, Organized crime, A P H Publishing Corporation			
Readings 2. Nair, P M 2002, Combating Organized crime, Konark Publishers 2. Karan Bai, 2002, Dictionary of Terrorism and Bioterrorism IV/ Publishing			
3. Karan Raj, 2002, Dictionary of Terrorism and Bioterrorism, IVY Publishing Delhi.	ig nouse,		
 4. V Grover, 2002, Encyclopedia of International Terrorism, Vol. 1,2 &3, Deep Publications, New Delhi. 	p & Deep		
5. Shah, Giriraj, 2002, Encyclopedia of International Terrorism, Anmol Pub	5. Shah, Giriraj, 2002, Encyclopedia of International Terrorism, Anmol Publications,		
New Delhi.			
 Holmes, Ronald M, 2001, Murder in America, Sage Publications, New Delhi. Cambridge University Press, 2001, White Collar Crime Explosion: How to 			
yourself and your company from prosecution	o protect		
8. Kelly, Robert J, 2000, Encyclopedia of Organized Crime in the United Sta	atos from		
Capone's Chicago to the New Urban Underworld, Greenwood Press, W			
London.			
9. Viano, Emilio C 2000 Global Organized Crime and International Security, Publishing Limited	, Ashgate		
10. Situ, Yingyi, 2000, Environmental Crime: The Criminal Justice System,s Protecting the Environment, Sage Publications, New Delhi.	s Role in		
11. Viano, Emilo C, 1999, Global Organized Crime and International Security,	Achasta		
Aldershot	Asingate,		

1	
	12. Holmes, Ronald M, 1998, Contemporary Perspectives on Serial Murder, Sage
	Publications, New Delhi.
	13. Holmes, Ronald M, 1998, Serial Murder, Sage Publications, New Delhi.
	14. Mishra, Girish, 1998, White-collar Crimes, Gyan Publishing House, New Delhi
	15. Lyman, Michael D, 1997, Organized Crime, Prentice Hall, Upper Saddle River
	16. Lyman, Florentini & Peltzman, 1995, The Economics of Organised Crime, Cambridge
	University Press
	17. Rakesh, M, 1994, Computer Crimes: Concept, Control and Prevention. Goyal Sysman
	Computers Pvt Ltd. Bombay.
	18. Nash, Jay Robert, 1992, World Encyclopedias of Organized Crime, Paragon House, New York
	19. Mc Graw Hills Inc New York, 1992, Combating Computer Crime: Prevention,
	Detection and Investigation.
	20. Pace, Denny F, 1991, Concepts of Vice, Narcotics & Organized Crime, Prentice Hall
	Inc
	21. Ghosh, S K, 1991, Indian Mafia, Ashish Publishing House
	22. Sain, Bhim, 1991, Drug Addiction Alcoholism, Smoking Obscenity and its Impact on
	Crimes, Terrorism and Social Security, Mittal Publications, New Delhi.
	23. Keith, W Barrington, 1990, World's greatest Crimes: Murder, Robbery and Mayhem
	from 1900 to the present day, Hamlyn, London.
	24. Attar Chand, 1988, Terrorism: Political Violence and Security of Nations, Gian
	Publishing House, New Delhi.
	25. Sachdeva, Updesh Singh, 1987, Frauds & Bankers, UDH Publishing House
	26. Rosie, George, 1986, Directory of International Terrorism, Mainstream Publishing
	Co. Edinburgh.
	27. Coleman, James W, 1985, Criminal Elite: The Sociology of White Collar Crime, St.
	Martin's Press Inc. New York
	28. Bologna, Jack, 1984, Corporate Fraud, Butterworth Publishers
	29. Clinnard, Marshall B, 1983, Corporate Ethics & Crime, Sage Publications
	30. Clinard B & Yeager C Peter, 1980, Corporate Crime, McMillan Publishing Co.,
Course	Students will acquire knowledge about contemporary forms of crime
outcomes	• Students will understand the magnitude of the novel types of crimes, particularly
	those related to communal violence and terrorism.
	• To critically analyze and interpret the existing legal framework dealing with
	contemporary forms of crimes.
	• To assess the effectiveness of existing laws for the prevention of contemporary
	crimes.

Specialization: Corporate Law Name of the Programme: Master of Laws Title of the Course: Corporate Governance Course Code: LLO-521

Number of Credits: 4

Pre-requisites	Enrolment at the LL.M. (CBCS) programme	
for the Course	Enrolment at the LL.M. (CBC3) programme	
	To proble logrange to understand and identify law segments in some	avata laur
Objectives	To enable learners to understand and identify key concepts in corp	orate law
	especially in today's dynamic times.	
	To inculcate requisite knowledge of the subject matter and to evaluate	-
	framework of Corporate Environment in India and to gain elementary k	nowledge
	Indian Corporate Law.	
	Module 1: Incorporation of Company	15 hours
	1. Legal formalities for Incorporation of Companies	
	2. Promoters and Promotion of Companies	
	3. The binding force of Articles of Association and Memorandum of	
	Association of the Company	
	4. Doctrines: Ultra Vires, Constructive Notice and Indoor Management	
	Module 2: Shares and Debentures	15 hours
	1. Issue of Shares and Types of Shares	
	2. Kinds of Share Capital and Reduction of Share Capital	
	3. Debentures, Charges and Dividends.	
	4. Oppression and Mismanagement in Companies	
	Module 3: Corporate Democracy and Restructuring	15 hours
	1. Affairs of the Company- Norms, Manner, Duties, Powers and	
	Accountability of the various agents of the company	
	2. Company and its Significance	
	3. Organization through Arrangement, Mergers and Acquisitions and its	
	Regulation	
	4. Competition Law in Regulating Mergers and Acquisitions	
	Module 4.: Winding Up and Dispute Settlement	15 hours
	1. Winding up of the Companies under the Indian Legal Regime	
	2. Role and Powers of Liquidators	
	3. Litigation and ADR in Corporate Disputes	
	4. Company Law Board & National Company Law Tribunal	
Pedagogy	Lecture method, debate and class room discussion	
References/	1. Gower L.G.B. "Principles of Modern Company Law", (London), Sweet and	Maxwell,
Readings	2002.	
	2. Palmer "Company Law" (London), Stevens.	
	3. Shah S.M. "Lectures on Company Law", 19th Edition (Bombay) N.M. Tripat	
	4. Larry Cata Backer, "Comparative Corporate Law in United States, Europe	an Union,
	China and Japan – Cases and Materials" (North Carolina) Carolina Acade	mic Press
	(2006)	
	5. Ramaiya A., Guide to Companies Act, 17th edition, Lexis Nexis But	terworths
	Wadhwa, Nagpur (2010)	
	6. Agarwal & Baby, SEBI Act: A Legal Commentary on Securities & Exchange	e Board of
	India, Taxmann (2011)	
	7. Bhandari, M.C., Guide to Company Law Procedures, 20th Edition, Wadhwa	(2007)
	8. Dutta C. R., The Company Law, Lexis Nexis Butterworths, 6th Edition, (2008	3)
Course	• Develop a conceptual understanding of Corporate Law's key concepts and	principles
outcomes	and its present framework in India.	-
	• Students will be able to understand the theoretical concept of incorporat	

company and other important doctrines dealing with the company.
• Students will be able to recognize the theoretical idea about shares, debentures and
also get insight to dispute settlement mechanisms.
• The students will be able to discuss various facets of Corporate Law such as
Arrangement, Mergers, Acquisitions of Companies and Accountability of the various
agents of the company.

Specialization: Corporate Law Name of the Programme: Master of Laws Title of the Course: Banking and Insurance Law Course Code: LLO-522 Number of Credits: 4

Pre-requisites	cademic Year: 2023-2024 Enrolment at the LL.M. (CBCS) programme	
for the Course		
Objectives	• To enable learners to acquire knowledge of working of Indian banking Syste	m.
	 To inculcate requisite knowledge of basic principles and regulations of co 	
	banking institutions and would enable them to perform banking tasks e	
	and efficiently.	lineenvery
Content	Module 1: Evolution and Social objectives of Indian Banking-	15 hours
	1. Evolution of Banking Institutions and Nationalization of Banks	20 110 010
	2. Role of Bankers in Industrial Finance and relationship between Banker	
	and Customer.	
	3. Banking Services and Consumer Protection	
	4. Role of Reserve Bank of India	
	Module 2: Law relating to Negotiable Instruments	15 hours
	1. Negotiable Instruments	
	2. Kinds of Negotiable instruments	
	3. Parties to Negotiable instruments	
	4. Negotiation and Kinds of Negotiation	
	Module 3: Principles under Insurance Law	15 hours
	1. Insurance contract and Types of Insurance Contracts	
	2. Principles of Contribution, Subrogation and Concept of nationalized	
	insurance	
	3. Insurance Regulatory Authority of India	
	4. Types of Insurance: Life, Marine, Fire and Motor Vehicle Insurance	
	Module 4.: Law relating to Carriage of Goods	15 hours
	1. Carriage of goods by land, sea and air	
	2. Contracts of affreightment freight and Relevant International	
	conventions	
	3. Limitation of the carrier's liability	
	4. Protection of the rights of the consignor and consignee	
Pedagogy	Lecture metho, debate and class room discussion	
References/	1. Ross Cranston, Principles of Banking Law, Oxford	
Readings	2. L.C. Goyle, The Law of Banking and Bankers, Eastern	
-	3. M.L. Tannan, Banking Law and Practice in India, Indian Law House,	
	4. K.C. Shekhar, Banking Theory and Practice	
	5. K. Subramanyan, Banking Reforms in India Tata McGraw	
	6. R.S. Narayana, The Recovery of Debts due to Banks and Financial Intui	tions Act,
	1993, Asia Law House.	
	7. Avtar Singh, Law of Insurance, 2nd Edition, Eastern Book Company (2010)	
	8. M. N. Srinivasan, Principles of Insurance, Wadhwa Publications (2009)	
	9. M.L. Tannan, Tannan's Banking Law and Practice in India, 23rd Edition, L	exisNexis
	(2012)	
	10. P.N. Varshney, Banking Law and Practice, 24th Edition, Jain Book Agency (20	012)
	11. R.K. Nagarjun, Law of Insurance, 2nd Edition, Allahabad Law Agency (2012)	
Course	• Students will be able to understand and apply the banking system in the	ir day-to-
outcomes	day life and appreciate the issues relating to the banking system	-
outcomes		
outcomes	• Students will appreciate the theoretical concept of insurance law, and the	y also get
outcomes	• Students will appreciate the theoretical concept of insurance law, and the insight for the authorities in case of difficulties in relation to insurance	y also get

		framework in India.
	٠	Estimate the effects of the main policy tools and understand how nationalized banks
		affect the financial system and the economy more generally.

Specialization: Constitutional and Administrative Law Name of the Programme: Master of Laws

Title of the Course: Constitutional Theory and Practice

Course Code: LLC-521

Number of Credits: 4

	Cademic Year: 2023-2024	
Pre-requisites	Enrolment at the LL.M. (CBCS) programme	
for the Course		
Objectives	To provide the students an overview and in understanding the Constant of	stitutional
	Framework of Governance and its significance.	
	 To provide comprehensive knowledge in understanding and in app 	
	constitutional rights and liabilities, further to provide the need and impo	ortance of
	constitutional courts	
Content	Module 1: Meaning and requisites of Constitution	15 hours
	1. Idea & creation of Constitution	
	2. Meaning, Purpose and Requisites of ideal Constitution;	
	3. Process and Institutions in creating Constitution, Constituent Assembly	
	4. Making of the Constitution.	
	Module 2: Interpretation of Constitution	15 hours
	1. Interpreting the Constitution as legal document;	
	2. Originalism v. the Living Constitution; Interpreting the Constitution as a	
	value document;	
	3. Purposive interpretation of Constitution	
	4. Specific Rules, Principles and Doctrines of Interpretation.	
	Module 3: Constitutional Courts and their Independence	15 hours
	1. Role, need and significance of Constitutional Courts	
	2. Constitutional courts in protecting the Integrity and effectiveness of the	
	constitution	
	3. Constitutional Safeguards for Protecting Independence of Constitutional	
	Courts;	
	4. Striking balance between Independence and Accountability of	
	Constitutional Courts	
	Module 4: Concept of Constitutional Rights and Liabilities	15 hours
	1. Methods of guarantee of basic rights;	15 110015
	 Definition of 'State' & Rights against state; 	
	 Procedural Limits on the Constituent Power; 	
	 Substantive Limits on the Constituent Power - Basic structure theory 	
Dodogogy	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Pedagogy	Lectures, debates, case analysis, problem solving and discussion method	
References/	1. K.C. Wheare, Modern Constitutions	
Readings	2. H.J. Laski, The State in Theory and Practice(Chapter-I)	
	3. P.K. Tripathi- Spotlights on Constitutional Interpretation.	
	4. B.A Masodkar, Society State and the Law.	
	5. R.M Mc Ivan, The Modern State	
	6. Kulgod, Waiver of Constitutional and Fundamental Rights: A Cons	stitutional
	Discretion not an American Doctrine.	
	7. P.V Kane, History of Dhamashastra, Vol. III	
	8. M. Rama Jois, Constitutional and legal History, Vol. I &II	_
	 B. Shiva Rao, The Framing of India's Constitution, Select Comments, Universal Law Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd. (Reprint2004) 	6 Parts,
	10. Granville Austin, working A Democratic Constitution: A History of th	ha Indian
	Experience, Oxford University Press, New Delhi (2000)	
	11. Jain M. P., Indian Constitutional Law, 6th Edition, LexisNexis Butterworths,	Wadhwa.
	Nagpur (2008)	

	Allahabad (2008) 13. Krishnaswamy Sudhir, Democracy and Constitutionalism in India: A Study of the Basic Structure Doctrine, Oxford University Press, New Delhi (2009)			
Course	Students will be able to outline the concepts and ideals underlining			
outcomes	the making of the Constitutions.			
	 the making of the Constitutions. Students will develop the ability to analyse the Constitution as a value document and enhance their interpretative skills accordingly. Students will be able to assess the balance between independence and accountability of the constitutional courts and draw original conclusions. Students will adapt the concept of 'State' in appraising the reach of fundamental rights in the context of disinvestment and privatization of state-run sectors. 			

Specialization: Constitutional and Administrative Law

Name of the Programme: Master of Laws

Title of the Course: Constitutional Framework of Governance

Course Code: LLC-522

Number of Credits: 4

Pre-requisites	Enrolment at the LL.M. (CBCS) programme	
for the Course		
Objectives	• To provide comprehensive knowledge to the students regarding the	ne general
-	principles of Constitutional Framework of Governance.	0
	• To inculcate the basic knowledge and need for local self-governance and	the idea of
	emergency	
Content	Module 1: Basic Constitutional Principles of Governance-	15 hours
	1. Rule of Law	
	2. Separation of Powers	
	3. Judicial Review	
	4. Directive Principles of State Policy	
	Module 2: Parliamentary System of Governance-	15 hours
	1. Union Parliament	
	2. State Legislatures	
	3. Union and State Executive	
	4. Parliamentary committees	
	Module 3: Local Self Governance-	15 hours
	1. Constitutional Framework- Panchayat Raj Institutions-Municipalities.	
	2. Free and Fair Elections; Adult Suffrage;	
	3. Election Commission; Power and Functions	
	4. Doctrine of Pleasure-Exceptions-Public Service Commissions.	
	Module 4: Emergency Regime	15 hours
	1. Impact of National Emergency on Governance-	
	2. Impact of State Emergency on Governance	
	3. Impact of Financial Emergency on Governance	
	4. Role of judiciary in dealing with emergency	
Pedagogy	Lectures, debates, case analysis and problem solving	
References/	1. Basu Durga Das, Human Rights in Constitutional Law, Third Edition, I	exis Nexis
Readings	Butter worths, Wadhwa Nagpur, New Delhi	
	2. Granville Austin, working A Democratic Constitution: A History of	the Indian
	Experience, Oxford University Press, New Delhi	
	3. Jain M. P., Indian Constitutional Law, LexisNexis Butter worths, Wadhwa, I	•.
	4. Khanna H. R., Making of India's Constitution, Eastern Book Company, Allah	
	5. Servia H. M., Constitutional Law of India Volumes 1, 2 and 3, Univ Publishing Co. Pvt, Ltd.	versar LdW
	 Singh M. P., V. N. Shukla's Constitution of India, Eastern Book Company, Ltd. 	icknow
Course	After going through this course, students will be able to:	
outcomes	 Discuss the constitutional principles of governance in formulating so 	olutions to
outcomes	constitutional issues.	
	 Appraise the role and importance of local self-governance institution 	ns in the
	constitutional scheme of governance.	
	 Construct a fine balance between the executive and legislature in a par 	liamontary
	form of government.	namentary
	 Formulate the frontiers of judicial review in the event of a national and 	d financial
	• Formulate the monters of judicial review in the event of a national and emergency, drawing inferences from the precedents related to state emer	
(Back to top)		Seriey.

Specialization: Labour Law Name of the Programme: Master of Laws Title of the Course: Industrial Relations and Law Course Code: LLL-521 Number of Credits: 4 Effective from Academic Year: 2023-2024

Pre-requisites		Enrolment at the LL.M. (CBCS) programme	
for the Course		Enforment at the LL.M. (CBC3) programme	
	-		
Objectives	•	To comprehend and understand the concept of Industrial relations	
	•	To apply and analyse the concept in the system in which it operates.	
Content		Module 1: Introduction to industrial relations	15 hours
	1.	Industrial Relations	
	2.	Basic Concept and Philosophy of Industrial Relations	
	3.	Evolution and growth of Industrial Relations in India	
	4.	Factors influencing Industrial Relations	
		Module 2: Industrial conflicts	15 hours
	1.	Nature of Industrial Conflicts	
	2.	Types and Causes of Industrial Disputes	
	3.	Impact of Industrial Disputes	
	4.	Machinery for prevention and settlement of Industrial Disputes	
		Module 3: Trade Unions and Collective Bargaining	15 hours
	1.	Characteristics, types and reasons for employees joining trade unions	
	2.	Trade Union Movement and federations in India and problems	
	3.	Essential pre-requisites and levels of collective bargaining	
	4.	Collective bargaining process along with advantages and disadvantages	
		Module 4: Standing Orders and Grievance Procedure	15 hours
	1.	Standing orders-objectives, evaluation of standing orders	
	2.	Grievances- concept under industrial relations law	
	3.	Causes of Grievances	
	4.	Procedure for settlement	
Pedagogy		Case analysis, field visits, project-based approach	•
References/	1.	Bare Acts of the relevant Legislations	
Readings	2.	Garg, K.C.; Sharma, Mukesh; Sareen, V.K. (2002). Commercial an	d Labour
		Laws. Ludhiana: Kalyani Publishers.	
	3.	Kumar H.L., (2000). Practical Guide to Labour Management. New Delhi:	Universal
		Law Publishing.	
	4.	Reshma Arora, (2000). Labour Law. New Delhi : Himalaya Publication Hou	ise.
Additional	1.	Kumar H.L., (2002). Practical Guide to Contract Labour - Regulation & Ab	olition Act
readings		& Rules. New Delhi: Universal Law Publishing.	
	2.	Mathur .A.S. (1968). Labour Policy and Industrial Relations in India.	Agra: Ram
		Prasad.	
	3.	Singh, Avtar. (2002). Introduction to Labour & Industrial Law. New Delhi : I	exisNexis.
	4.	T. N. Chabra, R.K. Suri, "Industrial Relations- Concepts and Issues", 2000), Dhanpat
		Rai & Co. Private Ltd.,	-
	5.	CB Mamoria, Satish Mamoria and S V Gankar, " Dynamics of Industrial	Relations",
		Himalaya Publishing House, 2008	-
	6.	S C Srivatsava, "Industrial Relations and Labour Laws", 2008, Vikas Publishi	ng House
	7.	C S Venkatratnam, "Industrial Relations", 2009, OUP	0
Course	•	Students will be able to analyse the present Industrial relations in India.	
outcomes	•	Students will be acquainted with the concepts, principles and issues conn	ected with
	1	trade unions, collective bargaining, workers' participation, and grievance r	
	•	Students will be able to understand the various processes and proce	
		handling Employee Relations.	
		Students will be able to elaborate and interpret various mechanisms rela	ting to the

• Students will be able to elaborate and interpret various mechanisms relating to the

settlement of industrial disputes.

Specialization: Labour Law

Name of the Programme: Master of Laws

Title of the Course: Law relating to Industrial Injuries and Social Security

Course Code: LLL-522

Number of Credits: 4

Pre-requisites	Enrolment at the LL.M. (CBCS) programme		
for the Course			
Objectives	To comprehend and understand the law relating to Industrial injuries a	and social	
	security		
	• To analyze the importance of ensuring fair and reasonable conditions of w	ork for all	
	the employees.		
Content	Module 1: Industrial Injuries and Social Security	15 hours	
	1. Meaning and concept		
	2. International norms on social security for labour: the ILO Conventions		
	and Recommendations on Social Security		
	3. Impact of ILO on Indian Labour Legislations.		
	4. Social Security Law: Comparative Perspectives (USA/UK)		
	Module 2: Law Relating to Industrial Injuries and Social Security	15 hours	
	1. Law on employees' compensation		
	2. Law on Social Insurance		
	3. Law on Maternity Benefits		
	4. Law on Retirement benefits and Payment of Gratuity		
	Module 3: Social Security for Unorganised and Agricultural Labour	15 hours	
	1. Unorganised labour: concept	20 110 010	
	2. Benefits of social security		
	3. Comprehensive and Integrated social security scheme		
	4. Role of the Government for its implementation		
	Module 4: Labour Code on Social Security	15 hours	
	1. Historical background	15 110013	
	2. Important provisions of the Code		
	 Authorities and their power to implement 		
	 Automics and their power to implement Role of the government and recent developments 		
Pedagogy	Case analysis, field visits and project- based approach		
References/	1. Bare Acts of the relevant Legislations		
-			
Readings		2010	
	3. S.N. Mishra, Labour and Industrial Law (Central Law Publications, 29th ed.,		
	4. Gupta N.H., Social Security for Labour in India (Deep and Deep Publicat	ions, new	
	Delhi, 1986).	toruortha	
	5. Dr. Avtar Singh, Introduction to Labour and Industrial Law (LexisNexis Butt	lerwortins	
	Wadhwa, Nagpur, 2nd ed., 2008).	0 Johour	
	6. Arun Monappa, Ranjeet Numbudiri, Patturaja Selvaraj, Industrial Relations	& Labour	
	Laws (Tata Mcgraw Hill, 2012). 7. R.W. Rideout, Principles of Labour Law (Sweet and Maxwell, 1988).		
	, , , , , ,		
	8. H.K. Saharay, Industrial and labour Laws of India (Eastern Law House, 1987).		
	9. P. N. Singh, Neeraj Kumar. Employee Relations Management (Pearson, 2011).		
	10. R.W. Rideout, Principles of Labour Law (1988), Chs. 12,13.		
	11. Ratna Sen, Industrial Relations in India, Shifting Paradigms (Macmillan	ndia Ltd.,	
	New Delhi, 2009).		
	12. C.S.Venkata Ratnam, Globalisation and Labour Management Relations	(Response	
	Books, 2010).		
	13. Garg, K.C.; Sharma, Mukesh; Sareen, V.K. (2002). Commercial and	l Labour	
	Laws. Ludhiana: Kalyani Publishers.		

	14. Kumar H.L.,(2000). Practical Guide to Labour Management. New Delhi : Universal Law Publishing.
	15. Reshma Arora, (2000). Labour Law. New Delhi : Himalaya Publication House.
Additional	1. Kumar H.L., (2002). Practical Guide to Contract Labour - Regulation & Abolition Act
readings	& Rules. New Delhi: Universal Law Publishing.
	 Mathur .A.S. (1968). Labour Policy and Industrial Relations in India. Agra: Ram Prasad.
	3. Singh, Avtar. (2002). Introduction to Labour & Industrial Law. New Delhi : LexisNexis.
Course	• Students will be able to learn the processes that safeguard workers' rights, promote
outcomes	trade union activities and make employment more secure.
	• Able to understand the role of the government and other authorities in improving the status of working-class employees, thereby ensuring fair and reasonable conditions of work for all.
	• Students will be able to comprehend the issues relating to the unorganized sector.
	• Evaluate the role of the State in the implementation of social security measures.

Specialization: Intellectual Property Rights

Name of the Programme: Master of Laws

Title of the Course: Patent Law: Creation and Registration

Course Code: LLI-521

Number of Credits: 4

	Academic Year: 2023-2024	
Pre-requisites	Enrolment at the LL.M. (CBCS) programme	
for the Course	To delivery vide remains of the concernt of IDDs with encoded references to Det	
Objectives	To deliver wide-ranging of the concept of IPRs with special reference to Pat	
	To empower the students to learn procedural requirements in obtaining	
• • •	and understanding of infringement, its exceptions and remedies in this regardless in the rest of the second	
Content	1. Module 1: Concept and Importance of Property & IPR	15 hours
	2. Nature & Concept of Intellectual property	
	3. Theories related to the concept of Property	
	4. Kinds-Need for Protection & Management of intellectual property	
	5. Changing dimensions of IPR	
	Module 2: Patent Law and Development of Patent legislation	15 hours
	1. Patent legislations enacted in India from time to time	
	2. International Treaties and Conventions Relating to Patents	
	3. Patent Authorities in India- Patent Offices in India – Hierarchy, Powers	
	and Functions of Officers	
	4. Procedure to obtain patent in India with related	
	Module 3: Enforcement of Patents	15 hours
	1. Patent Infringement with Case Studies	
	2. Rights and Obligations of the Patentee;	
	3. Infringement & Remedies for infringement	
	4. Defenses to Infringement or exceptions, Jurisdiction of the Courts	
	Module 4: Software Patents and Business Methods	15 hours
	1. Concept of Software Patents- with cases	
	2. Protection of Software Patents in India and other countries	
	3. Concept of Trade secrets and know how	
	4. Protection to trade secrets - International conventions/treaties	
Pedagogy	Lectures, debates, discussion, case analysis and problem solving	
References/	1. Narayana, P., Patent Law, Law Books (2021)	
Readings	 Ahuja V. K., Intellectual Property Rights in India, Lexis Nexis Butterworth's Vol 1 & 2, 1st Ed. (2009) 	Wadhwa,
	3. Kankanala, K.C., Indian Patent Law and Practice, Oxford (2012)	
	4. Banerjee Rajdeep and Banerjee Joyeeta, Patent Law, Notion Press (2020)	
	5. Bainbridge David, Software Copyright Law, Lexis Nexis (2003)	
	6. Cornish W, Llewellyn D. & Aplin T., Intellectual Property: Patents, C	Copyright,
	Trademarks & Allied Rights, Sweet & Maxwell (2010)	
	7. Choudhary Rajiv Kumar, Patent Law and Practice, Bharat Law House (2021))
	8. Narayana P.S., Intellectual Property Law in India, Gogia Law Agency (2008)	
	9. Cornish and Llewelyn, Intellectual Property: Patents, Copyrights, Traden	narks and
	Allied Rights, 1st ed., Sweet and Maxwell (2007)	
	10. Correa M. Carlos, Oxford Commentaries on the GATT/WTO agreement	nts: Trade
	Related Aspect of Intellectual Property Rights, 1st ed., Oxford Press (2007)	
	11. Deborah E. Bouchoux, Intellectual Property, 1st ed., Thomson Legal Studies	; (2005)
	12. Guru Manjulu, Patent Law in India, Kluver Law International (2010)	
	13. Ramanujan Adarsh, Patent Law Cases and Materials: A Synthesis for Indi	ia, Wolter
	Kluver India (2020)	
	14. Sharma Vaasawa, Recent Trends and Emerging Legal Problems in Pater	nt Law in
	India, Lambard Academic Publishing(2020)	
Additional	1. Choudhary Aishwarya and Vij Shivani, Patent Case Digest for India, Thomso	n Reuters

readings	(2019)
	2. Khader Firoz Ali, The Law of Patents – with a special focus on Pharmaceuticals in
	India, LexisNexis (2007)
	3. Ashwani Kumar Bansal, Law of Trademarks in India, 1st ed., Commercial Law
	Publishers Pvt. Ltd. (2003)
	4. Draft Manual for Trademarks Practices and Procedures (Available in the Library in
	Study Material Section)
	5. Jeremy Phillip, Trademarks Law: A Practical Anatomy, 1st ed., Oxford Press (2003)
	6. K. C. Kailasam and Ramuvedaraman, Law of Trade Marks and Geographical
	Indications: Law, Practice and Procedure, Second Edition (Reprint), Wadhava Nagpur
	(2007)
	7. Dana Shilling, Essentials of Trademarks and Unfair Competition, 1st ed., Wiley (2006)
Course	• Students will develop a theoretical understanding and be able to grasp the need and
outcomes	significance of patents.
	• Students will be able to display the procedure for obtaining a patent, and they will
	also be aware of the remedies that can be obtained and authorities in granting
	remedies in case of infringement.
	• Students will be able to understand various types of infringement, its exceptions and
	remedies in view of different patents obtained in the pharma industry.
	• Students will be able to construct various laws for the Protection of software
	patents and the protection of trade secrets in line with various international
	conventions/treaties.
	conventions/reades.

Specialization: Intellectual Property Rights

Name of the Programme: Master of Laws

Title of the Course: Copyrights and Designs of Integrated Circuits

Course Code: LLI-522

Number of Credits: 4

Pre-requisites	Enrolment at the LL.M. (CBCS) programme	
for the Course		
Objectives	• To provide knowledge about the concepts of copyright and designs of integrate	ed
	circuits and to cultivate the ability to know how to obtain remedies in case	of
	infringement	
	To provide comprehensive knowledge about the International Regime with rega	ard
	to copyright protection and challenges in this regard.	
Content	Module 1: Introduction to Copyright Law 15 hou	urs
	1. Historical Development of Copyright Law from Ancient times	
	2. Copyright legislation in India and its critical analysis	
	3. Work in which copyright can be obtained, with exceptions, terms of	
	copyright, owner and author of copyrights	
	4. Procedure for registration of copyright, Infringement, remedies and	
	authorities in dealing with copyrights	
	Module 2: International Regime 15 hou	urs
	1. Introduction to Various Copyright Treaties and Conventions	
	2. WIPO Performances and Phonograms Treaty(WPPT)	
	3. Convention Relating to the Distribution of Programme - Carrying Signals	
	Transmitted by Satellite (Brussels Satellite Convention);	
	4. TRIPs Agreement and Provisions dealing with Copyright Protection.	
	Module 3: Recent Issues and Challenges linking to Copyright15 hou	urs
	1. Protection available to ideas with judicial pronouncements	
	2. Protection of names and characters under copyright regime	
	3. Issues relating to software and patent	
	4. Artistic work visa vis design protection	
	Module 4: The Semi-Conductor Integrated Circuits Layout Design law15 hou	urs
	1. Concept and significance and international regime	
	2. Features of the Act and its critical analysis	
	3. Issues and challenges relating to Semi-Conductor Integrated Circuit	
	Layout Design	
Dedegegy	4. Authorities and remedies in case of infringement	
Pedagogy	Lectures, debates, case analysis, discussion and problem solving	
References/	 Narayan P., Copyright & Industrial Designs, Eastern Law House (2017) Ahuja, V.K., Law of Copyright and Neighbouring Rights: National and Internation 	กาไ
Readings	Perspective, LexisNexis (2015)	Idi
	3. Ahuja V. K., Intellectual Property Rights in India, Lexis Nexis Butterworths Wadhw	~~~
	Vol 1 & 2, 1st Ed. (2009)	va,
	 Bainbridge David, Software Copyright Law, Lexis Nexis (2003) 	
	5. Cornish W, Llewellyn D. & Aplin T., Intellectual Property: Patents, Copyrigh	ht
	Trademarks & Allied Rights, Sweet & Maxwell (2010)	,
	6. Geller P. E & Nimmer M. B, International Copyright Law & Practice, Lexis Nex	xis
	(2004)	
	 Goldstein Paul, International Copyright: Principles, Law and Practice, Oxford (2001))
	8. Lewinski Silke Von, International Copyright Law & Policy, Oxford University Pres	•
	(2008)	,
	9. Narayana P.S., Intellectual Property Law in India, Gogia Law Agency(2008)	
	10. Sinha Manoj Kumar and Mahalwar Vandana, Copyright Law in the Digital Wor	·ld:

	Challenges and Opportunities, Springer (2018)
	11. Reddy G.B., Copyright Law in India, Gogia Law Agency (2022)
	12. Srivastav V. P. and Ajayae Garima, Understanding Copyright in India, Ajayae
	Publishing House (2020)
	13. Chawla, Alka, Law of Copyright-Comparative Perspectives, LexisNexis (2013)
Additional	1. Rajasingh Betsy Vinolia, Digital Copyright Law : A Comparative Study of the
readings	Limitations and Exceptions Relating to Education, Thomson Reuters (2020)
	2. Abhida Beegum V.S., Indian Internet Copyright Law: With Special Reference to
	Author's Right in the Digital World., Patridge India (2014)
Course	• Understand and appreciate the importance of copyright and designs of integrated
outcomes	circuits and various international conventions and treaties.
	• Develop familiarity and abilities to know about the significance of copyright and
	related rights with remedies.
	• Familiarise the students with the process of registration of Copyright.
	• Able to determine the role played by the judiciary in interpreting the idea of ideas,
	names and characters under the copyright legislation.

Specialization: Human Rights Law

Name of the Programme: Master of Laws

Title of the Course: International Regime of Human Rights

Course Code: LLH-521

Number of Credits: 4

Pre-requisites for the Course	Enrolment at the LL.M. (CBCS) programme	
Objectives	To provide comprehensive knowledge to the students regarding Int	ternational
Objectives	Regime of Human Rights.	
	 To analyze the role of specialized agencies of the UNO in the implementation 	ntation of
	International Humen Rights Law.	
Content	Module 1: Nature and Scope	15 hours
content	1. Human Rights Concept, Nature, Origin and Development, Importance	15 110013
	2. Theories of Human Rights	
	3. Protection of vulnerable groups: Women and Children	
	4. Protection of vulnerable groups: Minority, Elderly persons and	
	indigenous persons, Persons with disability	
	Module 2: Human Rights and United Nations	15 hours
	1. Human Rights and United Nations Charter	15 110015
	2. Human Rights Council	
	3. Enforcement Mechanism	
	4. Human Rights and Specialised Agencies: WHO, FAO, UNICEF and	
	UNESCO	
	Module 3: Human Rights and International Instruments	15 hours
	1. Universal Declaration of Human Rights	
	2. International Covenants on Civil and Political Rights	
	3. International Covenants on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights	
	4. Enforcement Mechanism	
	Module 4.: Regional Protection of Human Rights	15 hours
	1. European System	
	2. American System	
	3. African System	
	4. Asia and Human Rights, SAARC, and Arab League	
Pedagogy	Lectures, debates, case analysis, discussion and problem solving	
References/	1. Henry J. Steiner and Philip Alston and Ryan Goodman, International Huma	n Rights in
Readings	Context: Law Politics Morals (2007), Oxford University Press.	-
_	2. Angela Hegarty, Siobhan Leonard, Human Rights an Agenda for the 21	st Century
	(1999)	
	3. Lalit Parmer, Human Rights, (1998).	
	4. David P. Forsythe, Human Rights in International Relations.	
	5. Lon L. Fuller, The Morality of Law	
	6. John Finnis, Natural Law and Natural Rights, (1980).	
	7. Julius Stone, Human Law and Human Justice, (2000), Universal, New Delhi	
	8. M.G.Chitkara, Human Rights: Commitment and Betrayal, (1996).	
	9. Robert Lewngat, The Classical Law of India (1998), Oxford. Digumarti Bha	askara Rao
	(Ed.), Human Rights and the United Nations (Part I), Discovery Publish	ing House,
	2001	
	10. Digumarti Bhaskara Rao (Ed.), Human Rights and the United Nations	s (Part II),
	Discovery Publishing House, 2001	
	11. Kapoor, S.K., Human rights under international law and indian law, Co	entral Law
	Agency.	
	12. H.O.Agarwal, Human Rights, Central Law Publications	
	13. U. Chandra, Human Rights, Allahabad Law Agency	

	 Manoj Kumar Sinha, Implementation of Basic Human Rights, Lexis-Nexis Malcolm N. Shaw, International Law, Cambridge University Press Dinah L. Shelton Regional Protection of Human Rights, OUP USA; 2nd edition (16 January 2014)
Course outcomes	 Learners would have better understood the international law relating to human rights. Learners would have acquired knowledge of the applications of international human rights law. Learners would comprehend the implementation of international human rights instruments at the international level. Learners are able to appraise the importance of the protection of human rights at the regional level.

Specialization:Human Rights Law

Name of the Programme: Master of Laws

Title of the Course: Science, Technology and Human Rights

Course Code: LLH-522

Number of Credits: 4

Pre-requisites	Enrolment at the LL.M. (CBCS) programme		
for the Course	Enforment at the LL.M. (CDC3) programme		
Objectives	 To understand relationship between science and technology and hu 	man rights	
Objectives		-	
Contont	To analyze the impact of scientific research on human rights and human dignity.		
Content	Module 1: Scientific Research and Human Rights	15 hours	
	1. Scientific and Technological Researches - Impact on ethics, moralit	iy and	
	Human Rights		
	2. Positive and Negative Role of Science & Technology		
	3. Freedom of information, Freedom for Scientific Research, Control	is and	
	Constraints		
	4. Role of judiciary in science, technology and human rights		
	Module 2: Human Dignity and Human Rights	15 hours	
	1. Rights to Die in Dignity and Peace: Euthanasia		
	2. Experimentation on human beings		
	3. Community Health and Hygiene		
	4. New torture technologies		
	Module 3: Science and Technology: Human Rights Ethics	15 hours	
	1. Human Cloning		
	2. Sex determination test and Induced abortion		
	3. In-Vitro Fertilization and Surrogate Parenthood		
	4. Organ Transplantation and Sale of Human Organs		
	Module 4 : Intellectual Property Rights and Human Rights	15 hours	
	1. Intellectual Property Rights - International Dimensions, Protection	on of	
	economic and social rights of indigenous people.		
	2. Intellectual Property, Scientific Progress, and Access to the Benef	fits of	
	Science		
	3. Human Rights in the era of Artificial intelligence		
	4. Bio-technology and Human Rights		
Pedagogy	Lectures, debates, case analysis, discussion and problem solving		
References/	1. Lily Srivatsava, Science, Technology and Human Rights, Thomson Re		
Readings	2. Lynn Hunt, Inventing Human Rights, W.W. Norton & Company, 2008		
	3. Molly K. Land and Joy D. Aronson (Ed.), New Technologies for Huma	n Rights Law and	
	Practice, Cambridge		
	4. Aurora Plomer, The Law and Ethics of Medical Research: Internation	nal Bioethics and	
	Human Rights, Cavendish Publishing Limited		
	5. Carol Corrilon (Ed.), Science and Human Rights, National Acade	=	
	Committee on Human Rights, National Academy Press, Washington.		
	6. Alexandra S. Moore and James Dawes, Technologies of	Human Rights	
	Representation, Tantor Media Inc. 2022 (Audiobook)		
	7. U.N. Gupta, The Human rights Conventions and Indian Law, 2014		
Additional	1. United Nations University, UNU-IAS Report: Is Human Repro	oductive Cloning	
readings	Inevitable: Future options for UN Governance		
	2. Akriti Shahi, Surrogacy And Legal Framework In India, Notion Press		
	3. Rekha Pahuja, Surrogacy Law, Practice and Policy in India, Bloomst	oury Professional	
	India		
	4. Sussan Perry and Claudia Roda, Human Rights and Digital Tec	chnology: Digital	
	Rightrope, Palgrave Macmillan		
Course	• Learners would have better understood the impact of science an	d technology on	

outcomes	human rights and vice versa.Learners would have acquired knowledge of the importance of ethics in research in
	science and technology.
	 Learners assess the role of ethics in science and technology research.
	• Learners are able to evaluate the human rights approach to intellectual property
	rights.

Specialization: Alternative Dispute Resolution Law

Name of the Programme: Master of Laws

Title of the Course: Negotiation: Principles, Essential Strategies and Skills

Course Code: LLA-521

Number of Credits: 4

Pre-requisites	Enrolment at the LL.M. (CBCS) programme	
for the Course	Enforment at the LE.M. (ebes) programme	
Objectives	To provide an overview of conflict resolution through Negotiation.	
	 To introduce students to basic concepts of negotiation and various tee 	chniques of
	negotiation.	chinques of
Content	Module 1 : Introduction to Negotiation	15 hours
content	1. Definition and Salient Features	15 110015
	 Nature and scope of Negotiation 	
	3. Kinds of Negotiation	
	4. Advantages and Limitations of Negotiation	
	Module 2: Principles of Negotiation – I	15 hours
	1. Interests.	
	2. Prioritizing Interests	
	3. Options.	
	4. Legitimacy.	
	Module 3 : Principles of Negotiation – II	15 hours
	1. Alternatives and BATNA.	
	2. Relationships.	
	3. Commitments.	
	4. Communication.	
	Module 4: Challenges in Negotiation	15 hours
	1. Recognizing and Resolving Ethical Dilemmas	
	2. Negotiating from a Position of Weakness	
	3. Protecting from unprincipled negotiation	
	4. When Not to Negotiate.	
Pedagogy	This course will be conducted through role-play exercises, lectures, case	studies and
	discussion. The instructor would provide a critique of the student's p	erformance
	after completing roleplays.	
References/	1. Roger Fisher and William Ury, Getting to Yes: Negotiating Agreement Wit	hout Giving
Readings	In, (RHUK; 2012).	
	2. Richard Shell, Bargaining for Advantage Negotiation strategies for	reasonable
	people, Penguin Books, 2006 (2nd edition)	
	3. Howard Raiffa, The Art and Science of Negotiation (Cambridge: Harvard	d University
	Press, 1982).	
	4. William L. Ury, Getting Past No (New York: Bantam Books, 1993).	-
	5. Deepak Malhotra and Max Bazerman, Negotiation Genius: How to	
	Obstacles and Achieve Brilliant Results at the Bargaining Table and Beyor	nd, Bantam;
	NO-VALUE edition (2008).	
Additional	1. Max Bazerman and Margaret Neale, Negotiating Rationally (New York:	Free Press,
readings	1992).	
	2. Jim Sebenius, "Six Habits of Merely Effective Negotiators", Harvard Busin	ess Review,
	2001	Vour Most
	3. Lax & Sebenius, 3-D Negotiation: Powerful Tools to Change the Game in	i Your iviost
Course	Important Deals, Harvard Business Review Press; First edition (2006)	ho chic to
Course	Students will develop a conceptual understanding of Negotiation and semprehend the principles of pegotiation	DE ADIE TO
outcomes	comprehend the principles of negotiation.	
	Students shall be able to learn how to build trust and the value of	
	fairness in settling disputes.	

•	Students will be able to gain the critical skills and techniques of principled
•	negotiation. Students will be able to gain experience in negotiating during adverse conditions and situations.

Specialization: Alternative Dispute Resolution Law

Name of the Programme: Master of Laws

Title of the Course: Industrial relations and Conflict Resolution

Course Code: LLA-522

Number of Credits: 4

	Acaue	Enclment at the U.M. (CRCS) programme	
Pre-requisites for the Course		Enrolment at the LL.M. (CBCS) programme	
Objectives	•	To provide an overview of the industrial relation that is maintained by the	operation
		of law.	с <u>а</u> .
	•	To enable the students to understand the authorities and processes of	
		resolution, and to be able students are able to learn various ways in	
		industrial conflict could be resolved and improve the relationship by u	ising such
		methods in settling disputes amicably.	
Content		Module 1: Industrial Relations	15 hours
	1.	Stakeholders in industrial relations: employer, workmen/employee,	
		State/society	
	2.	Trade Union: Origin, Historical development, the evolution of law	
		protecting trade union	
	3.	Establishment of Trade Union: Purpose and practice, role and facilitation	
		by law.	
	4.	Collective Bargaining: creating bargaining power, improving bargaining,	
		facilitation by law in improving bargaining power	
		Module 2: Authorities Resolving Industrial Disputes	15 hours
	1.	Definitions: Appropriate Government, Industry, Industrial Dispute,	13 110013
	1.	Employer, Workman	
	2		
	2.	Power and functions of Appropriate Government	
	3.	Authorities: Labour Court, Industrial Tribunal, National Tribunal,	
	4.	Power, functions and jurisdiction of Authorities	
		Module 3: Alternative Mode of Resolving Industrial Disputes:	15 hours
		Arbitration	
	1.	5 1	
	2.	Reference of Dispute to Arbitration	
	3.	Arbitration: procedure of Arbitration and functions and powers of	
		Arbitrator	
	4.	Outcome of Arbitration: definition of Award, enforcement of Award	
		Module 4: Alternative Mode of Resolving Industrial Disputes:	15 hours
		Conciliation and Board of Conciliation	
	1.	Conciliation and Negotiation: definitions and understanding of the	
		concepts	
	2.	Understanding the skill set required to be a negotiator and conciliator.	
	3.	Conciliation in Industrial Disputes: powers and functions	
	4.	Settlement: definitions and enforcement	
Pedagogy		This course will be run primarily in lecturing mode. However, students ma	av require
1 0008087		to learn certain concepts through a collaborative brainstorming format t	
		the understanding of the concepts together. The instructor may adopt s	•
		exercises in imbibing the skills of ADR	Simulation
References/	1	O. P. Malhotra The Law Of Industrial Disputes Volume-1 & 2 Univ	orcal Law
-	1.	·	CISAI LdW
Readings	2	Publishing Company Pte. Limited,	المستملا
	2.	H L Kumar, Practical Guide to Industrial Disputes Act and Rules, Edition,	Universal
		LexisNexis,	
	3.	Taxmann's New Labour & Industrial laws with Draft Rules Edition 2023	
	4.	S C Srivastava, Industrial Relations And Labour Laws, 7E, Vikas Publishing;	
	5.	R. Fisher and W. Ury. (2011) Getting to Yes (revised ed.). New York: Pengui	n Books

Course outcomes	 Students will develop a conceptual understanding of industrial relations and be able to comprehend the causes, dynamics and consequences of industrial relations. The students will be able to critically appraise the role of law in building an equal playing field in industrial relations.
	 Students shall be able to display sensitivity towards ethical, social and political considerations in Industrial Disputes. Understand the role of law in resolving Industrial Disputes and further be able to develop the tools for resolving conflicts.

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE COURSES

SEMESTER-II

Specialization: Criminal Law

Name of the Programme: Master of Laws

Title of the Course: Penology and Treatment of Offenders

Course Code: LLR-523

Number of Credits: 4

Pre-requisites	Enrolment at the LL.M. (CBCS) programme	
for the Course		
Objectives	 To provide comprehensive knowledge about penology and its importance. 	
	• To understand the various penal measures which are utilized by the State for	the
	treatment of offenders.	
Content	Module 1- Concept of Punishment and its Justification15 ho	ours
	1. Concept of Penology	
	2. Nature, meaning and characteristics of punishment and Theories of	
	punishment	
	3. Forms of Punishment in ancient, medieval and modern times.	
	4. Efficacy of punishment and Emerging trends	
	Module 2 - Principles of Sentencing and Judicial Approach Dringing transport of contenens in the Densel Code and energial lower	ours
	1. Principal types of sentences in the Penal Code and special laws	
	2. Pre-sentence hearing, Guidelines for Sentencing and Plea Bargaining	
	 Capital Punishment Abolition or retention of capital sentence 	
	· · ·	
	c) Life Imprisonment 4. Sentencing for	
	a) White Collar Offenders	
	b) Habitual Offenders	
	c) Juvenile Offenders	
	d) First Time Offenders	
	Module 3 - Institutionalized Forms of Treatment 15 ho	ours
	1. Correctional institutions: Meaning and Purpose	ours
	a) Prison as correctional institute	
	b) Prison Administration	
	c) Prison Reforms	
	d) Open air Prisons	
	2. Correctional programs, counselling and psychological services.	
	3. Vocational training and work programmes	
	4. Remission, temporary release, pre-mature release and after care	
	services.	
	Module 4 - Non- Institutional Forms of Treatment 15 ho	ours
	I. Meaning, purpose and types	
	2. Probation, meaning, scope -Probation of Offenders Act and other laws.	
	3. Parole, meaning scope and legal provisions	
	4. After care and rehabilitation services and Role of NGO's in supervision	
	and rehabilitation	
Pedagogy	Lecture method, case study, discussion method and field visits.	
References/	 Ahmed Siddique, (1993) Criminology, Problems and Perspectives, Eastern B 	Book
Readings	House, Lucknow.	
	2. Law Commission of India, Forty Second Report Ch.3 (1971)	
	8. N.V. Paranjape—Criminology and Penology, Central Law Publications, Allahabad.	
	1. Tapas Kumar Benerjee, Background to Indian Criminal Law (1990), R. Campray &	Со.,
	Culcutta.	

	5.	Dr. S.S. Srivastava, 4thedi. 2012, Jain Book Agency, New Delhi.
	6.	Girish Kathapalia, Criminology & Prison Reforms, Lexis Nexis, New Delhi.
	7.	Dr. Krishna Palmalik, Penology, Victimology& Correctional Administration in India,
		Jain Book Agency, New Delhi.
	8.	N. Prabhu Unnithan, Crime & Justice in India, Sage Publications.
Course	•	Students will acquire knowledge in the field of penology and understand the
outcomes		fundamentals governing the subject.
	•	Students will understand the various penal measures which are utilized by the State
		for the treatment of offenders.
	•	Students will be able to apply the principles which are prerequisites for proper sentencing.
	•	Able to assess and evaluate the impact of institutionalised and non-institutionalised
		forms of treatment of offenders.

Specialization: Criminal Law Name of the Programme: Master of Laws Title of the Course: Victim and Criminal Justice System Course Code: LLR-524 Number of Credits: 4

Pre-requisites	Enrolment at the LL.M. (CBCS) programme	
for the Course	Enforment at the LL.W. (CBCS) programme	
Objectives	• To introduce the students to the concept of victimology and its importance	
Objectives	 To understand the principles of law dealing with victims of crime. 	
Contont	Module 1- Victim and Victimology:	15 hours
Content	••	15 hours
	 Definition, scope, historical development Basic Concepts of Victimology -Demographic Characteristics, Scope and 	
	Objectives 3. Victim Protection and Role and Responsibilities towards Victims	
	 a) Provisions lay down under the Indian Constitution b) International and National perspectives 	
	,	
	4. Role of Judiciary in victim compensation	1E hours
	Module 2 -: Patterns of Crime Victimization and Impact of Victimization	15 hours
	1. Typologies of Victims:	
	a) Victims of traditional crimes and abuse of power	
	b) Women and crime victimization.	
	c) Children and crime victimization.	
	d) Organized victimization	
	e) Secondary Victimization	
	2. Physical and financial impact of victimization.	
	3. Victimization: Impact on family, Psychological stress and trauma.	
	4. Criminal, victimization, sense of security and socio economic	
	development	
	Module 3 - Criminal Justice System and Victim	15 hours
	1. CJS and victim relationship	
	2. Victim and Police: Lodging of FIR & recording of statement.	
	3. Deposition and cross-examination in courts.	
	4. Role of NGO: Victim-Witness Association, Victim Association	
	Module 4 -Compensation and Assistance to Victim	15 hours
	1. Concept, meaning & importance for society & criminal justice system.	
	2. Restitution, ex-gratia payment & insurance.	
	3. Victim Compensation in India	
	4. Victim Assistance and Protection	
Pedagogy	Lecture method, case study, discussion method and field visits.	
References/	1. Aloysius Irudayam and Jayashree P. Mangubhai (2004) Adivasis Speak Out,	Books for
Readings	change, Bangalore.	
	2. Bajpai, Asha (2004) Child Rights in India, Oxford University Press.	
	3. Human Rights Watch (1999) Broken People, New York.	
	4. National Campaign on Dalit Human Rights (2000) Dalit Human Rights Violat	ion Vol. 1
	Chennai.	
	5. PrakashTalwar, Victimology, Jain Book Agency, New Delhi.	
	6. Gurpeet Singh Randhwa, Victimology-Compensating Jurisprudence, Ja	ain Book
	Agency, New Delhi	
	7. Gerry Johnstone, Restorative Justice – Ideas, Values, Debates ,Jain Bool	k Agency,
	New Delhi.	
	8. N.V. Paranjape, Crime and Punishment, Trends & Reflections, Lexis Nexis	
Course		cation
outcomes	 Students will acquire knowledge of the concept of victimology and its applic Students will comprehend the principles of law dealing with victims of comprehends. 	

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Specialization: Corporate Law Name of the Programme: Master of Laws Title of the Course: Consumer and Competition Law **Course Code: LLO-523** Number of Credits: 4

Effective from Academic Year: 2023-2024

	Academic Year: 2023-2024	
Pre-requisites	Enrolment at the LL.M. (CBCS) programme	
for the Course		
Objectives	To provide comprehensive knowledge regarding Consumer and Competitie	ion Law in
	India.	
	To enable the understanding and application of consumer and competition	
Content	Module 1: Evolution and development of Consumer law	15 hours
	1. Developments in U.S.A, U.K, and India, U.N. Guidelines on Consumer	
	Protection	
	2. Law of dealing with contract and Consumer Protection in India	
	3. Law of Torts and Consumer Protection	
	4. Product Liability, remedies for defective Products, Liability for deficient service under other legislations	
	Module 2: Consumer Protection and the law	15 hours
	1. The concept of consumer and Consumer disputes. Redressal agencies:	15 110013
	composition, jurisdiction and powers	
	2. Kinds of consumer disputes. Remedies available to the consumer under	
	the law	
	3. Protection available to consumer under prevention of Food Adulteration	
	4. Drugs and Cosmetics, Weights and measures and Bureau of Indian	
	Standards	
	Module 3: Competition Act, 2002 with amendments	15 hours
	1. Development of Competition Law- Socialism and Competition,	
	Competition and economic rationale,	
	2. Evolution and development of Competition Law, Objectives and	
	importance of Competition Act,2002	
	3. Abuse of dominant position	
	4. Authorities under the Competition Act, 2022 – Functions, powers and	
	Module 4.: Competition Policy and IPR	15 hours
	1. Intellectual Property Rights: Introduction to various IP Assets	
	2. Patent Policy and its Regulation under the Indian Laws.	
	3. Abuse of IPR and Regulation of Combinations	
	4. Conflict of Competition Policy and Patent Policy, Patent monopoly in the light of TRIPA	
Pedagogy	Lectures, debates, case analysis and problem solving	
References/	1. Cranston, Ross, Consumer and the Law, London: Weidenfeld (1978).	
Readings	 Agarwal, V.K., Consumer Protection Law and Practice, New Delhi: BLH Publ 	ishers.
	3. Saraf, D.N., Law of Consumer Protection in Indian, Bombay: Tripathi	
	4. Adi P. Talati and Nahar S. Mhala, Competition Act, 2002- Law, Pra	actice and
	Procedure, Commercial Law Publishers (India)Pvt. Ltd (2006)	
	5. Barry J Rodger and Angus Mac Culloch, Competition Law and Policy in T	he EC and
	UK, 293-295, Cavendish Publishing Limited, 3rd ed. (2004)	
	6. Cedric Ryngert, EC Competition Law Giorgio Monti, Cambridge Univer	sity Press
	(2007)	
	7. Cedric Ryngert, Jurisdiction over cross -border mergers: A US -EU pe	•
	Competition Law – Emerging Trends,94-124, P. Satyanarayana Prasad ed.,	The ICFAI
	University Press, Amicus Books, 1ST ed. (2007)	
	8. Clifford A. Jones, The Evolution of European Competition Law- Whose R	legulation,
	Which Competition? 17-37, Edward Elgar Publishing Limited (2006)	

	9. Giorgio Monti, Law in Context: EU Competition Law245-247, Cambridge University Press (2007)
	10. Avtar Singh; Competition Law; Eastern Law House, 2012-11-27
	11. Competition Law in India; Srinivasan Parthsarthy; Walter Kluwer, 2012
	12. Gurbax Singh, Law of Consumer Protection.
	13. Indian Competition Law: An International Perspective; Suzanne Rab; CCH - A Walters Kluwer Business, 2012
	14. Narayanan, P., Intellectual Property Rights
	15. Copinger and Skare James on Copyright; E.P. Skare James (London, 1991)
	16. J. S. Sarkar, Trademarks- Law and Practice, 1997
Course	• The students would be able to gain and acquire an understanding of the concept
outcomes	and theoretical background of the consumer movement and the law, remedies and authorities to protect the interest of consumers in India.
	·
	 The students will be able to comprehend the protection available to consumers under FDA law, cosmetics, and defective products.
	• Students will develop critical thinking on the idea of anti-competitive agreements,
	laws and authorities to protect competition and Intellectual Property Laws.
	• Students will familiarize themselves and compare the competition policy and patent
	monopoly rights.

Specialization: Corporate Law Name of the Programme: Master of Laws Title of the Course: International Trade Law Course Code: LLO-524

Number of Credits: 4

	Academic Year: 2023-2024	
Pre-requisites for the Course	Enrolment at the LL.M. (CBCS) programme	
Objectives	To enable learners to understand fundamental principles of international to	ado Law
Objectives	 To inculcate requisite knowledge of key agreements and Jurisdiction, po 	
	processes of WTO	incles, and
Content	Module 1: Trade Policies and Regulation of International Trade	15 hours
content	1. Trade history, Origin, Evolution and Characteristics	15 110015
	2. Inter-Relation between Multilateral Rules, Regional Agreements and	
	Domestic legislation	
	3. Economics of International Trade and overview of WTO	
	4. Multilateral Trading System	
	Module 2: Subsidies and Safeguards	15 hours
	1. Subsidies	
	2. Safeguard Measures, Preconditions and Procedures	
	3. Limitations and General Disciplines,	
	4. Grey Area Measures	
	Module 3: Sectoral Problems and their Resolutions	15 hours
	1. Trade in Agriculture	
	2. Trade in Services and Investment	
	3. TRIPS	
	4. Anti-dumping and Countervailing Duty Measures	
	Module 4.: Trade Relations and Dispute Resolution	15 hours
	1. Trading Partners, Institutions and Principles of Dispute Settlement	
	2. Trade, Labour and Environment	
	3. Trade and Human Rights issues and genetic material	
	4. TRIMS – Agreement on Trade Related Investment Measures	
Pedagogy	Lecture method, debate and classroom discussion	
References/	1. Bagchi Jayanta, World Trade Organization: An Indian Perspective, Eas	stern Law
Readings	House (2000)	
	 Bhagwati Jagdish, In Defence of Globalisation, Oxford (2004) Bosssche Peter Van Dan, The Law and Policy of the World Trade Organisation 	on
	4. Cambridge (2005)	011,
	 Cambridge (2005) Chandiramani Nilima, World Trade Organisation and Globalisation: A 	n Indian
	Overview, Shroff Publishers and Distributors (1999)	
	6. Gervais Daniel, The TRIPS Agreement: Drafting, History and Analysis, S	weet and
	Maxwell (1998)	
	7. Jackson John H., The Jurisprudence of GATT and WTO, Cambridge (2000)	
	8. Jackson John H., The World Trading System: Law and Policy of Internet States and Policy of In	ernational
	Economic Relations, 2nd Edition, Cambridge: MIT Press (1997)	
	9. Kaul A K., The General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade/World Trade Org	anisation-
	Law Economics and Politics, Satyam Books (2005)	
	10. Mathur Vibha, WTO and India: Development Agenda for the 21st Cent	tury, New
	Century (2005)	
	11. Rao Narasimha C., Globalisation, Justice and Development, Serial Publication	ons (2007)
	12. Trebilcock Michael J and Howse Robert, The Regulation of International Tr	ade, New
	York: Routledge (2005)	
Course	Students will learn theoretical knowledge about international trade po	licies and
outcomes	regulations.	

 Students will be able to acquire knowledge in the matter relating to subsidies and safeguards, and they will also understand & appreciate the methods in the resolution of trade disputes.
 Students will be able to appreciate the role of key agreements and Jurisdiction,
policies, and processes of WTO.
• Students will be able to construct and develop ideas for structuring minimum
principles required for trade and dispute settlement agreements.

Specialization: Constitutional and Administrative Law

Name of the Programme: Master of Laws

Title of the Course: General Principles of Administrative Law

Course Code: LLC-523

Number of Credits: 4

Pre-requisites	Enrolment at the LL.M. (CBCS) programme	
for the Course	Enforment at the LE.M. (CBC3) programme	
Objectives	To provide comprehensive knowledge to the students regarding the student of	o gonoral
Objectives	principles of administrative law	e general
		inistrativo
	The make the stadents to anderstand and to apply the lacas of auto-	Inistrative
<u> </u>	discretion and delegated legislation	451
Content	Module 1: Concept of Administrative Law	15 hours
	1. Definition and Nature of Administrative law	
	2. Scope and Functions;	
	3. Growth of Administrative Law in India	
	4. Classification of Administrative Functions in India.	
	Module 2: Administrative Discretion	15 hours
	1. Failure to exercise; Excess or Abuse	
	2. Non-Application;	
	3. Non-compliance of procedure;	
	4. Malafides	
	Module 3: Delegated Legislation	15 hours
	1. Need and Constitutionality of Delegated Legislation	
	2. Merits and Demerits of Delegated Legislation	
	3. Conditional Legislation	
	4. Controls on Delegated Legislation	
	Module 4: Redressal of Grievances-	15 hours
	1. Transparency and Accountability Lokpal and Lokayukt	
	2. Right to Information-Central Vigilance Commission-Comptroller and	
	Auditor General of India	
	3. Commissions of Inquiry-	
	4. Judicial Review of Administrative Actions	
Pedagogy	Lectures, debates, case analysis and problem solving	
References/	1. Banerjee B. P., judicial Control of Administrative Action, LexisNexis	
Readings	2. Garner, J.F., Administrative Law, Butterworths	
C C	3. H. W. R. Wade & C. F Forsyth, Administrative Law, Oxford University Press	
	4. Jain M.P., and Jain S.N., Principles of Administrative Law, Wadhwa and	Company,
	Nagpur (2013)	1 //
	5. Jain M.P., and Jain S.N., Principles of Administrative Law, Wadhwa and	Company.
	Nagpur	- <i> </i> /
	6. Massey I.P., Administrative Law, Eastern Book Company, Delhi	
	7. Sathe, S.P., Administrative Law, Lexis Nexis Butter worths, New Delhi	
	8. Wade William, Administrative Law, Oxford University Press	
	9. M.P. Jain, Cases and Materials on Indian Administrative Law, 3 volumes,	Wadhwa.
	Nagpur	ir a anna,
	10. Paul Craig, Administrative Law, Sweet and Maxwell	
Course	After going through this course, students will be able to:	
outcomes	 Apply the general principles of administrative law as potential admi 	nistrators
outcomes		mstraturs,
	lawyers and judges in matters relating to administrative functions.	- 1 - باللاريم
	Appraise the importance of the classification of administrative functions in	-
	the procedure to be followed by the authorities, and determine the gr	ounds for
	judicial review over administrative action.	
	Formulate the scope of judicial review over administrative discretion and	delegated

•	legislation. Evaluate the efficacy of the grievance redressal mechanisms against governmental action and administration.
i i	

Specialization: Constitutional and Administrative Law

Name of the Programme: Master of Laws

Title of the Course: Federalism and Inter-Governmental Relations

Course Code: LLC-524

Number of Credits: 4

Pre-requisites	Enrolment at the LL.M. (CBCS) programme	
for the Course		
Objectives	• To provide comprehensive knowledge to the students regarding the	concept,
-	features of Federalism and its application	•
	• To enable the students, appreciate and to Inter-governmental Relation	
Content	Module 1: Formation of Union of India and Units	15 hours
	1. The History of Integration of Princely States	
	2. Post-independence and Pre-constitutional development	
	3. Developments after the Adoption of the Constitution of India	
	4. Abolition of Privy Purse	
	Module 2: Federal Features of the Indian Constitution-	15 hours
	1. Concept of Federalism	
	2. Federal features of the Indian Constitution	
	3. Comparison of Federal Systems - India, United States, Germany and	
	Australia	
	4. Nature of Indian Constitution – Federal or Quasi federal	
	Module 3: Relations between Centre and States-	15 hours
	1. Distribution of Legislative Powers;	
	2. Administrative Relations and Cooperative Federalism-	
	3. Financial Relations	
	4. Inter-governmental tax immunities- Finance Commission, Borrowing	
	Power	
	Module 4: Inter-State Trade and Commerce	15 hours
	1. Freedom of Inter-State trade and commerce;	
	2. Restrictions on legislative power of the Union and States	
	3. Emergency and Division of Powers	
	4. Special Status under Part XXI of Indian Constitution	
Pedagogy	Lectures, debates, case analysis and problem solving	
References/	1. B. Shiva Rao, The Framing of India's Constitution, Select Comments	, 6 Parts,
Readings	Universal Law Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd. (Reprint2004)	, ,
U	2. Granville Austin, working A Democratic Constitution: A History of t	he Indian
	Experience, Oxford University Press, New Delhi (2000)	
	3. Jain M. P., Indian Constitutional Law, 6th Edition, LexisNexis Butterworths	Wadhwa,
	Nagpur (2008)	,
	4. Khanna H. R., Making of India's Constitution, 2nd Edition, Eastern Book	Company,
	Allahabad (2008)	,
	5. Noorani A. G., Article 370: A Constitutional History of Jammu and Kashm	ir, Second
	Impression, Oxford University Press, New Delhi (2011)	
	6. O. Chinnapa Reddy, The Court and the Constitution of India: Summits and	Shallows,
	Oxford University Press, New Delhi (2008)	
	7. Panday J. N., The Constitutional Law of India, 49th Edition, Central Law	w Agency,
	Allahabad (2012)	
	8. Seervai H. M., Constitutional Law of India 4th edition, Volumes 1, 2 and 3,	Universal
	Law Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd (1993)	
	9. Singh M. P., V. N. Shukla's Constitution of India, 11th Edition, Eastern Book	Company
	Lucknow (2012)	. ,
	10. Venkat Iyer, States of Emergency: The Indian Experience, Butterworths I	ndia, New

Course	• Students will be able to relate the issues of contemporary federalism to the	
outcomes	constitutional genesis of India as a union of states and theorize accordingly.	
	• Students will develop a conceptual basis on the international models of federalism	
	and the Indian adaptation of it.	
	• Students will be able to discuss the constitutional scheme of legislative, administrative, and financial relations between union and states in evaluating federal conflicts.	
	• Students will be able to examine the constitutional scheme of interstate trade and commerce and develop solutions to issues relating to it.	

Specialization: Labour Law Name of the Programme: Master of Laws Title of the Course: Law Relating to Labour Welfare Course Code: LLL-523 Number of Credits: 4 Effective from Academic Year: 2023-2024

Pre-requisites	Enrolment at the LL.M. (CBCS) programme	
for the Courses		
Objectives	• To understand the scope and evolution of laws relating to labour welfare.	
	• To appraise the students with special laws pertaining to wages.	
Content	Module – 1: Labour Welfare - Concept, Scope and Evolution	15 hours
	1. Labour Welfare – Conceptual Framework	
	2. Right to work – Legal and Judicial perspective	
	3. Special provisions for women and children, bonded labour	
	4. International Conventions for Labour Welfare and International	
	Standardization of wages	
	Module – 2: Law relating to Minimum Wages	15 hours
	1. Types and kinds of wage, wage determination, theories of wages Wage	
	Structure and contribution of Pay Commissions in India	
	2. Payment of wages	
	3. Basic Wage and Bonus Dearness allowance	
	4. Recent amendment on Wages: Labour Code, 2020 - Comparative study	
	on wage structure in USA, UK and India	
	Module – 3: Labour and Human Rights	15 hours
	1. Human rights and labour policy	
	2. Social Protection of human rights	
	3. Role of ILO, UDHR	
	4. Labour rights as Human rights in India	
	Module – 4: Unorganised Sector and Labour Laws	15 hours
	1. Agricultural labourers	
	2. Plantation Labour Act	
	3. Political movement, agrarian reforms	
	4. Schemes for the protection of unorganized labour sector	
Pedagogy	Lectures, debates, case analysis and problem solving	
References/	1. Bare Acts of the relevant Legislations	
Readings	2. Garg, K.C.; Sharma, Mukesh; Sareen, V.K. (2002). Commercial an	d Labour
	Laws. Ludhiana: Kalyani Publishers.	
	3. Kumar H.L., (2000). Practical Guide to Labour Management. New Delhi	Universal
	Law Publishing.	
	4. Reshma Arora, (2000). Labour Law. New Delhi : Himalaya Publication Hou	ise.
Additional	1. Kumar H.L., (2002). Practical Guide to Contract Labour - Regulation & Ab	olition Act
readings	& Rules. New Delhi : Universal Law Publishing.	
-	2. Mathur .A.S. (1968). Labour Policy and Industrial Relations in India.	Agra: Ram
	Prasad.	
	3. Singh, Avtar. (2002). Introduction to Labour & Industrial Law. New	w Delhi :
	LexisNexis.	
Course	• Students will be able to know the various welfare programmes and poli	cies of the
outcomes	government and its implementation.	
	• Students will be able to apply the knowledge to the general practices	of Human
	Resource Development and its effective implementation.	
	• Students can analyse the conditions of work in unorganized sector	s such as
	contract labour, apprentice, and plantation workers.	

• Students are able to evaluate the international human rights instruments relating
to the protection of the labour class.

Specialization: Labour Law

Name of the Programme: Master of Laws

Title of the Course: Dispute Resolution in Labour Management Relations

Course Code: LLL-524

Number of Credits: 4

	Cademic Year: 2023-2024	
Pre-requisites for the Courses	Enrolment at the LL.M. (CBCS) programme	
Objectives	To outline theoretical and practical knowledge of the key principles	of disputo
Objectives	 resolution in industrial relations. 	or dispute
	 To examine the mechanism for industrial adjudication. 	
Content	Module 1: Introduction	15 hours
content	1. Meaning of Dispute Resolution and Modes/Mechanism for resolution of	15 Hours
	Industrial Disputes under Labour Laws	
	 Role of the appropriate government in resolution of Industrial Disputes 	
	and extent of its powers	
	3. Compulsory vis-à-vis voluntary methods of settlement of Industrial	
	disputes	
	4. Recent developments in the field of Dispute resolution	
	Module 2 : Industrial Adjudication	15 hours
	1. Meaning and Objectives	15 110015
	2. Terms of Reference to the Industrial Adjudication by the Government	
	3. Composition, constitution and Jurisdiction of such authorities	
	4. Misconduct of workmen relating to duty	
	Module 3 : Awards and Judicial Review on Awards	15 hours
	1. Definition of Award	
	2. Form of Award (Recitals and operative part)	
	3. Persons on whom settlement and Award is binding	
	4. Period of operation of settlement and awards	
	Module 4 : Industrial Relations Code	15 hours
	1. Need and importance	
	2. Relevant Provisions for settlement under the Code	
	3. Authorities under the Code	
	4. The way forward	
Pedagogy	Lectures, debates, case analysis and problem solving	
References/	1. O.P. Malhotra, The Law of Industrial Disputes Vol. 1 & II	
Readings	2. Dr. V.G. Goswami, Labour And Industrial Laws	
	3. Russel A. Smith, Collective Bargaining And Labour Arbitration (1970) Part	ii
	4. S.C Srivastava, Voluntary Labour Arbitration: Law And Policy (1981)	
	5. Kahn Freund, Labour And The Law (steven & sons)	
	6. Roger Benedictus, Labour Law : Cases And Materials (1987)	
	7. Chaturvedi R.G., Law and Procedure of Departmental Enquiries and D	isciplinary
	Actions (1997)	
	8. Report of National Commission on Labour (recent report)	
	9. I.P. Messey, A legal conundrum in labour laws, 14 jili 386 (1972)	
	10. Giri V.V. Labour problems in Indian Industry	
Course	• Students will be able to integrate theoretical concepts, proce	esses and
outcomes	methodologies in analysing, managing and resolution of conflicts.	
	• Students will be able to utilize and apply conflict intervention strateg	gies in the
	management and resolution of disputes in industrial relations.	
	Students will be able to comprehend the forms of awards and its implement	entation in
	labour management.	
	Students will be able to evaluate the provisions of Industrial Relation	s Code in
	dispute resolution.	

Specialization: Intellectual Property Rights

Programme: Master of Laws

Title of the Course: Law on Designs, Trademarks and Geographical Indications

Course Code: LLI-523

Number of Credits: 4

Pre-requisites	Enrolment at the LL.M. (CBCS) programme	
for the Course		
Objectives	 To deliver wide-ranging knowledge about the concept of the law r 	olating to
Objectives	Designs, Trademark Legislation and Geographical indications in India.	elating to
	 To provide comprehensive knowledge of important aspects, proce 	oduro for
		euure ioi
Cantant	registration and remedies for infringement.	1 Chauna
Content	Module 1: Indian Designs Law	15 hours
	1. International agreements concerning design, Objective and Purpose of	
	Industrial Designs legislation	
	2. Essentials for Design Protection; Registration of Designs, Interrelation between Copyright and Design	
	3. Procedure for Registration of Design Infringement/Piracy of Registered	
	Design; Remedies for Register of Design	
	 Authorities under the Designs Act and their Powers and Functions 	
	-	15 hours
	 Module 2: Trademark Normative Regime Indian & international- International Treaties and Conventions 	15 hours
		1E hours
	Module 3: The Trade Marks law in India	15 hours
	1. Origin and growth, need of Trademarks, definition	
	2. Essentials and functions of Trademarks, Registration of Trademarks	
	3. Assignment, Transmission and Licensing of Trade Marks- Infringement of Rights and Remedies	
	4. Doctrine of Deceptive Similarity, Passing Off (remedies), Authorities	
	under the Trademarks legislation.	
	Module 4: Law relating to Geographical Indications	15 hours
	1. International Provisions Relating to Geographical Indications	15 110015
	2. Geographical Indications of Goods (Registration and Protection) Law and	
	its critical appraisal	
	3. Concept of GI, Protection and Subject matter of GP, Procedure of	
	Registration of GI and Infringement	
	4. Remedies for infringement and authorities and their importance - GIs in	
	Goan Perspective, products registered in Goa and its advantages for	
	local communities	
Pedagogy	Lectures, debates, case analysis, discussion and problem solving	
References/	1. Narayan P., Copyright & Industrial Designs, Eastern Law House (2002)	
Readings	2. Narayanan P.S., Law and Trademarks and Passing Off, 5th Ed. Eastern L	aw House
	(2000)	
	3. Rodney D Ryder, Trademarks Advertising and Brand Protection,	1st ed.,
	MACMILLAN India Ltd. (2006)	
	4. UNCTAD-ICTSD, Resource book on TRIPS and Development, Cambridge	University
	Press (2005)	
	5. V. K. Ahuja, Intellectual Property Rights in India, 1st ed., Volume 1, Butterworth's Wadhva (2009)	LexisNexis
	6. Dobhal Nikita, Protection of Trademarks in India: A Study of Legal ar	nd Judicial
	Response, Bluerose Publishers (2021)	

	LAMBERT Academic Publishing (2017)	
	8. Lipika, Sharma, Geographical Indications in India, Lambart (2016)	
	9. Raju K.D., A Handbook of Geographical Indications in India, Thomson Reuters (2021)	
	10. Ojha Megha, Guide to Geographical Indications: Registration of Geographical Indications in India, Kaav Publications (2020)	
Course	• Students will understand the need and importance of Designs, Trademarks and	
outcomes	mes Geographical Indications.	
	• Students will be able to guide and help the community in protection in respect of matters of Designs, Trademarks and Geographical Indications.	
	• Students will be able to introspect the rights and remedies in cases of trademark infringements.	
	• Students will be able to examine the protection process and suggest minimizing the Infringement of GI.	

Specialization: Intellectual Property Rights

Name of the Programme: Master of Laws

Title of the Course: Law on Traditional Knowledge, Biodiversity and Plant Varieties

Course Code: LLI-524

Number of Credits: 4

Pre-requisites	Enrolment at the LL.M. (CBCS) programme	
for the Course		
Objectives	To provide comprehensive knowledge to the students regarding Indian p	osition of
	the Law on Traditional Knowledge, Bio Diversity, and Plant Varieties.	
	• To enable the students to gain acquaintance with the concepts, their p	
	and procedures in obtaining protection of relevant Traditional Ki	nowledge,
	Biodiversity, and Plant Varieties.	
Content	Module 1: Traditional Knowledge	15 hours
	1. Concept & Issues concerning Traditional Knowledge	
	2. Bio- Prospecting and Bio-Piracy	
	3. Need for A Sui Generis Regime	
	4. Intentional conventions for the protection of TK	
	Module 2: Biodiversity Law	15 hours
	1. Objectives, need, Principles of biodiversity- the Indian Scenario;	
	Protection of biodiversity as Sovereign Rights	
	2. Mechanism monitoring biodiversity, Remedies for infringement	
	3. Authorities – functions and powers – central, state and local level,	
	Benefit sharing	
	4. International Convention on Biodiversity	
	Module 3: Protection of Plant Varieties and Farmers Rights Law	15 hours
	1. UPOV-Seeds policy and legislations	
	2. Objectives and need for the legislation, Protection available to plant	
	varieties in USA and UK	
	3. Critical analysis of PVFR legislation	
	4. Plant Varieties protection in regional perspectives with special reference	
	to Goa	
	Module 4: Protection of Plant Varieties and Farmers Rights Law	15 hours
	1. Conceptualization of Plant Varieties, Breeding, culture and Farmer's	
	Rights	
	2. Essentials of plant varieties, Terms of protection, Procedure for	
	registration	
	3. Infringement and Remedies; Rights of Famers and Breeders	
	4. Authorities - powers and function dealing with Plant varieties	
Pedagogy	Lectures, debates, case analysis, discussion and problem solving	
References/	1. Bainbridge, David, Intellectual Property, 6th Edition. Pearson Longsman (2	006)
Readings	2. Barret Margreth, Intellectual Property; Cases & Material, West Group (200)9)
_	3. Cornish W & Llewellyn D., Intellectual Property: Patents, Copyright, Trad	emarks &
	Allied Rights, Sweet & Maxwell (2010)	
	4. Cornish, Intellectual Property, Universal Publication (2001)	
	5. Ganguli Prabuddha, Intellectual Property Rights: Unleashing theK	nowledge
	Economy, TATA McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, new Delhi (2001)	_
	6. Merges, Robert. Menell, Peter and Lemley, Mark, Intellectual Property ir	the New
	Technological Age, Aspen Publishers, Inc. (2008)	
	7. Narayanan P., Patent Law, Eastern Law House (2006)	
	8. Sarma Rama, Commentary on Intellectual Property Laws, Edn. (2007);	
	9. Torremans, Paul, Holyoak and Torremans, Intellectual Property Law, 5t	h Edition.
	Oxford University Press (2008)	
	10. Vaver David & Bently Lionel(Ed)., Intellectual Property in the New M	illennium.

	Cambridge (2004)	
	11. Wadhera, B.L., Law Relating to Patents, Trademarks Copyright Design &	
	Geographical Indications, Universal Publication(2004)	
	12. Reddy S. Ram and Surekha M, Biodiversity Traditional Knowledge and Intellectual	
	Property Rights, Scientific Publishers (2016)	
Course	• Students will obtain comprehensive knowledge about biological diversity, plant	
outcomes	varieties and their protection.	
	• Students will be able to create awareness and help the local community by	
	providing them guidance in filing and obtaining relevant rights.	
	• Students can provide solutions and aid in dealing with Bio-Prospecting and Bio-	
	Piracy.	
	• Students will be able to appreciate and discuss the Plant Varieties' protection from	
	regional perspectives with special reference to Goa.	

Specialization: Human Rights Law

Name of the Programme: Master of Laws

Title of the Course: Human Rights and the Indian Legal System

Course Code: LLH-523

Number of Credits: 4

Pre-requisites	Enrolment at the LL.M. (CBCS) programme	
for the Course		
Objectives	• To understand constitutional and legal protection of human rights.	
-	• To provide an insight into the protection of human Rights of disadvantaged groups	
Content	Module 1: Human Rights and the Indian Constitution	15 hours
	1. Human Rights and Fundamental Rights	
	2. Human Rights and Directive Principles of State Policy	
	3. Human rights and Protective Discrimination	
	4. National Human Rights Commission	
	Module 2: Human Rights of Disadvantaged Group	15 hours
	1. Women and Human Rights	
	2. Children and Human Rights	
	3. Minority and Human Rights	
	4. Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Human Rights	
	Module 3: Human Rights and the Judiciary	15 hours
	1. Protection of Human Rights and Approach of the Supreme Court	
	2. Enforcement of international conventions	
	3. Human Rights Courts	
	4. Human Rights enforcement Agencies	
	Module 4: Human Rights and Preventive Laws	15 hours
	1. Human Rights and Enforcement Agencies like the Police and Excise	
	2. Prevention of abuse of rights.	
	3. Terrorist activities and protection of human rights	
	4. Narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances	
Pedagogy	Lectures, debates, case analysis, discussion and problem solving	
References/	1. Justice Palok Basu, Law Relating to Protection of Human Rights under	the Indian
Readings	Constitution and Allied Laws, Modern Law Publications, 2002	
	2. Gokulesh Sharma, Human Rights and Social Justice, Deep and Deep Public	ications
	3. Lohit D. Naikar, The Law Relating to human Rights (Global, Regional and Puliani and Puliani, 2016	d National),
	4. Justice A.S.Anand and A.V. Afonso, Human Rights in India: Theory ar	nd Practice,
	Indian Institute of Advanced Study, Shimla,2011	
	5. Gokulesh Sharma, Human Rights and Legal Remedies, Deep & Deep F	Publications
	Pvt. Ltd., 2000	
	 Surendra Malik and Sudeep malik, Supreme Court on Human Right sand and Political, Social, Individual and Economic Rights, Vol I, Eastern Book (-
	7. Surendra Malik and Sudeep malik, Supreme Court on Human Right sand	
	and Political, Social, Individual and Economic Rights, Vol I, Eastern Book	•
	8. Khwaja Abdul Muntaqim, Protection of Human Rights: National and In	
	Perspective, Law Publishers (India) Pvt. Ltd.,2018	
	9. R.P.Kataria and S.K.A Naqvi, Laws on Prvention of Terrorism and Unlawf	ul Activities
	Alongwith International Terrorism, Central Publishing Co.,2003	
	10. D.D.Basu, Human Rights in Indian Constitutional Law, (1994)	
	11. Shambhu Ram Simkhada, Human Rights Human Wrongs: In the Scale	of Human
	Conscience, Routledge; 1st edition (3 December 2020).	

Additional	1. V. K. Ahuja, Human rights Contemporary Issues: Festschrift in the honour of	
readings	professor Upendra Baxi, Eastern Book Company, 2019.	
	2. Upendra Bakshi, The Future of Human Rights, Oxford India Perennials, 2008	
	3. R. N. Trivedi (Ed.), World of AllHuman Rights Soli J. Sorabjee A Festschrift, Universal	
	Law Publishing Co., 2010	
	4. Giriraj Shah and K.N.Gupta, Human Rights Free and Equal, Anmol Publications	
	Private Limited, 2001	
Course	• Students will better understand the protection of human rights under the	
outcomes	Constitution and other laws in India.	
	• Students will acquire knowledge of the implementation and enforcement	
	mechanism of human rights in India.	
	• Students will be able to assess the role of the judiciary and human rights agencies	
	in the protection of human rights in the Indian legal system.	
	• Students are able to estimate the relationship between Human rights and	
	Preventive Laws.	

Specialization: Human Rights Law

Name of the Programme: Master of Laws

Title of the Course: International Humanitarian and Refugee Law

Course Code: LLH-524

Number of Credits: 4

Pre-requisites	Enrolment at the LL.M. (CBCS) programme	
for the Course		•
Objectives	 To understand the international law relating to Refugees and their protect To provide insight on international armed conflict and its relation with int humanitarian law. 	
Content	Module 1: Refugee protection and the legal implications	15 hours
	1. Definition, origin, historical development and sources of refugee law	
	2. United Nations Convention relating to the Status of Refugees and	
	protocol	
	3. UNCHR	
	4. Refugees and Human Rights, Rights and Obligations of Refugees	
	Module 2: Humanitarian Law and Armed Conflict	15 hours
	1. Meaning, origin and development of International Humanitarian Law	
	2. International Human Rights Law and Humanitarian Law, International	
	and non-international armed conflict	
	3. Armed Conflict and Protection of cultural property	
	4. Armed Conflict and Protection of Environment	
	Module 3: International Humanitarian Law and Geneva Conventions	15 hours
	1. The Convention for the Amelioration of the Condition of the Wounded	
	and Sick in Armed Forces in the Field	
	2. The Convention for the Amelioration of the Condition of the Wounded,	
	Sick, and Shipwrecked Members of Armed Forces at Sea	
	3. The Convention Relative to the Treatment of Prisoners of War	
	4. The Convention Relative to the Protection of Civilian Persons in Time of	
	War	
	Module 4 : Enforcement of Humanitarian and Refugee Law	15 hours
	1. ICRC: Origin, nature, Role and Functions	
	2. International Humanitarian Law and International Criminal Court	
	3. Protection of Internally Displaced Persons	
Dedeese	4. Incorporation of international norms in domestic laws	
Pedagogy	Lectures, debates, case analysis, discussion and problem solving	
References/	1. M. K. Balachandran and Jose Varghese (Ed), Introduction to Int	ernational
Readings	Humanitarian Law, ICRC Regional Delegation, New Delhi, 1999	
	2. The Geneva Conventions of 12 August 1949 and Protocols Additional to the Conventions of 12 August 1940 ICBC	le Geneva
	Conventions of 12 August 1949, ICRC 3. Larry Maybee and Benerji chakka (Ed), International Humanitarian Law:	A Pondor
	for South Asia, ICRC Regional Delegation, New Delhi, 2007.	A Reduel
	4. ISIL Year Book of International Humanitarian and Refugee Law, Vol. I,	2001 The
	Indian Society of International Law, New Delhi.	2001, 1110
	5. Hans-Peter Gasser, International Humanitarian Law: An Introduction, Hen	ry Dunant
	Institute Haupt	ry Dunane
	6. Manoj Kumar Sinha, Handbook of Legal Instruments on International Hun	han Rights
	and Refugee Laws, LexisNexis, 2014	
	1. B.S. Chimni, International Refugee Law: A Reader, Sage Publications, 2000	
	7. Guy S. Goodwin-Gill, The Refugee in International Law, Oxford University	
	8. Francisco Forrest Martin and Stephen J. Schnably at al, International Hun	
	and Humanitarian Law : Treaties, Cases and Analysis, Cambridge Universit	-
		-

	Humanitarian Law, Cambridge University Press	
	10. Helene Lambert, International Refugee Law, Routledge	
	11. Gary D. Solis, The Law of Armed Conflict: International Humanitarian Law in War,	
	Cambridge University Press	
	12. Ben Saul and Dapo Akande, The Oxford Guide to International Humanitarian Law,	
	Oxford University Press	
Additional	1. Yusuf Aksar, Implementing International Humanitarian Law: From Ad Hoc Tribunals	
readings	to a Permanent International Court	
	2. Wolff Heintschel Von Heinegg and Voker Epping (editors), International	
	Humanitarian Law Facing New Challenges: Symposium in Honour of KNUT IPSEN,	
	Springer	
	3. Ezequiel Heffes and Marcos D. Kotlik and Manuel J. Ventura, International	
	Humanitarian Law and non-state actors: Debate, Law and Practice, Springer	
Course	• Students will understand the rights of refugees under international law and the	
outcomes	responsibility of states.	
	• Students will acquire knowledge of international humanitarian law and the	
	protection provided under the law.	
	• Students will assess the Geneva Conventions and its implementation.	
	• Students identify the modes and mechanisms for the implementation of	
	International Humanitarian and Refugee Law.	

Specialization: Alternative Dispute Resolution Law

Name of the Programme: Master of Laws

Title of the Course: Mediation: Principles, Essential Strategies and Skills

Course Code: LLA-523

Number of Credits: 4

Pre-requisites		Enrolment at the LL.M. (CBCS) programme	
for the Course			
Objectives	•	To provide an overview of conflict resolution through mediation.	
	•	To introduce students to the concept of mediation and how to use it	in conflict
	-	resolution.	
Content		Module 1 : Introduction to Mediation	15 hours
content	1.	Definition, Salient Features, nature and scope of Mediation.	10 110 013
	2.	Legal and Regulatory Framework of Mediation in India	
	3.	Types of Mediation	
	4.	Advantages and Limitations of Mediation	
		Module 2: Stages of Mediation	15 hours
	1.	Pre-mediation preparations	
	2.	Mediation Process: Introduction and opening statement, Setting	
		agenda, Joint sessions, separate sessions	
	3.	Steps in Mediation	
	a)	Separate the people from the problem, Focus on interests, invent	
	,	options for mutual gain and use of objective criteria.	
	b)	Preparing, Evaluating and interpreting Mediation Agreements	
	c)	Mediation Confidentiality	
	Ĺ	Module 3 : Role of Mediators	15 hours
	1.	Selection of Mediators	
	2.	Mediators Opening Statement	
	3.	Functions of Mediators: Facilitative Role, Evaluative Role, Mediators'	
		Code of Conduct	
	4.	Role of Lawyers in Mediation	
		Module 4: Communication in Mediation	15 hours
	1.	Verbal and Non-verbal communication	
	2.	Effective communication and its barriers	
	3.	Communication Skills	
	a)	Active listening	
	b)	Passive listening	
	c)	Empathy	
	d)	Neutrality	
	e)	Language	
	4.	Right question in the right way	
Pedagogy		This course will be run primarily in lecturing and simulation mode. Stu	dents are
		expected to learn the stages of mediation through the learning-by-doing	method. A
		collaborative brainstorming format to explore the understanding of the	concepts
		together will also be used. The instructor would provide a critique of the	student's
		performance after completing the simulations.	
References/	1.	Sriram Panchu, Mediation Practice and Law (The path to Successful	I Dispute
Readings		Resolution) 3rd edition, LexisNexis, 2022.	
	2.	Jennifer E Beer, The Mediator's Handbook: Revised & Expanded fourt	h edition,
		New Society Publishers. 2012.	
	3.	Iram Masjid, Mediation: Theory to Practice, Thomson Reuters (2022)	
	4.	Chitra Narayan, Mediation – Policy & Practice, Oak Bridge Publications; Fi	rst edition
		(2021)	
Course	•	Students will develop a conceptual understanding of Mediation	

outcomes	• Students will be able to comprehend the mediation stages and the mediators'
	roles.
	• Students will learn various methods of conducting mediation and be able to exhibit
	the skills required for a mediator.
	• Students will be able to display sensitivity towards parties' self-determination of
	dispute settlement resolution and develop mediation skills.

Specialization: Alternative Dispute Resolution Law Name of the Programme: Master of Laws Title of the Course: Conflict Resolution in Family Disputes Course Code: LLA-524

Number of Credits: 4

Pre-requisites	Enrolment at the LL.M. (CBCS) programme	
for the Course		
for the course		
Objectives	• To provide an overview of the concept of family and the causes and effective	fects of
•	conflict and its resolution.	
	• To introduce students to the law on family disputes and their resolution.	
Content		5 hours
	1. Understanding Family and Marriage	
	2. Gender and Families	
	3. Family in Current Status: Live-in relation	
	4. Economic Stability and Family	
		15 hours
	1. Jurisprudence of dealing with family disputes	
	2. Family Courts and their support agencies and their role	
	3. Procedural relaxation and Jurisdiction	
	4. Appeals and execution	
		15 hours
	1. Domestic Violence: Civil and Criminal Protection (Domestic Violence Act	
	and Indian Penal Code)	
	 Family counselling and the role of the counsellor 	
	3. Remedies in Family Disputes	
	4. Constitutionality of Remedies: Restitution of conjugal rights, judicial	
	separation, nullity of marriage and divorce, maintenance, custody of	
	children-rights of guardianship	
		5 hours
	1. Meaning and definition of the concept of conciliation and evaluating	
	advantages and disadvantages	
	2. Initiating mediation; confidentiality and neutrality	
	3. Role and functions of mediator; drafting a settlement agreement as a	
	function	
	4. Ethics of mediator in family disputes	
Pedagogy	This course will be run primarily in lecturing mode. However, students may	require
1 Cuugogy	to learn certain concepts through a collaborative brainstorming format in	•
	simulation exercises to explore the understanding of the concepts together.	-
References/	1. Lévi-Strauss, Claude. 'The Family' in Harry L Shapiro (ed.) Man, Culture and	
Readings	New York: Oxford University Press,	ooolotyi
neuungo	2. Surendra Malik and Sudeep Malik, Supreme Court on Family Property, Pa	artition
	Succession, Will and Inheritance (1950 to 2016) (in 2 Volumes)	
	3. Howard H. Irving & Michael Benjamin - Family Mediation Contemporary	v Issues
	SAGE Publications Inc; First edition 1995	,
	4. Thomas DiGrazia Light on Peacemaking: A Guide To Appropriate Dispute Res	solution
	and Mediating Family Conflict Business Expert Press 2015	
	5. Poonam Pradhan Saxena, Family Law Lecture, Lexis Nexis	
	6. Paras Diwan, Law of Marriages and Divorce, Universal	
	7. Mulla, Hindu Law, Lexis Nexis	
	8. Mulla, Principles of Mahomedan Law, Lexis Nexis	

Additional readings	 Okin, Susan Moller. Justice, Gender, and the Family. New York: Basic Books, 1989. Goody, Jack. The Oriental, the Ancient and the Primitive: Systems of Marriage and the Family in the Preindustrial Societies of Eurasia. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
	 Marian Roberts, Mediation in Family Disputes: Principles of Practice Routledge; 4th edition 2014
Course outcomes	 Students will develop a conceptual understanding of family and resolution mechanisms in respect of family and marriage disputes. Students will understand the jurisprudence and legal mechanism built to deal with family disputes. Students will be able to use the different remedies under the law along with understanding the changed societal priorities. Students will be able to display sensitivity towards family dispute conciliation as different from other conciliation and will be able to develop the tools for family conciliation to resolve conflicts.

<u>NOTE</u>: COURSE OUTLINE FOR RESEARCH SPECIFIC ELECTIVE (RSE) COURSES AND GENERAL ELECTIVE (GE) COURSES FOR SEMESTERS III & IV TO BE PROVIDED