# गोंय विद्यापीठ

ताळगांव पठार, गोंय -४०३ २०६

फोन: +९१-८६६९६०९०४८



**Goa University** 

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Date: 04.07.2025

(Accredited by NAAC)

GU/Acad -PG/BoS -NEP/2025/219

# **CIRCULAR**

In supersession to the Circular No. Ref: GU/Acad –PG/BoS -NEP/2024/653 dated: 14.11.2024 and GU/Acad –PG/BoS -NEP/2024/150 dated: 27.05.2024 the Syllabus of the Bachelor of Arts in Philosophy Programme is attached with following changes:

- Course PHI-221 **Research Ethics** (04T) replaced by PHI-222 Research Ethics (03T+01P) from academic year 2025-2026
- Number of Credits for the Course PHI-321

  Competitive Logic shall be 3T+1P instead of 4T and
- Number of Credits for the Course **PHI-322 Philosophical Counseling** shall be 3T+1P instead of 4T, the revised syllabus is given below.

The Dean of the School of Sanskrit, Philosophy and Indic Studies and Principals of the Affiliated Colleges offering the **Bachelor of Arts in Philosophy** Programme are requested to take note of the above and bring the contents of the Circular to the notice of all concerned.

(Ashwin V. Lawande) Deputy Registrar – Academic

#### To,

- 1. The Dean, School of Sanskrit, Philosophy and Indic Studies, Goa University.
- 2. The Principals of Affiliated Colleges offering the Bachelor of Arts in Philosophy Programme.

#### Copy to:

- 1. The Director, Directorate of Higher Education, Govt. of Goa
- 2. The Chairperson, BOS in Philosophy.
- 3. The Controller of Examinations, Goa University.
- 4. The Assistant Registrar Examinations (UG), Goa University.
- 5. Directorate of Internal Quality Assurance, Goa University for uploading the Syllabus on the University website.

		Programmo Struc	ture for Semeste	r I to VIII Undor G	Graduato Program	nmo Philose	onh			
Semester	Major -Core	Minor	MC MC	AEC	SEC	I I	D	VAC	Total Credits	Exit
I	PHI-100 Introduction to Philosophy (04)	PHI-111 Environmental Philosophy (04)	PHI-131 Ethics and Contemporary Social Issues (03)	SNIV S	PHI-141 Introduction to Logic (1T+2P Credits)					
II			PHI-132 Introduction to Feminist Consciousness (03)		PHI-142 Practical Reasoning (1T+2P)	G CANNON	8	6-6		PHI-161 Human Values and Well-being (04)
	PHI-200 Social Philosophy (04)	PHI-211 Philosophy of Values (04)	PHI-231 Philosophy of Human Rights (03)	The partie of the state of the	PHI-241 Critical Reasoning (1T+2P)	Taylar faylar		D		
III	PHI-201 Introduction to Epistemology (04)			nowledge is DIVINIV	2					

IV	PHI-202 Political Philosophy (04)  PHI-203 Introduction to Metaphysics (04)  PHI-204 Ancient Indian Philosophy (04)  PHI-205 Pre-Socratic thinkers (02)	PHI-221 Research Ethics (04) (VET) replaced by PHI-222 from AY 2025- 26  PHI-222 Research Ethics (03T+01P) (VET)	ANIVERS AND ANIVER	SUNIV.	PHI-261 Philosophy of Travel and Tourism (04)
V	PHI-300 Introduction to Greek Thought (04)	PHI-321 Competitive Logic		Internship (02 Credits)	

	PHI-301 Heterodox Systems of Indian Philosophy (04)	(03T+01P) (VET)	AUNIVERS			
	PHI-302 Philosophy of Religion (04)			G CONV	B COLOR	
	PHI-303 Existential Themes (02)	TOURISH TO THE	Tagraer a	Towage s C		
VI	PHI-304 Modern Western Philosophy (04)	PHI-322 Philosophical Counseling (03T+01P) (VET)	OWledge is DINIVERS			

	PHI-305 Orthodox Schools of Indian Philosophy (04)					
	PHI-306 Philosophy of Mind (04)		COAUNIVERS 2			
	PHI-307 Project (04)	E SE DE LA CONTRACTION DE LA C				
	PHI-400 Contemporary Western Philosophy (04)	PHI-411 Socio Ethics (04)	Trowledge is Diving	Towns S		
VII	PHI-401 Comparative Religion (04)		G SS G			

	PHI-402 Philosophy of Art (04)					
	PHI-403 A Textual Study of Bhagavad- Gita (04)		Powers Date 1			
	PHI-404 Deductive Logic (04)	PHI-412 Peace Studies (04) (VET)		6 (288) 6 (288)		
VIII	PHI-405 Contemporary Indian Philosophy (04)	Towns of the state	Thowledge is Divine	Tookings 10	5	
	PHI-406 Bioethics (04)		AUNIVER SECTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT			
	PHI-407					

		 (A)	 	
T	extual Study			
	of Plato's			
	Republic			
	(04)	C 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		

List of Exit Courses along with the Syllabus will be provided separately.

List of Major Courses for 60% (A) and 40% (B) Double Major Course.

## For 60% Major in Philosophy: 36 Credits

- 1. PHI-100 (04 Credits) Introduction to Philosophy
- 2. PHI-201 (04 Credits) Introduction to Epistemology
- 3. PHI-204 (04 Credits) Ancient Indian Philosophy
- 4. PHI-203 (04 Credits) Introduction to Metaphysics
- 5. PHI-205 (02 Credits) Pre-Socratic Thinkers
- 6. PHI-301 (04 Credits) Heterodox Systems of Indian Philosophy
- 7. PHI-300 (04 Credits) Introduction to Greek Thought
- 8. PHI-303 (02 Credits) Existential Themes
- 9. PHI-305 (04 Credits) Orthodox Schools of Indian Philosophy
- 10. PHI-307 (04 Credits) Project

### For 40% Major in Philosophy: 24 Credits

- 1. PHI-100 (04 Credits) Introduction to Philosophy
- 2. PHI-201 (04 Credits) Introduction to Epistemology
- 3. PHI-204 (04 Credits) Ancient Indian Philosophy
- 4. PHI-301 (04 Credits) Heterodox Systems of Indian Philosophy
- 5. PHI-305 (04 Credits) Orthodox Schools of Indian Philosophy
- 6. PHI-304 (04 Credits) Modern Western Philosophy



Course Code : PHI-100

Title of the Course : Introduction to Philosophy

Number of Credits : 04

Effective from AY	: 2023-2024	
Pre-requisites	Nil	
for the Course:		
	1. To describe the nature and value of Philosophy.	
Course	2. To understand and illustrate the different branches of Philo	sophy.
<b>Objectives:</b>	3. To Analyse and to apply Indian Ethics to everyday life.	
	4. To understand various theories of Western Ethics.	
	0 4 6	No. of
		Hours
	Unit I: Nature of Philosophy	
	Definition of Philosophy and its nature	15
	Philosophy as Weltanschauung	10
	Value of Philosophy	
	Unit II: Branches of Philosophy	
	First Order Disciplines	15
	Second Order Disciplines	
Content:	Unit III: Indian Ethics	
	Ethics of Bhagvad Gita	15
A AR	Charvaka Ethics	ANS.
0 ( 250) 0	Gandhian Ethics	490 W
D A S OF O	Unit IV: Western Ethics	
A. M. K.	Aristotelian Ethics	15
	Kant's Deontology	C10 C
विश्वासिक	Mill's and Bentham's Utilitarianism	0.00
Pedagogy:	Lectures, Discussions, Multimedia and ICT based teaching and I	
	1. N. Tandon, Contemporary Indian Ethics. Mumbai: English Ed	dition
	Publishers, 2003.	_
	2. H.M. Joshi, <i>Traditional and Contemporary Ethics: Western a</i>	ınd
	Indian. Delhi: Bharatiya Vidya Prakashan, 2002.	
	3. J. Sinha, Manual of Ethics. Kolkata: New Central Book Agend	cy (P)
	Limited, 1998.	_
	4. P. Singer, <i>Practical Ethics</i> . Cambridge: Cambridge University	Press,
	1990.	<b>5</b> .
<b>5</b> (	5. H. Titus, Ethics Today. New Delhi: Eurasia Publishing House	Pvt.
References/	Ltd., 1966.	
Readings:	6. M. Velasquez, <i>Philosophy: A Text with Readings.</i> Belmont, C	A:
	Wadsworth Publishing Company, 2013.	
	7. E.D. Klemke, A.D. Kline, and R. Hollinger, <i>Philosophy: The Bo</i>	ISIC
	Issues. New York: St. Martin's Press, 1986.	The
	8. Paul Edwards, Ed., Encyclopaedia of Philosophy. New York:	me
	Macmillan Company & Free Press, 1967.	.i.
	9. S. S. Barlingay, A Modern Introduction to Indian Ethics. Delh	н.
	Penman Publishers, 1998.	y Drocc
	10. B. Russel, <i>Problems of Philosophy</i> . Oxford: Oxford University	y P1655,
	1997.	

Course	
Outcomes:	

- 1. Ability to interpret the nature of Philosophy
- 2. Ability to co-relate the various branches of Philosophy
- 3. Enable to apply Indian Ethics to everyday life.
- 4. Learn to evaluate various theories of Western Ethics.











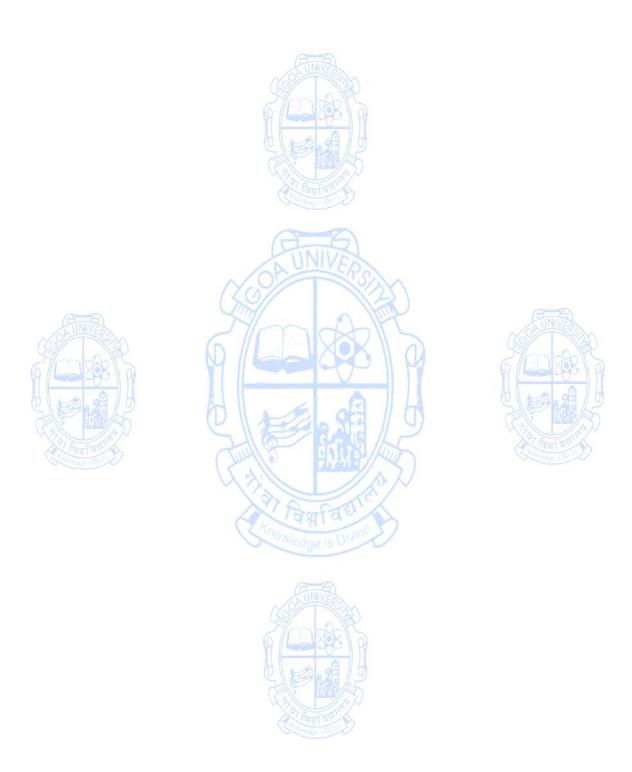
Course Code : PHI-111

Title of the Course : Environmental Philosophy

Number of Credits : 04

Effective from AY	: 2023-2024	
Pre-requisites	Nil	
for the Course:		
Course Objectives:	<ol> <li>To understand the relation between Ethics and Applied Ethic</li> <li>To introduce the perspective of Environmental Philosophy</li> <li>To explore the metaphysical basis of Environmental Philosophy</li> <li>To identify the main currents in Environmental Philosophy</li> </ol>	
		No. of Hours
	i) Nature of Ethics ii) Descriptive Ethics: Anthropology and Psychology iii) Normative Ethics: Philosophy and Religion iv) Meta-ethics	15
Content:	<ul> <li>i) Nature and Scope of Environmental Ethics.</li> <li>ii) Relation between Ethics, Applied Ethics and Environmental Ethics.</li> <li>iii) Environmental Ethics and Sustainable Development</li> <li>UNIT III-</li> <li>i) Metaphysical basis of Environmental Ethics</li> </ul>	15
Toping a tree	ii) Cosmology of nature worshippers iii) Pantheism iv) Nature v/s Culture UNIT IV-	15
	<ul> <li>i) Contemporary Philosophy and Environment</li> <li>ii) "Deep Ecology" Movements,</li> <li>iii) "Ecofascism" and "Misanthrophism"</li> <li>iv) Anthropocentrism: Weak and Strong</li> </ul>	15
Pedagogy:	Lectures, Discussions, Multimedia and ICT based teaching and le	arning
References/ Readings:	<ol> <li>R. Attfield, Environmental Philosophy: Principles and Prospect Hampshire: Avebury, 2016.</li> <li>S. Croall, Ecology for Beginners. London: Icon Books Ltd., 199</li> <li>J. Passmore, Man's Responsibility for Nature. London: Gerald Duckworth &amp; Co. Limited, 1980.</li> <li>L. Pojman, Environmental Ethics. Belmont, CA: Wadsworth Publishing, 2016.</li> <li>V. Shiva, Staying Alive: Women, Ecology and Development. Be North Atlantic Books, 2016.</li> <li>P.W. Taylor, Respect for Nature. New Jersey: Princeton Univer Press, 2011.</li> </ol>	4. erkeley:
Course Outcomes:	<ol> <li>Appreciate the relevance of Environmental Philosophy in to time</li> <li>Appraise the metaphysical perspectives of Environm Philosophy</li> </ol>	

- 3. Analyse the anthropocentric approach to environment4. Develop an environmentally sustainable attitude in everyday life



Course Code : PHI-131

Title of the Course : Ethics and Contemporary Social Issues

Number of Credits : 03

Effective from AY	: 2023-2024				
Pre-requisites	Nil				
for the Course:					
Course	1. To enumerate contemporary ethical and social issues				
Objectives:	2. To appreciate the complexity of ethical issues				
Objectives.	3. To understand the relation between ethics and social theor	ies			
	9 (600) 9	No. of			
	A CA A	Hours			
	Unit I				
	i) Meaning, nature and scope of Ethics				
	ii) Ethics and Applied ethics	15			
	iii) Ecological movements and ethics				
	Unit II				
	i) Gender and Ethics				
	ii) Gender stereotyping	15			
Content:	iii) Sexual Harassment	15			
PINIVE	iv) Violence against Women	SPON .			
3697	Unit III				
29/00/02/13	i) Media and Academic ethics	RIS			
W CONTROL W	ii) Plagiarism	15			
6 A A A	iii) Yellow Journalism	3H / 5			
2 PARK	iv) Social Media				
Pedagogy:	Lectures, Discussions, Multimedia and ICT based Learning and				
redagogy.	Teaching	Division			
N. S.	1. H.L. Follette, Ed., The Oxford Handbook of Practical Ethics.	Oxford:			
	Oxford University Press, 2003.				
	2. R.G. Frey and C. H. Wellman, Eds., A Companion to Applied Ethics.				
	Malden, MA: Wiley-Blackwell Publishing Ltd., 2003.				
References/	3. H. Kushe and Peter Singer, Eds., Bioethics: An Anthology. M	alden,			
Readings:	MA: Wiley-Blackwell Publishing Ltd.,1999.				
	4. P. Oliver, The Student's Guide to Research Ethics. Maidenhe	ad, UK:			
	Open University Press, 2010.				
	5. A. Weston, A Practical Companion to Ethics. Oxford: Oxford				
	University Press, 2001.				
	Awareness on various ethical and social issues.				
	2. Understand the relation between Ethics and Social Theorie	<b>S</b> .			
Course	3. Ability to construct arguments to defend or reject e				
Outcomes:	positions.	tilleal			
	4. Ability to assess ethical arguments.				
	The mainty to assess ethical arguilletits.				

Course Code : PHI-141

Title of the Course : Introduction to Logic Number of Credits : 03 CREDITS (1 L + 2 P)

Effective from AY	: 2023-2024	
<b>Pre-requisites</b>	Nil	
for the Course:		
Course Objectives:	<ol> <li>To create a firm foundation on the nature of practical real</li> <li>Prepare for logical reasoning for competitive examination</li> <li>To acquaint students with categorical propositions and resentences to its logical form.</li> <li>To identify, solve and test the validity of types of inference</li> </ol>	s frame
		No. of Hours
	<ul> <li>Unit I</li> <li>i) Nature and Scope of Logic</li> <li>ii) Nature of Proposition, Distinction between Proposition and Sentence</li> <li>iii) Arguments and its elements</li> </ul>	15
AUNIVA P	i) Logical Reasoning ii) Deduction and Induction iii) Truth and Validity iv) Soundness and Consistency Unit III	20
Content:	<ul> <li>i) Categorical Propositions and its Components</li> <li>ii) Quality, Quantity and Distribution of Terms in Categorical Propositions</li> <li>iii) Symbolism and Venn Diagrams for Categorical Propositions</li> </ul>	20
	iv) Reduction of Sentences to its Logical Form	
	<ul> <li>Unit IV</li> <li>i) What is an inference?</li> <li>ii) Nature of immediate and mediate inferences</li> <li>iii) Square of Oppositions of Proposition</li> <li>iv) Syllogism: its nature-identification of terms</li> <li>v) Testing of Syllogism by application of rules</li> </ul>	20
Pedagogy:	Lectures, Problem Solving, and Discussions.	
References/ Readings:	<ol> <li>I. M. Copi and C. Cohen, <i>Introduction to Logic</i>. Upper Sadd NJ: Pearson Prentice Hall, 2005.</li> <li>P.J. Hurley, <i>A Concise Introduction to Logic</i>. Belmont, CA: Wadsworth Publishing, 2014.</li> <li>M. Black, <i>Critical Thinking</i>. Whitefish, MT: Literary Licensin 2012.</li> </ol>	
Course Outcomes:	<ol> <li>Learn to Apply the methods of critical thinking and logic.</li> <li>Understand Deductive and Inductive Reasoning.</li> <li>Identify premises, conclusions and valid arguments.</li> <li>Evaluate arguments and identify the formal fallacies.</li> </ol>	

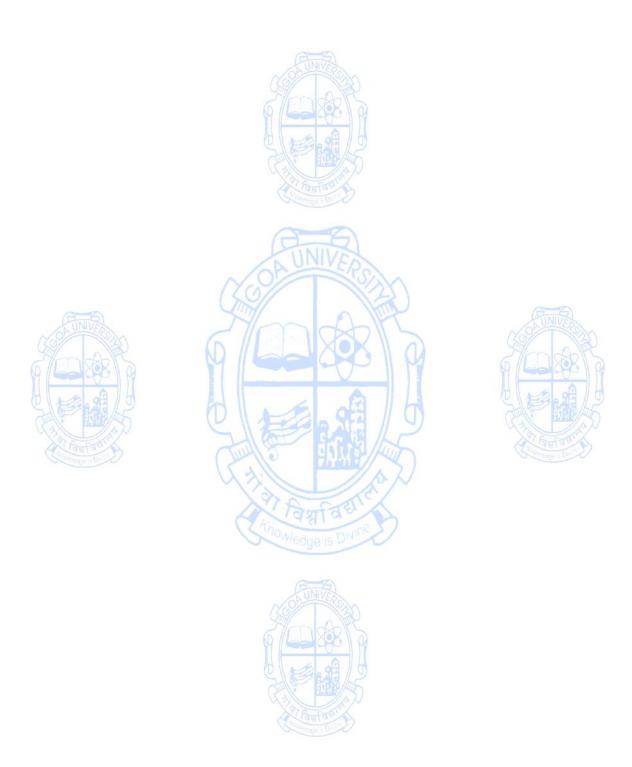
Course Code : PHI-132

Title of the Course : Introduction to Feminist Consciousness

Number of Credits : 03.

Effective from AY	: 2023-2024				
Pre-requisites	Nil				
for the Course:					
	1. To introduce students to feminist consciousness.	_			
Course	2. To familiarize the students with the historical development	of			
Objectives:	feminist thinking				
	3. To create awareness of social dynamics of Gender.				
	(b) (see ) (d)	No. of			
		Hours			
	Unit I				
	i) The Rise of Feminist Consciousness	15			
	ii) The world before feminism	13			
	iii) Meaning and characteristics of feminism				
	Unit II				
Contont	i) History and Varieties of Feminism	15			
Content:	ii) First, Second, Third and Fourth wave of Feminism	15			
(A_A)	iii) Socialist, Radical, Liberal, and Post-Modern Feminism	0			
OAUNIVERS	Unit III				
	i) Woman's Body and notions of Self	AME			
6/2388	ii) Religion and Women	15			
	iii) Politics and Women	A A			
S/12 13 19	Lectures, Discussions, Multimedia and ICT based Teaching and				
Pedagogy:	Learning.				
Tanfaett (Continues on the Continues on	1. J. Freedman, <i>Feminism</i> . New Delhi: Viva Books Private Limit 2002.	ed,			
	2. b. hooks, <i>Feminism Is For Everyone</i> . London: Pluto Press, 20	000			
	3. M. A. Jaggar and M. I. Young, A Companion to Feminist Philo				
	Massachusetts: Blackwell Publishers Ltd., 1998.				
	4. J. Jampala, <i>Feminism: A Philosophical Study</i> . New Delhi: Serials				
	Publications, 2014.				
	5. G. Lerner, <i>The Creation of Feminist Consciousness</i> . Oxford: C	vford			
	University Press, 1993.	Aloru			
References/	6. G. Lerner, <i>The Creation of Patriarchy</i> . Oxford: The Oxford U	niversity			
Readings:	Press, 1986.	inversity			
neddings.	7. S. Ruth, Issues in Feminism. London: Mayfield Publishing Co	mpany,			
	1995.				
	8. S. J. Scholz, <i>Feminism: A Beginner's Guide</i> . London: Onewor Publications, 2010.	ia			
	9. R. M. Schott, <i>Discovering Feminist Philosophy</i> . New York: Ro	wman			
	& Littlefield Publishers Inc., 2003.	2			
	10. S. Sharma, <i>Women and Religion</i> . Jaipur: ABD Publishers, 200	)7.			
	11. A. Stone, <i>An Introduction to Feminist Philosophy</i> . Cambridge				
	Press, 2007.	Siicy			
Course	Appreciate feminist philosophy				
Outcomes:	Locate the uniqueness of feminist consciousness				
outcomes.	2. Locate the uniqueness of lenilinst consciousness				

- 3. Differentiate the types of feminist standpoints4. Appraise the metaphysical issues in feminism



Course Code : PHI-142

Title of the Course : Practical Reasoning

Number of Credits : 03 (1 L + 2 P) Effective from AY : 2023-2024

Effective from AY	: 2023-2024	
Pre-requisites	Nil	
for the Course:		
Course Objectives:	<ol> <li>To provide a holistic understanding of the importance of var definitions.</li> <li>To recognize the different functions of language</li> <li>To inculcate logical attitude in students and familiarize the c types of arguments.</li> </ol>	
	Faurage Constitution of the Constitution of th	No. of Hours
	UNIT I - Language and Definition	
	i) Functions of Language	
	ii) Nature and Purpose of Definition	15
	iii) Real and Nominal Definition	
	iv) Denotation and Connotation	
0.0	UNIT II- Diverse Applications of Language	A
OA UNIVERS	i) Descriptive uses of Language	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH
	ii) Emotive uses of Language	30
Content:	iii) Prescriptive and Persuasive uses of Language	
of of	iv) Agreement and Disagreement in Belief and Attitude	9A / B
34	UNIT III –Kinds of Arguments	
Maria Maria	i) Enthymemes: Its Types	
Continue Do	ii) Sorites: Aristotelian and Goclenian	Division
	iii) Nature of Hypothetical arguments- its structure and validity	30
	iv) Nature of Disjunctive argument- its structure and validity	
	v) Kinds of Dilemma, Refutation and Rebuttal	
Pedagogy:	Lectures, Demonstrations, Discussions, Multimedia and ICT base	ed
r edagogy.	teaching and learning.	
	1. I. M. Copi and C. Cohen, Introduction to Logic. Upper Saddle	River,
	NJ: Pearson Prentice Hall, 2005.	
References/	2. P.J. Hurley, A Concise Introduction to Logic. Belmont, CA:	
Readings:	Wadsworth Publishing, 2014.	
	3. M. Black, <i>Critical Thinking</i> . Whitefish, MT: Literary Licensing 2012.	LLC,
	1. Learn to differentiate various uses of Language	
Course	2. Ability to identify and validate different types of Definitions.	
Outcomes:	3. Ability to analyse and test the validity of arguments.	
	4. Learn to refute and rebut arguments.	

Name of the Programme : B.A. Philosophy
Course Code : PHI-161(Exit Course)

Title of the Course : Human Values and Well-being

Number of Credits : 04

Pre-requisites	Knowledge of BA Philosophy Level 100 Courses.	
for the Course:	Sunve S	
Course Objectives:	<ol> <li>To learn universal human values such as compassion, equality, and dignity</li> <li>To appreciate the cultural rootedness of human values and well-being</li> <li>To develop an integrated personality</li> <li>To understand Indian ethos and values for well-being</li> </ol>	
	Taurague + David	No. of Hours
Content:	<ul> <li>Unit 1: Introduction to Indian Ethos, Human Values and Ethics</li> <li>Meaning of ethos and cultural essence of India</li> <li>Philosophical basis of the Indian Knowledge System (IKS)</li> <li>The Law of Karma and Nishkama Karma (The Law of action and selfless action)</li> <li>Knowing the Self and the universal values that we stand for. Self-identity: distinguishing and embracing oneself (and others) four profiles (inner potential, social, professional, personality)</li> <li>Distinguish ideology, perspectives beliefs from embodying values.</li> <li>Unit 2: Constitutional Values and Global Citizenship</li> <li>Values embedded in the Preamble of the Indian Constitution.</li> <li>Integration of Human Rights and Duties</li> <li>Directive principles and responsibilities as citizens of India</li> <li>Sensibility and responsibilities towards Global Environment</li> <li>Loksangraha and Vasudaiva Kutumbakam</li> </ul>	15
	<ul> <li>Unit 3: Values and Skills for Youth</li> <li>Designing to make a difference through strategies using the Conscious Full Spectrum Response model</li> <li>Listening for commitment behind complaints to transform contentious arguments and create a space for listening and change</li> <li>Distinguishing judgement from discernment</li> <li>Being assertive and confident (assertiveness incorporates self-confidence)</li> <li>Unit 4: Integrated Personality and Well-being</li> </ul>	15
	<ul> <li>The three gunas (qualities of sattva—purity and harmony, rajas —activity and passion, tamas —darkness and chaos), the four antah-karanas (inner instruments), and panch kosha (five sheaths).</li> </ul>	15

	Stress management: meditated personality and agitated     personality
	personality.
	Oneness, non-duality, and equanimity      Dhysical montal social and enistival well being
Dedeses	Physical, mental, social, and spiritual well-being
Pedagogy:	Lectures, discussions and tutorials.
	1. Blanchard, Kenneth and Peale, Norman Vincent. 1988. The Power of
	Ethical Management. New York: William Morrow and Company, Inc.
	2. Fontaine, D. K., Rushton, C. H., and Sharma, M. 2013. Cultivating
	Compassion and Empathy. In: M. Plews-Ogan and G. Beyt (Eds.),
	Wisdom Leadership in Academic Health Science Centers- Leading
	Positive Change. London: Radcliffe Publishing.
	3. Gardner, H. 2006. Five Minds for the Future. Boston: Harvard Business
	School Press.
	4. Goleman, D. 2008. What Makes a Leader? Boston: Harvard Business
Reference/	School Press.
Readings:	5. Kashyap, Subhash C. 2019. Constitution of India. A handbook for
	students. New Delhi: National Book Trust.
	6. Lama, D. 1999. Ethics for the New Millennium. New York: Riverhead
	Books:
	7. Lama, D. 2012. Beyond Religion: Ethics for a Whole World. India:
ANIE	Harper Collins.
(X) TO A	8. Mahadevan, B., Bhat, V.R. and Nagendra, P.R.N. 2022. Introduction to
290000	Indian Knowledge System. Delhi:PHI.
9 600	9. Sharma, M. 2017. Radical Transformational Leadership: Strategic
h so of	Action for Change Agents. Berkeley, US: North Atlantic Books. 🥌 🤚
	1. Discern the significance of Indian Ethos, Human Values and Ethics.
Course	Comprehend constitutional values.
Outcomes:	3. Demonstrate the capacity to appraise values and skills.
	4. Acquire skills for integrated personality and well-being.





Course Code : PHI-200

Title of the Course : Social Philosophy

Number of Credits : 04

Dre requisites	Knowledge of D.A. Dhilesonhu Lovel 100 Courses	
Pre-requisites	Knowledge of B.A. Philosophy Level 100 Courses	
for the Course:		
	1. Know the concepts and various issues of Social Philosophy.	
Course	2. Learn the scope and relevance of Social Philosophy in our life.	
Objectives:	3. Understand the various institutional structures of the society.	
	4. Know the role of individual, society and the concept of social ch	ange.
	0 4 6	No of
		hours
	Unit I: Nature and Scope of Social Philosophy-	
	Basic concepts: Society, Social Groups, Community, Association,	15
	Institution, and Customs	
	Unit II: Socialisation and the Institutional Structure-	
	Marriage and Family as social institutions.	15
Content:	Culture and personality, Co-operation and conflict.	
	Unit III: Social Class and Caste	4-
a a	Class attitude and class Consciousness, Caste, culture and socialism	15
OB UNIVERS	Unit IV: Sociality, Social Science and Social Law,	2/0
69/	Relation between individual and society, The Agencies of social	15
6/2388\7	change	5/0
Pedagogy:	Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.	JA
SIE	1. Dube, S.C. <i>Indian Society,</i> New Delhi: National Book Trust, 2005.	165
THE PARTY OF	2. Gauba, O.P. Social and Political Philosophy, Delhi: Mayur Publicat	tions.
विमानिया ।	2018.	3
Addition of the Control of the Contr	3. Gisbert, P. Fundamentals of Sociology, Bombay: Orient Longman	
References/	Limited, 1995.	
Readings:	4. MacIver, R.M. <i>Society: An Introductory Analysis</i> , Madras: Macm	illan
	India Limited, 1990.	
	5. Sharma, K. L. <i>Indian Social Structure and Change</i> , New Delhi: Ra	wat
	2008.	wat,
	Analyse various concepts underlying social philosophy.	
Course	<ol> <li>Explain the importance of individual participation in the society.</li> </ol>	
Outcomes:	3. Examine societal norms and laws.	
outcomes.		
	4. Evaluate social engagements.	

Course Code : PHI-201

Title of the Course : Introduction to Epistemology

Effective from AY	: 2023-24	
Pre-requisites for the Course:	Knowledge of B.A. Philosophy Level 100 Courses	
Course Objectives:	<ol> <li>To understand the importance of epistemology</li> <li>To analyse concepts of epistemology</li> <li>To Understand how Reality is perceived</li> </ol>	
	4. To understand the relation between necessity and causa	litv
	To understand the relation between necessity and cause	No. of Hours
	Unit I: Introduction Nature, Scope and Importance of Epistemology Traditional Definition of Knowledge Sources and Validity of Knowledge	15
COA UNIVERSITY	Unit II: Concepts in Epistemology Skepticism Rationalism Empiricism Pragmatism	15
Content:	Unit III: Perceiving the World Common Sense Realism Berkeley's Idealism Phenomenalism The Attack on Foundations	15
Transpers Dr. S	Unit IV: Freedom and Necessity Kant and Synthetic Apriori The Notion of Causality Determinism and Freedom The Theory of Agency	15
Pedagogy:	Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.	
References/ Readings:	<ol> <li>Edwards, P. Encyclopaedia of Philosophy, New York: The Macmillan Company, 1967.</li> <li>Hospers, J. An Introduction to Philosophical Analysis, London: Routledge and Kegan Paul, 1997.</li> <li>Patrick, G. T. W. Introduction to Philosophy, Delhi: Surjeet Publication, 1978. Hacking, W.E. Types of Philosophy. New Delhi: Mohit Publication, 1999.</li> </ol>	
Course Outcomes:	<ol> <li>Explain the notion and relevance of epistemology</li> <li>Critically evaluate the concepts of epistemology</li> <li>Analyse the way we perceive Reality</li> <li>Apply the concept of freedom in practical life.</li> </ol>	

Course Code : PHI-211

Title of the Course : Philosophy of Values

Effective from AY	: 2023-24	
Pre-requisites	Knowledge of Level 100 Courses	
for the Course:		
	1. To create an awareness of crisis in values.	
Course	2. To compare and contrast the concept of Value and Virtue	
Objectives:	3. To understand the classical concept of Good life	
_	4. To understand the evolution of values in different religions.	
		No of hours
	Unit I: Introduction	
	Definition and meanings of value, Characteristics of value, Nature of Human Values: Social, Moral, Material, Spiritual.	15
	Unit II: The Concept of Virtue  Definition, Meaning and Classification of Virtues, Role of Education in the Development of Individual and Social Virtues, Excellence and Caring as Foundational Virtues.	15
Content:	Unit III: Concept of Good Life Concepts of Good Life in Socrates, Plato and Aristotle. Purusharthas as the Indian system of Values: Moksa, Dharma, Kama and Artha. Ayurvedic concept of good life: Dinacharya, Ratricharya and Rtucharya.	15
Gayfagur Galdange Dr	Unit IV: Values Emphasized in the Scriptures of Major Religions Hinduism, Jainism, Christianity, Islam, Zoroastrianism and Sikhism.	15
Pedagogy:	Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.	
References/ Readings:	<ol> <li>Frondizi, R. What is value? Chicago: Open Court Publishing Co, 1977.</li> <li>Hiriyanna, M. The Indian Conception of Value, Mysore: Kavyalaya, 1975.</li> <li>Lepley, R. (ed.) The Language of Value, Whitefish, MT: Literary Licensing LLC, 2011.</li> <li>Perry, R. B. General Theory of Value, Cambridge, MA: Harvard University Press, 2007.</li> <li>Perry, R. B. Realms of Value: A Critique of Human Civilization, Cambridge, MA: Harvard University Press, 2017.</li> <li>Seshadri, C. (ed.) Education in Values: A Source Book, New Delhi: National Research and Training, 1992.</li> </ol>	
Course Outcomes:	<ol> <li>Propagate 'education' as value.</li> <li>Explain the importance of maintaining a value-based life.</li> <li>Explain the place of values in religious life.</li> <li>Examine the nature of a good life.</li> </ol>	

Course Code : PHI-231

Title of the Course : Philosophy of Human Rights

Effective from AY	: 2023-24	
Pre-requisites for the Course:	Knowledge of Level 100 Courses	
Course Objectives:	<ol> <li>Understand the ethical, historical and political foundations of hirights.</li> <li>Learn the human rights listed by various covenants.</li> <li>Know the different issues related to contemporary human right</li> <li>Learn different kinds of rights, such as women's rights and childrights.</li> </ol>	ts.
	Faura Transcription Company Co	No of hours
Content:	Unit I: Foundations of Human Rights Historical development of human rights, Ethical foundations of human rights, Political basis of human rights.	15
(F)	Unit II: Global Perspective of Human Rights International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, Universal Declaration of Human Rights.	15
	Unit III: Human Rights and Contemporary Issues Anti-poverty rights, Human rights of women, Child rights and human rights.	15
Pedagogy:	Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.	9A / 6
References/ Readings:	<ol> <li>Archad, D. and Macleod, C. <i>The Moral and Political Status of Cl</i> London: Oxford University Press, 2002.</li> <li>Best, G. "Justice, International Relations and Human Rights", <i>International Affairs</i> 71 (4), 1995, 775-799.</li> <li>Bunch, C. "Women's Rights as Human Rights: Towards Re-Visio Human Rights", <i>Human Rights Quarterly</i> 12 (4), 1990, 486-498. Cravens, M. <i>The International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights: A Perspective on its Development</i>, Oxford: Clare Press, 1995.</li> <li>Evans, T. <i>Philosophy of Human Rights</i>, London: Pluto Press, 200 Rosenbaum, S. The Philosophy of Human Rights –International Perspective, Connecticut: Greenwood Press, 1980.</li> </ol>	n of and endon
Course Outcomes:	<ol> <li>Debate over key issues and arguments in contemporary human</li> <li>Apply various human rights theories to human rights issues.</li> <li>Dialogue over the violations of human rights and find solutions them.</li> <li>Differentiate between different kinds of rights.</li> </ol>	J

Course Code : PHI-241

Title of the Course : Critical Reasoning

Effective from A1			
Pre-requisites	Knowledge of B.A. Philosophy Level 100 Courses		
for the Course:			
	1. To inculcate logical aptitude in students.		
Course	2. Know the nature of inductive reasoning.		
Objectives:	3. Learn the different types of propositions and arguments.		
	4. Recognize the various types of fallacies.		
		No of hours	
	UNIT I: Inductive Reasoning		
	Nature and Problem of Induction		
	Postulates of Induction- Law of Universal Causation and	15	
	Uniformity of Nature	15	
	Kinds of Induction		
	UNIT II: Simple and Compound Propositions		
	Difference between simple proposition and compound		
	proposition	5	
OAUNIVERS	Nature of Simple Proposition, its types: Subjectless, Subject		
3	Predicate, Class Membership, Relational Proposition- Symbolic	30	
Content:	representation	8/0	
	Nature of Compound Propositions, its kinds: Conjunction,	A	
C. S. C.	Implication, Disjunction, Equivalence, Negation – Symbolic		
Calle Brief	representation		
Plantague	UNIT III: Fallacies		
Continue of Div	What is Fallacy? Classification of Fallacies: Formal, Material or		
	Non-Formal, Types of Non-Formal Fallacies		
	Fallacies of Ambiguity	30	
	Fallacies of Relevance		
	How to Avoid Fallacies		
Pedagogy:	Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning, Problem Solving		
i cuagogy.	Black, M. Critical Thinking. Whitefish, MT: Literary Licensing LL		
	2. Copi, I.M. and Cohen, C. <i>Introduction to Logic</i> . London: Routled		
References/	2019.	β <sup>C</sup> ,	
Readings:	3. Hurley, P. J. <i>A Concise Introduction to Logic</i> . Belmont, CA: Wads	sworth	
	Publishing, 2014.	SWUI LII	
	Engage in inductive reasoning.		
Course	<ol> <li>Engage in inductive reasoning.</li> <li>Practice symbolic representation of propositions.</li> </ol>		
Course	The Parish of th		
Outcomes:	3. Differentiate the kinds of propositions.		
	4. Identify fallacious reasoning and avoid the same.		

Course Code : PHI 202

Title of the Course : Political Philosophy

Effective from AY	: 2023-24	
Pre-requisites	Knowledge of B.A. Philosophy Level 100 Courses	
for the Course:		
Course Objectives:	<ol> <li>To know the important concepts and thinkers in political philosophy</li> <li>To learn about the State and governance according to political philosophers.</li> <li>To acquaint students with the Indian contributions to political</li> </ol>	
	philosophy.	
	4. To relate various political concepts to actual practices	
	Faul and Constitution of the Constitution of t	No. of Hours
Content:	Unit I: Nature and scope of Political Philosophy; Political Ideas -Democracy and its forms, Secularism, Nationalism, Anarchism, Marxism. Concept of Justice, Liberty and Equality	15
GO A UNIVERSITY	Unit II: Plato's conception of Ideal State and Justice.  Forms of government according to Aristotle.  Hobbes: theory of State and sovereignty.  sseau: Origin of Inequality, theory of State and sovereignty.	15
	Unit III: Concept of Dharma and Rajadharma Nitishastra and Dandaniti Rajadharma and Moksha Theory of State according to Kautilya	15
Continue of Direct	Unit IV: Gandhi's view on Swarajya, Sarvodaya, Panchayat Raj. Ambedkar's Critique of social evils. Sri Aurobindo and Rabindranath Tagore's views on Society and State.	15
Pedagogy:	Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.	
References/ Readings:	<ol> <li>Doctor, A.H. Political Thinkers of Modern India, Delhi: Mittal Publishers, 1997.</li> <li>Gandhi, M. K. Hind Swaraj, Delhi: Rajpal &amp; Sons, 2009.</li> <li>Gokhale, B. K. Political Science: Theory and Governmental Machinery, Mumbai: Himalaya Publishing House, 2013.</li> <li>Kautilya, Arthashastra, Mumbai: Jaico Publishing House, 2012</li> <li>Pantham, T. and Deutsch, K. L. Political Thought in Modern India, New Delhi: Sage Publications, 1986.</li> <li>Roy, K. Political Philosophy: East and West, Mumbai: Allied Publishers, 2003.</li> <li>Sharma, R. Political Philosophy of Kautilya, Delhi: Sage Publications, 2022.</li> </ol>	
Course Outcomes:	<ol> <li>Explain various political concepts.</li> <li>Bring out the philosophical underpinnings of political theory</li> <li>Analyse the political dimensions of everyday life.</li> <li>Explain the nature of Indian political thought.</li> </ol>	

Course Code : PHI-203

Title of the Course : Introduction to Metaphysics

Effective from AY	: 2023-24	
Pre-requisites Knowledge	e of B.A. Philosophy Level 100 Courses	
for the Course:		
1. Introdu	uce the concept of Metaphysics.	
Course 2. Learn of	different theories of Metaphysics.	
3 Assess	the nature of Reality according to different Metaphysical	
Objectives: system	s.	
4. Know t	the relevance of Metaphysics in everyday life.	
	N	o of
	he	ours
Unit I: Intr	oduction	
Definition,	Meaning and Nature of Metaphysics	15
Aristotle o	n Metaphysics	13
Value of M	letaphysics	
Unit II: The	eories of Reality	
Monism, D	Dualism, Pluralism	<b>1</b> F
Materialism	m v/s Spiritualism	15
Realism v/	s Idealism	
Content: Unit III: Fu	Indamental Issues in Metaphysics	P
Appearance	ce v/s Reality	18
Universals	v/s Particulars	15
Causation		
Unit IV: Fro	eedom and Determinism	0)//
Determinis	sm Chips	9_
Indetermir	nism and Self-determinism	15
Fatalism		
Pedagogy: Multimed	ia and ICT based teaching and learning.	
1. Carr, B.	. Metaphysics An Introduction, London: Macmillan Educatio	n,
2001.	medge is on	
2. M. Lou	x, M and Crisp, T. Metaphysics: A Contemporary Introductio	n,
New Yo	ork: Routledge Publications, 2017.	
3. Mumfo	ord, S. Metaphysics: A Very Short Introduction, Oxford: Oxfo	ord
References/ Univer	sity Press, 2012.	
Readings: 4. Taylor,	R. Metaphysics, New Jersey: Prentice Hall, 1992.	
5. van Inv	wagen, P. <i>Metaphysics</i> , Boulder, CA: Westview Press, 2009	
6. Whitel	ey, C. An Introduction to Metaphysics, London: Methuen &	Co,
1988.		
1. Explair	the nature of Metaphysics.	
Course 2. Elucida	ate the fundamental debates in Metaphysics.	
Outcomes: 3. Critical	Evaluation of Metaphysical Concepts.	
4. Articul	ate the relation between Freedom and Determinism.	

Course Code : PHI-204

Title of the Course : Ancient Indian Philosophy

Effective from AY	: 2023-24	
Pre-requisites	Knowledge of B.A. Philosophy Level 100 Courses	
for the Course:		
Course Objectives:	<ol> <li>Learn the nature of philosophical thinking in Classical Indian the</li> <li>Provide a systematic interpretation of the Vedic and Upanisadic Philosophy.</li> <li>Know the philosophical bearings of Puranas and Ithihasa.</li> <li>Introduce different traditions of Religious philosophies of Class India.</li> </ol>	С
	Towns to the second sec	No of hours
	Unit I: Philosophy of the Vedas Evolution of Vedic Religion, polytheism, monotheism, henotheism, monism, Vedic cosmology, Concept of rta, yajna, karma, NasadiyaSukta, PurushaSukta.	15
Content:	Unit II: Philosophy of the Upanisads Atman: Panchakosha, jagrat, svapna, sushupti, turiya Brahman: para and apara Brahman, status of the world, Darshanas.	15
	Unit III: Philosophy of the Puranas and Itihaas  Evolution of the puranas, 18 Major puranas, Dharma, Creation,  Evolution, Philosophy of Ramayana and Mahabharata.	15
Gaylage Dress	Unit IV: Philosophy of Vaishnavism, Shaivism & Shaktism Vaishnavism: Vishnu as Absolute, Bondage and Liberation Shaivism: Shiva as Absolute, Bondage and Liberation Shaktism: Shakti as Absolute, Bondage and Liberation	15
Pedagogy:	Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.	I
References/ Readings:	<ol> <li>Chatterjee, S. An Introduction to Indian Philosophy, Delhi: Rupa and Co., 2012.</li> <li>Dasgupta, S.N. A History of Indian Philosophy, Vol –I to V, Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass, 2018.</li> <li>Hiriyanna, M. Outlines of Indian Philosophy, Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass Publishers, 2014.</li> <li>Kumar, P. Facets of the Puranic Wisdom, Delhi: Eastern Book Linkers, 2005.</li> <li>Radhakrishnan, S. Indian Philosophy, Vol – I &amp;II, London: George Allen and Unwin Ltd, 2008.</li> <li>Sharma, C.D. A Critical Survey of Indian Philosophy, Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass, 2016.</li> <li>Sinha, J. A History of Indian Philosophy, Vol- I and II, Calcutta: Central Book Agency, 2000.</li> </ol>	
Course Outcomes:	<ol> <li>Explain the nature of ancient Indian thought.</li> <li>Identify the philosophical foundations of Darshanas.</li> <li>Elucidate the basic concepts of ancient Indian thought.</li> <li>Evaluate the various ancient philosophical traditions of India.</li> </ol>	

Course Code : PHI-205

Title of the Course : Pre-Socratic Thinkers

Lifective Holli AT	. 2023-24	
Pre-requisites	Knowledge of B.A. Philosophy Level 100 Courses	
for the Course:		
	Understand the Greek roots of Western Philosophy	
Course	2. Learn the fundamental concepts of Pre-Socratic Philosophy	
<b>Objectives:</b>	3. Know the various philosophical doctrines about Substance	
	4. Learn different conceptions of the nature of Reality	
		No of hours
	Unit I: Problem of Substance	
_	Thales, Anaximander and Anaximenes, Pythagoras	15
Content:	Unit II: Problem of Change	
	Heraclitus, Parmenides, Anaxagoras, Atomists	15
Pedagogy:	Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning	
References/ Readings:	<ol> <li>Copleston, F. A History of Philosophy (Volumes 1, 2, 3), Delhi: Continuum International Book Publishers, 2003.</li> <li>Edwards, P. (ed.) Encyclopaedia of Philosophy, London: MacMillan, 1973.</li> <li>O'Connor, D. J. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, Delhi: Free Press, 1985.</li> <li>Rogers, W. Student's History of Philosophy, Whitefish, MT: Kessinger Publishing, 2010.</li> <li>Russell, B. A History of Western Philosophy, London: Routledge Classics, 2016.</li> <li>Stace, W.T. Critical History of Greek Philosophy, Delhi: Khosla Publishing House, 2011.</li> <li>Thilly, F. History of Philosophy, Delhi: SBW Publishers, 2018.</li> </ol>	
	Explain the relevance of pre-Socratic thought.	
Course	2. Discern the evolution of Western philosophy.	
Outcomes:	3. Elucidate the nature of Substance.	
	4. Explain the notions of Permanence and Change.	



Course Code : PHI-221 (replaced by new course PHI-222 from AY 2025-26)

Title of the Course : Research Ethics

Effective from AY	: 2023-24	
Pre-requisites	Knowledge of Level 100 Courses	
for the Course:		
	1. To introduce the concept and importance of research ethics.	
Course	2. To elucidate the nature of research ethics.	
Objectives:	3. To critically examine the ethical issues involved in research.	
	4. To create intellectual content.	
	h   A   A   A	No of
		hours
	Unit I: Fundamentals of Research	
	Philosophy and Ethics, Nature of Research, Kinds of Research	15
	Global Intellectual Property Law.	
	Unit II: Ethics in Qualitative Research	
	Confidentiality and Right to Privacy, Informed Consent,	15
011	Responsibility, Risk and safety	
Content:	Unit III: Misconduct in Research	
G 6	Intellectual honesty and research integrity, Scientific misconduct,	15
OBUNIVERS	Publication Ethics and misconduct, Redundant publications	
	Unit IV: Application	FILE
6/4/88/7	Case Studies of ethical misconduct, Avoiding Plagiarism, Creating	15
	original intellectual content	a / h
Pedagogy:	Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.	11/45
(3)	1. Bridges, D. Philosophy in Educational Research: Epistemology, E	thics,
विमारिया	Politics and Quality, New York: Springer, 2017.	
Manufacture of Automatical Control of the Control o	2. Hammersly, M. and Traianou, A. Ethics in Qualitative Research,	
	London: Sage Publications, 2012.	
	3. Israel, M. and Hay, I. Research Ethics for Social Scientists, Londo	n: Sage
_ ,	Publications, 2006.	Ü
References/	4. Kimmel, A. J. Ethics and Values in Applied Social Research, Lon-	don:
Readings:	Sage Publications, 1988.	
	<b>5.</b> Pimple, K.D. <i>Research Ethics</i> , London: Routledge, 2016.	
	6. Sieber, J. The Ethics of Social Research, New York: Springer, 198	32.
	7. Wiles, R. What are Qualitative Research Ethics?, London: Bloom	msbury,
	2016.	,
	8. Yadav, S. Research and Publication Ethics, New Delhi: Springer,	2020.
	Adopt ethical norms in research.	
Course	2. Explain misconduct in research.	
Outcomes:	3. Able to handle the challenges involved in qualitative research.	
	4. Evaluate original intellectual content in research.	
L	1 22 2 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	

Course Code: PHI-222

**Title of the Course: Research Ethics** 

Number of Credits: 3T+1P Effective from AY: 2025-26

Pre-requisites	NIL	
for the Course:		
Course	a. To introduce the concept and importance of research ethics	
Objectives:	b. To elucidate the nature of research ethics	
	c. To critically examine the ethical issues involved in research	
	d. To create intellectual content	Т
Content:	THEORY	
		No of hours
	Unit I Fundamentals of Research	
	a. Approaches to Philosophy – Analytic, Descriptive,	15
	Phenomenological, Hermeneutic	
	b. Ethics – Normative and Applied ethics	
	c. Nature and kinds of Research - Descriptive, Exploratory,	
	Explanatory, Qualitative, Quantitative, Theoretical,	
	Applied, Primary and Secondary	
	d. Intellectual Property Rights - Patent, Copyright,	2
	Trademark, Design, Trade Secrets, Industrial Designs,	130
3 max s	Geographical Indicators	8/2
	Unit II Ethics in Qualitative Research	
0 1 1 1 1	a. Confidentiality and Right to Privacy	15
	b. Informed Consent	
	c. Responsibility	
	d. Risk and safety	
	Unit III Misconduct in Research	
	a. Intellectual honesty and research integrity	
	b. Scientific misconduct	
	c. Publication Ethic and misconduct	15
	d. Redundant publications	
	PRACTICAL	
	Unit 1	
	1. Identifying and enumerating the types of research:	
	Descriptive, Exploratory, Explanatory, Qualitative,	
	Quantitative, Theoretical, Applied, Primary and Secondary	10
	2. Identifying and Enumerating Intellectual Property Rights –	10
	Patent, Copyright, Trademark, Design, Trade Secrets,	
	Industrial Designs, Geographical Indicators	
	Unit 2	
	1. Identifying real cases and discuss the violations of	
	confidentiality and role plays (Danieli Corus BV versus Steel	
	Authority of India 2017, Diljeet Titus versus Alfred A Adebare	
	& Ors 2006 (32) PTC 609 (Del), Rochem Separation Systems	10

	<ul> <li>(India) Pvt. Ltd. v. Nirtech Private Limited &amp; Ors, American Express Bank Ltd. v. Ms Priya Puri, Homag India Private Ltd v. Mr Ulfath Ali Khan &amp; Other)</li> <li>2. Identifying real cases and discuss the violations informed consent, role plays (Samira Kohli v. Dr. Prabha Manchanda, Hopp versus Lepp, Heaven versus Pender, Smt. Vinitha Ashok v Lakshmi Hospital and others, Achutrao Haribhau Khodwa and Others v State of Maharashtra and Others )</li> <li>Unit 3</li> </ul>	
	<ol> <li>Learning to use referencing and plagiarism detecting software</li> <li>Identifying real cases and discuss the violations of scientific misconduct and publication ethics, using role plays (P. Chiranjeevi Controversy, Lorenza Colzato's Scientific Misconduct, Happy Belly Bakes vs. Amazon, Vishwa Jit Gupta (Himalayan Fossil Hoax), Gopal Kundu Controversy, Bharat Aggarwal Case, Anna Ahimastos Case, Ranjit Chandra Case, Lipoma Case Study of Retraction, Psychiatry Journal Analysis for Redundant Publications)</li> </ol>	10
Pedagogy:	Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.	
References/ Readings:	<ol> <li>Bridges, D., Philosophy in Educational Research: Epistemol Politics and Quality, Springer, 2017</li> <li>Hammersly, M. &amp; Traianou, A., Ethics in Qualitative Research, M. &amp; Hay, I., Research Ethics for Social Scientists, Sage London, 2006</li> <li>Kimmel, A., Ethics and Values in Applied Social Research Ethics, London, 1988</li> <li>Pimple, K. Research Ethics, Routledge, London, 2016</li> <li>Sieber, J., The Ethics of Social Research, Springer, New York, 7. Wiles, R., What are Qualitative Research Ethics?, Bloomsbr 2016</li> <li>Yadav, S., Research and Publication Ethics, Springer, New Delands</li> </ol>	Publications, earch, Sage  1982 ury, London,
Course Outcomes:	<ol> <li>Explain the importance of Research Ethics.</li> <li>Identify various forms of research misconduct.</li> <li>Defend the significance of original intellectual contribution.</li> <li>Design and develop original intellectual content adherin standards.</li> </ol>	g to ethical

Course Code : PHI-261 (Exit Course)

Title of the Course : Philosophy of Travel and Tourism

Number of Credits : 04

Pre-requisites		
for the Course:	Knowledge of B.A. Philosophy Level 200 courses	
Course Objectives:	<ol> <li>To understand the relation between travel and human exister a philosophical perspective.</li> <li>To acquaint with the different forms of travel throughout his 3. To understand the nature of mobility in relation to the dyn space and time.</li> <li>To learn the meaning of travel in the post-modern world.</li> </ol>	tory.
	Probleme + Darie	No. of Hours
Content:	The Tourist Gazer and Gazee, The Subjective and Negotiated Characteristic of A Traveler's Experience, The Sociologica Dynamics of Guest-Host Encounter.	15
	Unit 3  Mobility and the Dynamics of Space and Time, Transportation Before the Railroad, Wayfarer and Carriage, Sea and the Voyages. The Industrialization of Time and Space in the 19th Century: Railroad Journey, Underground and Subway Vision, Aeroplane and Spaceship.	15
	Unit 4 Travel in the Post/Transmodern World. Mass Tourism: The New Colonialism. The Death of Distance, E-Tourism and the End of Travel. Nomadology and Nomad Philosophy. Human Existence and the Meaning of Travel.	15

Pedagogy:	Lectures, discussions and tutorials.
	1. Adler, Elkan Nathan. (1930). Jewish Travelers. London: Routledge.
	2. Camus, Albert. (1963). Notebooks, 1935-1942. New York: Knopt.
	3. Cormack, Bill. (1998). A History of Holidays, 1812 – 1990. London:
	Routledge/Thoemmes Press.
	4. Faullner, Bill, Gianna Moscardo & Eric Laws. (eds.) (2000). Tourism in
	the Twenty-First Century:Refections on Experience. London:
	Continuum.
	5. Goeldner, Charles R., J. R. Brent Rickie & Robert W. McIntosh. (ed.)
	(1999). Tourism: Principles, Practices, Philosophies. New York: Wiley.
	6. Grosfoguel, R., Saldivar, J.D. & Torres, N.M. (eds.) (2007) Unsettling
	Postcoloniality: Coloniality, Transmodernity and Border Thinking.
	Durham, NC: Duke University Press.
	7. Mack, Arien. (ed.) (1993). Home: A Place in the World. New York: New
Reference/	York University Press.
Readings:	8. Pritchett, V.S. (1989). At Home and Abroad: Travel Essays. San
	Francisco: North Point Press.
	9. Parsons, Nicholas. (2007). Worth the Detour: A History of the
	Guidebook. Stroud: Sutton Pub.
	10. Stagl, Justin. (1995). A History of Curiosity: The Theory of Travel, 1550-
0 0	1880. Chur, Switzerland: Harwood Academic Publisher.
COAUNVERS	11. Suvantola, Jaako. (2002). Tourist's Experience of Place. Aldershot,
	Hampshire; Burlington, Vt: Ashgate.
9 ( 328)	12. Tribe, John. (ed.) (2009). Philosophical Issues in Tourism. Bristol:
h A A	Channel View.
SA PRODUCTION OF THE PARTY OF T	13. Urry, John. (1990). The Tourist Gaze: Leisure and Travel in
(1)	Contemporary Societies. London, Newbury Park: Sage Publications.
Comment of the Commen	14. Williams, Carol Traynor. (1998) Travel Culture: Essays on What Makes
and a second	Us Go. Westport, Conn.: Praeger.
	1. Identify the impact of travel on individual life and society at large.
	2. Conceptualize various structures and forms of travel throughout
Course	history.
Outcomes:	3. Develop interests in the relationship between travel and human
	values.
	4. Evaluate how travel and tourism shape the making of the modern
	world.



Course Code : PHI-300

Title of the Course : Introduction to Greek Thought

Effective from AY	: 2023-24	
Pre-requisites	Knowledge of B.A. Philosophy Level 200 Courses	
for the Course:		
	To acquaint students with the early Greek thinkers.	
	2. To introduce the notions of Epistemology, Ethics, Metaphysics	
Course	3. To analyze the philosophical concepts of ancient Western Philo	
Objectives:	4. To understand the continuity of philosophical thinking from the	
	Socratic thinkers to post-Aristotelian thinkers.	
		No of
	1741	hours
	Unit I: Sophists and Socrates	110413
	Sophists —Theory of Knowledge and Ethics, Socrates — Socratic	15
	method, Theory of knowledge, Ethics	13
-	Unit II: Plato	
	L UINIVED	15
-	Theory of Knowledge, Theory of Ideas, Theory of Soul	
	Unit III: Aristotle	
Content:	Criticism of Plato's theory of Ideas, Concept of Substance,	15
(369°T	Causation, Form and Matter, Actuality and Potentiality, Theory of	
	Soul	2/2
	Unit IV: Post-Aristotelian Philosophers	2 17
	Epicureanism - Theory of knowledge, metaphysics	15
	Stoics - Theory of knowledge, metaphysics	
Pedagogy:	Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.	20 /V
Constitute Div	1. Copleston, F. A History of Philosophy (Volumes 1, 2, 3)	, Delhi:
	Continuum International Book Publishers, 2003.	
	2. Edwards, P. (ed.) Encyclopaedia of Philosophy, London: Ma	cMillan,
	1973.	
	3. O'Connor, D. J. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, Delh	ni: Free
	Press, 1985.	
References/	4. Rogers, W. Student's History of Philosophy, Whitefish, MT: Ke	essingei
-	Publishing, 2010A, 2008	
Readings:	5. Russell, B. A History of Western Philosophy, London: Routledge	Classics
	2016.	
	6. Stace, W.T. Critical History of Greek Philosophy, Delhi:	Khosla
	Publishing, 2011.	
	7. Stumpf, S.E. and Fieser, J. Philosophy, History and Problems,	London
	McGraw-Hill, 2002.	
	8. Thilly, F. <i>History of Philosophy</i> , Delhi: SBW Publishers, 2018.	
	Explain the development of Greek thought	
	,	
	2. Elucidate different branches of philosophy	
Outcomes:	<ol> <li>Elucidate different branches of philosophy</li> <li>Examine the evolution of Western Philosophy</li> </ol>	
Course		

Course Code : PHI- 301

Title of the Course : Heterodox Systems of Indian Philosophy

Effective from AY	: 2023-24	
Pre-requisites	Knowledge of B.A. Philosophy Level 200 Courses	
for the Course:		
Course Objectives:	<ol> <li>To understand the principal traditions of Indian philosophical th</li> <li>To appreciate the pluralistic heritage of Indian Philosophy.</li> <li>To familiarise with the major debates in the history of Indian Philosophy</li> <li>To understand the philosophical concepts of the Heterodox Sch</li> </ol>	-
		No of hours
	Unit I: Introduction to Indian Philosophy Nature, meaning and scope of Indian Philosophy, The schools of Indian Philosophy, The common characteristics of Indian systems.	15
	Unit II: Charvaka Philosophy Charvaka Epistemology, Charvaka Metaphysics, Charvaka Ethics.	15
Content:	Unit III: Jaina Philosophy Jaina theory of Knowledge, Jaina Metaphysics, Jaina Ethics.	15
	Unit IV: Buddhist Philosophy Teachings of Buddha, Philosophical implications of Buddhism, Major Philosophical Schools of Buddhism.	15
Pedagogy:	Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.	相 / 6
References:	<ol> <li>Dasgupta, S.N. A History of Indian Philosophy Volumes I to V, Ne Motilal Banarsidass, 2015.</li> <li>Datta, D.M. and Chatterjee, S.C. Introduction to Indian Philosophelhi: Motilal Banarsidass, 2015.</li> <li>Goel, A. Indian Philosophy, Noida: Sterling Publishing House, 194.</li> <li>Hiriyanna, M. Outlines of Indian Philosophy, New Delhi: Banarsidass, 2014.</li> <li>Radhakrishnan, S. Indian Philosophy, Volumes I and II, Oxford University Press, 2009.</li> <li>Sharma, C.D. A Critical Survey of Indian Philosophy, New Delhi Banarsidass, 2016.</li> </ol>	<i>hy,</i> New 984. Motilal : Oxford
Course Outcomes:	<ol> <li>Elucidate the philosophical skill of argumentation.</li> <li>Develop analytical skills involved in philosophical reasoning.</li> <li>Imbibe the spirit of rationality in philosophizing.</li> <li>Examine the different Indian philosophical schools and perspect</li> </ol>	ctives.

Course Code : PHI-302

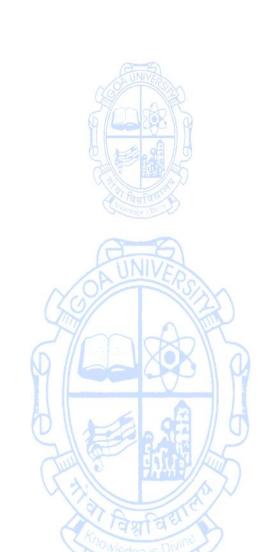
Title of the Course : Philosophy of Religion

Effective from AY	: 2023-24	
Pre-requisites	Knowledge of B.A. Philosophy Level 200 Courses	
for the Course:		
	1. To understand the historical development of religion.	
Course	2. To critically analyze the existence of God.	
Objectives:	3. To create an awareness of the concept of Life after death.	
	4. To have an in-depth study of the Problem of evil.	
	b Assessment of the second of	No. of
		Hours
	Unit I: Introduction to Philosophy of Religion	
	Nature of Philosophy of Religion and its scope, Theories of the	
	origin of Religion: Anthropological, Psychological and Social,	15
	Relation of Philosophy of Religion to Philosophy, Theology, Art	
	and Morality	
	Unit II: Arguments for the the Existence of God	
Content:	Grounds for belief in God: Ontological, Cosmological, Teleological,	15
(3-6)	Moral, Argument from Religious Experience, Argument from	13
OSOA UNIVERSI	Miracles, Grounds for belief in God in Nyaya and Yoga.	
Son Alex	Unit III:Human Destiny	DIES.
0 200	Belief in Immortality of Soul: Arguments for and against	15
h A A	Immortality of Soul, Theory of Karma, Re-incarnation,	A / 6
	Transmigration and Salvation, Spiritual Evolution	145
43	Unit IV: Problem of Evil	21 C
Total and	Nature and kinds of Evil, Responses to the problem of Evil	15
	Theodicies: Augustinian theodicy, Irenaean Theodicy, Process	13
	Theodicy.	
Pedagogy:	Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.	
	1. Blackstone, W. The Problem of Religious Knowledge, New	w York:
	Prentice Hall, 1965	
	2. Charlesworth, M. <i>Philosophy and Religion</i> , London: One	World
	Publication, 2002.	0.6
	3. Davies, B. <i>Introduction to Philosophy of Religion</i> , Oxford:	Oxford
	University Press, 2004	
	4. Edwards, P. (ed.) <i>Encyclopaedia of Philosophy</i> , London: Ma	cmillan,
Deference	1972.	
References/	5. Hick, J. <i>Philosophy of Religion</i> , New York: Pearson, 1989.	075
Readings:	6. Lewis, H.D. <i>Philosophy of Religion</i> , London: St Paul's House, 19	
	7. Masih, Y. A <i>Comparative Study of Religions</i> , Delhi: Motilal Bana 2000.	ii siuass,
	8. Masih, Y. <i>Introduction to Religious Philosophy,</i> Delhi:	Motilal
	Banarsidass, 1991.	iviotilal
	9. Mohapatra, A. R. <i>Philosophy of Religion</i> , Delhi: Sterling Pul	alishers
	1990.	رد اعادادان
	1990. 10. Smith, J.E. <i>Philosophy of Religion</i> , New York: The Ma	acmillan
	Company,1966	aciiiiiaii
	Company,1300	

1.	Analyse various methods of Philosophizing on Religion.
2.	Explain the main concepts in the Philosophy of Religion.

- in the Philosophy of Religion.
- 3. Analyse the nature of religious beliefs.
- 4. Examine the soundness of arguments in Religious Philosophy.









Course Code : PHI-303

Title of the Course : Existential Themes

	<del>-</del>	
Pre-requisites	Knowledge of B.A. Philosophy Level 200 Courses	
for the Course:		
	1. To understand the importance of the Existential Movement	
Course	2. To learn the main themes of Existentialism as a Philosophy.	
Objectives:	3. To appreciate the differences among Existentialist Philosophe	ers.
	4. To know the nature of Human Existence.	
	D A S OF M	No. of
		hours
	Unit 1 Introduction to Existentialism	
	Existentialism: Background of Existentialism, Basic Tenets of	
	Existentialism.	15
	Soren Kierkegaard: Kierkegaard's notion of existence	15
	Karl Jaspers: Existenz and Transcendence.	
Content:	Unit 2 Existential Themes	
	Concept of <i>Dasein</i> (Heidegger)	
(B=B)	Modes of Being (ensoi and pour-soi), Concept of	15
OA UNIVERS	Freedom (Sartre)	( )
	Problem and Mystery, Pursuit of Being, Faith, Hope, Love, and Charity (Marcel)	85
Pedagogy:	Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.	
r caagogy.	1. Heidegger, M. Being and Time (Selected Sections), (Tr.).	lohn
Call Park	Macquarrie & Edward Robinson, Oxford: Blackwell, 1962	
केंग निवारिक वार	2. Jaspers, K. <i>Philosophy of Existence</i> . Philadelphia: Universi	ty of
One Wange of Division	Pennsylvania Press, 1971.	ty
References/	3. Reynolds, J. <i>Understanding Existentialism</i> . Stocksfield: Acu	ıman
Readings:	2006.	iiiicii,
	4. Sartre, J.P. Being and Nothingness (Selected Sections), (Tr.)	Hazel
	Barnes, New York: Washington Square Press, 1992.	
	5. Shestov, L. <i>Kierkegaard and the Existential Philosophy</i> , (Tr.)	Flinor
	Hewitt, Athens: Ohio University Press, 1969.	
	Analyse the basic notion of Existentialism.	
Course	Evaluate the existential ideas.	
Outcomes:	3. Examine the place of Existentialist ideas in everyday life.	
- 3.00	4. Elucidate the nature of Human Existence.	
	in Endouate the nature of Hamail Existence.	

Course Code: PHI 321 Title of the Course: Competitive Logic

Number of Credits: 3T+1P Effective from AY: 2025-26

Effective from AY		
Pre-requisites	Nil	
for the		
Course:		
Course	Trace the fundamentals of logical thinking	
Objectives:	Enhance logical aptitude for problem solving.	
	3. Develop skills in quantification, relations and analysis.	
	4. Create awareness of logical problems in competitive exa	
Content:	THEORY	No of
	Unit I: Quantification Theory	hours
	a) Singular propositions	
	b) Existential Proposition and One predicate universal	15
	proposition.	
	c) Traditional subject-predicate propositions: Universal	
	Affirmative, Universal Negative, Particular Affirmative	
	and Particular Negative	
(A E)	Unit II : Relational Logic	AND
CON UNIVERSITY	a) Relations—their domain, converse domain and field	
STONE OF THE	of relations	marks.
9 600	b) Properties of relations: Symmetrical, asymmetrical,	
0 1 1	nonsymmetrical, Transitive, Intransitive, Non-	15
	transitive, Reflexiveness, Alio-relativeness and	
Tranfacte.	Connexity.	विमारिकारी
Straining - David	The state of the s	
	c) Arguments involving properties of relations.	
	Unit III: Analyzing Reasoning and Syllogism	
	a) Recognizing reasoning and identifying conclusions.	
	b) Reasons and Assumptions in an Argument	
	c) Syllogisms: Terms of Syllogism, Figure and Mood, Six	
	Syllogistic Rules and Fallacies, Venn Diagram	
	Technique for Syllogism	15
	PRACTICAL	
	Unit I:	
	1. Translating the propositions into propositional	
	functions and quantifiers ( Universal Quantifier and	
	Existential Quantifier).: Singular propositions,	
	Existential Proposition and One predicate universal	
	proposition,	10
	2. Translating the propositions into propositional	
	functions and quantifiers ( Universal Quantifier and	
	Existential Quantifier): Traditional subject-predicate	
	propositions. (Universal Affirmative, Universal	

	Negative, Particular Affirmative and Particular
	Negative). Unit II
	Identifying the Domain, Converse Domain and Field of
	relation.
	2. Identifying the different types of relations ( Dyadic,
	triadic, Tetradic, Pentadic and Polyadic)
	3. Testing the validity of Arguments involving properties of
	relations Symmetrical, asymmetrical, nonsymmetrical,
	Transitive, Intransitive, Non-transitive, Reflexiveness, 10
	Alio-relativeness and Connexity.
	Unit III:
	Identifying reasons and conclusion of an argument.
	2. Identifying assumptions in an argument.
	3. Testing the syllogism by using six syllogistic rules and
Dedeses	Venn Diagram Technique.
Pedagogy:	Lectures, Problem Solving, and Discussions.
References/	1. Hiriyanna, M. (1975). Outlines of Indian philosophy. G. Allen & Unwin.
Readings:	2. I. M. Copi and C. Cohen, Introduction to Logic. Upper Saddle River, NJ: Pearson Prentice Hall, 2005.
G=6)	3. P.J. Hurley, A Concise Introduction to Logic. Belmont, CA: Wadsworth
OA UNIVERSIA	4. Publishing, 2014.
STO AR	5. M. Black, Critical Thinking. Whitefish, MT: Literary Licensing LLC,
9 ( 3.8)	2012.
0 1 99	6. LePore, E. (2006). Meaning and argument: An introduction to logic
	through language (3rd ed.). Blackwell.
A Faufatte	7. Thomson, A. (2008). Critical reasoning: A practical introduction.
Gigwange - De 1	Routledge.
Course	Explain the fundamental principles of logical reasoning.
Outcomes:	2. Apply logical reasoning skills to solve logical problems in competitive examination
	3. Evaluate logical strategies required to succeed in competitive and
	professional environment.
	4. Integrate critical thinking to make informed decisions in real life
	situations.



Course Code : PHI-304

Title of the Course : Modern Western Philosophy

1. Learn the basic characteristics of modern Western Philosophy.  2. Know the modern Western thinkers and their concepts.  3. Introduce different schools of Western thought.  4. Differentiate the rationalist and empiricist methods.	Effective from AY	: 2023-24	
Course Objectives:  1. Learn the basic characteristics of modern Western Philosophy.  2. Know the modern Western thinkers and their concepts.  3. Introduce different schools of Western thought.  4. Differentiate the rationalist and empiricist methods.    No. of hours	Pre-requisites	Knowledge of B.A. Philosophy Level 200 Courses	
Course Objectives:  2. Know the modern Western thinkers and their concepts. 3. Introduce different schools of Western thought. 4. Differentiate the rationalist and empiricist methods.    Value   Val	for the Course:		
Objectives:  3. Introduce different schools of Western thought. 4. Differentiate the rationalist and empiricist methods.    Value   Va		1. Learn the basic characteristics of modern Western Philosophy.	
4. Differentiate the rationalist and empiricist methods.    No. of hours	Course	2. Know the modern Western thinkers and their concepts.	
Unit I: Introduction Origin and characteristics of modern western philosophy Francis Bacon- general outline of Baconian Philosophy Unit II: Rationalism Descartes – Method- Initial scepticism – cogito ergo sum- substance- mind body relation – Interactionism – Occasionalism, Spinoza- Modes- Infinite substance- mind body relation – psychophysical parallelism, Leibniz- Monads- mind body relation – pre- established harmony  Content: Unit III: Empiricism John Locke- Origin of knowledge - simple and complex ideas, primary and secondary qualities- rejection of innate ideas, Berkely- esse-est- percipii - rejection of abstract ideas, David Hume - problem of knowledge - impressions and ideas - causation  Unit IV: Dialectical and Critical Philosophy Hegel- Absolute Idealism- Dialectics, Immanuel Kant- Critical Philosophy- Synthetic Apriori Knowledge –space and time, categories of understanding  Pedagogy: Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.  1. Edwards, P. Encyclopaedia of Philosophy, (Relevant articles) New York: The Macmillan Company, 1967. 2. Masih, Y. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass, 1999.  3. O. 'Connor, D. J. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, New York: The Free Press, 1964. 4. Russell, B. A History of Philosophy, Allahabad: Central Publishing, 1992  1. Ability to carry out analytic thinking. 2. Evaluate the tradition of Western philosophical concepts and theories. Outcomes:  3. Differentiate between various philosophical streams.	<b>Objectives:</b>	3. Introduce different schools of Western thought.	
Unit I: Introduction Origin and characteristics of modern western philosophy Francis Bacon- general outline of Baconian Philosophy Unit II: Rationalism Descartes – Method- Initial scepticism – cogito ergo sum- substance- mind body relation – Interactionism – Occasionalism, Spinoza- Modes- Infinite substance- mind body relation – psychophysical parallelism, Leibniz- Monads- mind body relation – pre- established harmony Unit III: Empiricism John Locke- Origin of knowledge - simple and complex ideas, primary and secondary qualities- rejection of innate ideas, Berkely- esse-est- percipii - rejection of abstract ideas, David Hume - problem of knowledge - impressions and ideas - causation Unit IV: Dialectical and Critical Philosophy Hegel- Absolute Idealism- Dialectics, Immanuel Kant- Critical Philosophy- Synthetic Apriori Knowledge –space and time, categories of understanding  Pedagogy:  Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.  1. Edwards, P. Encyclopaedia of Philosophy, (Relevant articles) New York: The Macmillan Company, 1967. 2. Masih, Y. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass, 1999.  3. O. 'Connor, D. J. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, New York: The Free Press, 1964. 4. Russell, B. A History of Philosophy, Allahabad: Central Publishing, 1992  1. Ability to carry out analytic thinking. 2. Evaluate the tradition of Western philosophical concepts and theories.  Outcomes:  Outcomes:		4. Differentiate the rationalist and empiricist methods.	
Origin and characteristics of modern western philosophy Francis Bacon- general outline of Baconian Philosophy Unit II: Rationalism Descartes – Method- Initial scepticism – cogito ergo sum- substance-mind body relation – Interactionism – Occasionalism, Spinoza-Modes- Infinite substance-mind body relation – psychophysical parallelism, Leibniz- Monads- mind body relation – pre- established harmony  Content: Unit III: Empiricism John Locke- Origin of knowledge - simple and complex ideas, primary and secondary qualities- rejection of innate ideas, Berkely- esse-est-percipii - rejection of abstract ideas, David Hume - problem of knowledge - impressions and ideas - causation Unit IV: Dialectical and Critical Philosophy Hegel- Absolute Idealism- Dialectics, Immanuel Kant- Critical Philosophy- Synthetic Apriori Knowledge – space and time, categories of understanding  Pedagogy: Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.  1. Edwards, P. Encyclopaedia of Philosophy, (Relevant articles) New York: The Macmillan Company, 1967. 2. Masih, Y. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass, 1999.  References/ References/ Resull, B. A History of Philosophy, London: Routledge, 2016. 5. Thilly, F. History of Philosophy, Allahabad: Central Publishing, 1992  1. Ability to carry out analytic thinking. 2. Evaluate the tradition of Western philosophical concepts and theories. Outcomes:  Outcomes:			No. of hours
Francis Bacon- general outline of Baconian Philosophy  Unit II: Rationalism  Descartes – Method- Initial scepticism – cogito ergo sum- substance- mind body relation – Interactionism – Occasionalism, Spinoza- Modes- Infinite substance- mind body relation – psychophysical parallelism, Leibniz- Monads- mind body relation – pre- established harmony  Unit III: Empiricism  John Locke- Origin of knowledge - simple and complex ideas, primary and secondary qualities- rejection of innate ideas, Berkely- esse-est- percipii - rejection of abstract ideas, David Hume - problem of knowledge - impressions and ideas - causation  Unit IV: Dialectical and Critical Philosophy Hegel- Absolute Idealism- Dialectics, Immanuel Kant- Critical Philosophy- Synthetic Apriori Knowledge –space and time, categories of understanding  Pedagogy:  Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.  1. Edwards, P. Encyclopaedia of Philosophy, (Relevant articles) New York: The Macmillan Company, 1967. 2. Masih, Y. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass, 1999.  Readings:  3. O. 'Connor, D. J. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, New York: The Free Press, 1964.  4. Russell, B. A History of Philosophy, London: Routledge, 2016. 5. Thilly, F. History of Philosophy, Allahabad: Central Publishing, 1992  1. Ability to carry out analytic thinking. 2. Evaluate the tradition of Western philosophical concepts and theories.  Outcomes:  3. Differentiate between various philosophical streams.		Unit I: Introduction	
Unit II: Rationalism Descartes – Method- Initial scepticism – cogito ergo sum- substance-mind body relation – Interactionism – Occasionalism, Spinoza-Modes- Infinite substance-mind body relation – psychophysical parallelism, Leibniz- Monads- mind body relation – pre- established harmony  Unit III: Empiricism John Locke- Origin of knowledge - simple and complex ideas, primary and secondary qualities- rejection of innate ideas, Berkely- esse-est-percipii - rejection of abstract ideas, David Hume - problem of knowledge - impressions and ideas - causation  Unit IV: Dialectical and Critical Philosophy Hegel- Absolute Idealism- Dialectics, Immanuel Kant- Critical Philosophy- Synthetic Apriori Knowledge –space and time, categories of understanding  Pedagogy:  Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.  1. Edwards, P. Encyclopaedia of Philosophy, (Relevant articles) New York: The Macmillan Company, 1967.  2. Masih, Y. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass, 1999.  References/ Readings:  3. O. 'Connor, D. J. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, New York: The Free Press, 1964.  4. Russell, B. A History of Philosophy, London: Routledge, 2016.  5. Thilly, F. History of Philosophy, Allahabad: Central Publishing, 1992  1. Ability to carry out analytic thinking.  Course  Outcomes:  Outcomes:  3. Differentiate between various philosophical streams.		Origin and characteristics of modern western philosophy	15
Descartes – Method - Initial scepticism – cogito ergo sum- substance-mind body relation – Interactionism – Occasionalism, Spinoza-Modes- Infinite substance- mind body relation – psychophysical parallelism, Leibniz- Monads- mind body relation – pre- established harmony  Content:  Unit III: Empiricism John Locke- Origin of knowledge - simple and complex ideas, primary and secondary qualities- rejection of innate ideas, Berkely- esse-est-percipii - rejection of abstract ideas, David Hume - problem of knowledge - impressions and ideas - causation  Unit IV: Dialectical and Critical Philosophy Hegel- Absolute Idealism- Dialectics, Immanuel Kant- Critical Philosophy- Synthetic Apriori Knowledge –space and time, categories of understanding  Pedagogy:  Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.  1. Edwards, P. Encyclopaedia of Philosophy, (Relevant articles) New York: The Macmillan Company, 1967. 2. Masih, Y. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass, 1999.  Readings: 3. O. 'Connor, D. J. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, New York: The Free Press, 1964. 4. Russell, B. A History of Philosophy, London: Routledge, 2016. 5. Thilly, F. History of Philosophy, Allahabad: Central Publishing, 1992  1. Ability to carry out analytic thinking.  Course Outcomes:  Outcomes:  Outcomes:		Francis Bacon- general outline of Baconian Philosophy	
mind body relation – Interactionism – Occasionalism, Spinoza- Modes- Infinite substance- mind body relation – psychophysical parallelism, Leibniz- Monads- mind body relation – pre- established harmony  Unit III: Empiricism John Locke- Origin of knowledge - simple and complex ideas, primary and secondary qualities- rejection of innate ideas, Berkely- esse-est- percipii - rejection of abstract ideas, David Hume - problem of knowledge - impressions and ideas - causation  Unit IV: Dialectical and Critical Philosophy Hegel- Absolute Idealism- Dialectics, Immanuel Kant- Critical Philosophy- Synthetic Apriori Knowledge –space and time, categories of understanding  Pedagogy:  Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.  1. Edwards, P. Encyclopaedia of Philosophy, (Relevant articles) New York: The Macmillan Company, 1967.  2. Masih, Y. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass, 1999.  3. O. 'Connor, D. J. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, New York: The Free Press, 1964.  4. Russell, B. A History of Philosophy, London: Routledge, 2016.  5. Thilly, F. History of Philosophy, Allahabad: Central Publishing, 1992  1. Ability to carry out analytic thinking.  Course Outcomes:  Outcomes:  Outcomes:		Unit II: Rationalism	
Modes- Infinite substance- mind body relation – psychophysical parallelism, Leibniz- Monads- mind body relation – pre- established harmony  Unit III: Empiricism John Locke- Origin of knowledge - simple and complex ideas, primary and secondary qualities- rejection of innate ideas, Berkely- esse-est-percipii - rejection of abstract ideas, David Hume - problem of knowledge - impressions and ideas - causation  Unit IV: Dialectical and Critical Philosophy Hegel- Absolute Idealism- Dialectics, Immanuel Kant- Critical Philosophy- Synthetic Apriori Knowledge –space and time, categories of understanding  Pedagogy:  Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.  1. Edwards, P. Encyclopaedia of Philosophy, (Relevant articles) New York: The Macmillan Company, 1967.  2. Masih, Y. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass, 1999.  3. O. 'Connor, D. J. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, New York: The Free Press, 1964.  4. Russell, B. A History of Philosophy, London: Routledge, 2016.  5. Thilly, F. History of Philosophy, Allahabad: Central Publishing, 1992  1. Ability to carry out analytic thinking.  Course  Outcomes:  Outcomes:  Outcomes:		Descartes – Method-Initial scepticism – cogito ergo sum-substance-	
Content:  Unit III: Empiricism  John Locke- Origin of knowledge - simple and complex ideas, primary and secondary qualities- rejection of innate ideas, Berkely- esse-est-percipii - rejection of abstract ideas, David Hume - problem of knowledge - impressions and ideas - causation  Unit IV: Dialectical and Critical Philosophy  Hegel- Absolute Idealism- Dialectics, Immanuel Kant- Critical Philosophy- Synthetic Apriori Knowledgespace and time, categories of understanding  Pedagogy:  Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.  1. Edwards, P. Encyclopaedia of Philosophy, (Relevant articles) New York: The Macmillan Company, 1967.  2. Masih, Y. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass, 1999.  Readings:  3. O. 'Connor, D. J. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, New York: The Free Press, 1964.  4. Russell, B. A History of Philosophy, London: Routledge, 2016.  5. Thilly, F. History of Philosophy, Allahabad: Central Publishing, 1992  1. Ability to carry out analytic thinking.  2. Evaluate the tradition of Western philosophical concepts and theories.  Outcomes:  Outcomes:		mind body relation - Interactionism - Occasionalism, Spinoza-	4.5
Content:    Narmony   Unit III: Empiricism   John Locke- Origin of knowledge - simple and complex ideas, primary and secondary qualities- rejection of innate ideas, Berkely- esse-est-percipii - rejection of abstract ideas, David Hume - problem of knowledge - impressions and ideas - causation   Unit IV: Dialectical and Critical Philosophy   Hegel- Absolute Idealism- Dialectics, Immanuel Kant- Critical Philosophy- Synthetic Apriori Knowledgespace and time, categories of understanding   Pedagogy: Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.  1. Edwards, P. Encyclopaedia of Philosophy, (Relevant articles) New York: The Macmillan Company, 1967. 2. Masih, Y. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass, 1999. 3. O. 'Connor, D. J. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, New York: The Free Press, 1964. 4. Russell, B. A History of Philosophy, London: Routledge, 2016. 5. Thilly, F. History of Philosophy, Allahabad: Central Publishing, 1992  1. Ability to carry out analytic thinking. 2. Evaluate the tradition of Western philosophical concepts and theories. Outcomes: 3. Differentiate between various philosophical streams.		Modes- Infinite substance- mind body relation – psychophysica	15
Content:  Unit III: Empiricism John Locke- Origin of knowledge - simple and complex ideas, primary and secondary qualities- rejection of innate ideas, Berkely- esse-est-percipii - rejection of abstract ideas, David Hume - problem of knowledge - impressions and ideas - causation  Unit IV: Dialectical and Critical Philosophy Hegel- Absolute Idealism- Dialectics, Immanuel Kant- Critical Philosophy- Synthetic Apriori Knowledgespace and time, categories of understanding  Pedagogy:  Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.  1. Edwards, P. Encyclopaedia of Philosophy, (Relevant articles) New York: The Macmillan Company, 1967. 2. Masih, Y. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass, 1999.  3. O. 'Connor, D. J. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, New York: The Free Press, 1964.  4. Russell, B. A History of Philosophy, London: Routledge, 2016. 5. Thilly, F. History of Philosophy, Allahabad: Central Publishing, 1992  1. Ability to carry out analytic thinking.  Course Outcomes:  Outcomes:  Outcomes:	<u>a=6</u>	parallelism, Leibniz- Monads- mind body relation – pre- established	
John Locke- Origin of knowledge - simple and complex ideas, primary and secondary qualities- rejection of innate ideas, Berkely- esse-est-percipii - rejection of abstract ideas, David Hume - problem of knowledge - impressions and ideas - causation  Unit IV: Dialectical and Critical Philosophy  Hegel- Absolute Idealism- Dialectics, Immanuel Kant- Critical Philosophy- Synthetic Apriori Knowledge -space and time, categories of understanding  Pedagogy:  Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.  1. Edwards, P. Encyclopaedia of Philosophy, (Relevant articles) New York: The Macmillan Company, 1967.  2. Masih, Y. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass, 1999.  Readings:  3. O. 'Connor, D. J. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, New York: The Free Press, 1964.  4. Russell, B. A History of Philosophy, London: Routledge, 2016.  5. Thilly, F. History of Philosophy, Allahabad: Central Publishing, 1992  1. Ability to carry out analytic thinking.  Course  Outcomes:  Outcomes:  Joint Locke-Origin of knowledge - space and time - problem of knowledge - space and time, categories of understanding  15.  15.  16.  17.  18.  19.  19.  10.  10.  10.  10.  10.  10		harmony	20
and secondary qualities- rejection of innate ideas, Berkely- esse-est-percipii - rejection of abstract ideas, David Hume - problem of knowledge - impressions and ideas - causation  Unit IV: Dialectical and Critical Philosophy Hegel- Absolute Idealism- Dialectics, Immanuel Kant- Critical Philosophy- Synthetic Apriori Knowledge -space and time, categories of understanding  Pedagogy:  Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.  1. Edwards, P. Encyclopaedia of Philosophy, (Relevant articles) New York: The Macmillan Company, 1967. 2. Masih, Y. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass, 1999.  3. O. 'Connor, D. J. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, New York: The Free Press, 1964.  4. Russell, B. A History of Philosophy, London: Routledge, 2016. 5. Thilly, F. History of Philosophy, Allahabad: Central Publishing, 1992  1. Ability to carry out analytic thinking.  Course Outcomes:  3. Differentiate between various philosophical concepts and theories.	Content:	Unit III: Empiricism	27/15
percipii - rejection of abstract ideas, David Hume - problem of knowledge - impressions and ideas - causation  Unit IV: Dialectical and Critical Philosophy Hegel- Absolute Idealism- Dialectics, Immanuel Kant- Critical Philosophy- Synthetic Apriori Knowledge —space and time, categories of understanding  Pedagogy: Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.  1. Edwards, P. Encyclopaedia of Philosophy, (Relevant articles) New York: The Macmillan Company, 1967.  2. Masih, Y. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass, 1999.  Readings: 3. O. 'Connor, D. J. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, New York: The Free Press, 1964.  4. Russell, B. A History of Philosophy, London: Routledge, 2016. 5. Thilly, F. History of Philosophy, Allahabad: Central Publishing, 1992  1. Ability to carry out analytic thinking.  Course Outcomes: 3. Differentiate between various philosophical streams.	9/6/201	John Locke- Origin of knowledge - simple and complex ideas, primary	9 9
knowledge - impressions and ideas - causation  Unit IV: Dialectical and Critical Philosophy  Hegel- Absolute Idealism- Dialectics, Immanuel Kant- Critical Philosophy- Synthetic Apriori Knowledge —space and time, categories of understanding  Pedagogy: Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.  1. Edwards, P. Encyclopaedia of Philosophy, (Relevant articles) New York: The Macmillan Company, 1967.  2. Masih, Y. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass, 1999.  Readings: 3. O. 'Connor, D. J. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, New York: The Free Press, 1964.  4. Russell, B. A History of Philosophy, London: Routledge, 2016.  5. Thilly, F. History of Philosophy, Allahabad: Central Publishing, 1992  1. Ability to carry out analytic thinking.  Course Outcomes: 3. Differentiate between various philosophical streams.	A S A	and secondary qualities- rejection of innate ideas, Berkely- esse-est-	15
Unit IV: Dialectical and Critical Philosophy Hegel- Absolute Idealism- Dialectics, Immanuel Kant- Critical Philosophy- Synthetic Apriori Knowledge —space and time, categories of understanding  Pedagogy: Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.  1. Edwards, P. Encyclopaedia of Philosophy, (Relevant articles) New York: The Macmillan Company, 1967.  2. Masih, Y. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass, 1999.  Readings: 3. O. 'Connor, D. J. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, New York: The Free Press, 1964.  4. Russell, B. A History of Philosophy, London: Routledge, 2016. 5. Thilly, F. History of Philosophy, Allahabad: Central Publishing, 1992  1. Ability to carry out analytic thinking.  Course Outcomes: 3. Differentiate between various philosophical streams.		percipii - rejection of abstract ideas, David Hume - problem of	45
Hegel- Absolute Idealism- Dialectics, Immanuel Kant- Critical Philosophy- Synthetic Apriori Knowledge –space and time, categories of understanding  Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.  1. Edwards, P. Encyclopaedia of Philosophy, (Relevant articles) New York: The Macmillan Company, 1967.  2. Masih, Y. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass, 1999.  3. O. 'Connor, D. J. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, New York: The Free Press, 1964.  4. Russell, B. A History of Philosophy, London: Routledge, 2016.  5. Thilly, F. History of Philosophy, Allahabad: Central Publishing, 1992  1. Ability to carry out analytic thinking.  Course  Outcomes:  Outcomes:  Outcomes:		knowledge - impressions and ideas - causation	
Philosophy- Synthetic Apriori Knowledge —space and time, categories of understanding  Pedagogy: Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.  1. Edwards, P. Encyclopaedia of Philosophy, (Relevant articles) New York: The Macmillan Company, 1967.  2. Masih, Y. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass, 1999.  Readings: 3. O. 'Connor, D. J. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, New York: The Free Press, 1964.  4. Russell, B. A History of Philosophy, London: Routledge, 2016.  5. Thilly, F. History of Philosophy, Allahabad: Central Publishing, 1992  1. Ability to carry out analytic thinking.  Course Outcomes: 3. Differentiate between various philosophical streams.	विश्वविश्व	Unit IV: Dialectical and Critical Philosophy	2
Pedagogy: Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.  1. Edwards, P. Encyclopaedia of Philosophy, (Relevant articles) New York: The Macmillan Company, 1967.  2. Masih, Y. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass, 1999.  Readings: 3. O. 'Connor, D. J. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, New York: The Free Press, 1964.  4. Russell, B. A History of Philosophy, London: Routledge, 2016.  5. Thilly, F. History of Philosophy, Allahabad: Central Publishing, 1992  1. Ability to carry out analytic thinking.  Course Outcomes: 3. Differentiate between various philosophical streams.		Hegel- Absolute Idealism- Dialectics, Immanuel Kant- Critica	15
Pedagogy:  Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.  1. Edwards, P. Encyclopaedia of Philosophy, (Relevant articles) New York: The Macmillan Company, 1967.  2. Masih, Y. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass, 1999.  Readings:  3. O. 'Connor, D. J. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, New York: The Free Press, 1964.  4. Russell, B. A History of Philosophy, London: Routledge, 2016.  5. Thilly, F. History of Philosophy, Allahabad: Central Publishing, 1992  1. Ability to carry out analytic thinking.  Course  Outcomes:  3. Differentiate between various philosophical streams.		Philosophy- Synthetic Apriori Knowledge –space and time,	,
<ol> <li>Edwards, P. Encyclopaedia of Philosophy, (Relevant articles) New York: The Macmillan Company, 1967.</li> <li>Masih, Y. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass, 1999.</li> <li>O. 'Connor, D. J. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, New York: The Free Press, 1964.</li> <li>Russell, B. A History of Philosophy, London: Routledge, 2016.</li> <li>Thilly, F. History of Philosophy, Allahabad: Central Publishing, 1992</li> <li>Ability to carry out analytic thinking.</li> <li>Evaluate the tradition of Western philosophical concepts and theories.</li> <li>Differentiate between various philosophical streams.</li> </ol>		categories of understanding	
The Macmillan Company, 1967.  2. Masih, Y. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass, 1999.  3. O. 'Connor, D. J. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, New York: The Free Press, 1964.  4. Russell, B. A History of Philosophy, London: Routledge, 2016.  5. Thilly, F. History of Philosophy, Allahabad: Central Publishing, 1992  1. Ability to carry out analytic thinking.  Course  Outcomes:  Differentiate between various philosophical streams.	Pedagogy:	Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.	
<ol> <li>Masih, Y. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass, 1999.</li> <li>O. 'Connor, D. J. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, New York: The Free Press, 1964.</li> <li>Russell, B. A History of Philosophy, London: Routledge, 2016.</li> <li>Thilly, F. History of Philosophy, Allahabad: Central Publishing, 1992</li> <li>Ability to carry out analytic thinking.</li> <li>Evaluate the tradition of Western philosophical concepts and theories.</li> <li>Differentiate between various philosophical streams.</li> </ol>		1. Edwards, P. Encyclopaedia of Philosophy, (Relevant articles) New	w York:
Readings:  3. O. 'Connor, D. J. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, New York: The Free Press, 1964.  4. Russell, B. A History of Philosophy, London: Routledge, 2016.  5. Thilly, F. History of Philosophy, Allahabad: Central Publishing, 1992  1. Ability to carry out analytic thinking.  Course  Outcomes:  Differentiate between various philosophical streams.		The Macmillan Company, 1967.	
<ol> <li>O. 'Connor, D. J. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, New York: The Free Press, 1964.</li> <li>Russell, B. A History of Philosophy, London: Routledge, 2016.</li> <li>Thilly, F. History of Philosophy, Allahabad: Central Publishing, 1992</li> <li>Ability to carry out analytic thinking.</li> <li>Evaluate the tradition of Western philosophical concepts and theories.</li> <li>Differentiate between various philosophical streams.</li> </ol>		2. Masih, Y. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, Delhi:	Motilal
Free Press, 1964.  4. Russell, B. A History of Philosophy, London: Routledge, 2016.  5. Thilly, F. History of Philosophy, Allahabad: Central Publishing, 1992  1. Ability to carry out analytic thinking.  Course  2. Evaluate the tradition of Western philosophical concepts and theories.  Outcomes:  3. Differentiate between various philosophical streams.	References/	Banarsidass, 1999.	
<ol> <li>Russell, B. A History of Philosophy, London: Routledge, 2016.</li> <li>Thilly, F. History of Philosophy, Allahabad: Central Publishing, 1992</li> <li>Ability to carry out analytic thinking.</li> <li>Evaluate the tradition of Western philosophical concepts and theories.</li> <li>Differentiate between various philosophical streams.</li> </ol>	Readings:	3. O. 'Connor, D. J. A Critical History of Western Philosophy, New Yo	rk: The
<ol> <li>Thilly, F. History of Philosophy, Allahabad: Central Publishing, 1992</li> <li>Ability to carry out analytic thinking.</li> <li>Evaluate the tradition of Western philosophical concepts and theories.</li> <li>Differentiate between various philosophical streams.</li> </ol>		Free Press, 1964.	
<ol> <li>Ability to carry out analytic thinking.</li> <li>Evaluate the tradition of Western philosophical concepts and theories.</li> <li>Differentiate between various philosophical streams.</li> </ol>		4. Russell, B. A History of Philosophy, London: Routledge, 2016.	
<ol> <li>Course</li> <li>Evaluate the tradition of Western philosophical concepts and theories.</li> <li>Differentiate between various philosophical streams.</li> </ol>		5. Thilly, F. History of Philosophy, Allahabad: Central Publishing, 199	92
Outcomes: 3. Differentiate between various philosophical streams.		1. Ability to carry out analytic thinking.	
·	Course	2. Evaluate the tradition of Western philosophical concepts and the	eories.
4. Analyse the role of concepts and ideas in shaping reality.	Outcomes:	3. Differentiate between various philosophical streams.	
		4. Analyse the role of concepts and ideas in shaping reality.	

Course Code : PHI-305

Title of the Course : Orthodox Schools of Indian Philosophy

<b>Effective from AY</b>	: 2023-24	
Pre-requisites	Knowledge of B.A. Philosophy Level 200 Courses	
for the Course:		
	1. Learn the fundamentals of Orthodox Schools of Indian Philos	
Course	2. Know the relevance of Indian philosophical concepts, beliefs	and
Objectives:	practices.	
o bjectives.	3. Learn intellectual and spiritual growth through the Orthodox	schools.
	4. Instil the Indian system of values and ethics.	
		No. of
		Hours
	Unit I: Introduction to Orthodox systems of Indian Philosophy	
	Common characteristics of Indian philosophy;	
	The six orthodox systems as allies; General estimate of the	15
	metaphysical and epistemological positions of the orthodox	
	systems, Theism and atheism in the orthodox systems.	
	Unit II: Samkhya – Yoga Darshana	
0.0	Sankhya Darshana:	
A CONTROL	Concept of Purusha and Prakrti;	
STOP OF	Theory of Causation, Theism vs Atheism in Sankhya history.	15
6 1 PO 1 25 / 6	Yoga Darshana:	OSO LA
A CA	Yoga psychology - citta and its levels; Nature and forms of Yoga	. A / 6
	- citta vritti and citta-vrtti-nirodha, Astangayoga as ethics of the	
THE PARTY OF THE P	system; Yoga Theism- God and proofs for His existence	
विश्वविद्या	Unit III: Nyaya and Vaishesika Darshanas:	
o made a pro-	Nyaya Darshana:	
	Epistemology/ Theory of knowledge:	
	Definition and meaning of knowledge; sources of	
Content:	knowledge, Prama, Aprama and Pramana: pratyaksha,	
	anumana, upamana and sabda; verification of knowledge	
	Paratahpramanyavada; Theory of Error;	15
	Theism - God; Theistic and Anti-theistic arguments for	
	existence of God.	
	Vaishesika Darshana:	
	Metaphysics / Theory of Reality: Pluralism and Realism, Sapta	
	Padarthas – classification: Bhava and Abhava Padarthas;	
	Theory of Creation and destruction of world/ Anuvada.	
	Unit IV: Purva Mimamsa – Uttara Mimamsa/Vedanta	
	Purva Mimamsa:	
	Epistemology: Definition and meaning of knowledge; Sources	
	of Knowledge; Theory of Verification of Knowledge/ Svatah-	15
	pramanya-vada; Theories of Error.	13
	Uttara Mimamsa:	
	Advaita Vedanta: Brahman, Maya, Three Levels of Reality; Self,	
	Bondage and Liberation.	

	Visistadvaita Vedanta: Brahman, Prakriti and Status of World,
	Self, Bondage and Liberation.
	Dvaita Vedanta: Pancabhedavada, Brahman, Self, Bondage and
	Liberation.
Pedagogy:	Lectures, debates, presentations and discussions.
	1. Datta, D.M. and Chatterjee, S.C. Introduction to Indian Philosophy,
	Calcutta: Calcutta University, 1954.
	2. Hiriyanna, M. Essentials of Indian Philosophy, Delhi: Motilal
	Banarsidass. 2015.
	3. Hiriyanna, M. Outlines of Indian Philosophy, Delhi: Motilal
	Banarsidass, 1993.
References/	4. Mahadevan, T.M. P. <i>An Outline of Hinduism</i> , Bombay: Chetana
Readings:	Publications, 1999.
	5. Mohanty, J.N. Reason and Tradition in Indian Thought, Oxford:
	Clarendon Press,1992.
	6. Radhakrishnan, S. <i>Indian Philosophy</i> ,Vols. I & II: Oxford: Oxford
	University Press, 2009.
	7. Sharma, C.D. <i>A Critical Survey of Indian Philosophy</i> , Delhi: Motilal
	Banarsidass, 2013.
	1. Elucidate the main concepts in Orthodox Schools of Indian Philosophy.
Course Outcomes:	2. Analyse the proto-scientific moorings of some of the Orthodox Schools.
2 mask	<ul><li>3. Explain theories of knowledge and error.</li><li>4. Differentiate between theistic and atheistic traditions.</li></ul>
Y COO	4. Differentiate between theistic and atheistic traditions.



का विश्वविद्यार

Course Code : PHI-306

Title of the Course : Philosophy of Mind

Effective from AY	: 2023-24	
Pre-requisites	Knowledge of B.A. Philosophy Level 200 Courses	
for the Course:		
Course Objectives:	<ol> <li>Understand the difference between philosophy of mir psychology.</li> <li>Learn the different theories of mind.</li> <li>Know the nature of the mental concepts.</li> <li>Understand the role of mind and body in personal identity.</li> </ol>	nd and
		No. of
	LIBUTE LANGE CONTRACTOR OF THE	hours
	UNIT I: Introduction to Philosophy of Mind Definition, Nature and Scope of Philosophy of Mind Relation between Philosophy of Mind and other disciplines- Psychology and Metaphysics. Nature and Development of the Concept of Self	15
	UNIT II: Theories of Mind	15
	Dualism Identity Theory Physicalism Idealism Double Aspect Theory.	
Content:	UNIT III: Mind and Body  Mental and Physical Events Our Knowledge of Other Minds Mind-body Theories: Interactionism, Psycho-physical Parallelism and Epiphenomenalism.	15
	UNIT IV: Personal Identity The Problem of Identity The Traditional Approach The Contemporary Approach Body and Memory Criteria.	15
Pedagogy:	Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.	
References/	<ol> <li>Edwards, P. Encyclopedia of Philosophy, New York: Macmillan Co.</li> <li>Hospers, J. Introduction to Philosophical Analysis, New York: Roy 1997.</li> </ol>	utledge,
Readings:	<ul> <li>Lowe, E. J. An Introduction to the Philosophy of Mind, Cam Cambridge University Press, 2000.</li> <li>Shaffer, J. Philosophy of Mind, New Jersey: Prentice Hall College</li> </ul>	
	Explain the central problems in the Philosophy of mind.	., 1500.
Course	Explain the central problems in the Philosophy of mind.     Evaluate metaphysical status of mental states.	
Outcomes:	3. Evaluate the different theories of mind.	
	4. Analyse the nature of personal identity.	

Course Code: PHI-322

Title of the Course: Philosophical Counselling

Number of Credits: 3T+1P Effective from AY: 2025-26

Pre-requisites	Knowledge of B.A. Philosophy Level 200 Courses	
for the Course:	Tario wieuge of Birth i miosophy Level 200 courses	
	1 Leave the Dhilesenhisely adapted discrete violence of windows as an and i	- :If
Course	1. Learn the Philosophical understanding of wisdom as an end in	
Objectives:	<ol> <li>Address dilemmas and life issues of persons through philosop</li> <li>Know the underlying assumptions and logical implications of</li> </ol>	•
	4. Learn about conflicts and inconsistencies in human action.	bellers.
Content:	THEORY	No of hours
Content.		
	Unit I: Introduction to Philosophical Counselling	15
	a) Philosophical Counselling - Its history, meaning and scope	
	b) Philosophical Counselling v/s Psychological counselling.	
	Unit II: Critical Thinking Approach  a) Role of Critical Thinking	
	b) Logic-based Therapy (LBT)-Philosophical Principles of LBT,	15
	LBT Fallacies, Antidotes.	
	Unit III: Wisdom Approach	
0.0	a) Aristotelian Notion of Phronesis	15
CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	b) Existentialism Based Therapy	13
Small		
0 200	PRACTICAL	2 9
6 P. 9A 6	Unit I	<b>a</b> // 6
	1) Identifying the difference between philosophical	
A COUNTY OF THE	counselling and psychological counselling	10
Cricinator - Division	2) Enumerating various methods of Philosophical counselling:	2)
	Socratic method, Logical approach, PEACE method	
	(Problem, Emotion, Analysis, Contemplation &	
	Equilibrium) and Phenomenological method through role	
	plays	
	Unit II	
	Role plays on Logic-based therapy	
	2) Identifying fallacies of thought and their antidotes :	
	Fallacies of Personal Attack, Fallacies of Ambiguity,	10
	Fallacies of Relevance, Fallacies of Ethical Reasoning	
	Unit III	
	1) Role play on Aristotelian Phronesis – Understanding the	10
	situation, deliberation and reflection, moral reasoning,	
	action and judgement  2) Role plays on coping with existential issues as coping with	
	2) Role plays on coping with existential issues as coping with	
	death, grief and mourning, friendship, love, solitude and compassion, social, moral, spiritual through existential	
	based therapy	
Pedagogy:	Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.	
References/		1) 2000
	1) Curnow, T. "Wisdom and Philosophy", Practical Philosophy, 3(	1), 2000.
Readings:		

- Elliot, C. Logic-Based Therapy and Everyday Emotions: A Case BasedApproach, Lanham, Mayland: Lexington Books, 2016.
   Lacovou, S. and Weisel-Dixon, K. Existential Therapy: 100 Key Pointsand
- Techniques, London: Routledge, 2015.
  4) Lahav, R. "Philosophical Counselling as a Quest for Wisdom", Practical
- Philosophy, 4(1), 2001.Lahav, R. "What is Philosophical in Philosophical Counselling?", Journal of Applied Philosophy, 13 (3), 259-278, 1996.
- 6) Lahav, R. Stepping Out of Plato's Cave: Philosophical Counseling, Philosophical Practice and Self-Transformation, Florence, Italy: Loyev Books, 2016.
- 7) Lebon, T. Wise Therapy, London: Continuum, 2001.

## Course Outcomes:

- 1) Describe the scope and significance of Philosophical Counselling.
- 2) Illustrate confidence in one's reasoning abilities through reflective thinking and articulation.
- 3) Evaluate personal and societal values to effectively respond to practical life situations.
- 4) Apply flexible thinking to assess and integrate alternative viewpoints.









Course Code : PHI-400

Title of the Course : Contemporary Western Philosophy

Effective from AY	: 2024-25	
Pre-requisites	Knowledge of B.A. Philosophy Level 300 Courses	
for the Course:		
	1. Understand the developments in the 20th Century Philosophy	
Course	2. Learn the views of different thinkers about reality	
Objectives:	3. Know the different concepts of analytical philosophy	
	4. Introduce the notion of Hermeneutics and post modernism	
	A Para A I A	No. of
		hours
	Unit 1: Refutation of Idealism	
	G.E. Moore: Theory of External Relations, Refutation of Idealism,	4=
	Bertrand Russell: Logical Atomism, Neutral Monism.	15
	Unit 2: Logical Positivism and Conceptual Analysis	
	A.J. Ayer: Elimination of Metaphysics, The Principle of Verification,	
	Ludwig Wittgenstein: The Picture Theory, The Language Game	15
	Theory.	
Content:	Unit 3: Linguistic Analysis	
OA UNIVERSE	Gilbert Ryle: The Category Mistake, Cartesian Dualism, J. L Austin:	15
(3)	Constative and Performatives, Speech Acts.	A STATE OF THE STA
6 (2) (8)	Unit 4: Continental Philosophy	S N PA
	Phenomenology and Hermeneutics: Phenomenological Method,	7/4
	Intentionality of consciousness, Hermeneutics, Post-Structuralism	15
Carlo AMP	and Post Modernism.	
Pedagogy:	Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.	3
8-81	1. Austin, J.L. <i>How to do Things with Words</i> , (Selected lectures). On	xford:
	Clarendon Press, 1962.	
	2. Ayer, A.J. <i>Language, Truth and Logic</i> , London: Penguin Books, 2	001.
	3. Husserl, E. <i>Ideas: General Introduction to Phenomenology</i> , (Tr.)	
	Boyce Gibson, London: Routledge, 2012.	
	4. Moore, G.E. "A Defense of Common Sense." Selected Writings. (	Ed.)
	Thomas Baldwin, New York: Routledge, 1993.	/
References/	5. Russell, B. "Logical Atomism (1924)." The Philosophy of Logical	
Readings:	Atomism, New York: Routledge, 2010.	
	6. Ryle, G. "Systematically Misleading Expressions", Proceedings of	the
	Aristotelian Society, New Series, Vol. 32, 139-170, (1931 - 1932).	
	7. Wittgenstein, L. <i>Tractatus Logico Philosophicus</i> . (Selected Section	
	(Tr.) Pears, D. F. and McGuinness, B.F. New York: Routledge, 20	•
	8. Wittgenstein, L. <i>Philosophical Investigations</i> (Selected Sections).	
	G.E. M. Anscombe, Oxford: Basil Blackwell, 1986.	( ,
	Engage with contemporary philosophising.	
Course	<ol> <li>Differentiate the various methods of contemporary philosophies</li> </ol>	:
Outcomes:	3. Explain the differences between various Western philosophers.	,.
Catcomes.	4. Analyse the role of language in shaping reality.	
	14. Analyse the fole of language in shaping reality.	

Course Code : PHI-401

Title of the Course : Comparative Religion

Effective from AY	: 2024-25	
Pre-requisites	Knowledge of B.A. Philosophy Level 300 Courses	
for the Course:		
	1. Learn the nature and scope of comparative religions.	
Course	2. Understand the historical aspect of the development of religion	s.
Objectives:	3. Study the basic concepts of Religious beliefs.	
-	4. Learn the basics of various world religions.	
	A MARIANA	No. of
		hours
	Unit I: Introduction to Comparative Religion	
	Nature of Comparative Religion, Relevance of Comparative study	l
	of Religions, Need for Inter-religious dialogue, Syncretism in	15
	Religions.	
	Unit II: Semitic Religions	
Content:	Judaism, Christianity and Islam.	15
	1700/	
000	Unit III: Indian Religions	15
	Hinduism, Jainism, Buddhism and Sikhism.	
	Unit IV: Other Religions	15
6/23/88/	Shintoism, Daoism, and Zorastrianism.	X/A
Pedagogy:	Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.	
SIE	1. Brockington, J. Hinduism and Christianity, London: Macmillan, 1	
Carles and Carles	2. Gothoni, R. <i>Three Ways to do Comparative Religion</i> , Berlin: Wa	alter d
केर विमासिकार	Grutyer, 2005.	1
	3. Hick, J. <i>Philosophy of Religion</i> , Delhi: Pearson Education India, 20	015
	4. Leopold, A. <i>Syncretism in Religion</i> , London: Routledge, 2004.	
References/	5. Masih, Y. Introduction to Religious Philosophy, Delhi:	Motila
Readings:	Banarsidass, 2017	
	6. Mohapatra, A. R. Philosophy of Religion: World Religions, Nev	v Delhi
	Sterling, 1990.	
	7. O'Neal, M., World Religions, Detroit: Thomson Gale, 2015.	
	8. Saher, P., Eastern Religions and Western Thought, London: Georg	ge Allei
	& Unwin Ltd, 2000.	
	9. Urubshurow, V., Introducing World Religions, Delhi: Prentice Hal	
	1. Evaluate the perspective of various religions and their significant	ice.
Course	2. Explain the common values of various religions.	
Outcomes:	3. Promote inter-religious dialogues.	
	4. Ability to address challenges to religious values.	

Course Code : PHI-402

Title of the Course : Philosophy of Art

Effective from AY		
Pre-requisites	Knowledge of B.A. Philosophy Level 300 Courses	
for the Course:		
	1. Introduce the fundamentals of Western aesthetics.	
Course	2. Learn various theories of art.	
Objectives:	3. Learn aesthetic concepts like Rasa, Dhvani and Alamkara.	
	4. Know the Western and Eastern Philosophy of Art.	
		No. of
	5/2	Hours
	Unit I: Introduction to Philosophy of Art	110415
	Definition, Nature, and Scope, Aesthetic Experience and	
	Aesthetic Judgment, Beauty - Definitions of Beauty, Symmetry,	15
		15
	Proportion and harmony, Classification of Art- visual, auditory,	
	verbal, mixed, literary, fine art.	
	Unit II: Western Theories of Art	
	Plato- Art as Imitation of imitation, Aristotle-Representational	
Content:	Theory, Kant – Universality of Aesthetic Judgments, Distinction of	15
COA TOO	Aesthetic Judgment from Logical and Moral Judgments, Marx-	
STOR CONTRACTOR	Social responsibility of the artist.	DIT.
0 ( SSX )	Unit III: Saundarya Sastra	
A CA	Definitions of art in Indian Tradition, Art and beauty in Vedas and	15
	Upanishads, Purpose of art in Indian tradition, Kinds of Art.	
T. A. B.	Unit IV: Indian Theories of Art	
विमाविका	Rasa, Dhvani and Alamkara	15
Pedagogy:	Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.	
	1. Carroll, N. Philosophy of Art: A Contemporary Introduction, Lor	ndon:
	Routledge, 1999.	
	2. Chakrabarti, A. (ed.) Indian Aesthetics and The Philosophy of	f Art,
	London: Bloomsbury Publishing, 2016.	•
	3. Davies, S. (ed.) A Companion to Aesthetics, Oxford: Blac	kwell
	Publishing, 2009.	
	4. Elridge, R. An Introduction to Philosophy of Art, Cambr	ridge:
References/	Cambridge University Press, 2003.	
Readings:	5. Kivy, P. (ed.) <i>The Blackwell Guide to Aesthetics</i> , Oxford: Blac	kwell
	Publishing, 2004.	
	6. Lorand, R. Aesthetic Order: A Philosophy of Order, Beauty and	d Art
	London: Routledge, 2000.	<i>a</i> 711 <i>t<sub>j</sub></i>
	7. Sastri, K.S.R. <i>Indian Aesthetics</i> , London: MacMillan and Co, 192	) Q
	8. Shand, J. <i>Aesthetics</i> , London: University of Lancester Press, 199	
	•	
	9. Townsend, D. Aesthetics: Classic Readings from the We	SICITI
	Tradition, Melbourne: Wadsworth, 2001.	
	1. Evaluate various aesthetic theories in the domain of Art and Lit	
Course	2. Explain aesthetic values as discussed in Philosophical discourse	
Outcomes:		
	<ul><li>3. Elucidate the subjective and objective approach to art and beau</li><li>4. Analyse Western and Indian conceptions of aesthetics.</li></ul>	uty.

Course Code : PHI-403

Title of the Course : A Textual Study of Bhagavad-Gita

Effective from AY		
Pre-requisites	Knowledge of B.A. Philosophy Level 300 Courses	
for the Course:		
	1. Understand the philosophy of Bhagavad-Gita	
Course	2. Know the relation of Upanishads and Gita	
Objectives:	3. Learn the ethical ideas of the Gita and its relevance	
	4. To appreciate the notion of Nishkama Karma	
		No. of
		hours
	Unit I: Introduction	
	Introduction: The Gita as a PrasthanaTrayi; Its Relation to the	15
	Upanishads, Vishada Yoga and Shrikrishna's Reply, Samkhya	
	Buddhi and Yoga Citta.	
	Unit II: Nature of God & Self	15
	Nature of God as Transcendent, God as Immanent, Concept of	
Content:	Avatara, Self as the Subject (Kshetrajna), Nature of Self	
G-6	Unit III: Karma and Yoga	2
OA UNIVERS	Swadharma, Karma, Akarma, Vikarma, Nishkama Karma Yoga, The	15
	Supreme Synthesis Bhakti Yoga, Jnana Yoga	SHE .
0/600	Unit IV: Ethics	9 19
	Mind control (Meditation, Mindfulness), Lokasamgraha,	15
	Sthitaprajna, Gunatita Bhakta, DaivaasurSampat	
Pedagogy:	Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.	
विवास	1. Aurobindo, Sri. Essays on the Gita, Pondicherry: Sri Aurobindo	Ashram
	Publication Department, 1997.	
	2. Chidbhavananda, Swami. The Bhagvad Gita, Tamil Na	idu: Sri
	Ramakrishna Tapovanam, 2000.	
	3. Chinmayananda, Swami. Holy Gita : Srimad Bhagava	d Gita
References/	Commentary, Mumbai: Central Chinmaya Trust, 1991.	
Readings:	4. Gandhi, M.K. Bhagavad-Gita, Mumbai: Jaico Publication, 2010	
	5. Mudgal, S. <i>Bhagavad-Gita</i> , Delhi: Himalaya Publishing House, 2	.003.
	6. Radhakrishnan, S. <i>Bhagavad- Gita.</i> , New Delhi: Indus,1994.	
	7. Ramsukhdas, S. <i>Srimad Bhagvadagita</i> , Gorakhpur: Gita Press,	2000.
	8. Ranade, R. Bhagavad- Gita as a Philosophy to God Realisation,	Mumbai
	: BharatiyaVidyabhavan,1982.	
	1. Analyse the philosophical ideas in the Gita.	
Course	2. Explain the social and ethical ideals of the Gita.	
Outcomes:	3. Explore the nature of self.	
	4. Ability to cultivate equanimity.	

Course Code : PHI-411
Title of the Course : Socio-ethics

Effective from AY	: 2024-25	
Pre-requisites	Knowledge of B.A. Philosophy Level 300 Courses	
for the Course:		
	1. Learn the importance of Socio-Ethics	
Course	2. Introduce students to the prevalent Social Norms and Moral co	ode
Objectives:	3. Sensitize the students with respect to Social Justice	
_	4. Understand the Social Issues in the 21st Century	
	A A A	No. of
		hours
	Unit I: Introduction to Socio-Ethics	4-
	Meaning, Nature, and Scope of Socio-Ethics	15
	Unit II: Society and Moral Code	
	Common Civil Code: Uniformity of Marriage and Divorce Laws.	15
	Multiculturalism, Ethical Issues about Race, Ethnicity and Caste.	
	Unit III: Social Issues Related to Justice	
Content:	The Principles of Justice	
(a=6)	Health Care and Social justice	15
OBUNIVERS	Punishments	
59 - 18	Unit IV: Social Issues in the 21st Century	29/6
9 ( 398 )	Animal rights	10 \ P
ALA	Violence and Terrorism	15
	Ethics and Cyber Crime	11/45
Pedagogy:	Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.	
विश्वविध	1. Macer, D.R. J. A Cross-cultural Introduction to Bioethics, Christ	Church,
	N. Z.: Eubios Ethics Institute, 2006.	
	2. Mc Cormick, R.A. How Brave a New World, New Delhi: Do	ubleday,
References/	Cambridge University Press, 1981.	
Readings:	3. Perry, J. and Perry, E. Face to Face- the individual and social p	roblems,
	New Delhi: Prentice Hall, 1990.	
	4. Singer, P. Practical Ethics, New Delhi: Cambridge University Pre	ss, 1999.
	5. Titus, H. <i>Ethics for Today</i> , Canada: Ostrand Reinhold, 1966.	
	1. Discern key concepts and theories in socio-ethics	
Course	2. Apply Moral codes to practical life.	
Outcome:	3. Ability to solve Social Problems through theories of Justice.	
	4. Engage with facts, values and arguments about various social i	ssues.

Course Code : PHI-404

Title of the Course : Deductive Logic

Effective from A		
Pre-requisites	Knowledge of B.A. Philosophy Level 300 Courses	
for the Course:		
	1. Learn basic concepts essential to critical examination and evalu	uation.
Course	2. Know the role of logical operations in reasoning.	
Objectives:	3. Learn truth-table and natural deduction for truth-functional Lo	gic.
	4. Learn to avoid common logical fallacies.	
		No. of hours
	UNIT I-Nature of Logic	
	Meaning of Logic and Types of Reasoning—Inductive and Deductive, Comparative study of Aristotelian and Modern Classification of propositions, Truth and validity.	15
	UNIT II-Arguments Eductions—Seven forms, Syllogisms—Rules for four Figures and Moods, Testing Syllogism by Venn Diagram.	15
Content:	UNIT III- Quantificational Logic Quantification Theory, Singular Propositions, Quantification Traditional Subject-Predicate Propositions, Relational logic, Relations—their domain, converse domain, and field of relations, Properties of relations, Arguments Involving Relations.	15
Toutenne Day	UNIT IV-Truth-tables Construction of Truth-table, Types of Truth-table Techniques Testing the Validity.	15
Pedagogy:	Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.	I
References/ Readings:	<ol> <li>Cohen, M.R. and Nagel, E. Logic and Scientific Method, Harcour and Company, 1934.</li> <li>Cohen, M.R. and McMahon, K. Introduction to Logic, New York: Education Limited, 2013.</li> <li>Horner, C. and Westacott, E. Thinking through Philosop Introduction, London: Cambridge University Press, Hausman, A., Kahane, H., and Tidman, P. A Modern Introduction and Philosophy, Boston: Cengage Learning, 2012.</li> </ol>	Pearson ohy: An 2000.
	4. Hurley, P.J. <i>Introduction to Logic</i> , Belmont, CA: Wadsworth, 200 5. Stebbing, L.S. <i>A Modern Introduction to Logic</i> , London: Methue	
	1. Acquire analytical thinking skills.	
Course	2. Synthesize information to arrive at reasoned conclusions.	
Outcomes	2 Follows the leaders of a Pality of a second	
Outcomes:	3. Evaluate the logic and validity of arguments.	

Course Code : PHI-405

Title of the Course : Contemporary Indian Philosophy

Effective from AY	1	
Pre-requisites	Knowledge of B.A. Philosophy Level 300 Courses	
for the Course:		
	1. Learn the major contributions of contemporary Indian philosop	hers.
Course	2. Understand the metaphysical ideas of various Indian philosoph	ers.
Objectives:	3. Know the social perspectives of various Indian philosophers.	
	4. Understand the present relevance of Indian philosophy.	
		No. of
		hours
	UNIT I: Neo-Vedanta	
	Swami Vivekananda: Practical Vedanta, Universal Religion	15
	Sri Aurobindo: Integral Advaita, Involution-Evolution.	
	UNIT II: Truth and World	
	M. K Gandhi: Non-Violence, Satyagraha.	15
611	S. Radhakrishnan: An Idealist view of Life.	
Content:	UNIT III: Man and Nature	
(3-6)	Rabindranath Tagore: Religion of Man.	15
OB UNIVERS	Muhammad Igbal: Nature of Intuition.	
	UNIT IV: Freedom and Mysticism	HILL
6/4/88/	J. Krishnamurthy: Freedom from the known.	15
	Ramana Maharishi: Mysticism.	<b>a</b> / b
Pedagogy:	Multimedia and ICT-based teaching and learning.	
(3)	1. Das Gupta, S.N. Philosophical Essays, New Delhi: Motilal Bana	arsidass,
विमाविक	1981.	
A made a survey	2. Lal, B.K. Contemporary Indian Philosophy, New Delhi:	Motilal
	Banarsidass Publication, 2005.	
D. (	3. Mahadevan, T.M. P. and Saroja, G.V. ContemporaryIndianPhi	losophy,
References/	New Delhi: New Delhi, 1981.	
Readings:	4. Narvane, V.S. Modern Indian Thought, New Delhi: Orient L	ongman
	Publishers, 1964.	
	5. Richards, G. The Philosophy of Gandhi, London: Curzon Press L	td,1991.
	Sharma, R.N. Contemporary Indian Philosophy, New Delhi:	Atlantic
	Publishers and Distributors, 1996.	
Course Outcomes:	1. Apply the philosophical concepts in one's life.	
	2. Explain the philosophical concepts of contemporary	Indian
	philosophers.	
	3. Evaluate different ways of doing philosophy in the modern wor	ld.
	4. Elucidate the conceptual linkages with the classical Indian Philo	
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Course Code : PHI-406
Title of the Course : Bioethics

Effective from AY	: 2024-25	
Pre-requisites	Knowledge of B.A. Philosophy Level 300 Courses	
for the Course:		
Course Objectives:	<ol> <li>Understand the ethical principles surrounding bio-medical issue</li> <li>Know the value and sanctity of human life.</li> <li>Understand the ethical dilemmas in healthcare.</li> <li>Learn the challenges in Euthanasia, Abortion, and Proping Diagnostics.</li> </ol>	
		No. of Hours
	Unit I: Introduction to Bioethics  Nature and scope of Bioethics, Bioethics as a discipline  Principles of Biomedical Ethics. Autonomy, Beneficence, Non-maleficence, Justice.	15
Content:	Unit II: Sanctity of Life Abortion: violation of sanctity of human life, Respect for the person, Slippery Slope Argument, Rights of the Foetus, Rights of the Mother, Rights of the Father.	15
	Unit III: To Save or Let Die The Dilemma of Modern Medicine, Euthanasia - Types of Euthanasia, Rights of the Patient, Euthanasia and Justice. Unit IV: Bioethical Issues Genetic Engineering, Prenatal Diagnosis, Feminist Ethics	15
Podogogy	In-Vitro Fertilization and Gene Therapy.  Multimodia and ICT based togething and learning	
References/ Readings:	<ol> <li>Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.</li> <li>Beauchamp, T.L. and Walters, L. Contemporary Issues in Bit California, Belmont: Wadsworth, 1989.</li> <li>Chadwick, R. (ed.). Encyclopedia of Applied Ethics, London: Ac Press,1998.</li> <li>Ghosh, S.K. (ed.). Encyclopaedic Dictionary of Bioethics, Delhit Vision Publishing House, 2003.</li> <li>Holland, S. Bioethics: A Philosophical Introduction, London: Polit 2003.</li> <li>John, A. (ed.). Morality and Moral Controversies, New Jersey: Fix Hall, 1999.</li> <li>Singer, P. (ed.). Applied Ethics, Oxford: Oxford University Press, Singer, P. Practical Ethics, London: Cambridge University Press,</li> </ol>	cademic Globa Ty Press, Prentice , 1988.
Course Outcomes:	<ol> <li>Ability to explain the philosophical issues pertaining to bioethic</li> <li>Analyze the benefits, risks and ethical implications of bioethics.</li> <li>Apply ethical theories to the dilemmas of modern Medicine.</li> <li>Analyze and clarify moral beliefs in bioethics.</li> </ol>	

Course Code : PHI- 407

Title of the Course : Textual Study of Plato's Republic

Effective from AY	: 2024-25	
Pre-requisites	Knowledge of B.A. Philosophy Level 300 Courses	
for the Course:		
	1. Introduce some of the basic issues and problems discussed by	Plato.
Course	2. Learn about Plato's understanding of Virtue and Justice.	
Objectives:	3. Understand Plato's theory of Knowledge	
	4. Understand Plato's views on Women and Society	1
	C 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	No. of
		hours
	Unit I: Introduction The Intellectual and Social Context of Socratic and Platonic Philosophy Artists vs. Philosophers, Plato and the Poets The Platonic Idea of Philosophy	15
Content:	Unit II: Ethics The Problem of "Teaching" Virtue Virtue as Fulfilment of Function Relation between Justice and Soul Unit III: Epistemology and Metaphysics	15
Garage Street	The Problem of Knowledge as 'Justified True Belief' Doxa and Episteme, Theory of Forms The Divided Line Argument, Allegory of Cave  Unit IV: Philosophy of Language and Social Philosophy Nature of Language, The Problem of Naming The Three Classes, Women and Society	15 15
	The Philosopher King	
Pedagogy:	Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.	
References/ Readings:	<ol> <li>Baxter, M.S.T. <i>The Cratylus: Plato's Critique of Naming</i>. Leiden: 1992.</li> <li>Bloom, A. and A. Kirsch. <i>The Republic of Plato</i>. New York: Basic 2016.</li> <li>Cooper, J.M and Hutchinson, D.S. (eds.), <i>Plato: Complete Works</i> Indiana: Hackett Publishing, 1997.</li> <li>Gerasimos, S. <i>Goodness and Justice: Plato, Aristotle, and the M</i> London: Blackwell, 2001.</li> <li>Vlastos, G. (ed.), <i>Plato: A Collection of Critical Essays</i>. Palatine, Anchor Books, 1971.</li> <li>Welton, W.A. (ed.), <i>Plato's Forms: Varieties of Interpretation</i>. La MD: Lexington Books, 2002.</li> </ol>	Books, 5, oderns, IL:
Course	<ol> <li>Explain the early accounts of important concepts like Justice.</li> <li>Examine the relevance of Plato's theories in the present context.</li> </ol>	v†
Outcomes:	3. Elucidate philosophical theories for social and moral order.	۸۱.
outcomes.		
	4. Apply philosophical ideas in practical life.	

Course Code : PHI-412

Title of the Course : Peace Studies

Effective from AY	: 2024-25	
- I	Knowledge of B.A. Philosophy Level 300 Courses	
for the Course:		
Course	1. Learn the theoretical dimension of Peace Studies.	
Objectives:	2. Know the meaning of Conflict resolution and peace-making.	
	3. Know the Gandhian Satyagraha model for state and society.	
4	4. Study the relevance of Peace education.	
		No. of Hours
1	<b>Unit I:</b> Peace in Theory and Practice: Peace as non-injury, compassion, love, service, mutual aid: peace with justice through nonviolent action: multidimensional aspects of peace; non-violence and development	15
I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	Unit II: Conflict Resolution and Peace-Making: Definition, nature, and scope of conflicts: inner conflict; individual conflict; peaceful methods of conflict resolution viz, negotiation, mediation, arbitration, adjudication: role of gender, race, culture, language and religion in a conflict situation; creative alternatives to conflicts.	15
	Unit III: Gandhian Satyagraha model:Non-violence; passive resistance, civil disobedience, fasting. boycott, assertive satyagraha etc.	15
Continue a Diversion	<b>Unit IV: Peace education:</b> Education for peace: Gandhi's vision; peace-education and media; growth of peace studies, peace research and expanding horizons of peace education; case studies of peace education experiments; peace awards; role of	15
l	UNO for the establishment of peace.	
Pedagogy:	Multimedia and ICT based teaching and learning.	
References/	1. Barash, D.P. and Webel, C.P. Peace and Conflict Studies. Londor	n: Sage
	<ul> <li>Publishers, 2013.</li> <li>Lawler, P. Peace studies: Security Studies: An introduction, New Routledge, 2013.</li> <li>Ryan, S. "Peace and conflict studies today", The Global Rev</li> </ul>	
	Ethnopolitics, 2 (2), 75-82, 2003.  4. Webel, C.P. and Galtung, J. (ed.) Handbook of Peace and C Studies (Vol. 7). London: Routledge, 2007.	
Course	1. Practice foundational concepts in peace and conflict studies.	
Outcomes:	2. Ability to address conflict and its resolution.	
1.	2 Falls Cardilla Call and bandal	
	<ol><li>Follow Gandhian Satyagraha model.</li></ol>	