



Goa University

Taleigao Plateau, Goa - 403 206
Tel: +91-8669609048
Email: registrar@unigoa.ac.in
Website: www.unigoa.ac.in

Date:18.07.2023

(Accredited by NAAC)

GU/Acad -PG/BoS -Agri/2023/211

CIRCULAR

The syllabus of **Bachelor of Science (Honours) in Agriculture** Programme governed under OC-64A is attached.

The Dean/ Vice-Deans of the School of Biological Sciences and Biotechnology are requested to take note of the above and bring the contents of the Circular to the notice of all concerned.

(Ashwin Lawande)
Assistant Registrar – Academic-PG

To,

1. The Principals of Affiliated Colleges offering the Bachelor of Science in Agriculture (Honours) Programme..

Copy to:

- 1. The Dean, School of Biological Sciences and Biotechnology, Goa University.
- 1. The Vice-Deans, School of Biological Sciences and Biotechnology, Goa University
- 2. The Chairperson, Board of Studies in Agriculture.
- 3. The Controller of Examinations, Goa University.
- 4. The Assistant Registrar, UG Examinations, Goa University.
- 5. Directorate of Internal Quality Assurance, Goa University for uploading the Syllabus on the University website.

Course Code: AHDS 353

Title of the Course: Technology of milk and milk products Number of Credits: 2(1+1), 1 Theory and 1 Practical

Pre-requisites	Nil		
for the Course:			
Course	Theory:		
Objectives:		w present status of dairy industry in India. Definition and composit	ion of
	milk.		
		dy Physicochemical properties of milk, Microbial quality of raw milk ords for different market milk.	and
	• To und	lerstand factors affecting yield and composition of milk. Physico-ch	emical
		icrobial standards for different types of milk.	
	• To kno	w nutritional importance of milk and its constituents. Reception ar	nd
		ssing (Platform test, Chilling, Standardization, Homogenization,	
		rrization, Storage, Marketing) of milk.	
		dy classification and composition of milk products (Heat coagulated	
		cid coagulated, Evaporated, Fermented Frozen and Fat riched produ	ıcts).
		y management standard and system (BIS/ISI standards, PFA rules,	
		RK, HACCP, FSSAI).	
		n international requirement for export of milk and milk products. w preservation of milk and milk products by physical, chemical, bio	Mogical
		erbal preservatives. Utilization of dairy by-product: whey and high a	_
	milk.	crodi preservatives. Othization of daily by product. Whey and high	icia
		dy packaging of milk and milk products with modern techniques.	
	Practio		
	• To take	e samples of milk and milk products. Study of platform tests.	
		ermine fat by Gerber's method. Determination of SNF, TS and specinal σ	ific
	,	ermine acidity of milk, adulteration in milk and milk products.	
		ndardize milk by Pearson's method.	
	• To use	cream separator for separation of cream.	
	• To pre	pare flavored and chocolate milk, Khoa, Basundi and Rabri, Paneer,	Channa
		assogolla.	
		pare Dahi, Chakka and Shrikhand, Butter, Ghee, Ice-cream, Kulfi, Pe	dha and
	_	amun.	
0		an and sanitize dairy equipment's.	
Content:	Theory	Taning	110
	Lecture	Topics	Hours

Lecture	Topics	Hours
no		
1	Present status of dairy industry in India	1 hr
2	Definition of milk, composition of milk of different livestock species	1 hr
3	Physico-chemical properties of milk	1 hr
4	Factors affecting yield and composition of milk	1 hr
5	Microbial quality of raw milk and standards for different market milk	1 hr
6	Nutritional importance of milk and its constituents	1 hr
7	Reception, standardization and homogenization of milk	1 hr
8	Pasteurization of milk and its methods	1 hr

	П _ Т		
	9	Chilling, storage and marketing of milk	1 hr
	10&11	Classification and composition of Indigenous milk products	2 hrs
	12	Quality management standard and system (BIS/ISI standards, PFA rules, AGMARK, HACCP, FSSAI)	1 hr
	13	International requirements for export of milk and milk products	1 hr
	14	Preservation of milk and milk products by physical, chemical, biological and herbal preservatives	1 hr
	15	Utilization of dairy by-products like whey and high acid milk	1 hr
	16	Packaging of milk and milk products with modern techniques	1 hr
	Practical	rackaging of fillik and fillik products with modern techniques	<u> </u>
	Practical		
	no	Topics	Hours
	1	· ·	2 h
	1	Study of platform tests and sampling of milk and milk products	3 hrs
	2	Determination of fat by Gerber's method	3 hrs
	3	Determination SNF, TS, specific gravity and acidity of milk	3 hrs
	4	Determination of adulteration in milk and milk products	3 hrs
	5	Standardization of milk by Pearson's method	3 hrs
	6	Study of cream separator and separation of cream	3 hrs
	7	Preparation of flavoured and chocolate milk	3 hrs
	8	Preparation of Khoa, Basundiand Rabri	3 hrs
	9	Preparation of Paneer, Channa and Rassogolla	3 hrs
	10	Preparation of Dahi, Chakka and Shrikhand	3 hrs
	11	Preparation of Butter	3 hrs
	12	Preparation of Ghee	3 hrs
	13	Preparation of Ice-cream and Kulfi	3 hrs
	14	Preparation of Pedha and Gulabjamun	3 hrs
	15	Study of cleaning and sanitization of dairy equipment's.	3 hrs
	16	Visit to milk processing plant.	3 hrs
Pedagogy:	1	practical, interactive learning, presentations, home assignments, i	ndustry
	visits, stu		
References/	1	Winton and K.B. Winton, Milk and Milk Products. Jodhapur: Agrob	oios,
Readings:	1993		
		Davis, Milk Testing. Jodhapur: Agrobios, 2007. Singh, Chemistry of Milk and Milk Products. Muzaffarnagar: Asian	
		shers, 1965.	
	1	Gupta, Dairying in India. Ludhiana: Kalyani Publisher, 1997.	
	1	, Outlines of Dairy Technology. New Delhi: Oxford University Press	, 2000.
Course		e end of the course, students will be able to	
Outcomes:	1. Learr	n about dairy industry.	
	2. Expla	in properties of milk.	
		n processing of milk to various products.	
	4. Packi	ng of milk and milk products.	

Course Code: AHDS 364

Title of the Course: Sheep Goat and Poultry Production Number of Credits: 2(1+1), 1 Theory and 1 Practical

Effective from AY: 20	19-20		
Pre-requisites	Nil		
for the Course:			
Course	Theory		
Objectives:	 To understand the importance of sheep, goat and poultry production in r 	national	
	economy.		
	 To learn the common terminologies used in sheep, goat and poultry proc 		
	 To study the important Indian and Exotic breeds of sheep, goat and poult 	-	
	 To know the breeding seasons, mating systems, rearing methods and hor systems of sheep and goat. 	using	
	• To understand the digestive system, digestion and absorption of nutrient	s in fowl.	
	 To identify the principles and practices of sheep and goat feeding, flushir ewes and does. 	ng of	
	 To learn the care and management of pregnant ewes and does, lambs/ki 	ds and	
	rams / bucks.		
	 To study the methods of rearing, feeding and management of chicks, pullayers and broilers. 	lets,	
	 To know the importance, composition and utilization of sheep and goat r 	nilk.	
	To understand the marketing of sheep and goat.		
	 To know the selection, incubation, hatching of eggs and brooding in poul 	try	
	• To study the preservation, grading, marketing of eggs and its economics		
	To know the diseases of sheep goat and poultry		
	To understand vaccination and health cover in sheep, goat and poultry		
	Practical		
	To Study the body parts of sheep, goat and poultry		
	To Study the differences between sheep and goat		
	To learn the Identification marking in sheep, goat and poultry.	_	
	To know the management practices in sheep and goat viz. clipping, spray	ing,	
	dusting, deworming, docking and ringing. Debeaking etc.		
	To understand the feeding habits and nutrients requirement for different	classes	
	of sheep and goat		
	To learn the computation of ration for different classes of poultry		
	To understand the shearing of sheep and grading of wool		
	To study the judging and culling of sheep and goat	ula a al a a C	
	 To understand the preparation of animals for slaughter and different methods of slaughter 		
	_	nd adibla	
	To study the different meat cuts, dressing percentage, meat bone ratio and edible and non-adible effoliar.		
	and non-edible offal'sTo know the candling of eggs		
	- 1		
	 To understand the vaccination of sheep, goat and poultry Visit to sheep, goat and poultry farm 		
Content:	Theory		
Content.	Lecture no Topic	Hours	
	1 Importance of sheep, goat and poultry production in	1 hour	
	national economy	1 Hour	
	Hational economy		

2	Common terminologies used in sheep, goat and poultry	1 hour
	production	
3	Classification and study of Indigenous and exotic sheep breeds	1 hour
4	Classification and study of Indigenous and exotic goat	1 hour
	breeds	211001
5	Classification and study of Indigenous and exotic poultry breeds	1 hour
6	Breeding seasons, mating systems, rearing methods and	1 hour
	housing systems of sheep and goat	
7	Digestive system and digestion absorption of nutrients in	1 hour
'	fowl	1 11001
8	Principles and practices of sheep and goat feeding, flushing	1 hour
	of ewes and does.	
9	Care and management of pregnant ewes/does, lambs/kids	1 hour
		111001
	and rams/ bucks	
10	Methods of rearing, feeding and management of chicks,	1 hour
	pullets, layers and broilers	
11	Importance, composition and utilization of sheep and goat	1 hour
	milk	
12	Marketing of sheep and goat	1 hour
13	Selection of eggs, incubation, hatching and brooding in	1 hour
	poultry	
14	Preservation, grading, marketing of eggs and its economics	1 hour
15	Study of diseases of sheep, goat and poultry	1 hour
16	Vaccination and health cover in sheep, goat and poultry	1 hour
Practical	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	

Practical no	Торіс	Hours
1	Study of body parts of sheep, goat and poultry	3 hours
2	Study of differences between sheep and goat	3 hours
3	Identification marking in sheep, goat and poultry	3 hours
4	Management practices in sheep and goat viz. clipping, spraying, dusting, deworming, docking and ringing etc.	3 hours
5	Management practices in poultry viz. debeaking	3 hours
6	Feeding habits and Nutrients requirement for different classes of sheep and goat	3 hours
7	Computation of ration for different classes of poultry	3 hours
8	Shearing of sheep and grading of wool	3 hours
9	Judging and culling of sheep and goat	3 hours
10	Preparation of animals for slaughter and different methods of slaughter	3 hours
11	Study of different meat cuts, dressing percentage, meat bone ratio and edible and non-edible offal's	3 hours
12	Candling of eggs	3 hours
13	Study of various farm records maintained at sheep and goat farm.	3 hours
14	Preparation of viable bank proposal	3 hours
15	Vaccination of sheep, goat and poultry	3 hours

	16 Visit to sheep, goat and poultry farm 3 hours		
Pedagogy:	Lectures, practical, interactive learning, presentations, home assignments, industry		
	visits, study tours		
References/	1. C. L. Arora and R. C. Garg, Sheep Production and Breeding. New Delhi: Studium		
Readings:	Press, 1998.		
	2. S. K. Kaushish, Sheep Production in Tropics and subtropics. New Delhi: Scientific		
	Publishers, 2001		
	3. C. Devendra and G. B. Mcleroy. Goat and Sheep Production in the Tropics. New York: Longman Publishers, 1983.		
	4. P. Jagdish, Goat, Sheep and Pig Production and management. New Delhi: Kalyani		
	Publishers, 2018.		
	5. S. Harbans and Moore, E. N, Livestock and poultry Production. New Delhi, 1968.		
	6. G. C. Banergee, A Textbook of Animal Husbandry. New Delhi: Oxford and IBH		
	Publishers, 1999.		
Course	At the end of the course, students will be able to		
Outcomes:	1. Get knowledge on the management techniques in rearing of sheep, goat and		
	poultry.		
	2. Learn about the care and management eggs.		
	3. How to be an entrepreneur for self-sustainability.		
	4. How to be employer to employ youth in goatery and allied industries.		

Course No. ELE AGRO 3510

Title of the Course: Weed Management (Elective)
Number of Credits: 3 (2+1), 2 Theory and 1 Practical

Pre-requisites	Nil		
for the Course:			
Course	Theory		
Objectives:	• To stud	y definition of weeds, characteristics and their harmful and	l beneficial
	effects of	on ecosystem.	
	• To learn	classification, reproduction and dissemination of weeds.	
	• To stud	y Herbicide classification, concept of adjuvant, surfactant	, herbicide
	formula	tion and their use.	
		rstand mode of action and selectivity of herbicides.	
		concept of Allelopathy and its application for weed management	ient.
	1	Bio-herbicides and their application in agriculture.	
		concept of herbicide mixture and its utility in agriculture.	
		Herbicide compatibility with agro-chemicals and their applica	
	• To unde	erstand Integration of herbicides with non-chemical method	ds of weed
	manage		
	1	Herbicide resistance and its management.	
	Practica		
		techniques of weed preservation.	
		ify various weeds and study of losses cause by it.	
	•	Biology of important weeds.	
	1	herbicide formulations and herbicide mixture.	
	1	herbicide compatibility with other Agrochemicals and fertilize	ers.
	1	methods of herbicide application	
		Herbicides application equipment's and their calibration.	
	index.	y calculations of herbicide doses, weed control efficiency	and weed
Contont			
Content:	Theory	Tauta	T.11-1-11
	Lecture	Topic	Hour
	No 1.2	Later du ation and importance of consider	2 5 5
	1-2	Introduction and importance of weeds	2 hour
	3-4	Characteristics of weeds	2 hour
	5-6	Harmful and beneficial effects of weeds on ecosystem	2 hour
	7-8	Classification of weeds, Shift of weed flora	2 hour
	9-10	Reproduction and dissemination of weeds	2 hour
	11	Classification of herbicides	1 hour
	12-13	Concept of adjuvant and surfactants	2 hour
	14	Herbicide formulation and their use	1 hour
	15-16	Introduction to mode of action of herbicides	2 hour
	17	Introduction to herbicide selectivity	1 hour
	18-19	Allelopathy and its application in weed management	2 hour
	20-21	Bio herbicides and their application in Agriculture	2 hour
	22-23	Concept of herbicide mixture and its utility in Agriculture	2 hour
	24-25	Herbicide compatibility with Agrochemicals	2 hour
	26	Herbicide compatibility with fertilizers	1 hour

	27-28	Integration of herbicides with non-chemical methods of	2 hour
		weed management	
	29-30	Herbicide resistance and its management	2 hour
	Practical		
	1-2	Identification of weeds	6 hours
	3	Techniques of weed preservation	3 hours
	4	Study of losses caused by weeds	3 hours
	5-6	Biology of important weeds	6 hours
	7	Study of herbicide formulation and herbicide mixtures	3 hours
	8	Study of herbicide in relation to Agrochemicals	3 hours
	9	Phyto-toxicity symptoms on crops and its measurement	3 hours
	10	Methods of herbicide application	3 hours
	11-12	Herbicides application equipments and their calibration	6 hours
	13	Calculation of herbicide dose	3 hours
	14	Computation of different weed indices	3 hours
	15	Visit to weed management experiments	3 hours
Pedagogy:	·	ractical, interactive learning, presentations, home assignment	s, expert
		d visits and study tours.	
References/	· 1	ota, Weed management Principles and Practices. Jodhpur: Ag	robios,
Readings:	2007.		
	2. O. P. Gu	ota, Modern Weed Management, Jodhpur: Agrobios, 2018.	
	1	, Principles of Weed Science. New Delhi: CBS Publishers & Dis	tributors,
	2018.		
	4. T. K. Das	, Weed Science: Basics and Applications. New Delhi: Jain Brot	hers, 2008.
Course	At the end	of the course, students will be able to Understand	
Outcomes:	1. Concept	of weed, their characteristics, reproduction and dispersal bel	havior.
	2. Concept	of Herbicide its different types with advantages and disadvar	ntages.
	3. Differen	t methods of weed management	

Course Code: ELE AGM 361

Title of the Course: System Stimulation and Agro-advisory

Number of Credits: 3 (2+1), 2 Theory and 1 Practical

Lifective Holli At. 20	1			
Pre-requisites	Nil			
for the Course:	1			
Course	To impart	the knowledge about crop models, weather forecasting and Use	of crop	
Objectives:	simulation	model for preparation of Agro-advisory.		
	Theory			
	● To stu	ldy System Approach and System boundaries for re	presenting	
	soil-pla	nt-atmospheric continuum		
	• To lear	n Crop models, concepts & techniques, types of crop mo	dels, data	
	require	ments, and relational diagrams.		
	To stud	y Elementary crop growth models; calibration, validation, verifi	cation and	
		ity analysis.		
		dy Crop production in moisture and nutrients limited of	conditions;	
		nents of soil water and nutrients balance.	,	
		Weather forecasting, types, methods, tools & techniques.		
		y ITK used for weather forecast.		
		n concept of herbicide mixture and its utility in agriculture.		
			ast lise of	
		• To study Preparation of agro-advisory bulletin based on weather forecast. Use of crop simulation model for preparation of Agro-advisory and its effective		
	1		CHECKIVE	
		dissemination.		
		PracticalTo study preparation of crop weather calendars.		
		• • •	ing various	
		n Preparation of agro-advisories based on weather forecast us	ing various	
		ches and synoptic charts.		
		To study of crop-weather models using different statistical techniques. To study of forewarning models for insect pest and disease and crop-weather		
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	1 '	-pest - disease calendar.		
	1	To Study of Simulation with limitations of water and nutrient management		
		options		
		n use of statistical approaches in data analysis and prep		
	1	al, past and present meteorological data for medium rang	e weather	
	forecast.			
Content:	Theory			
	Lecture	Topic	Hour	
	No			
	1-2	System Approach for representing soil-plant-atmospheric	2 Hours	
		continuum		
	3	System boundaries for representing soil-plant-atmospheric	1 Hour	
		continuum		
	4-5	Crop models, concepts and techniques	2 Hours	
	6-7	Types of models, data requirements, relational diagrams	2 hours	
	8-9	Evaluation of crop responses to weather elements	2 hours	
	10-11	Elementary crop growth models –calibration and validation	2 hours	
	12-13	Elementary crop growth models -verification and sensitivity	2 hours	
	12 13	analysis	2 110013	
	14	Potential and achievable crop production- concept	1 hour	
	14	Fotential and achievable crop production- concept	THOUL	

	11		
	15	Modelling techniques for potential and achievable crop production estimation	1 hour
	16-17	Crop production in moisture and nutrients limited conditions	2 hours
	18	Components of soil water and nutrient balance	1 hour
	19-20	Weather forecasting, its types, methods and tools	2 hours
	21	Techniques of weather forecasting and its verification	1 hour
	22	Value added weather forecast	1 hour
	23-24	ITK for weather forecast and its validity	2 hours
	25	Aerospace science and weather forecast	1 hour
	26	Crop-Weather Calendar, Crop-Weather-Pest-Disease Calendar and forewarning model	1 hour
	27	Crop weather diagram	1 hour
	28-29	Remote sensing- its application in agriculture	2 hours
	30	Preparation of agro-advisory bulletin based on weather	1 hour
	31	Use of crop simulation model for preparation of Agro-advisory	1 hour
	32	Agro-advisory , its effective dissemination	1 hour
		Agro-auvisory, its effective disserningtion	I T HOU!
	Practical	Droporation of area weather sales days	2 ha
	1 2 2	Preparation of crop weather calendars	3 hours
	2-3	Preparation of agro-advisories based on weather forecast using various approaches	6 hours
	4	Preparation of AAS based on weather forecast using synoptic charts	3 hours
	5-6	Study of crop-weather models using different statistical tegniques	6 hours
	7	Study of simulation models for crop-growth (DSSAT)	3 hours
	8-9	Study of forewarning models for insect pest and disease	6 hours
	10	Study of crop-weather –pest - disease calendar	3 hours
	11	Study of Simulation with limitations of water and nutrient management options	3 hours
	12	Sensitivity analysis of varying weather and crop management practices	3 hours
	13-14	Use of statistical approaches in data analysis and preparation of historical, past and present meteorological data for medium range weather forecast	6 hours
	15-16	Feedback from farmers about agro-advisory.	6 hours
Pedagogy:	- I	oractical, interactive learning, presentations, home assignments, eld visits and study tours	expert
References/ Readings:	 O. P. E D. D.S Jodhp M. C. ICAR, 	Bishnoi, Applied Agro climatology. Jaipur: Oxford Book Company, Jahoo and R.M. Solanki, Remote Sensing Techniques in Agricultur Jour: Agrobios (india), 2008. Varshneya and P. B. Pillai, Text book of Agril. Meteorology. New D	e.
	Param	netrization and Applications. U.K.: Elsevier Oxford, 2006.	
Course		d of the course, students will be able to Understand	
			nents.

3. ITK used for weather forecast.
4. Remote sensing- its application in agriculture
5. Use of crop simulation model for preparation of Agro-advisory

Course Code: ENTO 354

Title of the Course: Pests of Crops and Stored Grain and their Management

Number of Credits: 2(1+1), 1 Theory and 1 Practical

Pre-requisites for	Nil					
the Course:						
Course Objectives:	Theory					
		erstand the General account on nature and type of damage by d				
		oods pests: Scientific name, order, family, host range, distribution				
		nature of damage and management of insect pests of Cereals, Pulses, Fibro				
	crops.					
		erstand the Stored grain pest and their management				
	Practical		•			
		y the identification, Nature of damage and symptoms, biology a	nd			
	_	ted management of pests of major crops				
		y the identification, Nature of damage and symptoms, biology a	nd			
011		ted management of stored grain pests				
Content:	Theory	_ ·	1			
	Lecture	Topic	Hours			
	no					
		Distribution, biology, nature of damage and management of insect pests of crops				
	1	Rice - Paddy stem borer, green leaf hopper, Brown plant	1 hour			
		hopper, White backed plant hopper, Gall midge, Paddy				
		grasshopper, blue beetle, Caseworm, Armyworm, Gundhi				
		bug, Hispa, Leaf folder				
	2	Sorghum – Shoot fly, Stem borer, Aphids, Delphacids,	1 hour			
		Grasshopper, Earhead midge, Earhead caterpillars				
	3	Maize – Shoot fly, Stem borer, Armyworm, Cob earworm	1 hour			
		Bajra – Shoot fly, Blister beetle				
		Wheat – Stem borer, Aphids, Termites,				
		Minor millets				
	4	Pigeon pea – Pod borer, Plume moth, Pod fly, Spotted pod	1 hour			
		borer, Leaf webber, Mites				
	5	Chickpea – Gram pod borer, Aphids, Cutworm	1 hour			
		Mung and Urdbean – Aphids, Leaf eating caterpillar,				
		Semilooper, Pod borer				
		Cowpea and Pea – Aphids, Blue butterfly, Pod borer				
	6	Groundnut – Leaf miner, Hairy caterpillar, Tobacco leaf eating	1 hour			
		caterpillar, Aphids, Thrips, White grub, Pod sucking bug				
	7	Castor – Semilooper, Capsule borer, Jassids, Tobacco leaf	1 hour			
		eating caterpillar				
		Sunflower – Capitulum borer, Hairy caterpillar, Jassids, Thrips,				
		Whitefly, Stem borer				
	8	Safflower – Aphids, Capitulum borer, Guzia weevil	1 hour			
		Mustard – Aphids, Sawfly, Leaf webber				
		Linseed – Gall fly				
	9	Soybean – Stem fly, Girdle beetle, Leaf miner, Tobacco leaf	1 hour			
		eating caterpillar, Whitefly, Semilooper, Gram pod borer				
		Sesamum – Til hawk moth, Gall fly, leaf eating caterpillar				

	Niger – Semilooper, Gram pod borer	
10-11	Cotton – Aphids, Jassids, Thrips, Whitefly, Mealy bugs,	2 hours
	Spotted bollworm, American bollworm, Pink bollworm,	
	Tobacco leaf eating caterpillar, Leaf folder, Semilooper, Red	
	cotton bug, Dusky cotton bug, Grey weevil	
	Sunhemp and Mesta – Sunhemp hairy caterpillar	
12	Sugarcane – Early shoot borer, Internode borer, Top shoot	1 hour
	borer, Whitefly, Pyrilla, Woolly aphids, Mealy bug, Scale	
	insect, Termites, White grub	
13	Non-insect pests of above crops – Crabs, Snails and Slugs,	1 hour
	millepedes, Mites, Rats and squirrels	
14-15	Stored grain pests Biology and damage of Primary and	2 hour
	Secondary pests	
	Primary store grain pests- Internal feeders - Rice weevil,	
	lesser grain borer, pulse beetle and Angoumois grain moth	
	External feeders - khapra beetle, Indian meal moth	
	Secondary store grain pests – Rust red flour beetle, Saw	
	toothed grain beetle, long headed beetle	
	Primary and Secondary store grain pests - Rice moth	
16	Non insect pests, mites, rodents, birds and microorganisms	1 hour
	associated with stored grain and their management	
17	Preventive and curative methods of stored grain pests	1 hour
18	Storage structure and methods of grain storage and	1 hour
	fundamental principles of grain store management	
Practical		1
Practical	Topic	Hours
no		
1	Pests of Rice	3 hours
1 2	Pests of Rice Pests of Sorghum	3 hours 3 hours
1		
1 2	Pests of Sorghum	3 hours
1 2 3	Pests of Sorghum Pests of Maize, Bajra, Wheat and Miner millets	3 hours 3 hours
1 2 3 4	Pests of Sorghum Pests of Maize, Bajra, Wheat and Miner millets Pests of Pigeon pea	3 hours 3 hours 3 hours
1 2 3 4 5	Pests of Sorghum Pests of Maize, Bajra, Wheat and Miner millets Pests of Pigeon pea Pests of Chickpea, Mung bean, Urd bean, Cowpea and Pea	3 hours 3 hours 3 hours 3 hours
1 2 3 4 5 6	Pests of Sorghum Pests of Maize, Bajra, Wheat and Miner millets Pests of Pigeon pea Pests of Chickpea, Mung bean, Urd bean, Cowpea and Pea Pests of Groundnut	3 hours 3 hours 3 hours 3 hours 3 hours
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Pests of Sorghum Pests of Maize, Bajra, Wheat and Miner millets Pests of Pigeon pea Pests of Chickpea, Mung bean, Urd bean, Cowpea and Pea Pests of Groundnut Pests of Castor and Sunflower	3 hours 3 hours 3 hours 3 hours 3 hours 3 hours
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Pests of Sorghum Pests of Maize, Bajra, Wheat and Miner millets Pests of Pigeon pea Pests of Chickpea, Mung bean, Urd bean, Cowpea and Pea Pests of Groundnut Pests of Castor and Sunflower Pests of Safflower, Mustard, Linseed	3 hours
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Pests of Sorghum Pests of Maize, Bajra, Wheat and Miner millets Pests of Pigeon pea Pests of Chickpea, Mung bean, Urd bean, Cowpea and Pea Pests of Groundnut Pests of Castor and Sunflower Pests of Safflower, Mustard, Linseed Pests of Soybean, Sesamum and Niger	3 hours
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 & 11	Pests of Sorghum Pests of Maize, Bajra, Wheat and Miner millets Pests of Pigeon pea Pests of Chickpea, Mung bean, Urd bean, Cowpea and Pea Pests of Groundnut Pests of Castor and Sunflower Pests of Safflower, Mustard, Linseed Pests of Soybean, Sesamum and Niger Pests of Cotton, Sunhemp and Mesta	3 hours
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 & 11 12	Pests of Sorghum Pests of Maize, Bajra, Wheat and Miner millets Pests of Pigeon pea Pests of Chickpea, Mung bean, Urd bean, Cowpea and Pea Pests of Groundnut Pests of Castor and Sunflower Pests of Safflower, Mustard, Linseed Pests of Soybean, Sesamum and Niger Pests of Cotton, Sunhemp and Mesta Pests of Sugarcane	3 hours
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 & 11 12 13	Pests of Sorghum Pests of Maize, Bajra, Wheat and Miner millets Pests of Pigeon pea Pests of Chickpea, Mung bean, Urd bean, Cowpea and Pea Pests of Groundnut Pests of Castor and Sunflower Pests of Safflower, Mustard, Linseed Pests of Soybean, Sesamum and Niger Pests of Cotton, Sunhemp and Mesta Pests of Sugarcane Non insect pests of field crops	3 hours
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 & 11 12 13 14 & 15	Pests of Sorghum Pests of Maize, Bajra, Wheat and Miner millets Pests of Pigeon pea Pests of Chickpea, Mung bean, Urd bean, Cowpea and Pea Pests of Groundnut Pests of Castor and Sunflower Pests of Safflower, Mustard, Linseed Pests of Soybean, Sesamum and Niger Pests of Cotton, Sunhemp and Mesta Pests of Sugarcane Non insect pests of field crops Store grain pests	3 hours
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 & 11 12 13 14 & 15	Pests of Sorghum Pests of Maize, Bajra, Wheat and Miner millets Pests of Pigeon pea Pests of Chickpea, Mung bean, Urd bean, Cowpea and Pea Pests of Groundnut Pests of Castor and Sunflower Pests of Safflower, Mustard, Linseed Pests of Soybean, Sesamum and Niger Pests of Cotton, Sunhemp and Mesta Pests of Sugarcane Non insect pests of field crops Store grain pests Non insect pests, mites, rodents, birds and microorganisms	3 hours
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 & 11 12 13 14 & 15	Pests of Sorghum Pests of Maize, Bajra, Wheat and Miner millets Pests of Pigeon pea Pests of Chickpea, Mung bean, Urd bean, Cowpea and Pea Pests of Groundnut Pests of Castor and Sunflower Pests of Safflower, Mustard, Linseed Pests of Soybean, Sesamum and Niger Pests of Cotton, Sunhemp and Mesta Pests of Sugarcane Non insect pests of field crops Store grain pests Non insect pests, mites, rodents, birds and microorganisms associated with stored grain and their management	3 hours
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 & 11 12 13 14 & 15 16	Pests of Sorghum Pests of Maize, Bajra, Wheat and Miner millets Pests of Pigeon pea Pests of Chickpea, Mung bean, Urd bean, Cowpea and Pea Pests of Groundnut Pests of Castor and Sunflower Pests of Safflower, Mustard, Linseed Pests of Soybean, Sesamum and Niger Pests of Cotton, Sunhemp and Mesta Pests of Sugarcane Non insect pests of field crops Store grain pests Non insect pests, mites, rodents, birds and microorganisms associated with stored grain and their management Preventive and curative methods of stored grain pests	3 hours
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 & 11 12 13 14 & 15 16	Pests of Sorghum Pests of Maize, Bajra, Wheat and Miner millets Pests of Pigeon pea Pests of Chickpea, Mung bean, Urd bean, Cowpea and Pea Pests of Groundnut Pests of Castor and Sunflower Pests of Safflower, Mustard, Linseed Pests of Soybean, Sesamum and Niger Pests of Cotton, Sunhemp and Mesta Pests of Sugarcane Non insect pests of field crops Store grain pests Non insect pests, mites, rodents, birds and microorganisms associated with stored grain and their management Preventive and curative methods of stored grain pests Storage structure and methods of grain storage and fundamental principles of grain store management	3 hours
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 & 11 12 13 14 & 15 16	Pests of Sorghum Pests of Maize, Bajra, Wheat and Miner millets Pests of Pigeon pea Pests of Chickpea, Mung bean, Urd bean, Cowpea and Pea Pests of Groundnut Pests of Castor and Sunflower Pests of Safflower, Mustard, Linseed Pests of Soybean, Sesamum and Niger Pests of Cotton, Sunhemp and Mesta Pests of Sugarcane Non insect pests of field crops Store grain pests Non insect pests, mites, rodents, birds and microorganisms associated with stored grain and their management Preventive and curative methods of stored grain pests Storage structure and methods of grain storage and fundamental principles of grain store management	3 hours
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 & 11 12 13 14 & 15 16 17 18	Pests of Sorghum Pests of Maize, Bajra, Wheat and Miner millets Pests of Pigeon pea Pests of Chickpea, Mung bean, Urd bean, Cowpea and Pea Pests of Groundnut Pests of Castor and Sunflower Pests of Safflower, Mustard, Linseed Pests of Soybean, Sesamum and Niger Pests of Cotton, Sunhemp and Mesta Pests of Sugarcane Non insect pests of field crops Store grain pests Non insect pests, mites, rodents, birds and microorganisms associated with stored grain and their management Preventive and curative methods of stored grain pests Storage structure and methods of grain storage and fundamental principles of grain store management practical, interactive learning, presentations, home assignments tours	3 hours
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 & 11 12 13 14 & 15 16 17 18 Lectures, pvisits, stud	Pests of Sorghum Pests of Maize, Bajra, Wheat and Miner millets Pests of Pigeon pea Pests of Chickpea, Mung bean, Urd bean, Cowpea and Pea Pests of Groundnut Pests of Castor and Sunflower Pests of Safflower, Mustard, Linseed Pests of Soybean, Sesamum and Niger Pests of Cotton, Sunhemp and Mesta Pests of Sugarcane Non insect pests of field crops Store grain pests Non insect pests, mites, rodents, birds and microorganisms associated with stored grain and their management Preventive and curative methods of stored grain pests Storage structure and methods of grain storage and fundamental principles of grain store management	3 hours

	 B. V. David and V.V. Ramamurthy, Elements of Economic Entomology. New Delhi: Brillion Publishing, 2017. L. P. Pedigo, Entomology and Pest Management. United states: Waveland press INC ,2014
Course Outcomes:	At the end of the course, students will be able to
	Identify different pests of major crops
	2. know the life cycle of pests and know their susceptible stages
	3. know about host plants of pests
	4. know about integrated pest management of major crops
	5. Identify non insect pest and their management
	6. identify stored grain pest and manage them.

Course Code: PATH 354

Title of the Course: Diseases of Field and Horticultural Crops and their Management-I

Number of Credits: 3(2+1), 2 Theory and 1 Practical Effective from AY: 2019-20

ffective from AY: 2019-20				
Pre-requisites for	Nil			
the Course:				
Course Objectives:	Theory : Includes symptoms, etiology, disease cycle and management of major			
	diseases of following crops:			
	Field Crops:			
	• To study diseases of Rice: blast, brown spot, bacterial blight, sheath blight,			
	false smut, Khaira and tungro;			
	To study diseases of Maize: stalk rots, downy mildew, leaf spots;			
	To study diseases of Sorghum: smuts, grain mold and anthracnose,			
	To study diseases of Bajra: downy mildew and ergot;			
	To study diseases of Finger millet: Blast and leaf spot			
	To study diseases of Groundnut: early and late leaf spots, wilt.			
	 To study diseases of Soybean: Rhizoctonia blight, bacterial spot, seed and seedling rot and mosaic; 			
	1			
	 To study diseases of Pigeonpea: Phytophthora blight, wilt and sterility mosaic; 			
	To study diseases of Black & green gram: Cercospora leaf spot and			
	anthracnose, web blight and yellow mosaic;			
	To study diseases of Castor: Phytophthora blight; Tobacco: black shank,			
	black root rot and mosaic.			
	Horticultural Crops:			
	To study diseases of Guava: wilt and anthracnose;			
	To study diseases of Banana: Panama wilt, bacterial wilt, Sigatoka and			
	bunchy top;			
	To study diseases of Papaya: foot rot, leaf curl and mosaic,			
	To study diseases of Pomegranate: bacterial blight;			
	Cruciferous vegetables:			
	To study diseases of vegetables: Alternaria leaf spot and black rot;			
	To study diseases of Brinjal: Phomopsis blight and fruit rot and Sclerotinia			
	blight;			
	To study diseases of Tomato: damping off, wilt, early and late blight, buck			
	eye rot and leaf curl and mosaic;			
	To study diseases of Okra: Yellow Vein Mosaic;			
	 To study diseases of Beans: anthracnose and bacterial blight; 			
	 To study diseases of Ginger: soft rot; Colocasia: Phytophthora blight; 			
	 To study diseases of Coconut: wilt and bud rot; 			
	To study diseases of Tea: blister blight;			
	To study diseases of Coffee: rust			
	Practical:			
	• To identify the diseases of field crops, horticultural crops and vegetables.			
	To learn histopathology of diseases.			
	To visit fields to see incidence of diseases in crops and identify/diagnose.			
	To collect disease specimens and preserve in herbarium			
	To submit well mounted disease specimens.			
Content:	Theory			

Lecture no	Торіс	Hours
	Study: Symptoms, etiology, disease cycle and	
	management of major diseases of following crops	
	Field crops	
1,2,3	Rice: blast, brown spot, bacterial blight, sheath blight, false smut, Khaira and tungro;	3 hours
4, 5	Maize: stalk rots, downy mildew, leaf spots;	2 hours
6, 7	Sorghum: smuts, grain mold and anthracnose	2 hours
	ociginalin cinate, grammera and annualiced	
8	Bajra: downy mildew and ergot;	1 hour
9	Finger millet: Blast and leaf spot	1 hour
	Oilseed	
10	Groundnut: early and late leaf spots, wilt.	1 hour
	Pulses	
11,	Soybean: Rhizoctonia blight, bacterial spot, seed	3 hours
12,	and seedling rot and mosaic;	
13	Black & green gram: Cercospora leaf spot and	
4.4	anthracnose, web blight and yellow mosaic;	4.1
14	Pigeon pea: Phytophthora blight, wilt and sterility mosaic;	1 hour
	Cash crop	
15	Castor: Phytophthora blight;	1 hour
16	Tobacco: black shank, black root rot and mosaic.	1 hour
	Horticultural Crops	
17	Guava: wilt and anthracnose;	1 hour
18, 19	Banana: Panama wilt, bacterial wilt, Sigatoka and bunchy top;	2 hours
20, 21	Papaya: foot rot, leaf curl and mosaic,	2 hours
22, 23	Pomegranate: bacterial blight;	2 hours
	Cruciferous vegetables:	
24. 25	Crucifers: Alternaria leaf spot and black rot;	2 hours
26, 27	Brinjal: Phomopsis blight and fruit rot and	2 hours
	Sclerotinia blight;	
	Tomato: damping off, wilt, early and late blight,	
	buck eye rot and leaf curl and mosaic;	
	Okra: Yellow Vein Mosaic;	
28, 29	Beans: anthracnose and bacterial blight;	2hours
	Ginger: soft rot;	
	Colocasia: Phytophthora blight;	
20	Plantation crops	21
30,	Coconut: wilt and bud rot;	3hours
31,	Tea: blister blight;	
32	Coffee: rust	

Practical no	Topics	Hours
1	Rice: blast, brown spot, bacterial blight, sheath blight, false smut, Khaira and tungro	3 hrs

	2	Maize: stalk rots, downy mildew, leaf spots, Sorghum: smuts, grain mold and anthracnose, Bajra: downy mildew and ergot	3 hrs
	3	Finger millet: Blast and leaf spot, Groundnut: early and late leaf spots, wilt	3 hrs
	4	Soybean: Rhizoctonia blight, bacterial spot, seed and seedling rot and mosaic, Pigeonpea: Phytophthora blight, wilt and sterility mosaic	3 hrs
	5	Black & green gram: Cercospora leaf spot and anthracnose, web blight and yellow mosaic	3 hrs
	6	Castor: Phytophthora blight; Tobacco: black shank, black root rot and mosaic	3 hrs
	7	Guava: wilt and anthracnose; Papaya: foot rot, leaf curl and mosaic, Papaya ring spot	3 hrs
	8	Banana: Panama wilt, bacterial wilt, Sigatoka and bunchy top	3 hrs
	9	Pomegranate: bacterial blight, wilt	3 hrs
	10	Cruciferous vegetables: Alternaria leaf spot and black rot	3 hrs
	11	Tomato: damping off, wilt, early and late blight, buck eye rot and leaf curl and mosaic	3 hrs
	12	Brinjal: Phomopsis blight and fruit rot and Sclerotinia blight	3 hrs
	13	Okra: Yellow Vein Mosaic, Beans: anthracnose and bacterial blight	3 hrs
	14	Ginger: soft rot; Colocasia: Phytophthora blight	3 hrs
	15	Coconut: wilt and bud rot; Tea: blister blight; Coffee: rust	3 hrs
	16	Field visit for the diagnosis of field problems	3 hrs
Pedagogy:	interactive study tou		sits,
References/ Readings:	2. L. R. Ver Delhi: Ir	rios, Plant Pathology. USA: Acad. Press, 2010. Tma and R. C. Sharma, Diseases of Horticultural Crops fruindus Publishing company, 1999. Thak, Diseases of fruit crops. New Delhi: Oxford & IBH pul	
	1986.	gh, Diseases of fruit crops. New Delhi: Oxford & IBH publi	
	1986.	qvi, Diseases of Fruits and vegetables Springer Science &	
	Media (6. P. Chow	2007) dappa an P. Sharma, Diseases of Plantation Crops. New D	elhi:
	Indian P	Phytopathological Society, 2014. seases of Horticulture Crops and their management. Tam	
		adu Agriculture University, 2017.	
		a Kumari, Advances in the diseases of Plantation crops & adesh: International Book Distributing Company, 2004.	spices.
		ehrotra and A. Aggarwal, Plant Pathology. Uttar Pradesh: Television of the Pradesh of Publ. Co. Ltd, 2007.	Tata Mc

	10. S. T. Koike, P. Gladers and A. Paulus, Vegetable Diseases. USA: Academic
	Press, 2006.
	11. R. S. Singh, Diseases of Vegetables crops. New Delhi: Oxford & IBH
	publication, 1987.
	12. R. S. Singh, Plant Diseases. New Delhi: Oxford & IBH. Publications, 2008.
	13. G. Rangaswamy and A. Mahadevan. Diseases of Crops Plants in India. New Delhi: PHI learning Pvt. Ltd, 2009.
	14. A. Steferud, Diseases of Vegetable crops. New Delhi: Biotech Books, 2005.
	15. R. S. Mehrotra and A. Aggarwal, Plant Pathology. Uttar Pradesh: Tata Mc Graw Hill Publ. Co. Ltd, 2007.
	16. D. Singh and P. Chodappa, Diseases of Vegetable Crops. Diagnosis and
	Management, New Delhi: Today and Tomorrow Printers, 2014.
	17. H. Singh, House-hold and Kitchen Garden Pests - Principles and Practices.
	New Delhi: Kalyani Publishers, 1984.
Course Outcomes:	At the end of the course, students will be able to:
	1. Study and know about diseases caused by fungi, bacteria, viruses,
	nematode in plants.
	2. Learn etiology of phytopathogens.
	3. Learn symptoms and disease appearance in plants and crops.
	4. Lean diagnosis of diseases.
	5. Preserve the disease specimens.
	6. Learn management of diseases using chemicals and various integrated
	approaches.

Course Code: ENTO 232

Title of the Course: Insect Ecology and Integrated Pest Management

Number of Credits: 2(1+1), 1 Theory and 1 Practical

Pre-requisites for	Nil					
the Course:						
Course Objectives:	Theory:					
	• To imp	part knowledge to students on Insect ecology and impact of e	cosystem on			
	Pest p	opulation dynamics				
	• To imp	part knowledge to students on Different pest management r	nethods and			
	conce	ot of Integrated pest management				
	Practical:	To impart knowledge to students on meteorological observatory / automatic				
		weather reporting station				
		part knowledge to students on Different type of Ecosystems				
	1	part knowledge to students on distribution patterns of insects				
		ques for the estimation of insect population and damage, Pe				
		lance through light traps, pheromone traps and field incidend				
	1 '	part knowledge to students on Different pest management r	nethods and			
	1	ot of Integrated pest management.	ations of			
	insecti	part knowledge to students on Calculation of doses/concentra	ations of			
		cides. Part knowledge to students on Identification of common phyt	onhagous			
	1	and their morphological characters	Opilagous			
		part knowledge to students on Identification of rodents and b	ird nests			
	1	eir damage.	na pests			
		oart knowledge to students on Vermiculture – visit to vermicu	ılture unit.			
		part knowledge to students on Biopesticides used in IPM with				
		lication of NPV and Entomopathogenic fungi.				
Content:	Theory	·				
	Lecture	Topics	Hours			
	no	·				
	1	The Definition of Insect Ecology and its scope,	1 hr			
		Environment and its components.				
	2	The Effect of abiotic factors on Pest Population –	1 hr			
		temperature, moisture and humidity, rainfall, light,				
		atmospheric pressure, air currents and edaphic factors.				
	3	The effect of biotic factors on Pest Population–food/	1 hr			
		competition and Natural Enemies, Natural and				
		Environmental resistance.				
	4	The concepts of balance of life in nature, biotic potential,	1 hr			
		Causes for outbreak of pests in agro – ecosystem.				
	5	Pest surveillance and its types and pest forecasting,	1 hr			
		Categories of pests.				
	6	Natural and Applied pest control. IPM – Introduction,	1 hr			
		Importance, Scope, Concepts, Principles, tools and				
		limitations of IPM.				
	7	Host plant resistance	1 hr			
	8	Cultural methods of pest control	1 hr			
	9	Mechanical methods of Pest control	1 hr			

10	Physical Methods and Legislative methods of pest control.	1 hr
11	Biological control- parasitoids, predators and transgenic	1 hr
	plant, pathogens such as bacterial, fungi and viruses.	
12	Chemical control – importance, hazards and limitations.	1 hr
	Classification of insecticides, Insecticidal toxicity and	
	formulations	
13	Examples of important insecticide groups - Botanical insecticides — Neem based products. Cyclodienes, Organophosphates, Carbamates, Synthetic pyrethroids, Novel insecticides, Pheromones, Nicotinyl insecticides, Chitin synthesis inhibitors, Phenyl pyrazoles, Avermectins, Macrocyclic lactones,	1 hr
14	Examples of important insecticide groups - Thioureaderivaties, Pyridine azomethines, Pyrroles etc, Nematicides, Rodenticides, Acaricides and Fumigants. Insecticides Act 1968-important provisions	1 hr
15	Insecticidal toxicity and formulations	1 hr
16	Application techniques of spray fluids. Phytotoxicity of insecticides.	1hr
17	Symptoms of poisoning, first aid and antidotes.	1hr
18	Recent methods of pest control: Repellents, Antifeedants, hormones, attractants, gamma radiation	1hr
	and genetic control.	

Practical		
Practical no	Topics	Hours
1	Visit to meteorological observatory / automatic weather reporting station	3 hrs
2	Study of terrestrial and pond ecosystems of insects.	3 hrs
3	Studies on behaviour of insects and orientation (repellency, stimulation, deterancy).	3 hrs
4	Study of distribution patterns of insects, sampling techniques for the estimation of insect population and damage.	3 hrs
5	Pest surveillance through light traps, pheromone traps and field incidence.	3 hrs
6	Practicable IPM practices- Mechanical and Physical methods	3 hrs
7	Practicable IPM practices -Cultural and Biological methods	3 hrs
8	Chemical control – Insecticides and their formulations	3 hrs
9	Pesticide appliances, insecticide application techniques, calibration of plant protection appliances	3 hrs
10	Calculation of doses/concentrations of insecticides	3 hrs
11	Compatibility of pesticides and phytotoxicity of insecticides	3 hrs
12	IPM case studies -Paddy	3 hrs
13	IPM case studies – Sugarcane	3 hrs
14	IPM case studies – Mango/ Citrus/Pomegranate	3 hrs

	15	Identification of common phytophagous mites and their morphological characters	3 hrs		
	16	Identification of rodents and bird pests and their damage	3 hrs		
	17	Vermiculture – visit to vermiculture unit	3hrs		
	18	Biopesticides used in IPM with mass multiplication of NPV and Entomopathogenic fungi.	3hrs		
Pedagogy:	Lectures,	practical, interactive learning, presentations, home assignme	nts, field		
	visits, stu	dy tours			
References/	1. R.L. M	etcalf and W.H Luckman, Introduction to Insect Pest Manager	nent. New		
Readings:	York: V	Viley Inter Science publishing, 1982.			
	2. G.S. DI	haliwal and R. Arora, Integrated Pest Management: Concepts	and		
	Approaches. New Delhi: Kalyani publishers, 2001.				
	3. L. P. Pedigo, Entomology and Pest Management. New York: Mac Millan				
	publishing company, 1991.				
	4. G. S. Yazdani and M.L. Agarwal, Elements of Insect Ecology. New Delhi: Naroji				
	publishing New Delhi house, 1979.				
Course Outcomes:	At the e	nd of the course, students will be able to			
	1. know a	about effect of abiotic and biotic factors on Pest population.			
	2. know t	the different methods of pest management.			
	3. know a	about concept of Integrated pest management.			
	1	about concept of Pesticide resistance, pest resurgence and	pesticide		
	residu	·			
	5. know a	about Biorational methods of pest management.			
	6. Know	about concept of pesticide formulations and toxicity.			

Course Code: GPB 243

Title of the Course: Principles of Seed Technology Number of Credits: 3(1+2), 1 Theory and 2 Practical Effective from AY: 2019-20

Effective from AY: 2019-20				
Pre-requisites	Nil			
for the Course:				
Course	Theory:			
Objectives:	To learn seed and seed technology: introduction, definition and importance.			
	To study deterioration causes of crop varieties and their control & Maintenance			
	of genetic purity during seed production			
	To understand seed quality: definition. characters of good quality seed			
	To study different classes of seed.			
	To study foundation and certified seed production of important cereals, pulses,			
	oilseeds, fodder crops and vegetable crops			
	To know about seed certification, phases of certification, procedure for seed			
	certification, field inspection			
	To understand Seed Act and Seed Act enforcement. Duty and powers of seed			
	inspector, offences and penalties. Seeds control order 1983.			
	To study varietal identification through Grow Out Test and Electrophoresis.			
	Molecular and biochemical test. Detection of genetically modified crops.			
	Transgene contamination in non-GM crops, GM crops and organic seed			
	production.			
	• To learn seed drying, processing and their steps. Seed testing for quality			
	assessment.			
	To study seed treatment, its importance, method of application and seed			
	packing. Seed storage : general principles, stages and factors affecting seed			
	longevity during storage. Measures for pest and disease control during storage			
	To learn seed marketing: structure and organization, sales generation activities,			
	promotional media. Factors affecting seed marketing, Role of WTO and OECD in			
	seed marketing.			
	Practical:			
	To study seed production in major cereals: Wheat, Rice, Sorghum, Bajara and			
	Maize.			
	 To study seed production in major pulses: Green gram, Black gram, Pigeonpea, 			
	Lentil, Gram and Field pea			
	To study seed production in major oil Seeds: Soybean, Rapeseed & Mustard			
	To study seed production in major vegetable crops: Brinjal, Tomato, Chilli, Okra,			
	Onion, Pumpkin, Bottle gourd, Bitter gourd, Ridge gourd and Sponge gourd			
	To learn about seed sampling and testing procedure			
	To learn Physical purity test and Seed moisture test			
	 To learn about Germination test – types of germination, Germination test – 			
	different methods of germination			
	To study Seed viability test, Seed and seedling vigour test			
	 To understand Genetic purity test: Grow Out Test, Genetic purity test: 			
	Electrophoresis			
	To learn Seed certification: Procedure			
	 To acquaint with seed production farms of cereal crops, oilseed crops, pulse 			
	crop and fibre crops.			
	l · · ·			
	To know about seed testing laboratory and seed processing plants.			

Content: T	heory		
	Lecture	Topic	Hour
<u> </u>	No		
	1	Seed and seed technology: introduction, definition and	1 hour
I_		importance	
	2	Deterioration causes of crop varieties and their control &	1 hour
		Maintenance of genetic purity during seed production	
	3	Seed quality: definition. Characters of good quality seed	1 hour
	4	Different classes of seed.	1 hour
	5	Foundation and certified seed production of important cereals (Wheat, Sorghum, Maize, Rice & Bajara)	1 hour
	6	Foundation and certified seed production of important pulses (Pigeon Pea, Green Gram, Black Gram & Chick Pea)	1 hour
	7	Foundation and certified seed production of important oil seeds (Soybean, Sunflower, Safflower ,Groundnut and Cotton)	1 hour
1	8	Foundation and certified seed production of important fodder crops (Fodder Sorghum, Lucern, Berseem,)	1 hour
	9	Foundation and certified seed production of important vegetable crops (Tomato, Brinjal, Chilli, Onion & Okra)	1 hour
	10	Seed certification, phases of certification, procedure for seed certification, field inspection	1 hour
	11	Seed Act and Seed Act enforcement. Duty and powers of seed inspector, offences and penalties. Seeds control order 1983.	1 hour
	12	Varietal identification through Grow Out Test and Electrophoresis. Molecular and biochemical test. Detection of genetically modified crops. Transgene contamination in non-GM crops, GM crops and organic seed production.	1 hour
	13	Seed drying, processing and their steps. Seed testing for quality assessment.	1 hour
	14&15	Seed treatment, its importance, method of application and seed packing. Seed storage: general principles, stages and factors affecting seed longevity during storage. Measures for pest and disease control during storage	2 hours
	16	Seed marketing: structure and organization, sales generation activities, promotional media. Factors affecting seed marketing, Role of WTO and OECD in seed marketing	1 hour
T	ractical		
11	Practical	Title	Hours
I	No,		
I -	1	Seed production in major cereals: Wheat and Rice	3 hours
1 	2	Seed production in: Sorghum and Bajara	3 hours
I ⊢	3	Seed production in : Maize	3 hours
	4	Seed production in major pulses: Green gram and Black gram	3 hours
[5	Seed production in pulses: Pigeonpea and Lentil	3 hours
[6	Seed production in pulses: Gram and Field pea	3 hours
-	7	Seed production in major oil Seeds: Soybean, Rapeseed & Mustard	3 hours

	8	Seed production in major vegetable crops: Brinjal and Tomato	3 hours
	9	Seed production in vegetable crops: Chilli and Okra.	3 hours
	10	Seed production in vegetable crops: Onion	3 hours
	11	Seed production in: Pumpkin, Bottle gourd	3 hours
	12	Seed production in: Bitter gourd, Ridge gourd, Sponge	3 hours
		gourd	
	13	Seed sampling and testing procedure	3 hours
	14	Physical purity test	3 hours
	15	Seed moisture test	3 hours
	16	Germination test – types of germination	3 hours
	17	Germination test – different methods of germination	3 hours
	18	Seed viability test	3 hours
	19	Seed and seedling vigour test	3 hours
	20	Genetic purity test: Grow Out Test	3 hours
	21	Genetic purity test: Electrophoresis	3 hours
	22	Seed certification: Procedure	3 hours
	23	Field inspection, preparation of field inspection report	3 hours
	24	Visit to seed production farms of cereal crops	3 hours
	25	Visit to seed production farms of oilseed crops	3 hours
	26	Visit to seed production farms of pulse crops	3 hours
	27	Visit to seed production farms of fiber crops	3 hours
	28	Visit to seed testing laboratories	3 hours
	29&30	Visit to seed processing plant	3 hours
Pedagogy:	Lectures r	practical, presentations, home assignments, study tours etc.	
References/		rawal, Seed Technology. Oxford and IBH. New Delhi: Publishir	g Company
Readings:	Ltd, 198		is company
	1 '	and N. Ghosh., Seed Science and Technology. New De	lhi: Kalvani
	1	tion, 2014.	7
		, Principles of Seed Technology. New Delhi: Kalyani Publication	n, 2013
	4. N. C. S	linghal, Seed Science and Technology. New Delhi: Kalyani	Publication,
	2016.		
	5. D. Khar	e and M. Bhale, Seed Technology. Jodhapur, Scientific Publishe	ers, 2000.
	6. N, Sing	th, D.K. Singh, Y.K. Singh and V, Kumar. Vegetable Seed	Production.
	Luckno	w, International Book Distribution Company, 2006.	
Course	At the en	d of the course, students will be able to:	
Outcomes:		bout quality seed production of cereals, pulses, oilseeds, fod	der crops
	_	getable crops.	
	2. Learn a	bout seed certification and field inspection procedure for qua-	ality seed
		bout seed sampling and procedure of seed sampling and see	nd testing
		mination test, seed moisture test, viability test, grow out test	
		bout seed drying, processing, seed treatment and seed marke	
	17. Leanna	Sout seed drying, processing, seed treatment and seed marke	P

Course Code: GPB 232

Title of the Course: Fundamentals of Plant Breeding Number of Credits: 2(1+1), 1 Theory and 1 Practical

Due ne en l'elter	NI:I		
Pre-requisites	Nil		
for the Course:	-1		
Course	Theory:		
Objectives:	1	w plant breeding methods and their application in breeding (agri	culture).
	1	dy self- incompatibility and male sterility system in plants.	
	To stud	dy concepts of population genetics.	
	• To stu	dy hybridization techniques in different field, vegetable and hor	ticultural
	crops.		
	1	dy heterosis breeding and inbreeding depression.	
		dy handling of segregating generations by different breeding meth	nnds
	1	ow about different breeding methods in self-pollinated, cross-p	
	1		Joinnateu
		getatively propagated crops for development of crop cultivars.	
	Practical:		
	1	udy germplasm of different crops.	
	1	arn about floral structure of self-pollinated and cross-pollinated c	•
	• To st	tudy about emasculation and hybridization techniques in self-p	ollinated
	crops	S.	
	• To le	arn about emasculation and hybridization techniques in cross-p	ollinated
	crops	S.	
	1	learn about emasculation and hybridization techniques	in often
		s-pollinated crops.	
		earn about different methods of experimentation used in plant	hreeding
	1	analysis of randomized block design.	brecamg
	1	•	
	1 A 10 C+		
Cambanti	1	udy prediction performance of double cross hybrids.	
Content:	• lo st Theory	udy prediction performance of double cross hybrids.	
Content:	Theory		
Content:	Theory Lecture	Topics	Hours
Content:	Theory Lecture no	Topics	
Content:	Theory Lecture	Topics Definition, history of plant breeding, aims and general	Hours 1 hr
Content:	Theory Lecture no	Topics	
Content:	Theory Lecture no	Topics Definition, history of plant breeding, aims and general	
Content:	Theory Lecture no	Topics Definition, history of plant breeding, aims and general objective of plant breeding Land marks of plant breeding,	
Content:	Lecture no 1	Topics Definition, history of plant breeding, aims and general objective of plant breeding Land marks of plant breeding, Indian plant breeders, General objectives of plant breeding Major achievements, Future Prospects.	1 hr
Content:	Theory Lecture no	Topics Definition, history of plant breeding, aims and general objective of plant breeding Land marks of plant breeding, Indian plant breeders, General objectives of plant breeding Major achievements, Future Prospects. Self-incompatibility- Definition, classification, heteromorphic	
Content:	Lecture no 1	Topics Definition, history of plant breeding, aims and general objective of plant breeding Land marks of plant breeding, Indian plant breeders, General objectives of plant breeding Major achievements, Future Prospects. Self-incompatibility- Definition, classification, heteromorphic SI, its features, distyly, tristyly, homomorphic SI, its types i.e.	1 hr
Content:	Lecture no 1	Topics Definition, history of plant breeding, aims and general objective of plant breeding Land marks of plant breeding, Indian plant breeders, General objectives of plant breeding Major achievements, Future Prospects. Self-incompatibility- Definition, classification, heteromorphic SI, its features, distyly, tristyly, homomorphic SI, its types i.e. gametophytic SI and sporophytic SI, its features, utilization of	1 hr
Content:	Lecture no 1	Topics Definition, history of plant breeding, aims and general objective of plant breeding Land marks of plant breeding, Indian plant breeders, General objectives of plant breeding Major achievements, Future Prospects. Self-incompatibility- Definition, classification, heteromorphic SI, its features, distyly, tristyly, homomorphic SI, its types i.e. gametophytic SI and sporophytic SI, its features, utilization of self-incompatibility in plant breeding.	1 hr
Content:	Lecture no 1	Topics Definition, history of plant breeding, aims and general objective of plant breeding Land marks of plant breeding, Indian plant breeders, General objectives of plant breeding Major achievements, Future Prospects. Self-incompatibility- Definition, classification, heteromorphic SI, its features, distyly, tristyly, homomorphic SI, its types i.e. gametophytic SI and sporophytic SI, its features, utilization of self-incompatibility in plant breeding. Male sterility- Definition, Classification/types, Genetic MS,	1 hr
Content:	Lecture no 1	Topics Definition, history of plant breeding, aims and general objective of plant breeding Land marks of plant breeding, Indian plant breeders, General objectives of plant breeding Major achievements, Future Prospects. Self-incompatibility- Definition, classification, heteromorphic SI, its features, distyly, tristyly, homomorphic SI, its types i.e. gametophytic SI and sporophytic SI, its features, utilization of self-incompatibility in plant breeding. Male sterility- Definition, Classification/types, Genetic MS, Thermosensitive Genetic MS, Photosensitive Genetic MS,	1 hr
Content:	Lecture no 1	Topics Definition, history of plant breeding, aims and general objective of plant breeding Land marks of plant breeding, Indian plant breeders, General objectives of plant breeding Major achievements, Future Prospects. Self-incompatibility- Definition, classification, heteromorphic SI, its features, distyly, tristyly, homomorphic SI, its types i.e. gametophytic SI and sporophytic SI, its features, utilization of self-incompatibility in plant breeding. Male sterility- Definition, Classification/types, Genetic MS, Thermosensitive Genetic MS, Photosensitive Genetic MS, Transgenic MS, Cytoplasmic MS, Cytoplasmic Genetic MS,	1 hr
Content:	Lecture no 1	Topics Definition, history of plant breeding, aims and general objective of plant breeding Land marks of plant breeding, Indian plant breeders, General objectives of plant breeding Major achievements, Future Prospects. Self-incompatibility- Definition, classification, heteromorphic SI, its features, distyly, tristyly, homomorphic SI, its types i.e. gametophytic SI and sporophytic SI, its features, utilization of self-incompatibility in plant breeding. Male sterility- Definition, Classification/types, Genetic MS, Thermosensitive Genetic MS, Photosensitive Genetic MS,	1 hr
Content:	Lecture no 1	Topics Definition, history of plant breeding, aims and general objective of plant breeding Land marks of plant breeding, Indian plant breeders, General objectives of plant breeding Major achievements, Future Prospects. Self-incompatibility- Definition, classification, heteromorphic SI, its features, distyly, tristyly, homomorphic SI, its types i.e. gametophytic SI and sporophytic SI, its features, utilization of self-incompatibility in plant breeding. Male sterility- Definition, Classification/types, Genetic MS, Thermosensitive Genetic MS, Photosensitive Genetic MS, Transgenic MS, Cytoplasmic MS, Cytoplasmic Genetic MS,	1 hr
Content:	Lecture no 1	Topics Definition, history of plant breeding, aims and general objective of plant breeding Land marks of plant breeding, Indian plant breeders, General objectives of plant breeding Major achievements, Future Prospects. Self-incompatibility- Definition, classification, heteromorphic SI, its features, distyly, tristyly, homomorphic SI, its types i.e. gametophytic SI and sporophytic SI, its features, utilization of self-incompatibility in plant breeding. Male sterility- Definition, Classification/types, Genetic MS, Thermosensitive Genetic MS, Photosensitive Genetic MS, Transgenic MS, Cytoplasmic MS, Cytoplasmic Genetic MS, Chemical Hybridizing Agents.	1 hr 1 hr
Content:	Lecture no 1	Topics Definition, history of plant breeding, aims and general objective of plant breeding Land marks of plant breeding, Indian plant breeders, General objectives of plant breeding Major achievements, Future Prospects. Self-incompatibility- Definition, classification, heteromorphic SI, its features, distyly, tristyly, homomorphic SI, its types i.e. gametophytic SI and sporophytic SI, its features, utilization of self-incompatibility in plant breeding. Male sterility- Definition, Classification/types, Genetic MS, Thermosensitive Genetic MS, Photosensitive Genetic MS, Cransgenic MS, Cytoplasmic MS, Cytoplasmic Genetic MS, Chemical Hybridizing Agents. Heritability- Definition, types-narrow and broad sense heritability	1 hr 1 hr
Content:	Lecture no 1	Topics Definition, history of plant breeding, aims and general objective of plant breeding Land marks of plant breeding, Indian plant breeders, General objectives of plant breeding Major achievements, Future Prospects. Self-incompatibility- Definition, classification, heteromorphic SI, its features, distyly, tristyly, homomorphic SI, its types i.e. gametophytic SI and sporophytic SI, its features, utilization of self-incompatibility in plant breeding. Male sterility- Definition, Classification/types, Genetic MS, Thermosensitive Genetic MS, Photosensitive Genetic MS, Transgenic MS, Cytoplasmic MS, Cytoplasmic Genetic MS, Chemical Hybridizing Agents. Heritability- Definition, types-narrow and broad sense heritability Components of genetic variation- Classification, definition and	1 hr 1 hr
Content:	Lecture no 1	Topics Definition, history of plant breeding, aims and general objective of plant breeding Land marks of plant breeding, Indian plant breeders, General objectives of plant breeding Major achievements, Future Prospects. Self-incompatibility- Definition, classification, heteromorphic SI, its features, distyly, tristyly, homomorphic SI, its types i.e. gametophytic SI and sporophytic SI, its features, utilization of self-incompatibility in plant breeding. Male sterility- Definition, Classification/types, Genetic MS, Thermosensitive Genetic MS, Photosensitive Genetic MS, Transgenic MS, Cytoplasmic MS, Cytoplasmic Genetic MS, Chemical Hybridizing Agents. Heritability- Definition, types-narrow and broad sense heritability Components of genetic variation- Classification, definition and features of additive, dominance and epistatic variance, gene	1 hr 1 hr
Content:	Lecture no 1	Topics Definition, history of plant breeding, aims and general objective of plant breeding Land marks of plant breeding, Indian plant breeders, General objectives of plant breeding Major achievements, Future Prospects. Self-incompatibility- Definition, classification, heteromorphic SI, its features, distyly, tristyly, homomorphic SI, its types i.e. gametophytic SI and sporophytic SI, its features, utilization of self-incompatibility in plant breeding. Male sterility- Definition, Classification/types, Genetic MS, Thermosensitive Genetic MS, Photosensitive Genetic MS, Transgenic MS, Cytoplasmic MS, Cytoplasmic Genetic MS, Chemical Hybridizing Agents. Heritability- Definition, types-narrow and broad sense heritability Components of genetic variation- Classification, definition and	1 hr 1 hr

	population genetics, random mating population, gene and genotypic frequency. Hardy-Weinberg law- Law, its validity, factors affecting gene	
	frequency.	
6	Breeding Methods in self - pollinated crops - List of breeding methods Plant Introduction- Definition, purpose, types i.e. primary and secondary introduction, advantages and disadvantages. Acclimatization- Definition, concept, factors affecting acclimatization.	1 hr
7	Pure line selection- uses of pure line, merits, demerits, achievements. Mass selection- Definition, genetic basis, main features, positive and negative selection, detailed procedure of development of variety by mass selection, its merits, demerits, achievements.	1 hr
8	Handling of segregating population through Pedigree method- detailed procedure of pedigree method, its merits, demerits, achievements.	1 hr
9	Handling of segregating population through Bulk method-Concept of bulk method, short term, long term, its application, procedure of bulk method, its merits, demerits, achievements. Handling of segregating population through Single seed descent method-concept of SSD method, its application, detailed procedure of SSD method, its merits, demerits, achievements.	1 hr
10	Back cross method- Definition of backcross, its objective, requirements and applications of backcross method, procedure for transfer of dominant gene. Back cross method- procedure for transfer of recessive gene, merits, demerits, achievements of backcross method.	1 hrs
11	Methods of breeding in cross pollinated crops- list of plant breeding methods for cross pollinated crops. Modes of selection- Recurrent selection, its types and its procedure.	1 hr
12	Hybridization techniques- Definition, aim and objectives, types of hybridization, steps and procedure of hybridization programme. Wide hybridization- Definition, types, main features, interspecific and intergeneric hybridization, its examples, incompatibility barriers for wide hybridization, techniques for overcoming incompatibility barriers, achievements.	1 hr
13	Composite and synthetic varieties- Definition, steps for development of composites and synthetics, procedure of developing composites and synthetics, its merits, demerits and achievements.	1 hr
14	Breeding methods in asexually propagated crops: List of breeding methods for asexually propagated crops. Clonal selection- Definition, features of asexually propagated crops, procedure of clonal selection, its merits and demerits	1 hr

		Hybridization- steps and procedure of hybridization in clonal	
Į		crops.	
	15	Mutation breeding method and its uses — Definition of mutation breeding, conditions in which mutation is rewarding, procedure of mutation breeding for seed and vegetatively propagated crops, applications, its merits, demerits and achievements. Polyploidy in relation to plant breeding- Definition of haploid, monoploid, diploid, polyploid, genome, heteroploidy, annuploidy, euploidy, types of annuploidy its application in crop improvement, types of polyploidy (natural occurring and artificial) and its role in crop improvement, effects of polyploidy, its application in crop improvement and limitation.	1 hr
	16	Heterosis- Definition, heterosis and hybrid vigour, effects and	1 hr
		estimation of heterosis, genetic basis/theories of heterosis.	
		Inbreeding depression- Definition, effects of inbreeding.	

Practical no	Topics	Hours
1	Plant Breeder's kit	3 hrs
2	Study of germplasm of various crops	3 hrs
3	Study of floral structure of self-pollinated crops	3 hrs
4	Study of floral structure of cross pollinated crops	3 hrs
5	Emasculation and hybridization techniques in self-pollinated crops: Green gram, Black gram, Rice, Wheat, Groundnut, Soybean.	3 hrs
6	Emasculation and hybridization techniques in self-pollinated crops: Sesame, Chickpea, Okra, Tomato, Brinjal, Chilli.	3 hrs
7	Emasculation and hybridization techniques in cross pollinated crops: Maize, Bajra, Sunflower, Papaya, Sugarcane.	3 hrs
8	Emasculation and hybridization techniques in often cross pollinated crops: Cotton, Sorghum, Pigeonpea, Safflower.	3 hrs
9	Consequences of inbreeding on genetic structure of resulting populations	3 hrs
10	Study of male sterility system	3 hrs
11	Handing of segregation populations	3 hrs
12	Methods of calculating mean, range, variance, standard deviation, heritability.	3 hrs
13	Designs used in plant breeding experiment.	3 hrs
14	Analysis of Randomized Block Design.	3 hrs
15	To work out the mode of pollination in a given crop and extent of natural out Crossing.	3 hrs
16	Prediction of performance of double cross hybrids	3 hrs

Pedagogy:

Lectures, practical, interactive learning, presentations, home assignments, study tours

References/	1. B. D. Singh, Plant Breeding Principles and Methods. New Delhi: Kalyani				
Readings:	Publication, 2000.				
	2. P. Sing, Essentials of Plant Breeding. New Delhi: Kalyani Publication, 2006.				
	3. J. R. Sharma, Principles and Practices Plant Breeding. New Delhi: McGraw Hill				
	Publishing Company Limited, 1994.				
	4. V. L. Chopra, Plant Breeding Theory and Practices, New Delhi: Oxford and IBH Publishing Company, 1989.				
	5. R. C. Choudhary, Introduction to Plant Breeding. New Delhi: Oxford and IBH.				
	Publishing Company, 2008.				
	6. H. K. Choudhary, Elementary Principles of Plant Breeding. New Delhi: Oxford and				
	IBH Publishing Company, 1971.				
Course	At the end of the course, students will be able to:				
Outcomes:	1. Learn about mode of pollination in different field crops, vegetable crops and				
	horticultural crops.				
	2. Learn different breeding methods of self -pollinated crops.				
	3. Learn different breeding methods of cross -pollinated crops.				
	4. Learn about development of varieties in self-pollinated, cross pollinated and				
	vegetatively propagated crops by different breeding methods.				
	5. Study and know about different design of experimentation used in plant breeding.				

Course Code: EXTN 123

Title of the Course: Communication Skills & personality development

Number of Credits: 2(1+1), 1 Theory and 1 Practical

Pre-requisites		Nil		
for the Course:				
Course	-	Theory:		
Course Objectives:		To learn verbal a To study To understa To main To understa To study To learn To study To learn To study To acquire To acquire To acquire To understa To learn To acquire To understa To learn To acquire To learn To learn To learn To acquire To learn To acquire To understa To learn	communication Skills, its Meaning and process of condinonverbal communication structural and functional grammar estand body languages & to acquire group discussion technolistening, note taking & writing skills and time & conflict management estand indexing, footnote and bibliographic procedures reading and comprehension of general and technical articipates writing, summarizing, abstracting individual and group presentations, impromptu prese grand presentation skills and self-esteem & self confidence leadership & team building skills estand organizing seminars and conferences personality Development & SWOT analysis estand listening skills oral presentation skills are Individual & group presentation skills writing skills field diary maintenance laboratory records maintenance re indexing and footnote writing skills re bibliographic procedures estand precise writing, summarizing & abstracting organizing group discussion	niques cles ntation, public
	•		impromptu presentation	
Comtont	• -	•	re individual & group presentation skills	
Content:	-	Theory		 -
	$\ $	Lecture	Торіс	Hours

Lecture	Topic	Hours
No		
1	Communication Skills: Meaning and process of communication	1 hour
2	Structural and functional grammar verbal and nonverbal communication	1 hour
3	Body languages	1 hour
4	Group discussion	1 hour
5	Listening & Note taking	1 hour
6	Time & conflict management	1 hour
7	Writing skills	1 hour
8	Oral presentation skills	1 hour
9	Field diary and lab record	1 hour

	10	Indexing, footnote and bibliographic procedures	1 hour
	11	Reading and comprehension of general and technical	1 hour
		articles	
	12	Precise writing, summarizing, abstracting	1 hour
	13	Individual and group presentations, impromptu	1 hour
		presentation, public speaking, self-esteem &	111001
		self-confidence	
	14	Leadership & team building skills	1 hour
	15	Organizing seminars and conferences	1 hour
	16	Personality Development & SWOT analysis	1 hour
	Practical	reisonality Development & Swor analysis	I Hour
	Practical	Tonic	Hours
	11	Topic	nours
	No.	Listaning skills	2 h a
	1 2	Listening skills	3 hours
	2	Note taking skills	3 hours
	3	Oral presentation skills	3 hours
	4	Individual presentation skills	3 hours
	5	Group presentation skills	3 hours
	6	Writing skills	3 hours
	7	Field diary maintenance	3 hours
	8	Laboratory records maintenance	3 hours
	9	Indexing	3 hours
	10	Footnote writing skills	3 hours
	11	Bibliographic procedures	3 hours
	12	Precise writing	3 hours
	13	Summarizing & abstracting	3 hours
	14	Organizing group discussion	3 hours
	15	Impromptu presentation	3 hours
	16	Individual & group presentation skills	3 hours
Pedagogy:	Lectures, p	ractical, interactive learning, presentations, home assignment	ents, expert
	lecture, stu		
References/	1. J. R. Kad	lam, Communication skills & personality development. New	w Delhi:
Readings:		c publishers, 2018.	
		, Communication skills for professional & students. Mumb	ai: Oxford
	1 '	ers, 2008.	
		r et al., Communication skills. New Delhi: Oxford Higher ed	ducation,
	2015.		
		rma, Communication skills & personality development. M	umbai: Nirali
		an, 2016.	
	I	a, Personality development & communication skills. New D	eihi: Book
_		publishers, 2023.	
Course		d of the course, students will be able to:	
Outcomes:	·	heir career aspects with confidence.	
		thers & students to understand information more accurate	ly & quickly.
	·	e student's skills & deeper bonds with others.	
	4. Improve	e student's way to operate through life, smoothing t	neir way in
		ship with others	

Course Code: ECON 353

Title of the Course: Agricultural Marketing, Trade and Prices

Number of Credits: 3 (2+1), 2 Theory and 1 Practical

Effective from AY: 20	
Pre-requisites	Nil
for the Course:	
Course	Theory:
Objectives:	To study marketing concepts, components, market structure and market
	performance.
	To learn Agricultural Marketing, Scope and classification of market.
	To understand difference between Marketing Mix and Market Segmentation and
	Demand and supply along with the determinants of farm products.
	To learn producer's surplus and Product life cycle.
	To know the cost based and competition-based prices and market promotion.
	To learn the marketing process, marketing functions, physical functions and
	facilitating functions.
	 To study the market functionaries and marketing channels in detail.
	 To learn market Integration and marketing efficiency.
	 To understand marketing cost-margin, price spread and factors affecting the cost
	of marketing.
	 To know the role of government in agricultural marketing and important
	<u> </u>
	features of regulated markets.
	To study the public sector institutions, Warehousing and Food cooperation of
	India.
	To learn the characteristics of agricultural product prices and cooperative
	marketing in India.
	To study NAFED, MARKFED and state trading objectives and types.
	To understand the concept of risk in marketing, Speculation and Hedging.
	To study Commission for Agricultural cost and Prices (CACP), administered
	prices, minimum support price, procurement price and issue price.
	To learn various concept of trade and theories of absolute and comparative
	advantage.
	To know present status and prospects of international trade in agri commodities,
	GATT and WTO
	To learn Agreement on Agriculture (AoA) and its implications on Indian
	agriculture.
	To study Trade Related Intellectual Property Rights (TRIPS).
	Practical:
	To Plot and study demand and supply curves and calculation of elasticity's.
	To Study relationship between market arrivals and prices of some selected
	commodities.
	To compute marketable and marketed surplus of important commodities.
	To study price behavior over time for some selected commodities
	To organize visit to a local market and regulated market to study various
	marketing functions performed by different agencies.
	To identify marketing channels for selected commodity and collection of data
	regarding marketing costs, margins and price spread.
	To organize visit to market institution NAFED, SWC, CWC and Cooperative
	marketing society to study their organization and functioning.
	marketing society to study their organization and functioning.

	To kno trade	w application of principles of comparative advantage of inter	national
Content:			
	Lecture	Topic	Hours
	no		
	1	Market and Marketing – Meaning – Definitions –	1 hour
		Components of market – Market structure – Meaning –	
		Components – Market conduct – Market performance	
	2	Agricultural Marketing – Meaning – Definition – Scope –	1 hour
		Subject matter – Importance of Agricultural Marketing in	
		economic development.	
	3	Classification of markets – On the basis of location, Area	1 hour
		of coverage, time span, volume of transaction, nature of	
		transaction, number of commodities, degree of	
		competition, nature of commodities, stage of marketing,	
		extent of public intervention, type of population served,	
		accrual of marketing margins	
	4	Marketing mix and market segmentation,	1 hour
	5	Demand, supply and producer's surplus of	1 hour
		agri-commodities: nature and determinants of demand	
		and supply of farm products,	
	6	Producers surplus- Meaning- Marketable surplus-	1 hour
		Marketed surplus-importance- factors influencing	
		marketable surplus- Marketing channels - Definition	
	7	Product life cycle (PLC) and competitive strategies:	1 hour
		Meaning and stages in PLC; characteristics of PLC;	
	8	Strategies in different stages of PLC; pricing and	1 hour
		promotion strategies:	
	9	Pricing considerations and approaches –cost based and	1 hour
		competition based pricing;	
	10	Market promotion – advertising, personal selling, sales	1 hour
		promotion and publicity – their meaning and merits &	
		demerits;	
	11	Marketing process and functions: Marketing	1 hour
		process-concentration, dispersion and equalization;	
	12	Marketing functions – Meaning -exchange functions –	1 hour
	12	buying and selling;	1 5 - 1
	13	Physical functions – storage, transport and processing	1 hour
	14	Facilitating functions – packaging, branding, grading,	1 hour
	15	quality control and labeling (Agmark);	1 hour
	15	Market functionaries and marketing channels: Types and	1 hour
	16	importance of agencies involved in agricultural marketing;	1 hour
	16	Meaning and definition of marketing channel; number of	1 Hour
		channel levels; marketing channels for different farm products;	
	17	Market integration-definition-types of market	1 hour
	''	integration-horizontal, vertical and conglomeration	1 11001
	18	Marketing efficiency-meaning-definitions-technical or	1 hour
	10	physical or operational efficiency-pricing or allocative	1 11001
		efficiency	
		cinciency	I

19	Marketing cost-margins-price spread-factors affecting the costs of marketing-reasons for higher marketing costs of agricultural commodities- ways of reducing marketing costs for farm products	1 hour
20	Role of Govt. in agricultural marketing- Remedial measures-Regulated markets-definition-important features of regulated markets, functions, progress and defects	1 hour
21	Public sector institutions- Warehousing-meaning-warehousing in India - Central Warehousing Corporation(CWC)- working of warehouses -advantages-State Warehousing Corporations (SWC)- Food Corporation of India(FCI)-objectives- functions	1 hour
22	Characteristics of agricultural product prices-agricultural price stabilization-need for agricultural price policy.	1 hour
23	Cooperative marketing- meaning-structure- Functions of cooperative marketing societies	1 hour
24	National Agricultural Cooperative Marketing Federation (NAFED) and State Agricultural Cooperative Marketing Federations (MARKFED)- State Trading-objectives-Types of state trading	1 hour
25	Risk in marketing: Types of risk in marketing;	1 hour
26	Speculation & hedging; an overview of futures trading;	1 hour
27	Commission for Agricultural cost and Prices (CACP)- administered prices- minimum support price, procurement price and issue price.	1 hour
28	Trade: Concept of International Trade and its need, International trade-definition-difference between international and inter-regional trade- free trade vs protection.	1 hour
29	Theories of absolute and comparative advantage	1 hour
30	Present status and prospects of international trade in agri-commodities; GATT and WTO;	1 hour
31	Agreement on Agriculture (AoA) and its implications on Indian agriculture;	1 hour
32	Trade Related Intellectual Property Rights (TRIPS)	1 hour

Practical	Topics	Hours
no		
1	Plotting and study of demand and supply curves	3 hours
2	Calculation of elasticities	3 hours
3	Study of relationship between market arrivals and prices of some selected commodities	3 hours
4	Computation of marketable and marketed surplus of important commodities	3 hours
5	Study of price behaviour over time for some selected commodities;	3 hours
6	Visit to a local market to study various marketing functions performed by different agencies	3 hours
7	Visit to regulated market	3 hours

	8	Identification of marketing channels for selected commodity	3 hours
	9	Collection of data regarding marketing costs, margins and price spread	3 hours
	10	Presentation of report in the class	3 hours
	11	Visit to market institution – NAFED to study their organization and functioning.	3 hours
	12	Visit to SWC to study their organization and functioning	3 hours
	13	Visit to CWC to study their organization and functioning	3 hours
	14	Visit to cooperative marketing society to study their organization and functioning	3 hours
	15	Application of principles of comparative advantage of international trade	3 hours
	16	Final practical exam	3 hours
Pedagogy:	Lectures, p	ractical, interactive learning, presentations, home assignmer	its,
	marketing	institutions visits, study tours	
References/	1	arya and N. L. Agarwal, Agricultural Marketing in India. New I	Delhi:
Readings:	1	& IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., 2006.	
	2. A.S. Kahlon and D. S. Tyagi, Agricultural Price Policy in India. New Delhi: Allied		
	Publishers Pvt. Ltd.,1983.		
	3. K. R. Kulkarni, Agricultural Marketing in India. The Co-operators Books Depot, Mumbai: 1964.		
	4. C.B. Mamoria and R. L. Joshi, Principles and Practices of Marketing in India, Kitab Mahal Allahabad, 1995.		
	5. C.B. Mamoria, Agricultural Problems in India, Allahabad: Kitab Mahal 1973.		
	6. S. Reddy	, S. P. Raghu Ram., P. Sastry and B. Devi, Agricultural Econom	ics., New
	Delhi: O	xford & IBH Publishing Company Private Ltd., 2010.	
Course	1	d of the course, students will be able to:	
Outcomes:		oout the marketing of Agricultural produce.	
	1	rstand marketing functionaries and trade.	
	3. Learn th	e policies of government with agricultural marketing.	
	4. To unde	rstand the different risk management practices.	

Course Code: ECON 365

Title of the Course: Farm Management, Production and Resource Economics

Number of Credits: 2(1+1), 1 Theory and 1 Practical

Nil			
Theory:			
 management, Minimum loss principle and principle of factor substitution. To understand the principle of product substitution, law of equi-marginal returns, opportunity cost principle and time comparison principle. To know types of farming and types of farm business. To learn concept of costs, farm income measures, Gross income, farm business 			
 Farm business analysis. To study farm records and accounts, Farm inventory methods of valuation— net selling price, cost less depreciation, market price, cost method, replacement cost less depreciation and income capitalization methods. To study balance sheet or net worth statement and income statement or profit 			
To study	linear programming its meaning, assumptions, advantage	es and	
		oduction	
1	•	product	
		nd negative	
To study the Inefficiency and welfare loss and important issues in economics and management of common property resources of land, water, pasture and			
Practical:			
		on of innuts	
 To determine optimum input and output and least cost combination of inputs. To determine profitable combination of products and application of principle of equi-marginal returns. 		of principle	
 To study seven types of costs, farm cost concepts and their computation. To understand and estimate depreciation by using different methods and learn about farm holding survey. 			
	·		
		-	
· ·	•		
	re farm plans and budget estimation by using different m	ethods.	
Theory			
Lecture	Topic	Hours	
no			
1	Farm Management – Meaning – Definitions – Scope – Objectives - Relationship with other sciences	1 hour	
	Theory: To learn manage! To under returns, To know To learn income, Farm bu To study selling p cost less To study and loss To unde To study limitatio To know economi To study relations To learn external To study and mar forest re Practical: To learn External To study To under of equi-re To deter To deter To deter To deter To study To under To study To under To study To learn To learn To estim Analysis To prepa	Theory: To learn farm management and Economic principles applied to far management, Minimum loss principle and principle of factor subs To understand the principle of product substitution, law of equimeturns, opportunity cost principle and time comparison principle To know types of farming and types of farm business. To learn concept of costs, farm income measures, Gross income, faincome, family labour income, net farm income, farm investment Farm business analysis. To study farm records and accounts, Farm inventory methods of viscelling price, cost less depreciation, market price, cost method, recost less depreciation and income capitalization methods. To study balance sheet or net worth statement and income statent and loss statement. To understand farm planning and budgeting. To study linear programming its meaning, assumptions, advantage limitations. To know the risk and uncertainty in agriculture and agricultural preconomics. To study laws of return, factor-product, factor-factor and product-relationship. To learn resource productivity, resource economics and positive an externalities in agriculture. To study the Inefficiency and welfare loss and important issues in and management of common property resources of land, water, proferest resources. Practical: To determine optimum input and output and least cost combination of equi-marginal returns. To determine profitable combination of products and application of equi-marginal returns. To study seven types of costs, farm cost concepts and their computation of equi-marginal returns. To learn about farm survey and farm inventory analysis. To estimate cost of cultivation and farm income measures of major analysis and estimation of balance sheet and profit and loss state. To prepare farm plans and budget estimation by using different method about farm bloiding survey. To learn about farm survey and farm inventory analysis.	

	Forms Magning Definition its to a set	
	Farm – Meaning – Definition – its types and	
	characteristics – factors determining size of farms	
2	Economic principles applied to farm management –	1 hour
	Principle of variable proportions – Determination of	
	optimum input and optimum output	
	Minimum loss principle (Cost Principle) - Principle of	
	factor substitution	
3	Principle of product substitution - Law of Equi-marginal	1 hour
	returns – Opportunity cost principle	
	Principle of comparative advantage – Time comparison	
	principle	
4	Types of farming – Specialization, Diversification,	1 hour
	Mixed farming, Dry farming and Ranching – factors	
	influencing types of farming	
	Types of farm business organizations – Peasant	
	farming, Co-operative farming, Capitalistic farming,	
	Collective farming and State farming	
5	Meaning and concept of cost –types of costs – cost	1 hour
	concepts – farm income measures – Gross income,	11001
	farm business income, family labour income, net farm	
	income & farm investment income	
	Farm business analysis – meaning and concept of farm	
	income and profitability – technical and economic	
	efficiency measures	
6	Farm records and accounts – importance – types of	1 hour
	farm records needed to maintain on farm	
	Farm inventory – methods of valuation– net selling	
	price, cost less depreciation, market price, cost	
	method, replacement cost less depreciation and	
	income capitalization methods	
7	Balance sheet or Networth statement – Assets,	1 hour
	liabilities and networth – ratio measures	
	Income statement or profit and loss statement –	
	Receipts, expenses and net income – ratio measures	
8	Farm planning – Meaning – Need for farm planning –	1 hour
	types of farm plans – simple farm plan and whole farm	
	plan – Characteristics of a good farm plan – basic steps	
	in farm planning	
9	Farm budgeting – Meaning – types of farm budgets –	1 hour
	Enterprise budgeting – Partial budgeting and whole	
	farm budgeting.	
	Linear programming – Meaning – Assumptions –	
	Advantages and limitations	
10	Risk and uncertainty in agriculture – nature and	1 hour
	sources of risks – Production and technical risks – Price	111001
	or marketing risk – Financial risk – methods of	
	reducing risk — Financial risk — methods of	
	Agricultural Production Economics – Definition –	
	Nature – Scope and subject matter of Agricultural	
	Production Economics – Objectives of Production	
	Economics – Basic Production Problems	

11	Law of returns - Law of increasing returns - Law of constant returns - Law of decreasing returns Factor-product relationship - production function and its types - Elasticity of production - Three stages of production function	1 hour
12	Factor-factor relationship – Isoquant and their characteristics – MRTS – Types of factor substitution Iso-cost lines – Characteristics – Methods of determining Least-cost Combination of resources – Expansion path – Isoclines – Ridge lines	1 hour
13	Product-product relationship – Production possibility curve – Marginal rate of product substitution – Types of enterprise relationships – Joint products – Complementary – Supplementary – Competitive and Antagonistic products Iso-revenue line and characteristics – Methods of determining optimum combination of products – Expansion path – Ridge lines	1 hour
14	Resource productivity – Returns to scale Resource economics – Definition, subject matter and scope - Differences between NRE and agricultural economics	1 hour
15	Natural resources classification and characteristics – Resource depletion and causes for the same Positive and negative externalities in agriculture	1 hour
16	Inefficiency and welfare loss, solutions Important issues in economics and management of common property resources of land, water, pasture and forest resources, etc.	1 hour

Practical	Topics	Hours
no		
1	Basic concepts and terms	3 hours
2	Determination of optimum input and output, and least	3 hours
	cost combination of inputs	
3	Determination of profitable combination of products	3 hours
	and application of principle of equi-marginal returns	
4	Seven types of costs and their computation	3 hours
5	Farm cost concepts and their imputation procedure	3 hours
6	Depreciation methods	3 hours
7	Farm holding survey	3 hours
8	Livestock – Farm survey	3 hours
9	Estimation of cost of cultivation and farm income	3 hours
	measures of major crops	
10	Farm inventory analysis	3 hours
11	Farm financial analysis – Preparation and analysis of	3 hours
	balance sheet	
12	Preparation and analysis of profit and loss statement	3 hours
13	Preparation of farm plans	3 hours
14	Preparation of enterprise budget and partial budge	3 hours

	15	Study of farm management aspects related to	3 hours
		Agriculture college farm	
	16	Final Practical Examination	3 hours
Pedagogy:	Lectures, practical, interactive learning, presentations, home assignments,		
	-	sits, study tours	
References/	1	and O. Earl, Economics of Agricultural Production	and Resource Use.
Readings:	New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India, Private Limited, 1964.		
		y, London Introduction to Agricultural Economic Anal [,] nt, 1958.	ysis, Bishop, C.E., &
		hl and J. R. Kapur, Fundamentals of Farm Business Calyani Publishers, .	Management. New
	4. S. Reddy, P. Raghuram, Neelakanta Sastry and T.V. Bhavani Devi I, Agricultur Economics: New Delhi: Oxford and IBH Publishing Company, Private Limite 2006.		
	5. Heady, O. Earl and H. R. Jenson, Farm Management Economics, Prentice Ha New Delhi, 1954.		
	 6. I.J. Singh, Elements of Farm Management Economics. New Delhi: Affiliate East-West press, Private Limited, 1954. 7. P. L. Sankhayan, Introduction to Farm Management. New Delhi: Tata – Mc Gra – Hill Publishing Company Limited, 1983. 		
	Resour	John, D. K. Marothia, K. Singh, C. Ramasamy and W. ce Economics, Theory and Applications in India. Ne plishing Company Private Limited, 1997.	· ·
	9. U. Sank	ar, Environmental Economics, New Delhi: Oxford Univ	ersity Press, 2001.
	10. T. Tiete Wesley	nberg, Environmental and Natural Resource Econor	nics, USA: Addison
Course Outcomes:	-	d of the course, students will be able to:	
Course outcomes.		tand farm management in detail.	
		bout the factor efficiency.	
		e cost and profit and obtain more revenue.	
		better understanding of the role of natural resource i	n the economics
	T. IO gaill	better anderstanding of the fole of flatural resource	THE COMMITTEE.